





## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

G.  R.

**PARTICULARS & CONDITIONS** of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on Monday, the 16th day of October, 1939, at 3 p.m., at the Offices of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor of one Lot of Crown Land at Wong Nei Chung, in the Colony of Hong Kong, for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the KING, for one further term of 75 years.

Intending bidders are advised that immediately after the disposal of the lot the Purchaser (if not the applicant) will be required to deposit with an authorised officer who will be present at the sale, the sum of two hundred dollars, (\$200) in cash. This sum will be refunded on payment of the Purchase price.

## PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Sale	Locality	Boundary Measurements	Area	Approx. Value
1	Inland Lot No. 5553, South of Island Lot No. 5552, Blue Pool Road, Wong Nei Chung.	N. S. E. W. Feet Feet Feet Feet	As per sale plan.	Approx. \$231.00

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## PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Sale	Locality	Boundary Measurements	Area	Approx. Value
2	Inland Lot No. 5554, Junction of Road at Mong Kok, Mong Kok.	N. S. E. W. Feet Feet Feet Feet	As per sale plan.	Approx. \$110.50

## Holland Not To Protest To Reich

THE HAGUE, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—Well-informed circles do not expect Holland to join in the protest to Berlin which the northern countries are reported to be contemplating owing to the torpedoing of neutral ships, since no Dutch ship has yet been sunk.

## Women To Look After Diggers

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—An Australian Women's Volunteer Service has been formed in London to look after the welfare of Australians in the House to enrol Australians and others who wish to join.

**THE "TELEGRAPH"** will send a Staff Photographer to all events of public interest. Requests should be addressed to the Pictorial Editor.

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No. of Sale	Locality	Boundary Measurements	Area	Approx. Value
3	Inland Lot No. 5555, Mong Kok Road, Mong Kok.	N. S. E. W. Feet Feet Feet Feet	As per sale plan.	Approx. \$112.50

## FINLAND MAY MAKE CONCESSIONS TO RUSSIANS

(Continued from Page 1.)

Professor Ants Phip as Foreign Minister.

## ESTONIAN VERSION

## SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

TALLINN, Oct. 11 (UP).—There are persistent rumours here that the Estonian President, Dr. Konstantin Pats, intends to resign.

However, there is a strong sentiment against such a move in the new Parliament.

## Cession Not Recognised

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—It is understood in London that Great Britain is not prepared to connive at any cession of Polish territory.

## Turkey's Facts

ANKARA, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The Turkish Premier, Mr. Syriac, today lengthily explained to the parliament the negotiations for the Russo-Turkish pact, which approved the Government's viewpoint, says an official communiqué.

Political circles believe that both the new Russo-Turkish pact and the pact of mutual assistance with Britain and France will be signed shortly.

## Club Rugger

(Continued from Page 6.)

Judging from the splendid condition of the turf it will be a popular rugby field. Once water has been laid on to take out the "bone", the pitch should rank second to none.

The Police scored a well-merited victory in a very close game. Taylor, playing on the left wing outside to Wilson, gave the Force a three-point lead at half time. He failed to convert his own try from a position within his ability. Wilson broke through in the second half to add a further three points. Foy, who is making a name for himself in local cricket circles, made an abortive attempt to convert.

The Police forwards were ragged in comparison to the military eight and were guilty of hindering the passage of the ball after it had been hooked.

Police look advantage of the friendly game to test and experiment with their players after the interval. Taylor was tried at forward, a position in which he played until three years ago. His value to the Police as a budding three will probably result in his being played among the backs once the season begins.

Lately his combination with Wilson in the first half was the most effective on the field. Mackenzie and Morrison, the right wing, were inclined to hesitate until too late before making for a gap. Wall was very steady at full back.

The military XV had the better of things at forward, though out-weighted. Berry and Lt. Howitt did good work. Behind the scrum they lacked initiative, but defended stoutly against superior weight.

## MILLION MEN ARE READY TO FIGHT

(Continued from Page 1.)

violence is not forgotten, underestimated or unrecognised.

## Better Than 1914

"We, at the outset of hostilities, were better situated than we were in 1914."

Recalling the peace-time military training system and doubling of the Territorials, Mr. Hore-Belisha said: "Altogether, we had at the disposal of the Army in this country alone, including reservists and militia, the best part of a million men on whom we could call."

## Calls On Man-Power

"Great calls will be made upon our man-power."

"How do we intend to proceed?"

"In the first place, we have a method of calling up classes. With each batch we are taking a quota of volunteers."

"Since the beginning of the war we have taken into or are in the process of taking into the Army nearly 50,000 volunteers."

"In September, it happened that we took in twice as many volunteers as militiamen. Volunteers have been of all military ages, and this should dispose of the supposition that we are confining entry into the Army to young men of the first age groups."

"There is no dearth of ability in the ranks. The look-out for talent is continuous. In this Army the star is within every private soldier's reach. None, however, humble or exalted his birth, need be afraid that his military virtues will remain unrecognised."

## More Women Enrolling

The War Minister then revealed that in the last six weeks we had taken 2,000 officers from the Reserves. He announced that women of the Auxiliary Territorial Service, already 20,000 strong, were about to augment their number and extend their invaluable service in the replacement of their brothers in arms.

Mr. Hore-Belisha outlined the two new openings for older men.

"We propose to form Home Defence battalions."

Each one will be a battalion of its county regiment and will be composed of officers and other ranks not serving in the National Defence Companies; officers and other ranks found permanently or temporarily unfit for service overseas and other ranks and young soldiers not available by age for service in the theatre of operations.

"It will be possible for some of the older ex-officers and men to be absorbed by these battalions."

"We are also in the process of forming an auxiliary Military Pioneer Corps, to be organised in battalions which will take over military pioneer work both overseas and at home."

"It is not to be composed of men of early military age and all will be volunteers."

## Output Of Munitions

The War Minister paid tribute to the industries engaged in the output for munitions, adding "It is the output of the factories making equipment and munitions for the field effort."

The Army itself was training men as technicians and the Ministry of Labour had plans in hand for enabling some of his training establishments to assist in providing the Army requirements of skilled tradesmen.

## Twice In Generation

Concluding Mr. Hore-Belisha said: "While the world was reading of German annexation into Poland, British soldiers resolved to rectify this wrong, were passing silently and in unceasing sequence across the Channel into France."

"How strange it is that, twice in a generation, men should take this journey and come should be treading again upon soil made sacred by their fathers. We may rest assured that they will acquit themselves with the same tenacity, courage and endurance."

"However long the struggle, however great the sacrifice, they will, as our soldiers did before, take our arms and our cause of freedom to victory."

## Under French Command

Replying to a brief debate, Mr. Hore-Belisha said, "I have been asked if unity of command is assured. The answer is 'Yes, it is. The British Army is under French command.'"

"The British Commander-in-Chief has the right of appeal to his own Cabinet which I don't imagine will be normally necessary to exercise because the understanding is so complete and whole-hearted in every particular. But unity of command is assured that way and it is even possible that French troops may be under the British C-in-C."

Mr. Hore-Belisha also announced that General J. C. Dill is commanding the First Corps, General Brook the Second, and Viscount Gort's Chief of Staff is Major General Pownall.

## ST. ANDREW'S MEETING

The annual meeting of St. Andrew's Society will be held in the Board Room of the South China Morning Post Ltd., on Tuesday at 5.45 p.m., for the purpose of receiving the annual report and statement of accounts for the year ended August 31 and of electing office bearers for the ensuing year.

## Poland's New Government

British Ambassador Returns To Post

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).

A few hours after the arrival in London of the Foreign Minister of the new Polish Government, it was announced in the House of Commons that Sir Howard Kennard would leave for Paris in a few days to resume his duties as British Ambassador to Poland.

The London "Times" declared that the Polish Foreign Minister was particularly impressive. He represents an indestructible race whose country has been barbarously devastated not for the first time in its history, but which unhesitatingly chooses a new government in the place of the old.

The "Times" refers to the new Foreign Minister's work at Geneva and his conciliatory and constructive temperament.

## U.S. Marine Shoots Puppet Policeman

TIENTSIN, Oct. 12 (Reuter).

United States marines from Peiping were guarding a shipment of goods at Tientsin on station last night. One of them was involved in an argument with a railway police officer, believed to be a Chinese, which resulted in both producing their guns.

The marine shot the policeman through the thigh and then escaped through the barriers to the marine barracks. The other marine has been detained by the railway police. He is still held up to now. No further details are available.

## British Legion's Big Effort

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).

The British Legion Fund collected last year amounted to the record total of £278,000. The grand total since the fund was inaugurated in 1921 has now reached more than £7,500,000.

All schemes previously adopted were devoted to the assistance of participants in the last war, but now it is announced that the schemes will be for those in any war, including the present.

## Neutrality Bill

Shanghai, Oct. 11.

The American community is worried over the restrictions on American shipping provided in the Pittman bill, fearing that in its present form the bill will eventually result in restriction of United States vessels from Shanghai.

A move is under way to forestall the possibility of restriction by forming contact with Senators and Congressmen in Washington in an effort to obtain relaxation of the restrictions on American shipping.

Shanghai local firms have already informed their head offices in the United States of the definite need for provision in the Pittman bill which would eliminate the possibility of Shanghai being restricted.

Alarm is felt after reports that Hongkong is eliminated by the bill. It is felt that, with Hongkong closed, American shipping to Shanghai might be the next, and it is feared that Japan might be declared an aggressor nation, thus closing Shanghai to United States vessels.

The American Chamber of Commerce has cabled to Washington that it is greatly concerned at the adverse effects to American Far Eastern trade which would follow passage of Senator Pittman's shipping amendment to the Neutrality Act.

## Labour Support

San Francisco, Oct. 10.

Mr. John L. Lewis, head of the Congress of Industrial Organizations, addressed the C.I.O. Convention and urged support of President Roosevelt's neutrality programme.

## Mechanized Forces

White Sulphur Springs, U.S.A., Oct. 10.

The Assistant Secretary of War, Mr. Louis Johnson, said that the swift conquest of Poland by mechanized forces emphasized the necessity of immediately increasing the manpower of the United States Army to 600,000 troops.

The present "minute man" force of 400,000 regular soldiers and National Guardsmen would "find themselves short of combat cars, tanks, machine-guns, gas masks, fire control instruments and other necessities."

## Protecting Panama

Washington, Oct. 11.

The first complete black-out of the Panama Canal Zone was carried out last night.

Flights by foreign planes over the Zone will be strictly regulated. All wishing to fly over the territory will have to obtain permission from the Secretary of State, to whom information regarding the ownership of plane and duration and purpose of the flight must be furnished.

## VILNA RETURNS TO LITHUANIA

Guaranteed By New Military Alliance

MOSCOW, Oct. 11 (Reuter).

The Soviet-Lithuanian treaty is described here as a "military alliance" and it is expected that Russia will fortify Lithuania's frontier with Germany.

The treaty will last for 10 years. Public demonstrations were arranged at Kaunas, the Lithuanian capital, to celebrate the return of Vilna, under the treaty, to Lithuania.

It was at Vilna that Lithuania proclaimed her republic in 1918, and it has always been considered the capital of the country.

## Demonstration Of Joy

KAUNAS, Oct. 11 (Reuter).

Demonstrating their joy at the return of Vilna, thousands of people gathered and cheered outside the Soviet Legation to-day.

It is reliably reported that garrisons of Soviet troops may be stationed for "mutual security" at various points in Lithuanian territory, but excluding Kaunas and other large industrial towns.

As soon as the Lithuanian Government moves to Vilna, the Soviet garrison there will be withdrawn.

## ULSTER FLOCKS TO COLOURS

BELFAST, Oct. 11 (Reuter).

Lord Craigavon, Prime Minister of Northern Ireland, declared to-day that the response of Ulstermen to the call for service was wholly satisfactory.

"I am proud," he said, "at what has been done and is being done to help the mother country."

Lord Craigavon added that he would make a weekly statement to Parliament, which would in future meet two days a week instead of three.

## Split In British Communist Party

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).

A division in the British Communist Party is revealed by the resignation of Mr. Harry Pollitt from the secretaryship.

Mr. Pollitt apparently disagreed with the change in the Party's attitude, which at the beginning supported the Government's policy, and is now against it.

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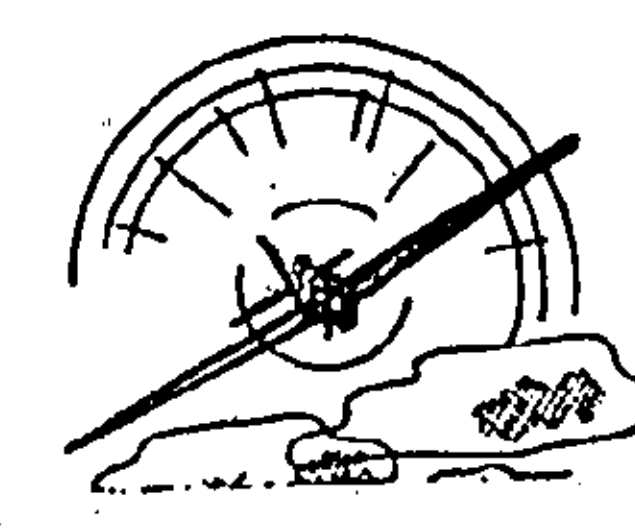
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## POST OFFICE

Owing to the uncertainty of Sea transport the public are requested to post Christmas Parcels early.

**OUTWARD MAIL TIMES**  
Registered and Parcel Mails are closed 15 minutes earlier than the time given below unless otherwise stated, and where mails are advertised to close at or before 9 a.m. registered and parcel mails are closed at 5 p.m. on the previous day. When mails are advertised to close after 5 p.m. registered and parcel mails are closed at 8 p.m.

## INWARD MAILS

Air Mail by "Imperial Airways" Direct Service—London date, 4th October.

Air Mail by "Imperial Airways" Direct Service—Paris date, 4th October.

Amoy ..... Oct. 12.

Haliphong ..... Oct. 12.

Haliphong, Pakhoi, Hollow and Fort Bayard ..... Oct. 12.

Japan and Shanghai ..... Oct. 12.

Manila ..... Oct. 12.

Shanghai ..... Oct. 12.

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Strong, warm sunshine is pleasant to the body but it is hard on the eyes. The brilliant light causes eye-strain which, in turn, brings headaches and ageing lines. The hot, dust-laden atmosphere encourages microbes, and dries up the natural moisture round the eyes, causing ocular congestion and leading to all kinds of eye-troubles.

Optrex eye lotion stops all this. Its regular use prevents strain, removes dust and germs, strengthens the eye muscles and keeps your eyes happy and healthy. Optrex is recommended by Doctors and Opticians all over the world.

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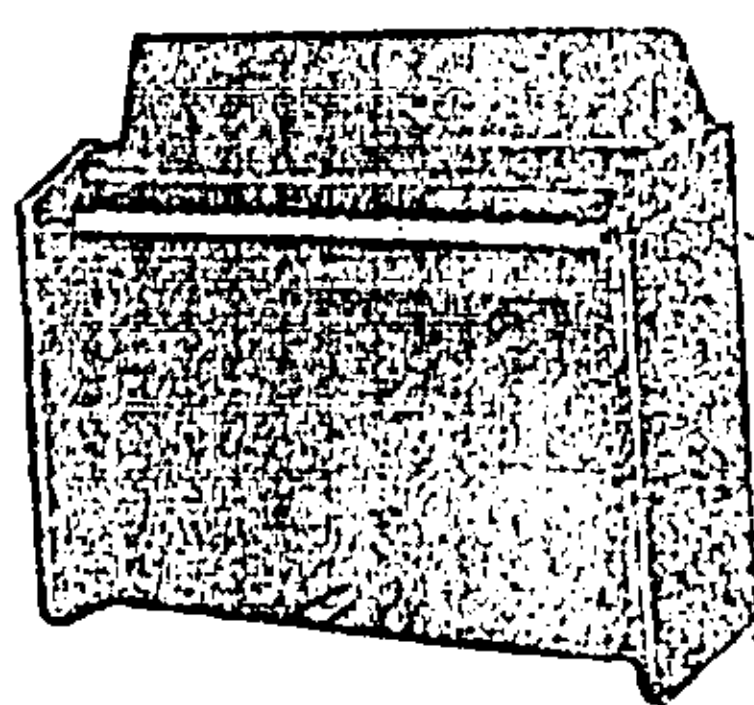
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October 12, 1939

## The War Goes On

WHEN THE German armies violated Belgium in 1914 their leaders counted on a short war. The unfortunate German people have been told by their controlled press that, with the conquest of Poland, Britain and France will be eager to accept peace terms, and the remarkable "armistice" celebrations throughout Germany on Tuesday are indicative of this desire of the Germans to believe that their leaders are right.

The Nazi boast has been given a withering answer in M. Daladier's broadcast yesterday and, doubtless, Mr. Neville Chamberlain will be equally emphatic in his rejection of the so-called Nazi peace terms when he addresses the House of Commons this evening.

Whatever successes Hitler's peridy and desperate haste have won in Poland, all the world now knows that the conquest of that unhappy victim of Nazi aggression is only the beginning of the struggle to which Nazism has challenged civilisation and into which Britain is throwing all her strength.

The Fuehrer in his frenzy may be blind to the lessons of the long effort from 1914 to 1918, but they have been well and truly learned in England.

Kitchener's doctrine that to wage a major war the nation must prepare for years of fighting was startling in 1914. We then wasted many lives, much time and much treasure before our leaders organised Britain's man power for military service and her industries for the supply of munitions. Now, the machinery to marshal the Empire's utmost strength in arms, made ready before the outbreak of war, is at work.

The certainty that, however long the task may take, it will be accomplished, will hardly be kept by the worst brutality of the Gestapo from the knowledge of the German people.

Whatever Hitler's monomaniac faith in his star, his people are clearly uncomfortable, as the joyous celebrations throughout the country at the hoax armistice reports bear witness.

It must be depressing to the German man-in-the-street, however dulled by propaganda, when he learns that, though Poland be crushed, he will for an indefinite period be short of meat, short of clothes, without any soap, and that is the best which the regime can promise him.

It is clear that the Allied challenge is disturbing. Hitler's "peace" terms shows that the Fuehrer has been thinking over it. The "armistice" celebrations show that the German people have also been thinking over it. They, the people, will think dangerously.

Someone in Germany is going to remember that "the last battle Britain always wins."

# LEST WE FORGET—

## —THE NATION THAT DID NOT DESERVE TO DIE AGAIN...

THE name of Poland once annually 10,000,000 tons of merchandise.

Now consider the man who is the backbone of Poland—the peasant.

Going east from Germany in Warsaw the Nord Express used to rush through endless miles of plain, every inch of which was cultivated. From the train windows you saw the wheat fields stretching out from the railway track to the horizon, golden and breast high under the summer sun.

A beautiful scene this, but on closer examination what struck the observer most was the poverty of the peasant. He was very poor.

For not only have its men, women, and children died under the hail of German steel, but years of hard work have been wiped out, years in which a race transformed itself into a nation.

The first time I went to Poland I imagined that Warsaw would be a drab, backward Slav city, dirty, tumble-down, lacking in elegance.

Instead, I saw Warsaw as a clean city of fine buildings, with a magnificent opera house, skyscrapers, up-to-date newspaper offices, and the best-dressed men and women I had met since leaving London and travelling across Northern Europe.

"You see," said a friend, on the terrace of the Hotel Europejski, "we are not Balkanised or backward as so many of you western Europeans seem to think, though, I admit, 20 years ago it was not like this."

## Homesteads And Farms Burned

FROM him I heard what Poland looked like just after the 1914 war. The factories were closed because of a shortage of raw materials. The fields of the peasants were waste lands, their stock had been slaughtered, their homesteads and farms burned.

"The Germans and the Russians fought back and forth here like giant ploughs," my friend added, "turning upside down everything in their path."

Vast districts were on the edge of famine, communications were completely disorganised. The currency was chaotic, with German, Russian and Austrian coinage in circulation.

Lest we forget, then, this is the background of the new Poland which Germany has again laid waste. Out of this morass the Poles built a country, not faultless, but having within it plenty to admire.

Now look briefly at their achievements.

## Fishing Village Into Big Port

FIRST, Gdynia, built to give them their own port on the Baltic.

Sixteen years ago Gdynia was a village of a couple of hundred fishermen, who lived with their families in thatched houses along the sandy shore.

Now those same fishermen are (or rather were) living in villas in nearby Zoppot, the Moltke Carlo of the Baltic. For on the sites of their thatched houses stand blocks of flats, rows of shops. The land on which they dried their fishing nets is worth £1 a square yard.

Lest we forget Hitler's real smash and grab aim, please note that you could see as many as 40 or 50 ships in the 700 acres of Gdynia's harbour basins, protected by breakwaters two miles and a half long, equipped with automatic radio beacons and submarine oscillators.

From here went regular passenger services to North and South America. In and out moved 40,000 passengers a year. To make this artificial port out of the scrub and sand cost the Poles £12,000,000, but it will always stand as a symbol of Poland's economic dynamism, though the name of Poland may vanish from the map and the name of Gdynia be changed into some German form.

In a few years, then, this new port built up a trade in which it handled

## 700,000 Small Holdings

BACK in Warsaw I tried to find out whether this could not be remedied, and there, at the Ministry, I discovered that only in Poland and Czechoslovakia was any attempt being made to solve the peasant problem in Central Europe.

"First of all, please understand that Poland is land hungry," said the expert, "and that's due to over-population in the rural areas."

Now this is what happened. As early as 1919 the Sejm (Parliament) of the Polish Republic passed a resolution fixing the principles of land reform. Chief of these was to break up the big estates and parcel them out into small lots.

So during the last 20 years 700,000 farm holdings have been created or enabled to achieve independent status. These have been giving work and a livelihood to 3,500,000 peasants.

Then year by year the Poles increased the area of arable land by turning barren land to account, and they have, in fact, increased the area of arable land by more than 3,000,000 acres to give the peasant a better deal.

Lest we forget, these independent small farmers now become Hitler's serfs until they are once more liberated.

Then, for obvious reasons and to absorb the surplus rural population, the Poles concentrated on industry.

What they have done in industrial production can best be seen by the index figure. In 1922 it stood at 75.5, but last year it had risen to 119.5.

Though the Germans destroyed or stole 80,000 electrical machines and about 7,000,000 yards of cable, Poland's electro-technical industry increased its production fourfold.

The chemical industry tells the same story: the output of soda rose by 145 per cent; calcium products were doubled; artificial silk production increased fivefold.

Her locomotive builders made Poland self-sufficient in rolling stock; her papermakers increased their output four times; the cellulose mills accounted for a sixfold increase in production.

## She Wanted Ten More Years

LEST we forget what the Polish worker has now lost, note that Poland was one of the first countries to introduce the eight-hour day (seven in the mines and six for workers in temperatures over 82 degrees). In Germany, and presumably under the Germans, 10 hours is the working day.

The Poles, however, do not believe that man lives by work alone.

After the 1914-18 war, the Poles began with a shocking percentage of illiterates, due to the deliberate policy of the partitioning Powers, who wanted to keep their victims not only in serfdom but also in spiritual darkness.

But in the last few years the Poles have built 10,000 elementary schools, so no wonder the percentage of children in school soared from 60 in 1921 to the latest figure of 93. It would mean that more than 100 per cent, but Hitler stepped in.

Then, with her limited resources, Poland created social services that may now disappear—community centres, summer camps for children, supplementary feeding in the schools. For the moment the prospect is dark.

"We needed another 10 years of peace to complete the creation of the new Poland," said an attaché at the Polish Embassy to me.

Lest we forget, Poland's 20 years show that she deserved that peace.

Emrys Jones

GRIN AND BEAR IT By Lichty



"I tell you, Chief, we got the year's biggest horror story here—three bridge players stranded on an uninhabited island!"

To-day is Hongkong Budget Day

GILBERT FRANKAU has thoughts on

# MONEY

NEVER having been out of debt between the years 1906 and 1939, I claim to know as much about money troubles as any treasury in the British Empire.

Yet my very rich friends—I am always delighted to observe—spend far more time worrying about their financial futures than I do mine.

My father was like that. Though his worry was never personal. The thought that he might not leave my mother and his four children properly provided for used to drive him nearly frantic.

I still think of him as the least selfish man who ever lived. He grudged himself everything—at times even a hansom cab home after a late night at the office. He grudged nothing.

With what result? He died, as I told you last week, at an early age, leaving quite a large capital—which my mother and I between us blew inside 10 years.

Blowed, maybe, is not exactly the right word. Most of the money went into a business—and never came out of it. Nevertheless, the money went.

## The Way to Treat It

MY mother died without knowing the worst. Afterwards I used to dream—having inherited an exaggerated sense of personal responsibility—that I could restore their share of the family fortune to my surviving brother and sister.

But I never have. And that they would have been any the happier for it I refuse to admit.

Both, like myself, lead busy lives. My brother Ronald's success is well known. My sister's, though less spectacular, seems to me even more satisfactory. She has devoted herself, in the intervals of bringing up a large family, to pure scholarship.

Accordingly, there is no need for my father to turn in his grave.

Nor, as I like to imagine, were his efforts and my mother's entirely wasted, if—as the poet tells us—to live in hearts we leave behind is not to die.

That the last sentence is perilously near "sob-stuff," I admit. Let us admit, further, that great financiers treat money as it should be treated—objectively, unsentimentally, and unemotionally. But how many of us can afford to do that?

## Foolish Slogan

TO nearly all of us money, whether received as payment for work we do or as interest on accumulated savings, is a personal matter. Our private budgets are the measure of our material lives. So much comes in yearly from our work or our savings. So much goes out for our expenses.

Lower our income or put up our expenditure. Either way, we squeal. And the people who squeal loudest, in my experience—are the very people who are always ready to preach: "Money doesn't mean happiness."

That slogan is not even "sob-stuff." It is sheer blunderdash. Lack of money for reasonable needs, these including enjoyment, will sour anybody except a saint.

Saints, however, are rarities; and the average Briton, though he dislikes being told so, is just as fond of money as his neighbours across the

Channel. It is a pity, therefore, that the average Briton should be taught so little about money when he or she is young.

As a nation we still suffer from the "money is the root of all evil" complex. Most of us, from the richest to the poorest, prefer that our children should learn the hard lesson of £ s. d. as I myself had to learn it, by bitter personal experience.

We would far rather see the little darlings studying French for their school certificates than the price of bread, meat, fish, and vegetables. While as for teaching them the difference between Preference and Ordinary shares, or even between a freehold and a leasehold... how much more satisfactory that they should have started algebra.

## Financial Ignorance

ALGEBRA forsooth. When the boys don't know how much their own boots cost, and the girls, at any rate of our so-called upper and middle classes, can't even be trusted to buy a cauliflower.

Oh, the financial ignorance—the sheer, crass, hopeless, terrifying and completely avoidable financial ignorance—of the average middle-class bride and bridegroom.

The enduring miracle is that their domestic budgets ever balance. Yet most of them eventually do.

Eventually most of us learn the value of money. But half the knocks we take on the way to knowledge could be avoided if either our parents or our school teachers would be less snobbish and more practical.

The making of money, the spending of money, or the investing of money, however much we may resent the fact, plays a considerable part in almost every human being's existence.

Children brought up in complete ignorance—as so many upper and middle-class children are—of money matters represent a constant danger to the community. They are apt to become (as in my own case) spend-thrifts; or what is even worse, misers.

Such children are equally the prey, in later years, of the bucket-shop keeper and fraudulent political economist like Karl Marx.

## You Must Be Master

FOR the real secret about money is that if you don't master it—and the sooner you are taught to do this the better—it will end by mastering you.

Hence, more often than not, your unhappy over-rich man who is afraid of losing his possessions. Hence, and hence only, your debtor who is always so certain that he'll be able to "let you have it back by Monday"—and never does.

Both such are money-slaves, though neither of them, in my opinion, is worth much pity.

Such pity as I have for money-slaves is reserved for the vast majority who won't find it too easy to pay that extra twopenny on tea or that extra penny on petrol.

All the same, they'll do it, and without too much grumbling. Nor should the better off strudge that extra income tax.

Because even those—and, believe it or not, they are still legion—who have never been taught the difference between a Preference share and an Ordinary know one meaning of the word "Security."

It's always worth while paying out money—down to your very last shilling—for that.



OVERNIGHT NEWS PAGE

U. S. Destroyer In Trouble

SHANGHAI, Oct. 11 (UP).—The U.S.S. Augusta is scheduled to leave early tomorrow morning in response to a call for assistance from the minesweeper Bittern in South China waters. It is reported that the Bittern is in distress off Formosa after losing her mine tracks during the typhoon. The vessel is at present seeking the tracks and requesting assistance from the Augusta. It is stated that the Bittern is not seriously damaged.

Protection Of British Shipping

London, Oct. 11. British officials say that very good progress continues to be made in the protection of British shipping and the losses from enemy action have again further decreased in the last three days. This steady decrease in shipping losses indicated that the German U-boats are becoming more and more reluctant to operate in British waters.

German patrol vessels and submarines, however, still show a certain amount of activity in the Kattegat and Skagerrak, as is shown by the recent capture and sinking of two neutral Scandinavian vessels. Two British ships were recently damaged by explosions, probably caused by mines. They were the Manwari and Leighton. Both vessels, however, were successfully beached.

Although recently there have been a number of exaggerated reports regarding British merchant losses, the fact is that losses have been very well and only 1.5 per cent of the total British tonnage afloat on the outbreak of war failed to reach their destination at British ports.

Up to October 8, noon, 21 neutral ships with a total tonnage of 58,700, have been sunk through the hazards of war. Of these, 12 ships totalling 24,130 tons have been sunk by German U-boats, seven totalling 25,100 tons by mines, and two from other causes. One ship was sunk in Singapore through striking a mine as a result of the master disregarding British instructions.

It is interesting to relate that in the past three days no less than 61 ships have been brought into combined control bases. In spite of bad weather, a number of ships discharged cargo daily in a satisfactory manner and there were no unreasonable delays.

Two minesweepers were attacked by bombers off the East Coast recently but no losses were sustained on either side.—United Press.

Tokyo Dissension

Wholesale Resignations Threatened

Tokyo, Oct. 10. The Committee of the Foreign Office dissenters yesterday afternoon having rejected the compromise offered by Admiral Nomura, Foreign Minister, and the latter having notified the Committee that he declined to submit the plan to the Cabinet, the dissenters met this morning to discuss the question of tendering individual resignations instead of taking mass action.

The Hoch Shimbun states that 30 senior Secretaries, 68 junior Secretaries and some 30 lesser officials have decided to tender their resignations, while a number of diplomats threaten to take similar action, but the Hoch Weich forecasts that the Government would retain the resignations and then return them when the situation eases though it is expected that 20 senior dissenters with strong views will be purged.—Reuter.

Emperor's Influence

Shanghai, Oct. 11. The Japanese army is losing its hold on the Cabinet, while men close to the throne are wielding the bulk of the influence in the new government, according to the Kokumin Shimbun.—International.

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"IF HITLER WANTS PEACE, HE MUST SHOW IT BY DEEDS"

British Labour Party Wants Peace, Not An Armed Truce in Europe

Echoing the sentiments of Mr. Chamberlain, the French Premier has repudiated Hitler's peace terms, enjoining the necessity of continuing to fight at the side of Britain while German domination is being forced on Europe.

Almost simultaneously, the German Chancellor made a speech calling on his people to follow their "eternal destiny." Whatever happened, Germany would not capitulate.

The northern countries are seriously disturbed by the forthcoming Soviet-Finnish negotiations which are regarded as pursuant of Russia's determination to dominate the Baltic Sea. Finland is evacuating coastal towns and taking defensive precautions.

Reds In Baltic

Apprehension Felt In Finland

Helsinki, Oct. 11. All eyes are turned anxiously towards Moscow where M. Pansikivi is due to arrive today to hear what the Soviet is asking of Finland.

Meantime the Minister for Home Affairs has warned the people to be prepared for all eventualities. He said the dangers of modern warfare necessitated precautionary measures and voluntary evacuation of Helsinki, Viipuri, Turku, Tampere and the frontier districts with the utmost speed.

Extra trains were running yesterday to enable evacuees to leave, and extra buses will be used today. Steamers are going to Stockholm overcrowded and queues are waiting outside the savings banks.

The people everywhere are showing calmness and fortitude. Air raid experts have been appointed for every block of flats in Finland and tenants have been advised of the procedure to adopt in the event of an air raid.—Reuter.

To Return Vilna

Moscow, Oct. 11. The Soviet campaign of bloodless conquest in the Baltic region has climaxed today with the conclusion of the Lithuanian Pact in the early hours of the morning. The Soviet securing complete domination of the Baltic coast from Leningrad to Memel.

The accord followed a midnight session at the Kremlin between M. Stalin, M. Molotov, Soviet Foreign Commissar, and M. Urbysys, Lithuanian Foreign Minister.

Red troops are reported to be entering Estonia and Lithuania. Lithuania lacks good harbours and the Soviet Union acquires only land bases and air bases.

The Soviet will arm to defend Lithuania against attacks by European Power—Germany included, although not specified.

The terms of the accord are, first, transfer of Vilna and region to Lithuania, the boundary to be specified later; second, each country undertakes to render every assistance, including military, in the event of aggression; third, the U.S.S.R. will aid Lithuania with arms and military equipment; four, the U.S.S.R. is granted the right to maintain, at its own expense, strictly limited military forces, the exact location and strength and jurisdiction to be regulated by special agreements; five, in the event of aggression Lithuania or the U.S.S.R. will both immediately take measures to secure the inviolability of their territories; six, they agree not to participate in alliances against each other; seven, the treaty will not affect the sovereign rights of the contracting states; they will organise their economic, social system and military measures on the general principles of non-intervention in each others internal affairs.

Russian land and air bases are to remain part of Lithuania. Finally the mutual assistance pact is valid for 15 years, and unless one party announces one year prior to its expiration, the treaty will automatically continue for another 10 years.—United Press.

Reforming Government

Tallinn, Oct. 11. It is expected that a new Cabinet will be formed immediately in order to conform to the changed political conditions. Opposition parties will probably take most of the places.

It is believed that Speaker Uluots will be Premier and Foreign Minister. There are persistent rumours that President Paets will resign, but strong forces of Parliament do not desire a change.—United Press.

Political Murder

Tallinn, Oct. 11. The brutal murder of young Ilmar Toetpason, son of the former President, has caused much nervousness among the population as it is feared

London, Oct. 11.

"If Hitler wants peace, he must show it by deeds," declared Mr. C. R. Attlee, Leader of the Opposition, in a broadcast to the nation.

"A return to the conditions of the last eight years would not be to attain peace but an armed truce. We are fighting to get security for the ordinary people of all countries, including Germany. The Labour Party considers it essential that lawless aggression should be stopped, and therefore it is taking full part in the fighting against Hitlerism. The Labour Party is not fighting for domination or imperial interests, but for a peaceful world in which all nations can develop without harming others and live like good neighbours.

"Hitler's proposals which were made immediately following the act of aggression made demands but gave nothing in return but vague promises for the future. The British people ask for some action which will prove his sincerity and his abandonment of the method of aggression is the first requisite for peace. No lasting peace can be established without closer unity among European peoples, economic co-operation, disarmament, and collective security.

"Our strength is in our freedom. We must keep freedom at home and extend it to the Empire and when peace comes we must ensure that it is a peace of justice."—Reuter.

Fuehrer Defiant

Berlin, Oct. 10. Herr Hitler opened the winter relief campaign at the Sports Palace today, and said:

"One thing is sure: no Power in this world will be able to defeat this Germany, militarily or morally. 'Whatever happens, you will not see German capitulation. What the world chooses, it will receive. 'I have come a long way to raise Germany from the destruction of Versailles, but the path ahead cannot be harder than it has been up to now.

"A new and stronger community will arise. This is the only way to the stupidity abroad which thinks to undermine our people. We are winning our will and claim to that part of the world's wealth to which we are entitled.

"If others choose war, they will have a war of life and death. Nothing will stop us from realising our eternal destiny."—Reuter.

Favourable Comment

Berlin, Oct. 11. Responsible quarters continue to emphasise that there is nothing in M. Daladier's speech which contradicted Hitler's Reichstag declarations.

One source, taking cognisance of M. Daladier's reiteration of France's desire for peace and security, declared that Germany wants the same thing, but again warned that Germany's will to peace should not be mistaken for weakness. "Just as ready as we are for peace, so we are ready for war if it is forced upon us."

It is stated that much of M. Daladier's speech is intended for French internal consumption and it is necessary now to see what Mr. Chamberlain has to say before a clear picture can be drawn.—United Press.

A Blunt Rejection

New York, Oct. 11. Declaring that M. Daladier's address must be regarded as a joint reply to Hitler's peace terms by Britain and France, the New York Times says that the speech is more than a rejection of those terms. It is a flat rejection that no terms of any kind coming from the present German Government will be acceptable. Hitler may let loose without further warning the blitzkrieg he threatened in the West, but he may choose instead to mark time for the present with his armies and attempt a new diplomatic manoeuvre designed to split France and Britain or bring about the intervention of neutral countries.—Reuter.

there will be further reprisals.—United Press.

Sovietising Ukraine

Moscow, Oct. 11. A National Assembly for Polish Ukraine has been established and polling for members will begin soon. The constitution of the Assembly will include incorporation of the territory into the U.S.S.R.; approval for the confiscation of lands and property from landowners and their distribution among the peasants; and nationalisation of banks and industries.—Reuter Bulletin.

LOCAL FRENCHMEN CALLED UP

Frenchmen of military age in Hongkong are leaving very shortly for Indo-China under military orders. Yesterday all those between the ages of 18 and 41 years, believed to number about 70, were informed of the need for them to hold themselves in readiness for departure, and though some exceptions are to be made, a number are leaving aboard a French steamer before the end of next week.

The maximum time extension allowed for the conclusion of business is believed to be three months, this allowance being made to the majority of the officials of the French Bank, among others. The order is believed to be general throughout the Far East, though last night confirmation had not arrived from other ports.

Peace Appeal

Japan Makes No Claim As A Conqueror

Tokyo, Oct. 11. Unequivocal assurances that Japan will abjure all claims attributable to a conqueror in the interest of lasting peace with China, were given by Japanese leaders including Prince Konoye, President of the Privy Council, and the then Premier, Baron Hirokuma, when they received Wang Ching-wei, leader of the peace movement last June in Tokyo.

This revolution is made by Prince Konoye, in the Meijiichi Shimbun. Prince Konoye points out that many Japanese might have expected territorial concessions and an indemnity would be demanded of China as part of the peace terms. Even Prince Konoye himself feared that serious repercussions would be aroused in Japan by his statement of December 22 which waived all claims for territorial cession or indemnity by China. He was agreeably surprised to hear not a single voice of dissent.

Prince Konoye also reveals that when Wang Ching-wei called on the then Premier, Baron Hirokuma, the latter assured Wang that Japan had decided to share all pleasure and pain with China and secure lasting peace in East Asia.—Dated.

Chinese In America

New York, Oct. 5. Local Chinese took over the Fair Grounds to celebrate the "Double Tenth" day.

The Ambassador, Dr. Hu Shih was at the head of an elaborate programme featuring radio television broadcasts of China's picturesque sites.

Kitty Carlisle, Broadway radio personality, opened the ceremonies by singing the American and Chinese National Anthems. Tens of thousands of Chinese jammed the Court for the special ceremonies.

Hundreds of Chinese school children staged a "massing of the colours" during the celebrations.

The Reverend McConnell gave an address from the Temple of Religion, taking as his text "The World's Debt to China."

His address was followed by a speech by Mrs. Geraldine T. Fitch, wife of the Y.M.C.A. Secretary in Chungking, who spoke on "Unconquered China."

Colonel Theodore Roosevelt, in a trans-continental telephone conversation with the San Francisco Editor Mr. Paul C. Smith, performed the formal opening of a nationwide series of Rict Bowl parties which will continue October 30 in hundreds of communities.

"Bombing Berlin"

G. B. S. GIVES ADVICE

Manchester, Oct. 11. Mr. George Bernard Shaw in a letter to the Manchester Guardian says that Mr. Chamberlain's alternatives are either to bomb Berlin or peacefully settle differences.

He argues that the British pledge to Poland meant that we should bomb Berlin, as we could not do either assistance. But Mr. Chamberlain recoiled, knowing that it meant a series of retaliations on British cities.

Mussolini likewise backed out, knowing what French and British aviation could do to Italian cities. When the French and British attacked on the Western Front, Hitler's raid London, but likewise he recoiled.

"What Mr. Chamberlain has to declare now," says Mr. Shaw, "is whether he is going to bomb Berlin or not. Little does the consequences will go far beyond our maddest intentions and be quite different from anything we or Herr Hitler contemplated. If not, the sooner we stop the war and arrange for talking our respective grievances and those of the States we have destroyed, the better."—United Press.

The Chinese Ambassador made a radio broadcast at the Fair. He said the whole world has not placed sufficient emphasis on the importance of the Chinese Revolution which had a two-fold significance.

"The racial or nationalistic revolution threw off the alien yoke 270 years ago," he said, "but it took a political revolution of first magnitude to overthrow the monarchial form of government on the Asiatic continent."

He said revolution had also furnished "conditions for intellectual freedom, and social and political changes.

"These blessings of freedom will be better appreciated if we cast a critical glance at the social and political life of our closest neighbour, so called modern Japan. When we realise how little freedom is allowed their scholars, then we will fully understand the great liberation brought about by the China Revolution." Doctor Hu Shih said.—United Press.

STEAMER NEARING COMPLETION

Built mainly of Australian steel and incorporating several new devices in the history of Australian coastal shipping, No. 810, a vessel being built at Kowloon Dockyard for the Newcastle and Hunter River Steamship Company Ltd., is nearing her launching date.

The ship's measurements will be 230 feet length, by 39 feet breadth, by 24 feet depth to the upper deck, and she will have an approximately tonnage of 1,300. Her mission is the daily freight service conducted by the company on the 74-mile run between Sydney and Newcastle, her passenger accommodation being limited to 12.

In a country where labour rates per hour are higher than Chinese rates per day, cargo handling is naturally one of the heaviest shipping costs. No. 810 is being specially fitted to speed up handling and reduce these labour costs. Between her two large hatches, amidships and forward, will be located a Rowson, Drew, and Clydesdale elevator, which will be able to handle packages up to 140 lb. in weight with a rate of discharge of 800 packages an hour. She will be the first coastal trader so fitted.

The ship is also to have the first Earth-Ree underfed type mechanical stoker to be fitted in Hongkong. The Newcastle Company's enterprise in this respect is in keeping with its pioneering record, for, 32 years ago, it was the first company to equip an Australian ship with a Babcock boiler, and its Mulubimba (aboriginal name for Newcastle), which is already in service, was the first Australian ship to be fitted with a mechanical stoker similar to that being built into No. 810.

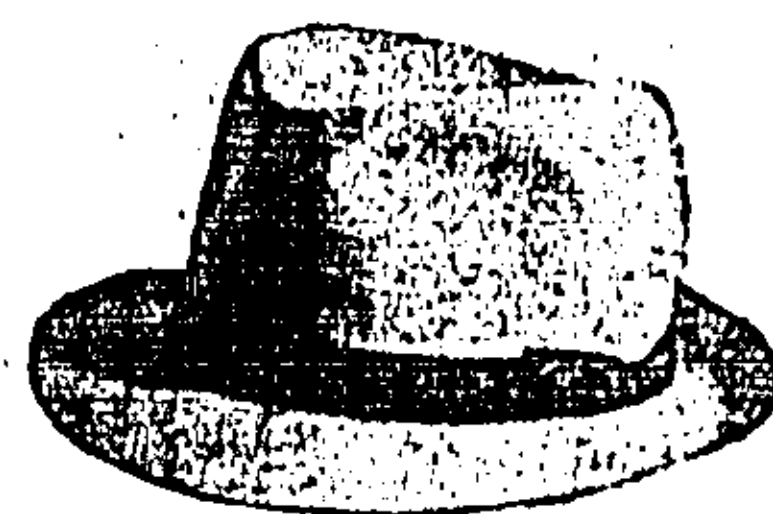
Consumption Economy

The design of the underfed stoker permits the fullest use to be made of the light, volatile carbon gases which are given off before the coal reaches burning point, for these pass through the bed of the furnace fire and are burnt. One result of this is a decrease in smoke. The underfed stoker also assures consumption economy, and it is estimated that No. 810 will give a horsepower of 1,200 and a speed of about 11½ knots for a daily coal consumption of 10 to 17 tons.

No. 810, too, is to be the first Australian ship fitted with an Aga Cooker, a handsome galley piece with a maximum coke consumption of seven tons a year.

Interest attaches to the building of No. 810 with Australian steel in view of the fact that Australian steel is being more and more used in Hongkong shipbuilding. Before the war it was found that Australia could provide steel plates at a much lower landed cost than steel from England, and a still greater divergence can be expected, now that the war has broken out.

The steel for No. 810 was supplied by the Broken Hill Proprietary, Australia's great steel producing combine. Not only has this firm been fulfilling orders from Hongkong, but earlier this year it received an order from England for 100,000 tons of steel.



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"Can't you talk of anything except food? I don't like to eat again."

"Fairly dripping with sweetness and light this morning, aren't you? Advanced case of hangover, I'd bet a couple of chips. Some of you young fellows haven't enough sense to come in out of the rain."

"That's right. Moralize, you hypocrite. I suppose you never wake up with a head or a tongue like a strip of ancient gummy bag."

"On the contrary, I have in the past cultivated some of the finest hangovers of all time. But that was back in the bad old days before I'd heard of Rose's Lime Juice."

"What on earth has Rose's got to do with hangovers?"

"Everything, my dear Watson. It wipes them out. If you stick to Gimlets or have a good stiff swig before going to bed, you'll have no regrets in the morning."

"Rose's Lime Juice you said?"

"Yes, Rose's."

"Lend me a pencil, and I'll write it down."

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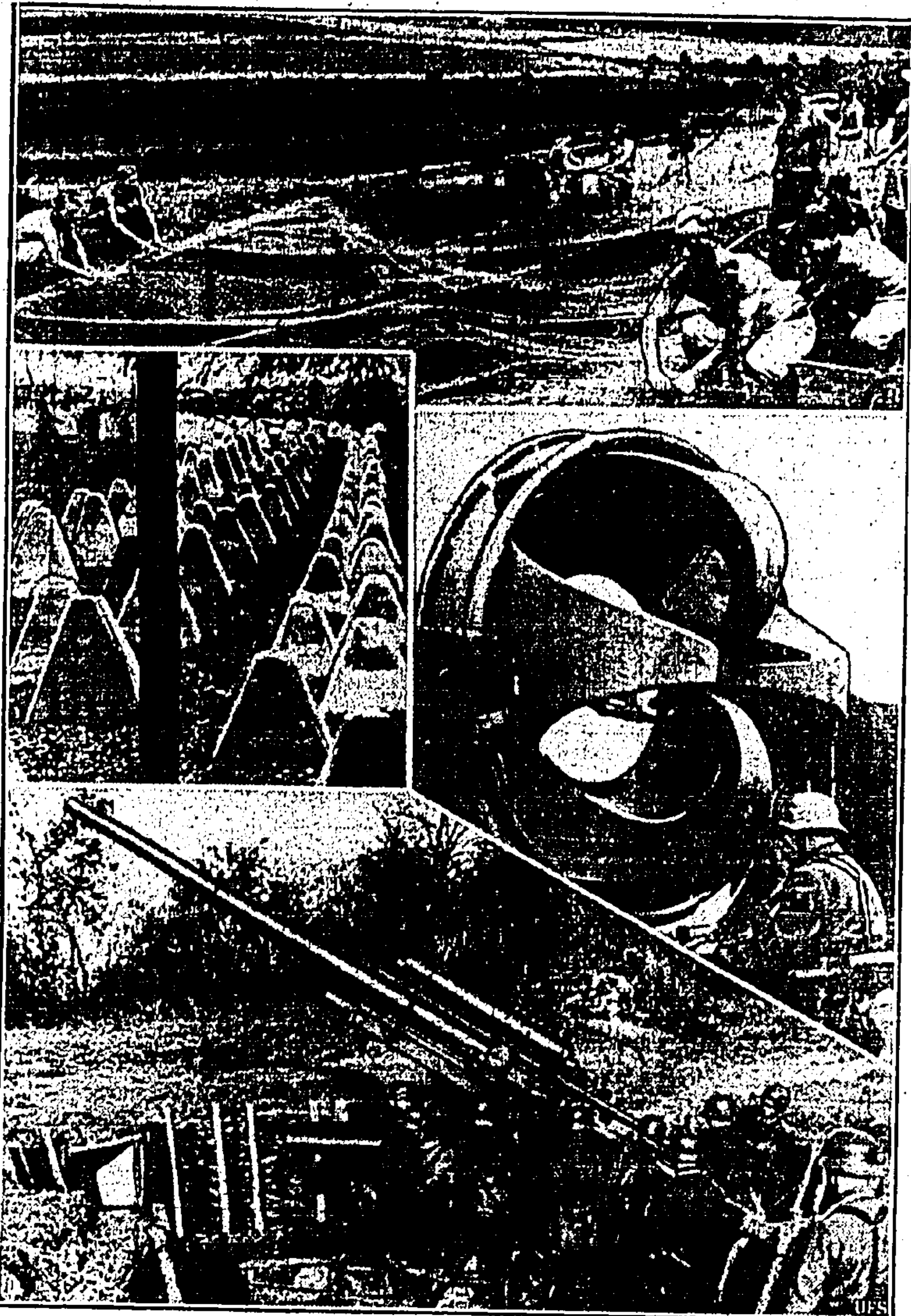


NEWS OF THE DAY  
IN PICTURES  
FROM FAR AND NEAR

# Hongkong Telegraph

## PHOTONEWS

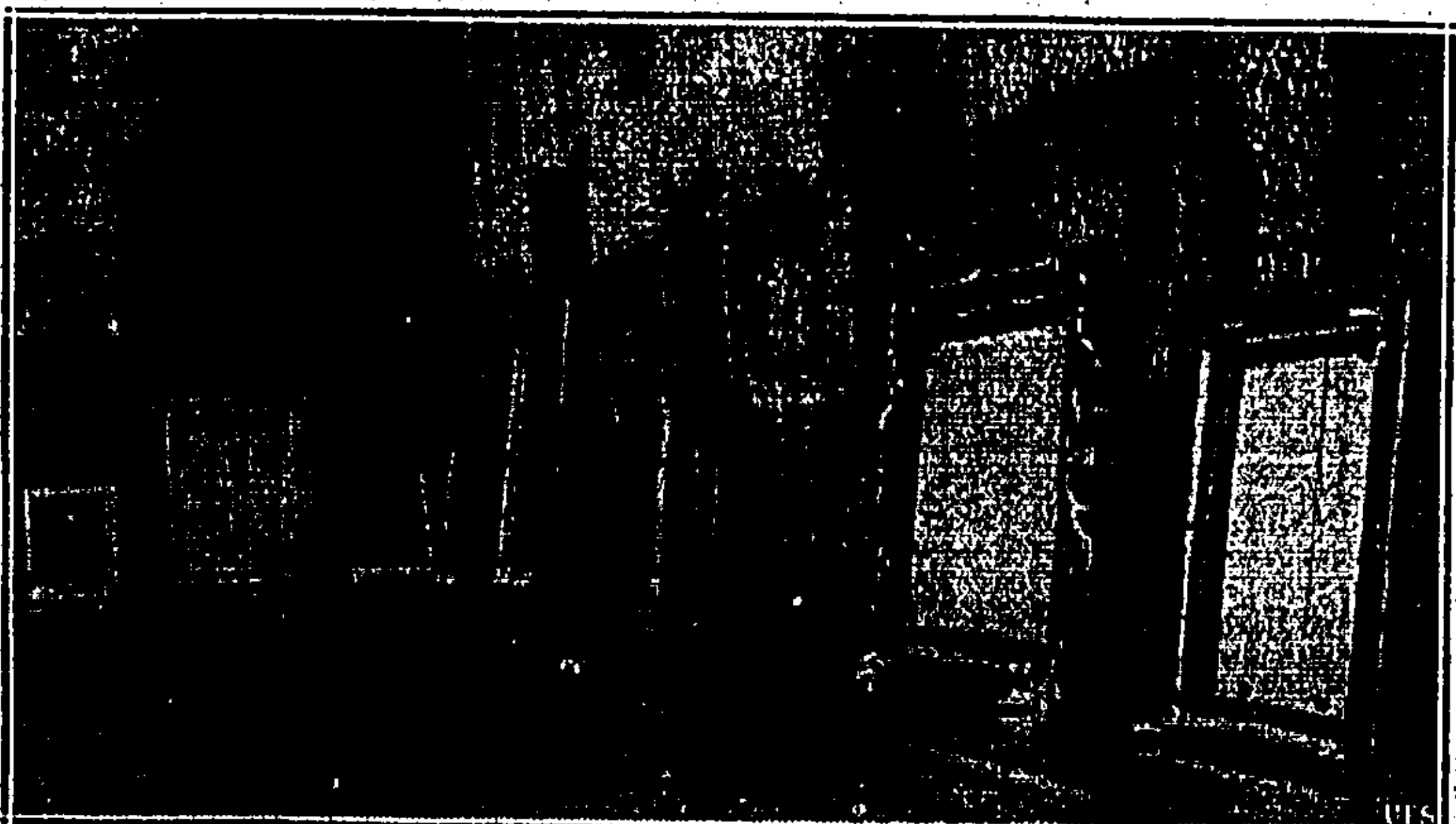
HAPPENINGS  
AS SEEN BY  
THE CAMERA'S EYE



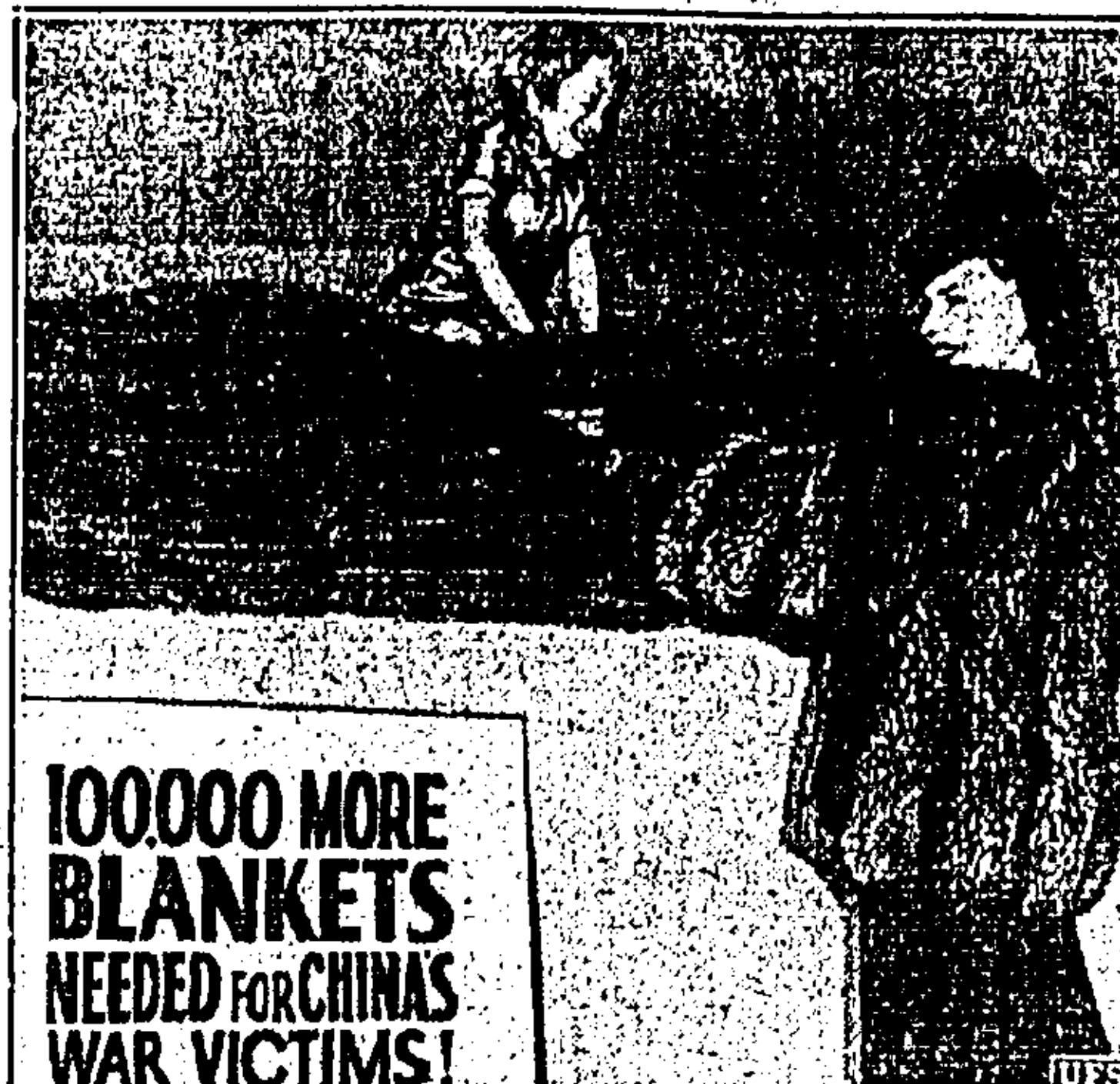
Western Front operations in the Second World War centre around the two chains of fortifications on the Franco-German frontier. Scenes above are in connection with the Nazi "Westwall," officially named the Scharnhorst Line and often called the Siegfried Line. The wall, stretching for 400 miles and facing the French Maginot Line, is 30 miles deep in places. Top panel, gun crew spreads wire netting over dug-out. Wire will be covered with grass. Left centre, not grave-stones, but concrete barricades against tanks. Right centre, huge sound detector, to warn of approaching enemy air-craft. Bottom, anti-aircraft gun occupying a strategic point in the wall.



A family of German refugees cross the border into Buckow, Germany, after a hurried flight from Poland to reach their homeland before war broke out in Europe. The guard lets them through the toll-gate at the frontier. Hundreds of others did likewise.



Empty frames on the floor of London's National Gallery testify to England's fear of air raids. The frames contained priceless master-pieces, removed to basement for safekeeping.



100000 MORE  
BLANKETS  
NEEDED FOR CHINA'S  
WAR VICTIMS!

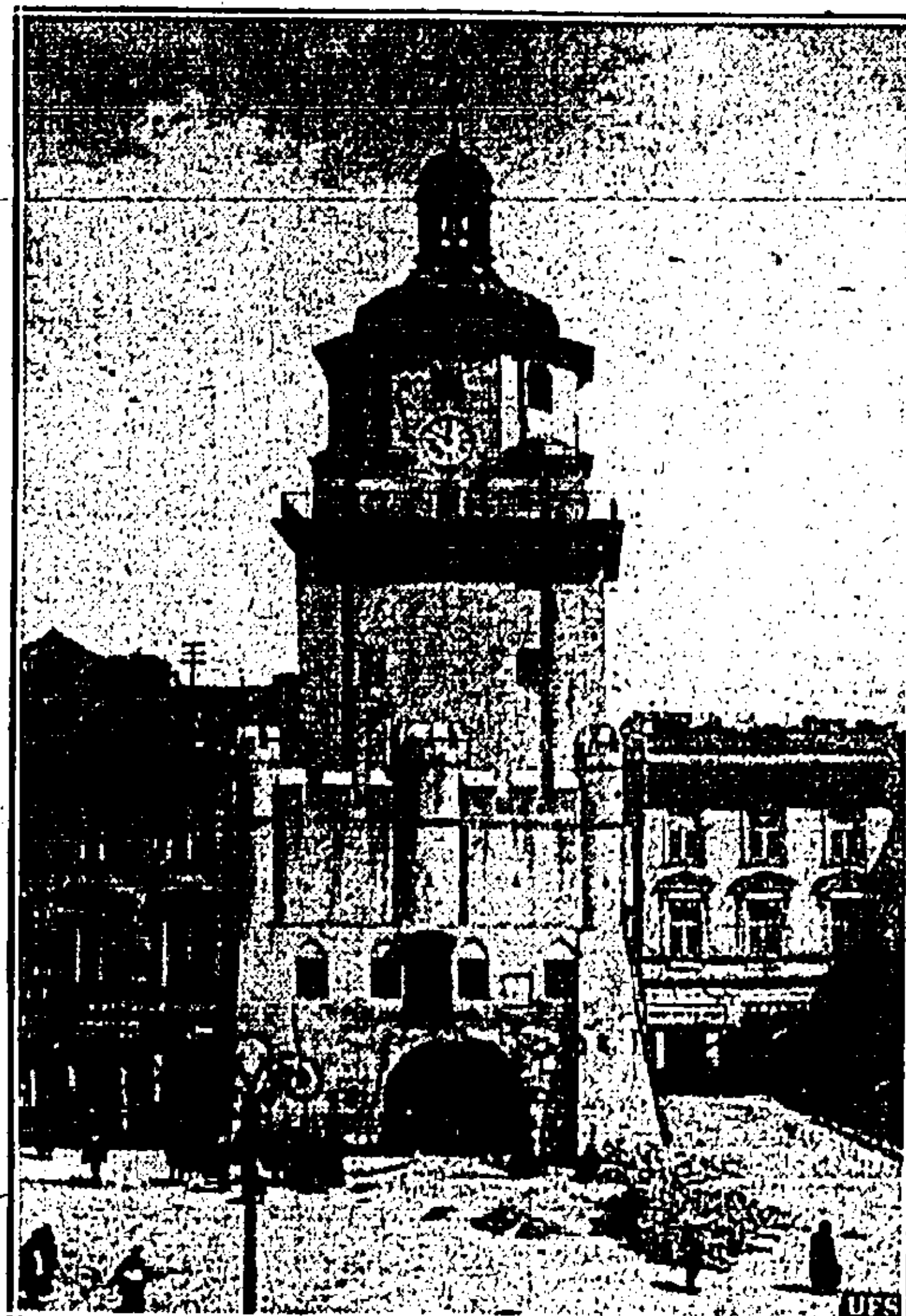
Mrs. Hal Kemp, former Martha Stephenson, and little Ju-Ju Wang recall there's also a war in China and that refugees need blankets. They're shown at New York office of Medical Aid to China Bureau.



The Marquess of Lothian, newly appointed British Ambassador to the United States, succeeding Sir Ronald Lindsay, shown on his arrival in New York aboard the Aquitania.



With others who hurried back to America from Europe aboard the French liner Champlain, was Madeleine Carroll, movie star, arriving in New York. She turned over French chateau to Sisters of Poor.



When the Germans were driving toward Warsaw, the Polish government moved to Lublin, 100 miles south-east. Above is Cracow Gato in Lublin. Foreign legations and embassies followed the government.

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### SESSIONS CALENDAR

#### Two Murder Cases to Come Up Next Week

The following are the cases to be tried at the Criminal Sessions commencing on October 11:

Pang Yiu-wai, charged with the murder of Wan Hong-chung, concluding;  
Man Shiu, charged with the murder of Chun Shik-lan at Stanley Prison;  
Sham Yau-chung and Chan Yuen, possession of plates for making Bank of China banknotes;  
Wah Tung-lun, assault with intent to cause grievous bodily harm;  
Kwok Hung, armed highway robbery; Tang Ping and Wong Tim, possession of dangerous drugs;  
Lam Yau, robbery by two or more;  
Shum Kwong-chung and Young Tin-chung, bribery;  
The Chuen-lan, wounding with intent;  
Leung Wah-shum, possession of coinage tools and counterfeit coins;  
Shek Tsoi and Chan Sap, breach of the Deportation Ordinance.

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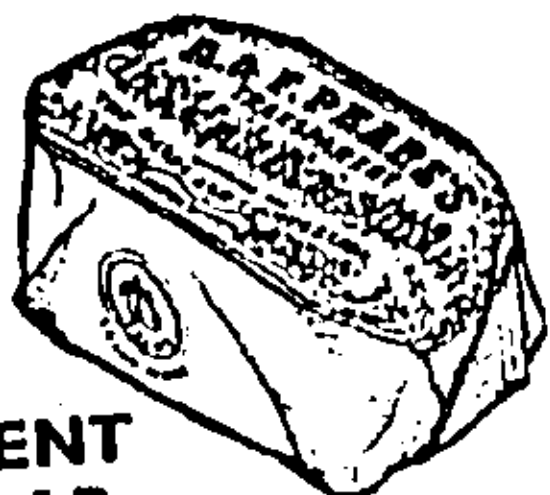
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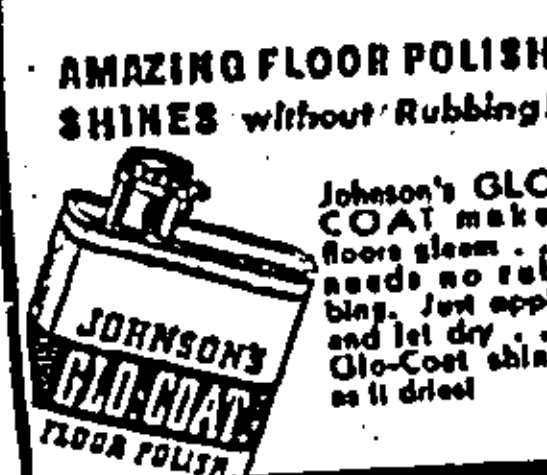
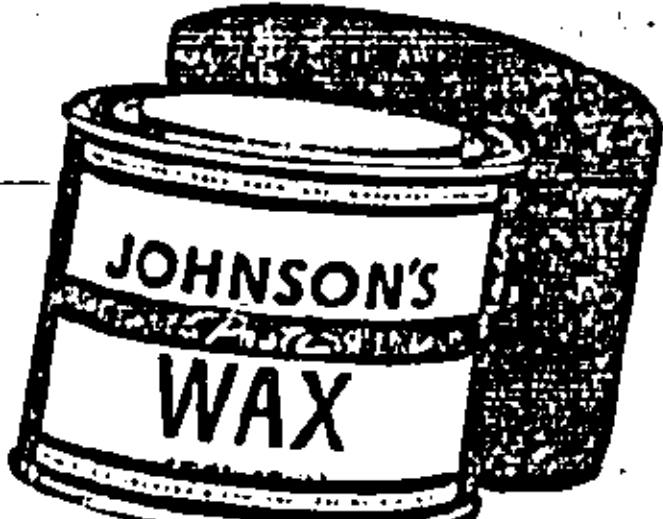


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# RECIPE FOR A NEW SUIT

Each separate point is as important as the salt in the soup in making up a three-star success.



1. The feather on the hat, a bold, upswEEPing quill, in royal blue. It contrasts brightly with—
2. The caramel brown felt hat. Notice how it comes well down on the head at the back, sweeps up, following the same line as the feather in front.
3. A small, flat beaver collar goes over the square-cut collar of—
4. The suit, which is made in caramel brown wool. This is one of the newest and most attractive colours—good for in or out of town. The jacket of the suit is wrist length (very new) double-breasted (also new), studded with ten wooden buttons. Sleeves are long and plain, but shoulders are slightly squared, just enough to look solid.
5. Don't miss the two slanting hip pockets, edged with beaver to match the collar.
6. Back of the jacket is slightly flared, just hinting at the bustle silhouette.
7. Skirt is easily full, and cut with the newest sort of fullness—unpressed seams flaring slightly towards the hem. But notice—
8. The skirt is still short, round 16in. off the ground.
9. Shoes in matching brown calf are smart but comfortably cut, stub-toed, fairly low heels, high over the instep.
10. Bag in caramel brown calf matches hat, suit and shoes—leaving the note of colour contrast to be loudly struck by royal blue feather—
11. Royal blue suede gloves, plain short gauntlets, and—
12. Royal blue blouse with high collarless neck, curved yoke gathering up fullness over the bust (detailed in small sketch on the right).



### SHORT CUTS

Paper towels are useful in drying fish before baking or boiling, and also for draining excess grease from doughnuts, fritters, croquettes and bacon.

A teaspoonful of Epsom salts added for each gallon of water used in washing coloured fabrics prevents fading and keeps colours from running.

To remove fat from soup, try straining it through a cloth wrung from cold water, but be sure to heat it again for serving.



## Autumn Complexions

WHEN the holidays become only a memory, every woman will naturally be anxious to repair any damage wrought to her complexion by sun and wind, and so prepare it for the coming months.

Autumn make-up must be toned down a little as dark colours like browns, reds and fawns lend a certain amount of colour to the skin. Women who favour "eddy" tints should choose a peachy pink powder and a rouge that has not too much yellow in it.

Apply it sparingly and shade off to give a natural effect. Remember to use the rouge to the best advantage so that it enhances the best points of the features, but obscures those which are not quite so good.

Face and lip rouge should match, but before applying the latter moisten the lips with a little cream to help keep them smooth, for it produces a better result with lip-stick.

For those who wish to retain a becoming tan for as long as possible, avoid the use of any cream containing lemon, peroxide or cucumber, and use instead a bronze foundation cream. As the tan fades, change the shade, worn best under an over-dusting of cere rose or tan.

Shades of Powder

If black or white is worn for the evening, choose a lighter shade of powder. A blonde's skin takes on a lovely pearly appearance at night by the addition of a pale green powder. For those who are dark, but inclined to paleness, choose a pale mauve powder and a bright lip rouge that has just a trace of orange in it, but avoid cheek rouge.

A scarlet V on the chest is best treated by heating up the white of two eggs with the juice of half a lemon spread over the affected part. Leave for half an hour, then wash off and make up the neck and chest with a pale green foundation cream.

If the skin has become very sun dried it is best not to wash the face

## Cooking Hints

WHEN frying eggs, place the pastry cutters in the frying-pan and break an egg into each, for this method enables the eggs to keep a good shape.

If a cake sticks to the bottom of a tin, wipe the hot surface with a wet cloth, so that as the tin contracts the cake will come away quite easily.

Instead of using an egg when glazing pastry, put a tablespoonful of brown sugar and two tablespoonfuls of milk in a saucepan and bring to the boil. Allow to cool before lightly brushing over the pastry previous to cooking.

Lettuce will keep fresh and crisp for days if loosely wrapped in greaseproof paper and stored in a receptacle having a tight-fitting lid.

To improve the flavour of rhubarb, cut it into pieces the day before it is required and cover with sugar. Leave it standing overnight without adding any water, and cook it carefully in its own juice.

As an alternative to serving apple sauce with roast pork, make the sauce with oranges in the same way as apples. Serve hot and you will be delighted at the delicious flavour.

Onions will retain their freshness for a time if sliced at the roots, as this prevents them sprouting.

If biscuits have become soft, brush them over with milk and bake for a few moments in a hot oven, after which they will again be crisp.

An excellent flavouring can be made by grating lemon peel very finely, and mixing it with an equal amount of caster sugar, and storing in an air-tight tin.

Never put pepper into anything to be fried. It causes rashes and fritters to break and spoils the cooking of fried fish.

G. G. T.

for at least a week, but use instead an astringent cleanser, cream and tonic. Massage the face very gently every night with a nourishing cream; for this treatment combined with a cream mask and tissue oil will soon restore the complexion to its former condition.

Women who find after returning from their holidays that they have



Tepid water, a stiff brush and plenty of mild soap—this is the recipe for dainty and comfortable feet. This school miss is giving her feet a beauty bath preparatory to a pedicure, so that she can show her toes in cut-out dancing sandals.

## Daily Routine Suggested For Keeping Feet Lovely

By JACQUELINE HUNT

FEET that dance merrily half the night, then trudge dutifully to classes and, perhaps, before the day is done, sprint fleetly down the hockey field, need a lot of care. Often this is a phase of beauty and grooming that is neglected by the schoolgirl, for young feet are generally healthy feet and not subject to aches and pains.

Yet, according to a famous orthopedic surgeon, it is in the late teens that most foot troubles begin. It is at this age that many girls begin to wear high-heeled shoes that do damage to the delicately poised bones of the ankles and arches. Schoolgirls of to-day tend to be more sensible about such matters than they were in my day, but even so, a little more thought given to the care of the feet now will make for better foot health in days to come—and for better grooming right now.

### Make a Schedule

Foot care doesn't take a lot of time but, when you plan your beauty schedule, see that some time is allotted specifically to your feet. Your schedule might read something like this:

Monday—Facial, beauty bath, inspect toenails.  
Tuesday—Shape eyebrows, 15-minute eye treatment.  
Wednesday—Manicure and pedicure.  
Thursday—Shampoo and wave-set.  
Friday—Change nail polish, use depilatory on arms and legs, foot exercises.

The attention you give your feet daily will take but a few minutes. You automatically get your foot bath when you are having your daily tubbing. Use a bath brush and work up a stiff lather. Scrub this between the toes, over the ankles, heels and soles to insure thorough cleansing. This scrubbing improves the tone of the skin and removes callouses. Rinse off, of course. Then hold the feet under a cold stream of water from the tap to help firm and toughen them.

### Exercises for Feet

After your bath, give your feet a bit of exercise. Walk about bare-foot, on tiptoe. Stretch as tall as you can, raising the heels higher and higher, so that the muscles of the ankles and arch are stretched.

Then sit on a chair, lift the feet off the floor and rotate them from the ankles, first to the right, then to the left. While you're at it, take a peek at your heels. If they're rough, work some softening cream into them.

When you've had an unusually active day and your feet ache, resist the temptation to pop them into a basin of hot water—at least, if you expect to put on your shoes again.



A collar so big that it makes a fur-top coat is one of the luxury features of the season. This one adopts bunnymark for a wide waist-length flared collar. In back it dips in a U-shape with shims following the curves. Note how the big smooth collar complements a slim, flared coat.



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# NANCY



By Ernie Bushmiller

## Ideal Speech Daladier Broadcast Impresses

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"  
LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—M. Daladier's response to Hitler's so-called peace proposals, leaves nothing to be desired in point of emphasis, writes the "Daily Telegraph."

This paper adds that it is entirely in tune with his broadcast to the French people on the day war was declared, and nothing has occurred since to invalidate its force.

No self-respecting nation could give Hitler any other answer than that which M. Daladier gave yesterday.

Days when the robbery of territories brought advantage to the robber must end. It is for that high purpose that the two western democracies have now taken the field in alliance, and insidious attempts to divide them and to frustrate the pursuit of that purpose, will be no more successful in England than it has been in France, concludes the newspaper.

Warmly Welcomed  
SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"  
PARIS, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—M. Daladier's firm reply to Hitler is warmly welcomed in all sections of the press.

"Matin" says, "It took Hitler an hour and a half to say, amid innumerable commonplaces, how he wanted to direct his latest conquests. It took M. Daladier 20 minutes to oppose to the German spirit of domination the French spirit of a just peace, which gives to the peoples the joy of living. 'We certainly want peace, but not peace at any price, and above all, not with participants whose signature is valueless.'"

The "Oeuvre", referring to Hitler's string of broken promises, says: "If

## Nazi Party Officials Discontented Resent Alliance With Russia

PARIS, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—Rumours of discontent among the Nazi party officials and prominent Army men, some of whom participated in the formation of a "Freikorps" in the Baltic countries, are referred to in an Amsterdam dispatch to a journal.

They feel that the abandonment by Germany of the position once held in countries owing civilisation to Germany constitutes an incomprehensible sacrifice and is open to much criticism.

Following the alliance with the Bolsheviks, the evacuation of Germans from the Baltic countries is arousing lively discontent among the higher ranks in the party.

## Nazi Police Chief In Italy

ROME, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—Herr Himmler, Chief of the Nazi Secret Police, arrived in Italy to-day. He was met at Milan by the Italian prefects of Bolzano and Fiume.

He will have talks in a town on Lake Como which are expected to last two days.

## ACTION AND DRAMA IN "Dawn Patrol"

"Dawn Patrol" coming to the King's to-morrow, deals with a section of R.A.F. men and their work during the last war. It is an excellent show and is much superior to many flying films recently shown on local screens.

The period is the middle years of the last war and every morning a squadron of fighter planes set out from behind the Allied lines to patrol the German lines and observe or destroy. The few airmen who have had time to acquire the art of war in the air have some chance of returning, but the replacements of young men who come out almost every day from England after a few flying hours at home are inevitably and uselessly destroyed. The General Staff seem to be continually planning new and yet more impossible expeditions, and the officer commanding the patrol has to obey their orders and wait every day for the return of the patrol with its number inevitably diminished, a strain which during the progress of this film three men in turn find unbearable.

The film has many remarkable scenes of individual combat in the air and culminates in an appalling scene of the bombing of factories, communication works and railways behind the German lines.

There was an earlier silent version of this film, starring Neil Hamilton and Richard Barthelmess, but there is a new generation of picture-goers to whom the pilot will not be known. Much of the success of the film depends on the cast—Basil Rathbone as the major, sensitive, bitter and nervous; Errol Flynn as the man who takes his place wearing his stiff upper lip with dash and distinction, and David Niven, as the man who sees his brother die in a burning plane.

It is hard to distinguish, but it is probably this last portrait, debonair, flippling and keeping an exquisite balance between comedy and pathos, that most people will remember.

## RAPID MOVEMENT OF TROOPS

London, Oct. 11.  
Within five weeks of the outbreak of war, Britain has transported to France 159,000 men.

This was among the interesting revelations made by Mr. L. Horé Bellsha, the War Minister, in the House of Commons this afternoon when he told for the first time of the part now being played by the British Army in the war.

The War Secretary said, "We have fulfilled—and more than fulfilled—our undertaking to that country in the event of war a British Expeditionary Force of a specified dimension within a specified time. Nor are the contingents at present across the Channel the last that will arrive."

"Within six weeks of the outbreak of war in 1914 we had transported to France 149,000 men. Within five weeks of the outbreak of this war we have transported 159,000."

Flow of Supplies

"During this period we have also created our base and lines of communication and our organisation so as to ensure a regular flow of supplies and munitions of every kind, and to receive further contingents as, and when, we may decide to send them. The major operation is thus over."

"Night by night at the War Office we have waited for the tidings of the arrival of the convoys. These have averaged three per night. There is no need for further silence and a body of war correspondents has just arrived in France with the object of keeping us all informed of the day to day impressions and happenings."

"A small body of specially selected officers in the War Office secretly worked out every detail of this plan for moving the Army and the R.A.F. to France. The Expeditionary Force has been transported to France intact without a casualty to any of its personnel."

Mr. Horé Bellsha compared the task of to-day with that of 1914 and said, "In those days there were only mechanised vehicles in all, and it was a real load that exceeded a couple of tons."

Mechanised Force  
"We have already on this occasion transported to France more than 25,000 vehicles, including tanks, some of them of enormous dimensions and weighing fifteen tons apiece or more."

Explaining the transport arrangements, Mr. Horé Bellsha said, "Arrangements for the reunion for the troops and their material on the other side made an additional complication. Similarly, and for other reasons also, more remote landing places had to be selected in France, thus making the voyages much longer. Internally and as a precaution against air attack, more devious internal routes were taken than in 1914."

"Vehicles and men were dispersed in small groups, halted in concealed areas by day, and moved onwards by night. As with the transport so with the maintenance problem which has become greater than it was a generation ago."

"There are in France 50 types of vehicles, most of them requiring a different grade of fuel and lubricants. Great reserves have had to be conveyed and stored."—Reuter.

## Empire Plan To Train More Airmen Canada As Centre Of New Scheme

CANBERRA, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The Australian Premier, Mr. R. G. Menzies declared to-day that the empire air training plan would make the commonwealth a great air power, and would substantially contribute to the successful conclusion of the war.

Under the training scheme missions were going to Canada from Britain, Australia and New Zealand, and it was planned that Canada should become the chief training centre.

Mr. Menzies announced that the Minister for civil aviation and assistant defence Minister, Mr. V. Fairbairn would represent Australia in Canada.

The Premier concluded by saying that it was a striking example of the manner in which they were employing the full weight of the resources of the empire in a common cause.

British Mission Personnel

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—Sir Kingsley Wood, the Air Minister, announced the composition of the British Air Mission to Canada in the House of Commons to-day.

The leader, Lord Riverdale, is a northern industrialist and the deputy leader is Air Chief Marshal Sir Robert Brooke-Popham, former Governor of Kenya.

Mr. F. P. Earle, managing director of one of our largest aircraft manufacturing companies, will be a member of the Mission, which will also comprise technical and other officers.

As Air Chief Marshal Brooke-Popham is now on service abroad, his place will be taken temporarily by Air Vice-Marshal Sir Christopher Courtney.

The Parliamentary Secretary to the Air Ministry, Captain H. H. Balfour, will also go to Canada to help in arrangements which Canada will have to make for consultations with the Missions from Australia and New Zealand.

## Burma Starts Her Preparations

RANGOON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—A Defence Committee has been formed with the Governor, Sir Archibald Cochran as chairman.

The Defence Commissioner is deputy chairman and one of the members is the Burmese Premier, who has offered the support of his Ministry.

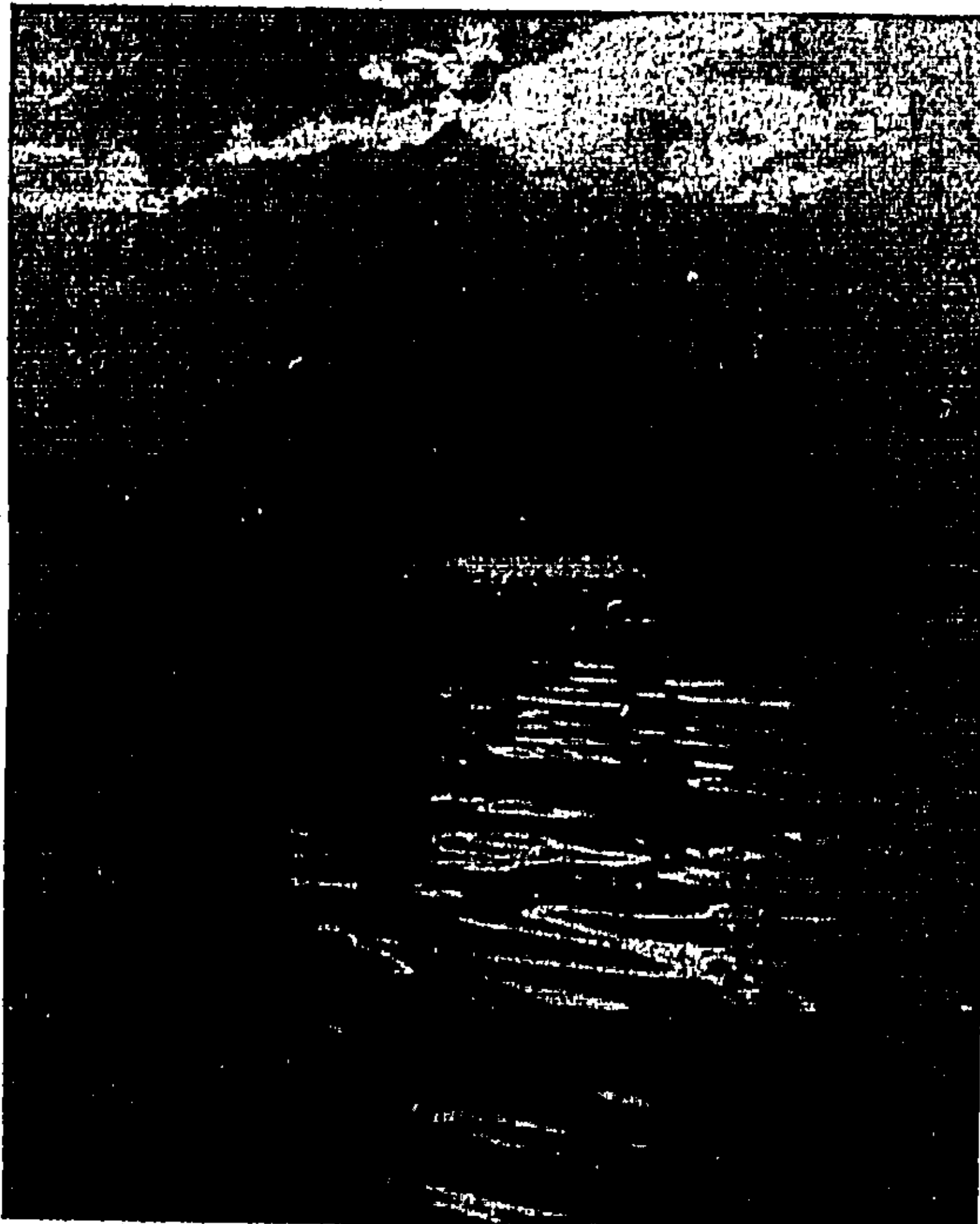
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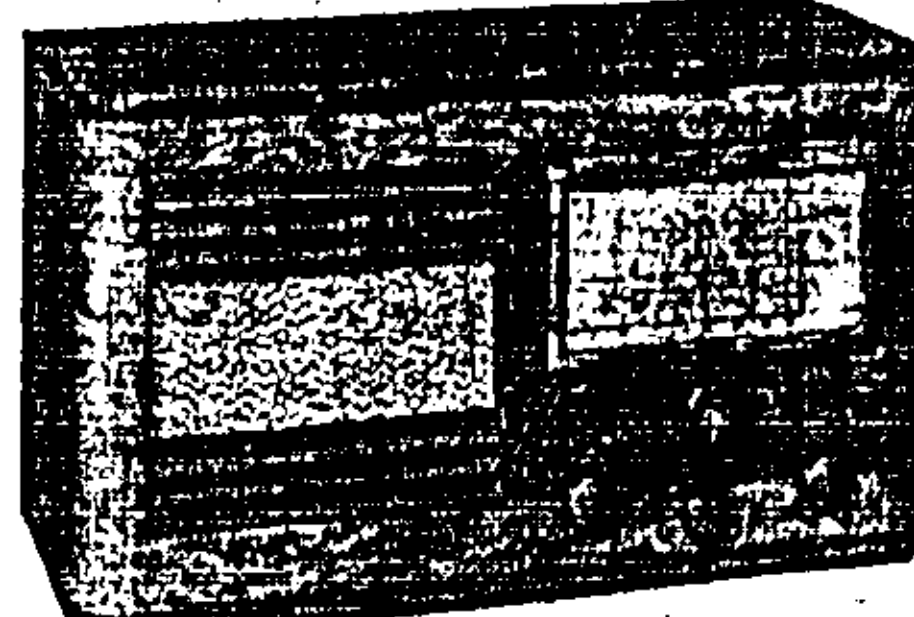
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## Internee Marries

THE wedding took place at the Registry yesterday before Mr. T. S. Whyte-Smith, between Otto Hans Ahrens, journalist, and Elise Rudek (nee Kreutzberger), milliner of Kimberley Road, Kowloon. The bridegroom is an internee at La Salle College, and was released for the ceremony, on the application of his bride. The witnesses were Mme. Sophie Costides and Mr. J. W. Eastman. Other wedding guests were: Mr. Whyte-Smith at the Registry yesterday were: Mr. Man Sang, merchant, to Miss Lee Kwan-ku, of Un Long, the witnesses being Messrs. Man Wah and Lee Nin-fong; Mr. Tong Ping-fong, assistant editor of the 'Sun' at Lockhart Road, the witnesses being Mrs. Tong Leung-shi and Mr. Ma Hing-chai; Mr. Lai Sae-fai, merchant to Miss Tse Wan-sin, of Wa Lane, the witnesses being Messrs. Tse Wing-shut and Kwan Ho.

### Wed In Singapore

Lieutenant Robert Evelyn Boddington, of the Royal Navy, and son of Mr. and Mrs. F. Boddington of Hinton, Peterchurch, Herefordshire, was married at St. Andrew's Cathedral, Singapore, on October 2, to Miss Heather Elizabeth Hance, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Hance, of Hongkong. The Rev. N. Williams, of H.M.S. Medway, took the service. Given away by Lieut. Commander Hubert Marsham, of the Royal Navy, the bride, who was dressed in a gown of white French crepe, wore a sapphire and diamond pendant, a gift from the bridegroom. She had on a tulle veil, with a garland of flowers in her hair, and carried a bouquet of lilies and carnations. Miss Stella Strachen-Smith, the bridesmaid, wore a dress of blue georgette, and carried a bouquet of hydrangeas and daisies. Best man was Lieut. R. A. St. Clair Sprout, Bolton, R.N. The reception was held at the Airport Hotel, and the honeymoon is to be spent at the Sea View Hotel. The bride's going away ensemble consisted of a white pigskin suit, with turban, and an organdy blouse and accessories.

## LATE NEWS

## Britain And Soviet RELATIONS REVIEWED

London, Oct. 11. In the House of Commons to-day, Mr. Ellis-Smith (Lab.-Stoke), asked the Prime Minister if he had considered the need to publish a Blue Book containing documents, etc., concerning the relations of Great Britain with the U.S.S.R. during the period August, 1938, to October, 1939. Mr. Butler, Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs, replying, said that Lord Halifax, Foreign Secretary, had given careful consideration to this question. He was not prepared to authorize publication of these documents at present. Mr. Butler added that it should be remembered that in the exchanges of views which took place between the British Government and the U.S.S.R. they took into consideration the position of several other governments. Replying to Mr. Mander (Lab.-Wolverhampton), who wanted to know what action the Government proposed to take with reference to the proposal put forward by the Soviet Government for resumption of trade negotiations with Britain, Mr. Butler said that the question of adapting Anglo-Soviet trade relations to conditions of the present war was under consideration. Some preliminary discussions were under discussion with the Soviet Government. —Reuter Bulletin.

## Not War-Time Budget

Last night a Treasury official stated that the budget to be presented to-day was drawn up before the outbreak of war and estimates of both income and expenditure will require

## British War Funds

A circular, appealing for support for the Hongkong Branch of the British War Organisation Fund has been issued by Sir Atholl MacGregor, Chairman of the Business Committee. Sir Atholl says the Fund will be the only one in Hongkong for public subscription from which, it is hoped, not only comforts, and medical necessities will be provided for our troops in the field and for the wounded, but also to make money grants to approved funds and societies in England. Great sacrifices, Sir Atholl points out, are being made and will continue to be made and will continue to be made in all other parts of the Empire. The benefits that Hongkong receives and will receive from these sacrifices are incalculable, and the Committee feels confident that every section of the Colony will recognise this by a generous response to this appeal. Cheques for donations will be received by the Treasurer, Mr. F. D. Winter, of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, and payments may be made direct to the fund in case it is found more convenient to make monthly donations to the fund there is enclosed with the circular a form of banker's order together with an envelope addressed to the Treasurer. Sir Atholl suggests that in the event of junior employees wishing to help the cause by making a small monthly cash payment, a senior or responsible officer be appointed to undertake the task of collecting these sums each month and to send to the Treasurer a cheque for the aggregate amount, together with a list of the individual donors and the amount of each donation.

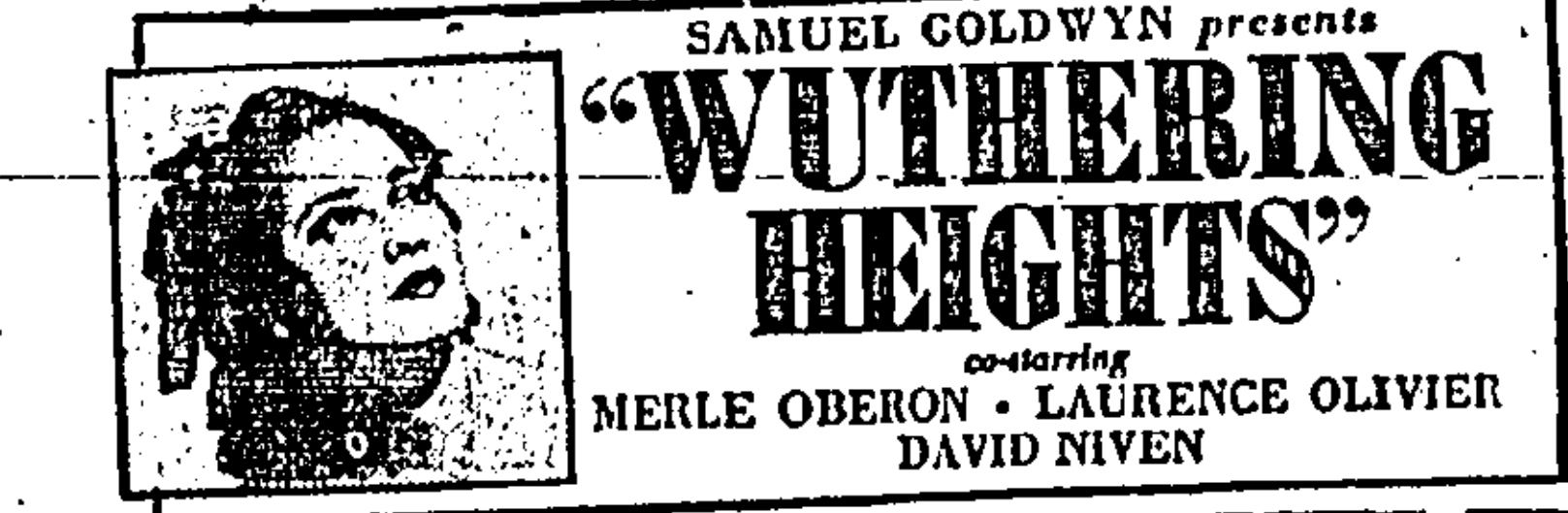
reconsideration in the light of the present situation. The budget figures as presented to-day, therefore, should not be taken as a final indication of Government's intentions.

## ORIENTAL THEATRE

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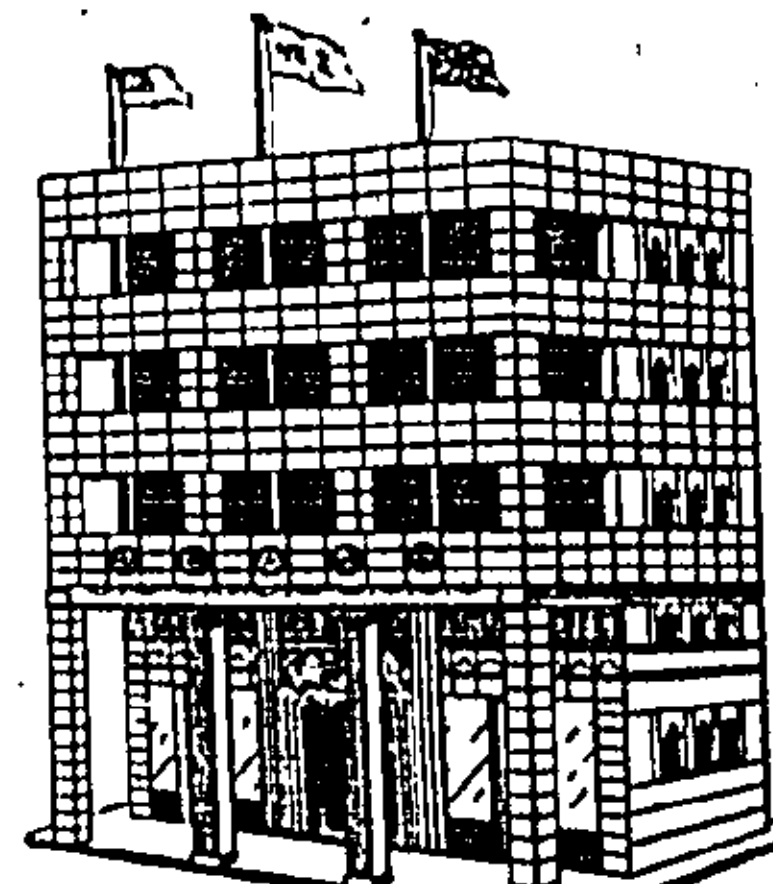
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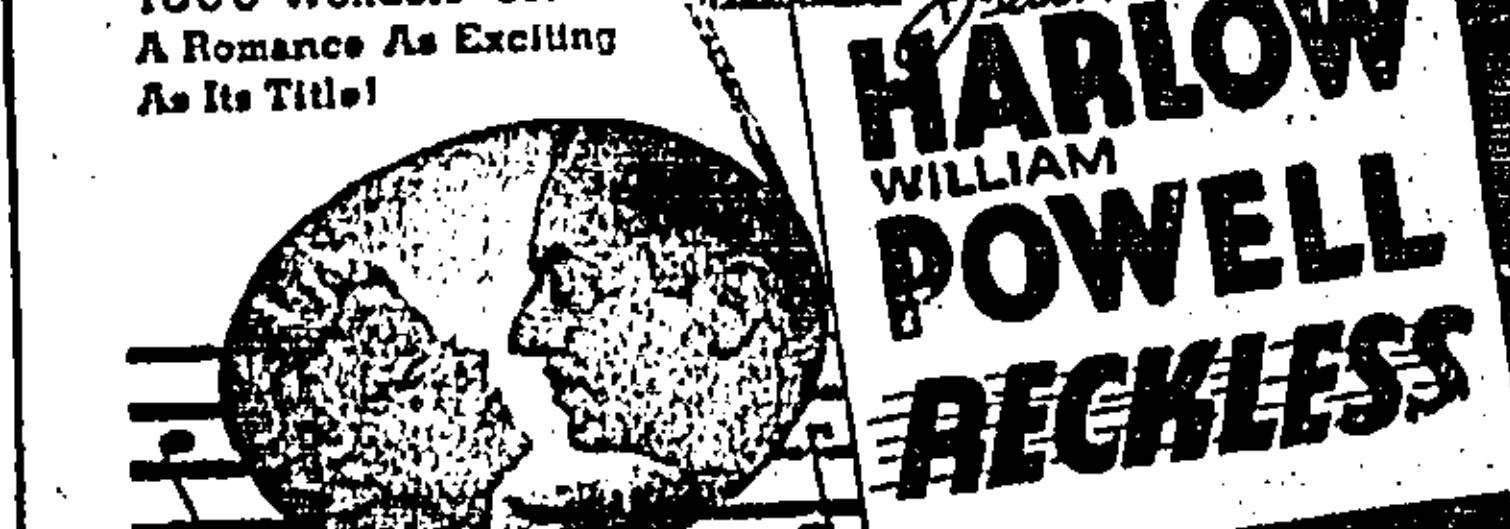


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SATURDAY - SUNDAY - MONDAY

LET FREEDOM RING

with VIRGINIA BRUCE - VICTOR BARRYMORE - ARNOLD

with EDDY

ARMES BAN MAY GO

Impression of Visitor From America

PEIPING INCIDENT

American Marine Arrested After Shooting Guard

Tientsin, Oct. 11.

Capt. Pat Nolan yesterday brought Pan American Airways' China Clipper to Hongkong on its 133rd trip. The plane arrived at 1.30 p.m., an hour before schedule. She did not call at Macao.

There were five passengers for Hongkong. From San Francisco came Mr. Edwin Wykes, business executive, of Cawnpore, India, who was en route to the United States before the outbreak of war.

In the United States, he said, public sympathy was all for the Allies. He had not the slightest doubt that the arms embargo would be lifted.

Also from San Francisco was Mr. Ko Fook-sing, Hongkong merchant returning after a tour of the United States and a visit to the World Fair.

Passengers from Manila—Mr. Carlo Andreoli, of Shanghai, Far Eastern representative for the Fiat Motor Company, returning to Shanghai after a business tour of the Philippines; Mr. James M. Ross, Manila attorney, on a business trip to the Colony, and Mr. Chan Sing, Baguio canteen operator of the Balatoc Mining Company. Mr. Chan Sing will return to Manila by Clipper, with his family.

Colonel William G. Hawthorne, commander of a detachment of United States Marines in Peiping, one of the Marines in Peiping who was accompanying goods in transit to the Tientsin barriers shot a railway guard of undetermined nationality in the thigh, following an argument.

The Marine proceeded to the barracks after the shooting, while the other remained guarding the goods before the police arrested him. It is stated that negotiations are going on at present for his release, which is expected to-night. —United Press.

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## Finland Prepares For Emergency As— RED TROOPS MOVE UP TO FRONTIER

### 100 BOMBS DROPPED IN ATTACK ON FLEET

LONDON, Oct. 11. (Reuter).—An Admiralty communiqué says that a further account of the German air attack upon a cruiser squadron confirms that no ship was hit and no casualties were sustained.

The enemy attack continued for over five hours and over 100 bombs were dropped.

One salvo fell near enough to throw a few splinters onto a cruiser, but the others were wide, sometimes as much as a mile.

### U-Boat Menace Crushed: No Further Sinkings

LONDON, Oct. 11. (Reuter).—In a fortnight Britain has taken 13,615 tons of enemy shipping and has lost by U-boat action 5,809 tons, leaving a balance in our favour of 7,806 tons.

Giving this information during question time in the House of Commons to-day, Mr. Winston Churchill declared that there had been no further losses since October 9.

### WESTERN FRONT RAIDS IN NO-MAN'S LAND Germans Attempt To Gather Information

PARIS, Oct. 11. (Reuter).—A communiqué says that activity by enemy patrols continues, and grows stronger between the Moselle and the Saar.

There was artillery action on both sides in the same region.

The German High Command seems determined to obtain information of the French strategic positions and strength along the Rhine-Moselle front.

No big attack with masses of infantry has been launched, but persistent raids of small patrols are attempting to gather information and to take prisoners from whom the facts of the situation might be gathered.

Machine-gun and light gun fire have held up all the raiding parties.

**Maginot Line Photos**

German reconnaissance planes have been busy, mostly taking oblique photographs of French defences from behind the German lines.

To-day, taking advantage of the bad weather, a few vertical photographs of the French lines were obtained.

Semi-official circles say that the reasons for the German activities are German determination to retake lost territory, and fear of a rise in the Rhine waters flooding the German advanced positions.

### U.S. Workers Ban German Goods

NEW YORK, Oct. 11. (Reuter).—The American Federation of Labour has passed a resolution unanimously confirming the trade union boycott of German goods.

The Federation has extended the boycott to Russian goods and to all other countries who might join the totalitarianism against countries with a parliamentary government.

### CABINET CRISIS IN JAPAN

TOKYO, Oct. 12. (Reuter).—A Cabinet crisis threatens in connection with the Trade Ministry issue, following the tendering by 108 dissenters of their resignations to the Vice Minister of Foreign Affairs yesterday evening.

### BRITAIN'S REPLY TO NAZI PEACE PROPOSAL

LONDON, Oct. 11. (Reuter).—Full approval by France and the Dominions has now been given to the terms of Mr. Chamberlain's reply to Hitler's peace proposals, which he will make to-morrow.

It is understood that the Prime Minister will use some very plain language with regard to the proposals, and it is felt that the statement will commend itself generally to the House of Commons.

### SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH" HELSINGFORS, OCT. 11 (UP).—EVENTS ARE MOVING RAPIDLY ON THE RUSSO-FIN- LAND FRONTIER.

The division of Red troops which was previously 18 miles from the frontier has now been massed directly on the border in the vicinity of Belostrov, according to M. Gryzbowsky, the former Polish Ambassador, who arrived here to-day accompanied by his Embassy staff of 112 persons.

In addition to the troops, the Red Army has moved up a considerable number of tanks and heavy artillery units.

Meanwhile, Finland's army of 255,000 men has been moved up to strategic points.

Mobilisation orders have been issued, calling up an additional force of 120,000 men.

Foreign diplomatic circles are pessimistic regarding the future, and believe that Finland's chances of successfully resisting the Soviet demands are slim.

Nevertheless, the Finland people appear determined not to capitulate, as did Lithuania, Estonia and Latvia.

Any attack on Finland, they pointed out, would be an attack on the Scandinavian bloc.

### RED ARMY IN ESTONIA Designated Areas To Be Occupied

HELSINGFORS, Oct. 11 (UP).—A report from Tallinn says that the Russian Army will enter Estonia on October 18th.

**Cabinet Resignation**

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH".

BERLIN, Oct. 11 (UP).—The Estonian Legation here to-day announced the resignation of the Estonian Cabinet under Prime Minister Karel Laidla.

The announcement said a new Cabinet has been formed with Professor Juri Uluots as Premier and Professor Ants Pihl as Foreign Minister.

**Estonian Version**

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH".

TALLINN, Oct. 11 (UP).—There are persistent rumours here that the Estonian President, Dr. Konstantin Päts, intends to resign.

However, there is a strong sentiment against such a move in the new Parliament.

Four Soviet warships have arrived on a State visit.

**Turkey's Facts**

ANKARA, Oct. 11. (Reuter).—The Turkish Premier, Mr. Syadham, to-day lengthily expounded the Turkish position in the negotiations to the parliamentary group of the Republican People's Party, which approved the Government's viewpoint, says an official communiqué.

Political circles believe that both the new Russo-Turkish pact and the pact of mutual assistance with Britain and France will be signed shortly.

### Britons Held In Germany

Consular Officials  
Thrown Into Gaol

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH".

LONDON, Oct. 11. (UP).—In the House of Commons to-day Mr. R. A. Butler, Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs, announced that eleven members of the British Consular Service and five members of the Consular staff are at present in Germany.

Three of the number have been in prison pending the release from custody of certain Germans in England.

However, they were now allowed to stay in an hotel.

Mr. Butler added that it is hoped to complete arrangements for the exchange of British and German consular officers shortly.

### Typhoon Victim Arrives

Norwegian Ship  
In Storm Drama

EVIDENCE of the ferocity of the typhoon which spared Hongkong last week was brought to the Colony by a Norwegian motorship which now lies at Kowloon Wharves.

While the fate of a Greek vessel caught in the typhoon was causing anxiety the Norwegian ship was in similar difficulties.

For 36 hours she was trapped between a strong nor'easter and a violent typhoon from the south-west.

One wooden deck awning was carried clear away, one hatch was stove in, and the crew's quarters were flooded to a depth of four feet.

**Twisted Wreckage**

As she lies at Kowloon Wharves splintered woodwork, twisted iron, and shattered windows and portholes give mute testimony of the struggle she has weathered—a struggle that kept Captain John Helling on constant duty for 56 hours and uninterruptedly on his feet for 25 hours of that time.

At least three other vessels are known to have experienced the full force of the typhoon, a Greek freighter, a Japanese freighter bound for Hongkong, and an "American" minesweeper whose mine tracks were swept away.

The Norwegian vessel, a motorship of 4,955 gross tonnage for which Messrs. Gilman & Company are the Hongkong agents, plies for Opgave ved Ankomst and the De La Rama Company, Manila, between East Coast and America and Manila, calling at Hongkong on voyages both to and from Manila.

**Danger From Islands**

The ship was outward bound from Hongkong when her trouble began on Saturday night and throughout Sunday she was thrashed by north-easterly winds and the captain was faced with the problem of keeping off the small islands south of Formosa and steering clear of the centre of the approaching typhoon.

By Sunday night the full fury of the disturbance was upon them. From midnight until Tuesday forenoon Captain Helling was on the bridge.

Fifty-foot waves smashed steadily over the ship from the starboard side. The crew worked feverishly lashing down lifeboats and other important equipment, but every small thing was smashed or torn away. Lifeboats above the decks were wrenched from their steel brackets and hung overboard, the brackets being twisted like pieces of straw.

All the deck work and other equipment on the starboard side. The starboard passenger deck wooden awning was ripped from its setting; it rose high over the ship, crashed into the iron rails on the observation deck above the bridge, and disappeared into the sea on the port side. The port passenger deck awning was wrenched from the superstructure, but was not carried away.

**Wireless Room Flooded**

The starboard bridge deck windows burst inward, once in the face of the lookout man, fortunately without inflicting more than a few slight cuts. One wireless aerial carried away and water, mounting high over the bridge, swept through the broken windows and flooded the wireless room. On the deck below the passenger cabins were also awash.

Monday started uncomfortably for the crew. Twice the steel door of the air superstructure had been smashed and had twice been replaced. They were in bed at 2 a.m. on Monday with a foot of water beneath their bunks when the door burst in again and water came pouring into their quarters. Soon there was 4 feet of water in the cabins.

During the storm tarpaulins were swept off two hatches, laying a cargo of cargo.

**Delegation In Moscow**

MOSCOW, Oct. 11. (Reuter).—The Finnish delegation which arrived in Moscow to-day was met by Soviet officials. The Finnish Minister in Moscow and the Ministers of the Scandinavian states.

**Finland May Make Concessions**

LONDON, Oct. 11. (Reuter).—According to the Rome radio, the Finnish Government has declared its willingness to make concessions to Russia, provided that Finland in return.

### BRITAIN'S ARMY OF MILLION MEN

War Minister's Statement To  
Commons Shows Preparedness

LONDON, OCT. 11 (REUTER).—CONTINUING HIS STATEMENT (THE FIRST PART OF WHICH IS REPORTED ON PAGE 9) IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS, MR. LESLIE HORE-BELISHA, THE WAR MINISTER, MADE A COMPARISON WITH 1914.

"Now", he said, "only 28 per cent. of the fighting troops are infantry men. They are armed with 50 Bren guns, 16 anti-tank rifles, and other weapons as well, per battalion. Nearly 60 per cent. of the fighting troops in 1914 were infantrymen."

"It will be seen by this one example how much more effectively armed with fire power is the present Expeditionary Force."

"There, however, is one respect in which our Army has not altered; its relation with our Allies, who have welcomed our men so generously."

Commenting on what he saw in a recent G.H.Q. visit, the War Minister said, "I would like their parents and wives to know that the men are in fine spirits. The only serious shortcomings at the moment appear to be inadequate cigarettes and the slowness in delivery of letters."

"At this moment they are busily engaged in fortifying their positions in the line. Civilian skill and machinery are augmenting military resources."

"We are determined to perfect the existing defences and to augment them speedily by every means."

"To all who have co-operated in this military movement, to various Government departments of this country and France, the gratitude of the nation is due. Especially, however, should the Government be recorded as evidence that the maritime might of Britain is unimpaired."

**Protecting Wings**

"The Navy has not lost its secret and the Air Force has held its protecting wings over another element of danger."

Continuing his statement, Mr. Hore-Belisha said:

"It is not only to France that British soldiers have been transported. The Middle East has been strongly reinforced and also our garrisons elsewhere, both in material and men."

One part of our "army", however, remains stationed in this country.

"Anti-aircraft units have been on guard since this war began. Their vigilance is not forgotten, underestimated or unrecogised."

**Better Than 1914**

"We, at the outset of hostilities, were better situated than we were in 1914."

Recalling the peace-time military training system and doubling of the Territorials, Mr. Hore-Belisha said:

"Altogether, we had at the disposal of the Army in this country alone, including reservists and militia, the best part of a million men on whom we could call."

"Never has the total of our armed forces in the United Kingdom approached anywhere near such a total in time of peace."

"The growth had been rapid and had placed a great burden on the organisation of the Regular Army."

Recalling the growth of the Army, Mr. Hore-Belisha said that in April, the plan for 10 divisions became a plan for 32. "This is not to be the limit of our effort," he said.

**Calls On Man-Power**

"Great calls will be made upon our man-power."

PLEASE Turn To Page 2.

### LONE WOLF HUNTED

British Navy Chases The  
Admiral Scheer

LONDON, Oct. 11. (Reuter).—Although great secrecy surrounds the plans of the Admiralty to capture the German raider in the South Atlantic, it was learned in London to-night that British cruisers are now searching for the ship.

The only known victim of the raider, which is believed to be the pocket battleship Admiral Scheer, has been the British freighter Clement, which was sunk and sunk at the beginning of October.

This belief is founded on evidence provided by the Clement's survivors, but since then nothing has been heard of her.

Fully aware of the danger of using her wireless, which might cause her to reveal her position to the hunting cruisers, the lone raider apparently is not attempting to communicate with the German Admiralty.

Scheer carries enough fuel to give her a range of 10,000 miles, and if she has no opportunity of refuelling, she may be forced to strike again soon, or to make a dash for home.

Her chances of escape then are considered to be very small.

**LATEST**

See Back Page For  
Further Late News

PLEASE Turn To Page 2.

### BARTER PACT BETWEEN BRITAIN AND SOVIET

LONDON, Oct. 11. (Reuter).—It is officially stated that an agreement was concluded to-day between the Ministry of Supply and the Soviet trade delegation for the exchange of Russian timber for certain quantities of rubber and tin.

The agreement is described as a commercial transaction, and has no political significance.

It is pointed out that these commodities are normally part of Anglo-Russian trade dealings.

The announcement mentions the impediment to shipping in Russian ports after the ice sets in, and states that the difficulties caused by the withholding of export licences had had the effect of holding up a number of cargoes of wood.

The object of the negotiations was to secure the release of goods needed by Russia, and vice versa.

The tin involved had to a large extent been paid for through instalments in a long-running commercial contract. The quantities are not regarded as being exceptional. All prices of wood, tin and rubber have been fixed. The goods exchanged will be "absolutely equal" and the amount depends on what can be physically moved from the northern ports before the ice season.

It is anticipated that this may be only the first of a series of negotiations with Russia.

PLEASE Turn To Page 2.



## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

G.  R.

**PARTICULARS & CONDITIONS**  
of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on Monday, the 16th day of October, 1939, at 3 p.m., at the Office of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor of one Lot of Crown Land at Mong Kok, in the Colony of Hong Kong, for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the KING, for one further term of 75 years.

Intending bidders are advised that immediately after the disposal of the lot the Purchaser (if not the applicant) will be required to deposit with an authorised officer who will be present at the sale, the sum of two hundred dollars, (\$200) in cash. This sum will be refunded on payment of the Purchase price.

## PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Sale	Locality	Boundary Measurements	Contents in sq. feet	Area in sq. feet	Upset Price
1	Inland	Lot No. 5653			
	North of Inland Lot No. 5652, Blue Pool Road, Mong Kok, Kowloon.				
		As per sale plan.	46,000	844	\$23,000

G.  R.

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## PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Sale	Locality	Boundary Measurements	Contents in sq. feet	Area in sq. feet	Upset Price
2	Inland	Lot No. 4188			
	Between Lot No. 4187 and Lot No. 4189, Mong Kok Road, Mong Kok, Kowloon.				
		As per sale plan.	46,000	844	\$23,000

## Embittered By Baltic Events

## Lesson To German Minority In Belgium

BRUSSELS, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—Some indication of the bitter attitude of the German minority in Belgium to events in the Baltic can be seen in an editorial in a leading newspaper in Eupen district, which was censored by Belgium by Germany after the Great War.

"This newspaper," says the Baltic events were a lesson for the German-speaking Belgians.

"Most of the German-speaking people in the Baltic made the mistake of identifying their Germanism with Nazi ideology and with support of 'Drang Nach Osten' (Drift to East).

## Bitterly Regret Error

"They must bitterly regret their error to-day.

"We believe the shocking events in the Baltic have opened the eyes of our fellow-citizens, and that soon all of them will realise their good fortune in being equal citizens of this Christian and democratic State, which far from trying to suppress their German character, protects it."

G.  R.

**PARTICULARS & CONDITIONS**  
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## PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Sale	Locality	Boundary Measurements	Contents in sq. feet	Area in sq. feet	Upset Price
3	Inland	Lot No. 4189			
	Between Lot No. 4188 and Lot No. 4190, Mong Kok Road, Mong Kok, Kowloon.				
		As per sale plan.	46,000	844	\$23,000

## Exchange At A Glance

SELLING	
T.T. London	1/24 1/2
T.T. Shanghai	1/24 1/2
T.T. Singapore	1/24 1/2
T.T. Japan	1/24 1/2
T.T. India	1/24 1/2
T.T. U.S.A.	1/24 1/2
T.T. Manila	1/24 1/2
T.T. Batavia	1/24 1/2
T.T. Bangkok	1/24 1/2
T.T. Saigon	1/24 1/2
T.T. France	1/24 1/2
T.T. Germany	1/24 1/2
T.T. Switzerland	1/24 1/2
T.T. Australia	1/24 1/2
BUYING	
4 m/s L/C London	1/24 1/2
4 m/s D/P do.	1/24 1/2
4 m/s L/C U.S.A.	1/24 1/2
4 m/s France	1/24 1/2
30 d/s India	1/24 1/2
U.S. Cross rate in L.O.	4.02
U.S. Cross rate in N.Y.	4.03 1/2

## Club Rugger

(Continued from Page 6.)

Judging from the splendid condition of the turf it will be a popular rugby field. Once water has been laid on to take out the "bone", the pitch should rank second to none.

The Police scored a well-merited victory in a very close game. Taylor, playing on the left wing outside Wilson, gave the Force a three-point lead at half time. He failed to convert his own try from a position within his ability. Wilson broke through in the second half to add a further three points. Fry, who is making a name for himself in local cricket circles, made an abortive attempt to convert.

The Police forwards were ragged in comparison to the military effort and were guilty of hindering the passage of the ball after it had been hooked.

Police took advantage of the friendly game to test and experiment with their players after the interval. Taylor was tried at forward, a position in which he played until three years ago. His value to the Police as a bustling three will probably result in his being played among the backs on the season's opening. Certainly his combination with Wilson in the first half was the most effective on the field. MacKenzie and Morrison, the right wing, were inclined to hesitate until too late before making for a gap. Wall was very steady at full-back.

The military XV had the better of things at forward, though outweighed. Berry and Lt. Hewitt did good work. Behind the scrum they lacked initiative, but defended stoutly against superior weight.

**THE "TELEGRAPH"** will send a Staff Photographer to all events of public interest. Requests should be addressed to the Pictorial Editor.

## MILLION MEN ARE READY TO FIGHT

(Continued from Page 1.)

"How do we intend to proceed?" "In the first place, we have a method of calling up classes. With each batch we are taking a quota of volunteers."

"Since the beginning of the war we have taken into or are in the process of taking into the Army nearly 50,000 volunteers."

"In September, it happened that we took in twice as many volunteers as in any other month. There have been of all military ages, and this should dispose of the supposition that we are confining entry into the Army to young men of the first age group."

"There is no dearth of talent in the ranks. The look-out for talent is continuous. In this Army the star is within every private soldier's reach. None, however, humble or excited, his birth, need be afraid that his military virtues will remain unrecognized."

## More Women Enrolling

The War Minister then revealed that in the last six weeks he had taken 2,000 officers from the Reserves Register. He announced that women of the Auxiliary Territorial Service, already 20,000 strong, were about to augment their number and extend their invaluable service in the placement of their brothers in arms.

Mr. Hore-Bellish outlined the two new openings for older men. "We propose to form Home Defence battalions. Each one will be a battalion of its county regiment and will be composed of officers and other ranks not serving in the National Defence Corps. Officers and other ranks found permanently or temporarily unfit for service overseas and officers and other ranks awaiting drafting and young soldiers not available by age for service in the theatre of operations."

"It will be possible for some of the older ex-officers and men to be absorbed by these battalions."

"We are also in the process of forming an auxiliary Military Pioneer Corps, to be organised in battalions which will take over military pioneer work both overseas and here."

"It is not to be composed of men of early military age and all will be volunteers."

## Output Of Munitions

The War Minister paid tribute to the industries engaged in the output for munitions, adding "It is the output of the factories, the output of the munitions for the field which is the ultimate measure of our effort."

The Army itself was training men as technicians and the Ministry of Labour had plans in mind for enabling some of his training establishments to assist in providing the Army requirements of skilled tradesmen.

## Twice In Generation

Concluding Mr. Hore-Bellish said: "While the world was reading of German advance into Poland, British soldiers, resented to reality, this wrong was passing silently and in unceasing sequence across the Channel into France."

"How strange it is that, twice in a generation, men should take this journey and some should be treading again upon soil made sacred by their fathers. We may rest assured that they will acquire themselves with the same tenacity, courage and endurance."

"However long the struggle and however great the ordeal, they will, as our soldiers did before, take our arms and our cause of freedom to victory."

## Under French Command

Replying to a brief debate, Mr. Hore-Bellish said, "I have been asked if unity of command is assured. The answer is 'Yes, it is. The British Army is under French command.'"

"The British Commander-in-Chief has the right of appeal to his own Cabinet which I don't imagine will be normally necessary to exercise because the understanding is so complete and wholehearted in every particular. But unity of command is assured in that way and it is even possible that French troops may be under the British C-in-C."

Mr. Hore-Bellish also announced that General J. C. Dill is commanding the First of the British Corps, the Second Corps, while Viscount Gort's Chief of Staff is Major General Pownall.

## RED TROOPS MOVE UP TO FRONTIER

PLEASE Turn To Page 2.

turn is given concessions in Karelin. Karelin is an autonomous Soviet Socialist Republic.

## Naked Aggression

NEW YORK, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The "New York Times" in an editorial says:

"Russia's actions in the Baltic are a record in naked aggression. Their significance can be classed under two headings."

"Firstly, they are a new phase in the Russian's swift advance to the west."

"Secondly, they measure the extent of Hitler's surrender of German trade interests in the east."

"One can only conclude," says this newspaper, "that peace means precisely the name to Stalin as it does to Hitler."

"In other words, demands of a strong country must be granted without resistance by a weaker neighbour."

## Calm And Determined

HELSINKI, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The Finnish Commander-in-Chief to-day expressed pleasure at the reaction of the Scandinavian countries to the Russian menace.

"It was evidence," he said, of the solidarity of the Scandinavian bloc, and he realised its significance.

"He concluded "We are calm and determined."

## Neutrality Bill

## Will Restrict Shipping To Hongkong

Shanghai, Oct. 11.

The American community is worried over the restrictions on American shipping provided in the Pittman bill, fearing that in its present form the bill will eventually result in restriction of United States vessels from Shanghai.

A move is under way to forestall the possibility of restriction by forming contact with Senators and Congressmen in Washington in an effort to obtain relaxation of the restrictions on American shipping.

Several local firms have already formed their own offices in the United States of the definite need for provision in the Pittman bill which would eliminate the possibility of Shanghai being restricted.

Alarm is felt after reports that Hongkong is being closed. American shipping to Shanghai might be the next, and it is feared that Japan might be declared an aggressor nation, thus closing Shanghai to United States vessels.

The American Chamber of Commerce has cabled to Washington that it is greatly concerned at the adverse effects to American Far Eastern trade which would follow passage of Senator Pittman's shipping amendment to the Neutrality Act.

## Labour Support

San Francisco, Oct. 10. Mr. John L. Lewis, head of the Congress of Industrial Organisation, addressed the C.I.O. Convention and urged support of President Roosevelt's neutrality programme.—United Press.

## Mechanised Forces

White Sulphur Springs, U.S.A., Oct. 10. The Assistant Secretary of War, Mr. Louis Johnson, said that the swift conquest of Poland by mechanised forces emphasised the necessity of immediately increasing the manpower of the United States Army to 600,000 troops.

The present "minute man" force of 300,000 regular soldiers and National Guardsmen would "find themselves short of combat cars, tanks, machine-guns, gas masks, fire control instruments and other necessities."

## Protecting Panama

Washington, Oct. 11. The first complete black-out of the Panama Canal Zone was carried out last night.

Flights by foreign planes over the Zone will be strictly regulated. All wishing to fly over the territory will have to obtain permission from the Secretary of State to whom information regarding the ownership of plane and duration and purpose of the flight must be furnished.—Reuter Bulletin.

## TYPHOON VICTIM ARRIVES

(Continued from Page 1.)

of hemp, rice, and sugar open to damage. No. 5 hatch was stove-in and barrels of oil packed below were broken and squashed like matchboxes; water and oil mixed and damaged the other cargo.

Every steel door on the after deck house was stove in and the room housing the steering gear was flooded, putting it out of order. The motors had to be turned off and four hours on Monday afternoon shifts of four men manned the hand steering gear, repeatedly swamped by great seas, to keep the ship head-on. By 5 p.m. repairs to the steering gear were effected.

## Put Back To Hongkong

When the typhoon at last passed on it was decided to put about for Hongkong to determine the extent of the damage and, as one oil fuel tank was known to be leaking, to effect necessary repairs. After her cargo is discharged she will go into dry-dock.

The crew's belongings suffered most. They are now piled on the deck all, coats and boots sodden with sea water lying amid a jumble of splintered woodwork and twisted iron. In their cabins below ward-robes have even been wrrenched from the walls by the ship's contortions.

## Britain Accepts New President

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—In the House of Commons to-day, Mr. R. A. Butler, Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, announced that the British Government recognised the assumption of the functions of the President of the Polish Republic.

Sir Howard Kennard, British Ambassador to Warsaw, would proceed to France in a few days to resume his duties as His Majesty's Ambassador at the seat of the Polish Government, said Mr. Butler.

## ULSTER'S WAR CONTRIBUTION

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

BELFAST, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The Ulster Emergency Budget brings taxation into line with British proposals for a contribution of £2,000,000 to the United Kingdom Exchequer during the first year of the war.

## VILNA RETURNS TO LITHUANIA

## Guaranteed By New Military Alliance

MOSCOW, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The Soviet-Lithuanian treaty is described here as a "military alliance," and it is expected that Russia will forthwith ally Lithuania's frontier with Germany. The treaty will last for 15 years.

Public demonstrations were arranged at Kaunas, the Lithuanian capital, to celebrate the return of Vilna, under the treaty, to Lithuania.

It was at Vilna that Lithuania proclaimed her republic in 1918, and it has always been considered the capital of the country.

## Demonstration Of Joy

KAUNAS, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—Demonstrating their joy at the return of Vilna, thousands of people gathered and cheered outside the Soviet Legation to-day.

It is reliably reported that garrisons of Soviet troops may be stationed for "mutual security" at various points in Lithuanian territory, but excluding Kaunas and other large industrial towns.

As soon as the Lithuanian Government moves to Vilna, the Soviet garrison there will be withdrawn.

## ULSTER FLOCKS TO COLOURS

BELFAST, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—Lord Craigavon, Prime Minister of Northern Ireland, declared to-day that the response of Ulstermen to the call for service was wholly satisfactory.

"I am proud," he said, "at what has been done and is being done to help the mother country."

Lord Craigavon added that he would make a weekly statement to Parliament, which would in future meet two days a week instead of three.

## British Legion's Big Effort

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The British Legion Fund collected last year amounted to the record total of £270,000. The fund total since the fund was inaugurated in 1921 has now reached more than £7,500,000.

All schemes previously adopted were devoted to the assistance of participants in the last war, but now it is announced that the schemes will be for those in any war, including the present.

## ALL MEMBERS OF HONGKONG DEFENCE FORCES

Including

## MEMBERS OF HONGKONG VOLUNTEER DEFENCE CORPS

## MEMBERS OF HONGKONG POLICE FORCE HOSPITAL, A.R.P. WORKERS

## AND THEIR FAMILIES

## ARE ALLOWED A REDUCTION OF

20%

ON ALL

## WATCHES

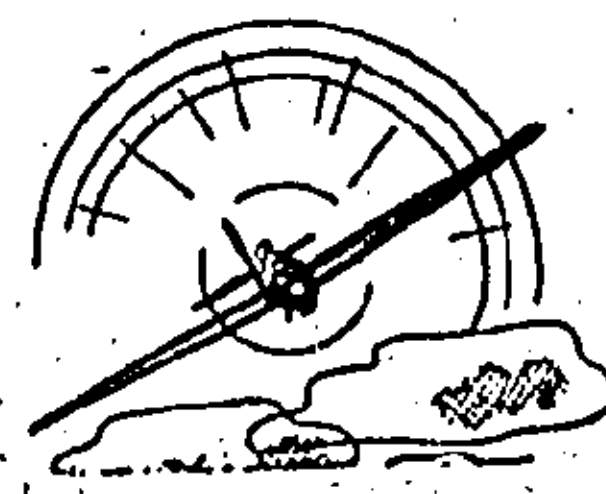
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(Contractors to the British Air Ministry and the Hong Kong Government.)

KAI TAK AIRPORT, HONG KONG.

## POST OFFICE

Owing to the uncertainty of Sea transport, the public are requested to post Christmas Parcels early.

**OUTWARD MAIL TIMES**  
Registered and Parcel Mails are closed 15 minutes earlier than the time given below unless otherwise stated, and where mails are advertised to close at or before 5 a.m. registered and parcel mails are closed at 5 p.m. on the previous day. When mails are advertised to close after 5 p.m. registered and parcel mails are closed at 5 p.m.

## INWARD MAILS

Air Mail by "Imperial Airways Direct Service"—London date, 4th October.

Air Mail by "Air France Direct Service"—Paris date, 4th October.

Amoy ..... Oct. 12.

Haiphong ..... Oct. 12.

Japan and Shanghai ..... Oct. 12.

Manila ..... Oct. 12.

Straits ..... Oct. 12.

Shanghai ..... Oct. 13.

Calcutta and Straits ..... Oct. 14.

Japan and Shanghai ..... Oct. 14.

Air Mail by "Imperial Airways Direct Service"—London date, 7th October.

Calcutta and Straits ..... Oct. 15.

Japan and Shanghai ..... Oct. 15.

Manila ..... Oct. 15.

Shanghai and Amoy ..... Oct. 15.

Haiphong ..... Oct. 16.

Japan and Shanghai ..... Oct. 16.

Straits ..... Oct. 16.

Shanghai ..... Oct. 17.

Air Mail by "Pan American Airways Direct Service"—San Francisco date, 12th October.

Japan and Manila ..... Oct. 18.

U.S.A., Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai (San Francisco date 26th September) ..... Oct. 18.

Australia and Manila ..... Oct. 18.

Haiphong and Peking ..... Oct. 19.

## OUTWARD MAILS

Thursday

Air Mail for Indo-China, Iran and France (Paris date) by the "Air France Airways Direct Service"—due Paris, 15th October.

K.P.O.

Reg. .... Oct. 12, 5 p.m.

Ord. .... Oct. 12, 5.30 p.m.

K.P.O.

Reg. .... Oct. 12, 5 p.m.

Ord. .... Oct. 12, 7 p.m.

Haiphong ..... 1 p.m.

Shanghai, Japan, Canada, U.S.A., Central and South America via Vancouver B.C. (Parcels only for Canada)—due Vancouver B.C., 30th October.

G.F.O. & K.P.O.

Parcels ..... Oct. 12, 5 p.m.

Reg. .... Oct. 13, 9.15 a.m.

Ord. .... Oct. 13, 10 a.m.

## Friday

Tourane ..... 8.30 a.m.

Parcels only for Shanghai ..... 9.30 a.m.

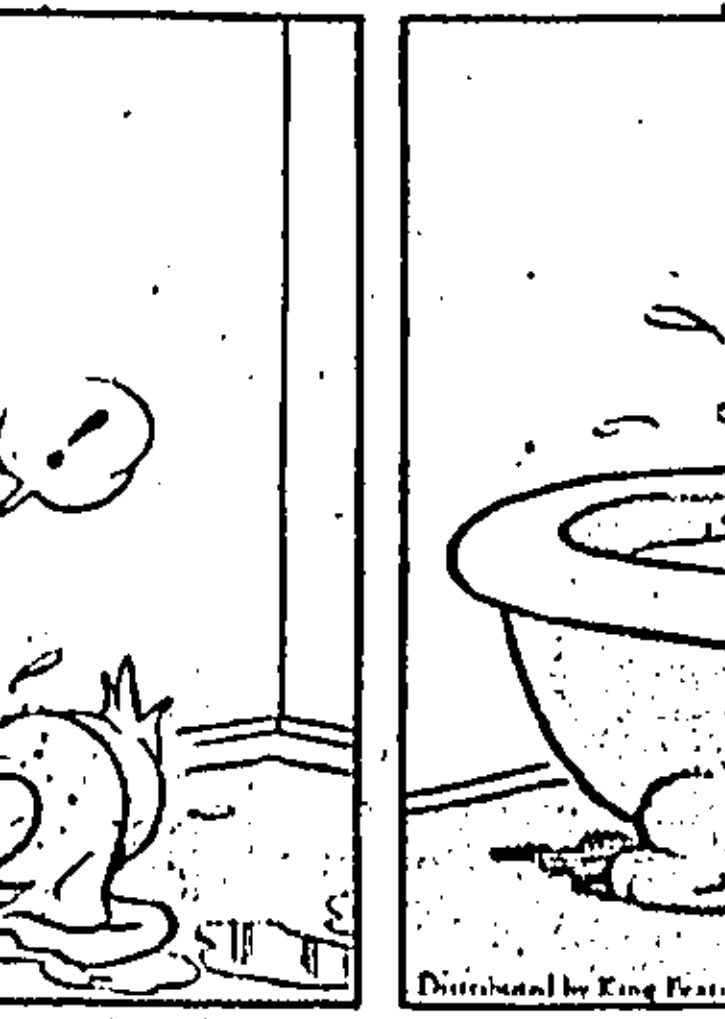
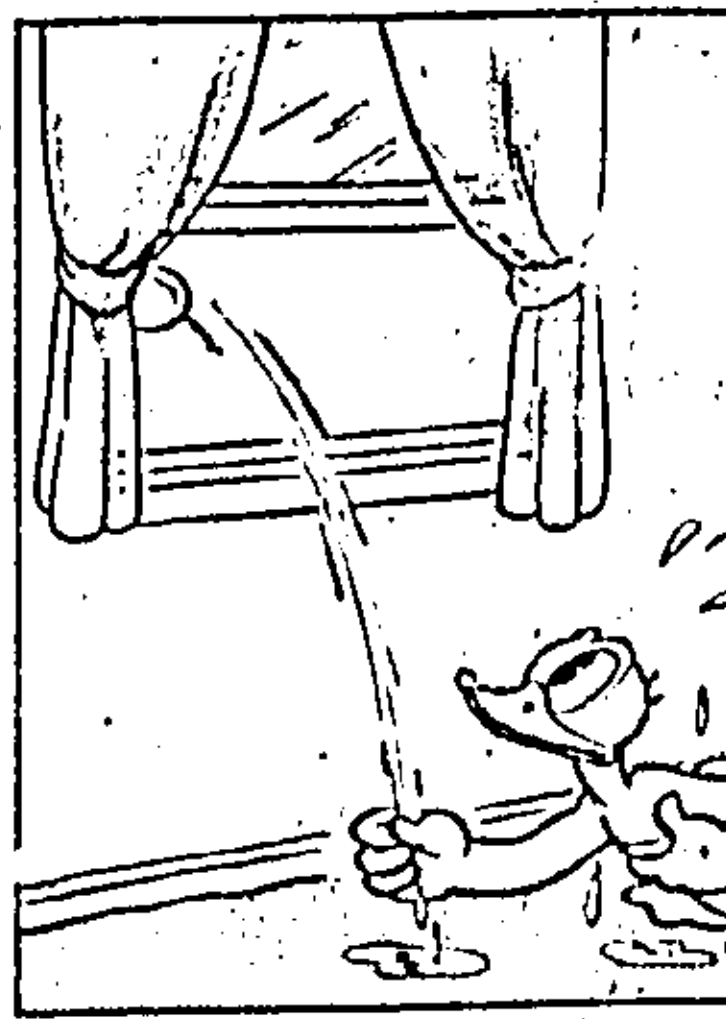
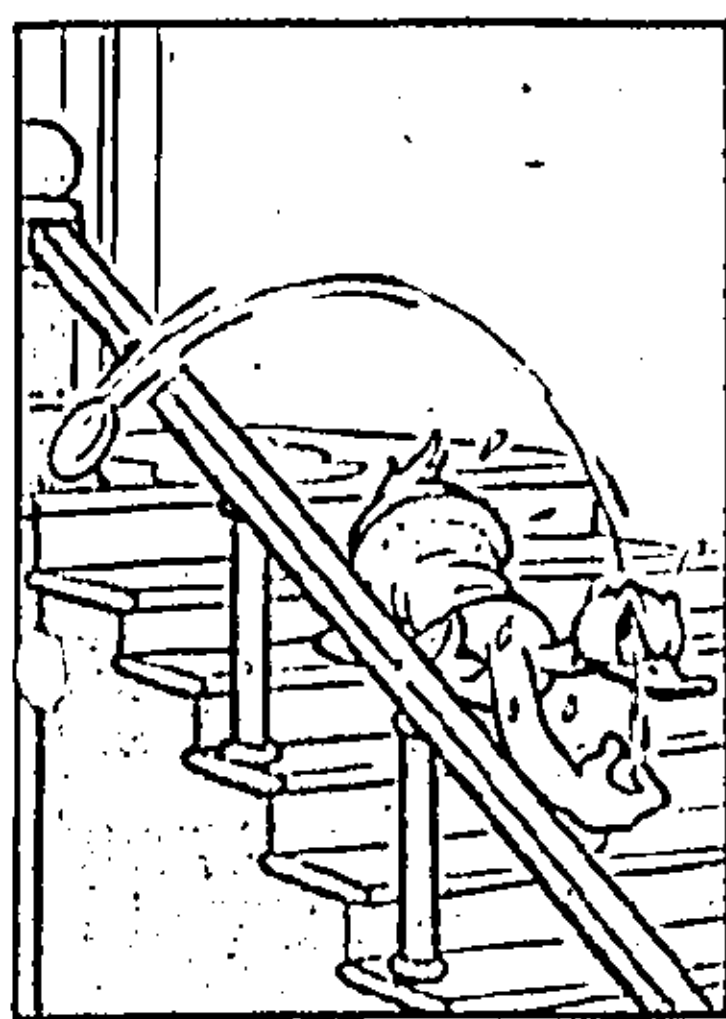
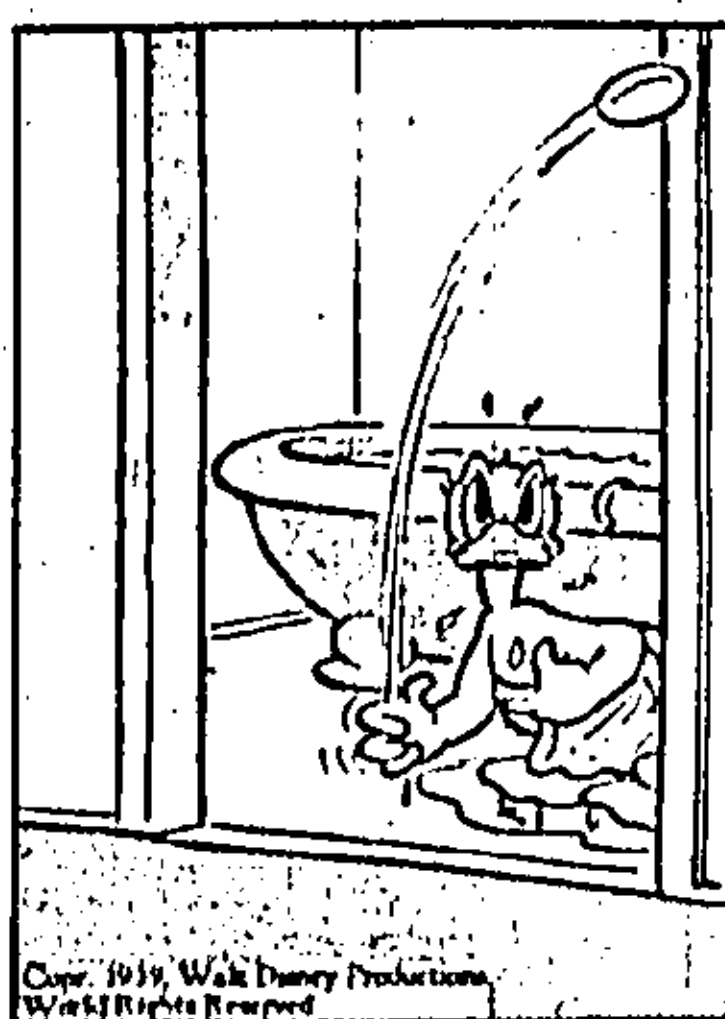
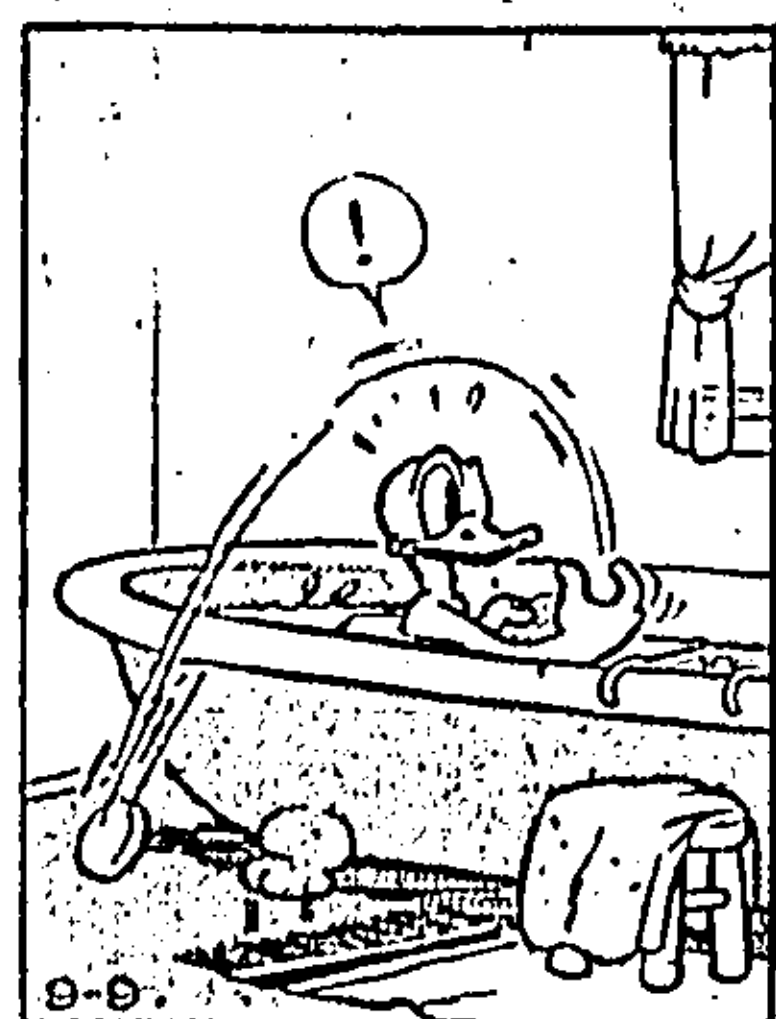
Shanghai ..... 3.30 p.m.

Straits, Ceylon, India, East and South Africa, Aden, Egypt and Europe via Marseilles—due Marseilles 16th November.

G.F.O. & K.P.O.



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By Walt Disney

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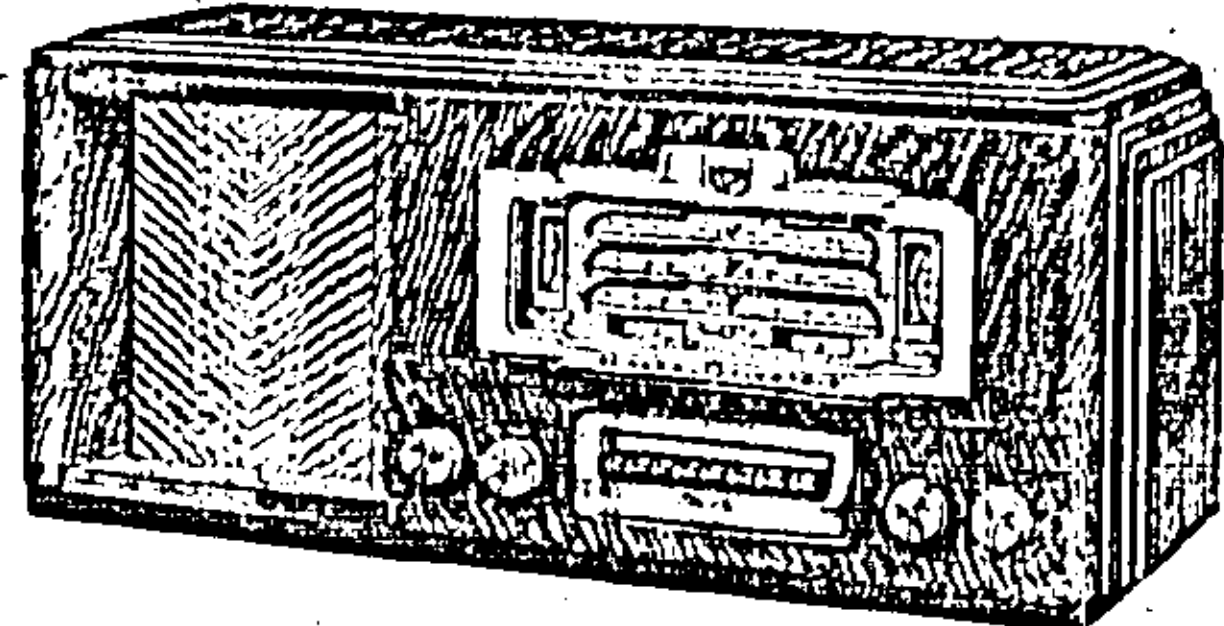
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# FLAG DAY

IN AID OF

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SATURDAY, OCTOBER 14

Please give generously

Donations will be thankfully received by the Honorary Treasurer, Lady MacGregor, Flag Day Sub-Committee, P.O. Box 493, Hongkong.



PHOTOGRAPHS of the children become increasingly precious with the passing years. They, too, in later years, will appreciate the record of their childhood.

MAKE AN APPOINTMENT TO-DAY

MEE CHEUNG PHOTOGRAPHERS.

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## A Look Through The "Telegraph"

50 YEARS AGO

"Reuter" actually takes the trouble to wire out specially that "the Emperor of Germany greeted the British Channel Squadron at Kiel". If this most expensive telegraphic service cost this twiddle to send out from home, it would be much better to send nothing at all. Why didn't the enterprising telegraphist tell us in what particular fashion the German Emperor conducted his "business" with the British Channel Squadron? We are all yearning to get full details of this historical ceremonial—like the Kaiser's breakfast before he went out to do homage to the naval might of Britannia. (Fifty years ago cable cost \$1.00 a word and newspapers rarely obtained more than one message a day.—Ed.)

In France milk is now transported in a frozen state, and shipment is made that it may be kept sweet for days and weeks in this condition.

Says a religious contemporary: "There was not a Protestant convert in China fifty years ago. Now there are 20,000 Chinese in full church membership and 15,000 children in Christian schools." And there is likewise one of the champion liars of the world—the artist who wrote the foregoing paragraph.

The official grief at the death of Dr. Stewart (the Colonial Secretary) was a good deal modified by aspirations among the older hands to the vacant post, with its comfortable salary of \$7,200 a year. It did seem rational that the Home Government would give the local man the bullet, for surely we have at least one competent official who deserves promotion. But no—the claims of Messrs. Dunn, Lister, Adams, etc., have been overlooked, and a man is to be sent from somewhere about 40,000 miles away.

25 YEARS AGO

The newspapers in Antwerp state that an official telegram from Berlin announces that Antwerp has fallen. The British War Office announces that the Belgian forces evacuated Antwerp yesterday.

Lord Ingham addressed two great recruiting meetings at Newcastle-on-Tyne. He stated that he wished to say "emphatically" it was "fortunate" that the war had not been won when we were bound with three Powers. We should have been in a difficult position if we had been attacked alone. The terms of peace must be such that the German nation should be crushed and broken, and future generations freed from such terror.

There has been a thrilling interlude in Samoa, which is running smoothly under the Union Jack. The German warships, Scharnhorst and Gneisenau entered Apia (capital of the island of Upolu) and the German General, Baron von Sprockhoff, expecting a bombardment, the warships departed. A German steamer appeared and was charged that the Union Jack was still flying.

Countries at War—Germany against Britain, Russia, France and Belgium; Austria against Serbia, Russia, and France.

10 YEARS AGO

Criticism of the management of the Hongkong Cricket Club in regard to the preparation of the grounds, and facilities provided for tennis playing members, were made at the annual meeting, held at the club Pavilion yesterday evening. Mr. H. B. Hancock, President, was in the chair, and was supported by members of the committee.

5 YEARS AGO

London, Oct. 12, 1934. British officialdom is in a quandary as to what flag to fly when Princess Marina of Greece comes to stay in England.

The Princess is shortly paying an official visit to the King and Queen, the parents of her husband-to-be, Prince George. But Princess Marina has no country, and therefore no flag. It would not be tactful to fly the old Imperial blue and white Greek flag, because Britain has friendly relations with the Greek republic.

Neither would the Russian eagle, or even the Hammer and Sickle of the Soviets do, although they might be taken to represent Marina's Russian ancestry. She has connections with the Danish royal house, and this is the flag that may be flown. It might, however, be decided to anticipate her nationality and fly the Union Jack. Meanwhile, and fly the Union Jack. Meanwhile, and fly the Union Jack. Meanwhile, and fly the Union Jack.

A 5,000-ton ship built by Messrs. Cammell Laird at their Birkenhead yard was launched to-day. She was the s.s. Clement, the first of two 5,000-ton vessels being constructed for the British Line, Liverpool. (The Clement was sunk by a German pocket battleship off S. America last week.—Ed.)

## RADIO

ZBW, 355 metres (845 k.c.) and 31.49 metres (9,520 kilo-cycles)

Peter Gracey's Talk On Great Composers AN HOUR FOR CHILDREN

Radio programme broadcast by Z. B. W. to-day, on a Frequency of 845 k.c.s., and on Short Wave from 12.15 p.m. and 8-11 p.m. on 9.52 M.c.s. per second.

12.15 p.m. A Short Service of Intercession.

12.30 Beethoven—Sonata in D Major Op. 28, played by Arthur Schnabel (Piano).

12.52 Two Songs by Sophie Braslau (Contralto), Die Junge Nonne; Die Forelle (Schubert).

1.0 Local Time Signal and Weather Report.

1.03 Carroll Gibbons and His Boy Friends, Film Selections.

1.30 Reuter and Rugby Press, Weather Forecast and Announcements.

1.45 Musical Comedy Selections, 5.45 p.m. Studio—Children's Hour.

6.45 London Relay—Supplementary News.

7.02 Maritana—Vocal Gems, sung by Clara Serena, Francis Russell, Dennis Noble, and Chorus.

7.11 The Tattoo—Aldershot—1938.

7.30 B.B.C. Recording—"The Old Contemptibles"—Part 2.

The record of the British Expeditionary Force from Mons to Ypres, between August and November, 1914.

8.00 Local Times Signal, Weather Report and Announcements.

8.03 Schubert—Ballet Music from "Rosamunde," Berlin State Opera Orchestra.

8.15 Studio—Short Biographical Studies of Great Composers, by Peter Gracey—No. 6—Schubert.

8.45 Studio—Talk on "English Ideals in Education" by Gerald A. Goodman, M.A.

9.15 London Relay—The News.

9.30 B.B.C. Recording—Fifteen Minute Sketch, "Poor Polly."

9.45 Eric Coates—"The Three Men Suite": 1, The Man from the County; 2, the Man about Town; 3, The Man from the City.

9.50 Songs by Hubert Edsell (Tenor). Come Sing to Me (Thompson); Fill a Glass With Golden Wine.

## STOCK MARKET REPORT

Hongkong Stock Exchange Official Summary issued yesterday says: Considering the short session the turnover was again encouraging. Danks, were reported in 4% Government Loan, Banks, Wharves, Docks, Cements, and China Lights.

Buyers

Canton Ins. \$200  
I.L.K. Fires \$170  
Docks \$175  
Providents \$4.10  
Lands \$215  
Realities \$4.15  
Tramways \$15.05  
China Lights (Old) \$7.85  
Electricity \$49.34  
Telephones (Old) \$20  
Cements \$14.10  
Ropes \$43  
Dairy Farms (Old) \$20.14  
Watsons \$7.80

Sales

I.L.K. Banks \$1,235  
Wharves \$100/101  
Docks \$18  
Providents \$4.30  
China Lights (Old) \$7.95  
Cements \$14.14  
Dairy Farms (New) \$19  
I.L.K. Govt. 4% Loan \$100

Sellers

Providents \$4.30  
MANILA GOLD SHARES  
Atoks Ps. 14 b  
Antamoks Ps. 12 1/2 s  
Bakulo Gold Ps. 12 b  
Batung Duhay Ps. 0085 b  
Benquet Consolidated Ps. 9.50 b  
Big Wedge Ps. 10 1/2 b  
Coco Grove Ps. 13 s  
Consolidated Mines Ps. 0040 s  
Demonstration Ps. 06 1/2 b  
X. L. Ps. 33 b  
Igo Gold Ps. 11 b  
Igon Mining Ps. 16 1/2 s  
Masbate Consolidated Ps. 06 1/2 s  
Mindanao Motherlode Ps. 06 1/2 b  
Mine Operation Ps. 08 1/2 s  
North Camarines Ps. 13 b  
Paracale Ginnas Ps. 15 1/2 s  
San Maucilio Ps. 07 s  
Surigao Consolidated Ps. 15 1/2 b  
Suyco Consolidated Ps. 10 1/2 s  
United Paracale Ps. 25 1/2 s

(Quilter): Goodnight (Shelly and Davis).

10.00 Len Filla's & His Orchestra.  
10.30 p.m. Dance Music.  
11.00 Close—Down.

## Crossword Puzzle

By LARS MORRIS

ACROSS

1—River in New Mexico  
6—Amelia  
14—Lively strength  
15—First mad  
16—Meeting place  
17—Vain  
18—Pigeon  
19—Musical composition  
20—Kind of raincoat  
21—Danish title of poet  
22—Spanish verb  
23—Word for dining table (pl.)  
24—Can in contact with  
25—Sum  
26—Sour  
27—Latin central  
28—Drunkard  
29—Ditch  
30—Savanna  
31—Agreement among nations  
32—Long time  
33—Of masculine sex  
34—Follow  
35—More was  
36—Between twelve and  
37—Comedy  
38—Come back  
39—Ancient Latin household gods  
40—Timeliest bit of matter

DOWN

1—Changed  
2—Many times  
3—Performer  
4—Orange and purple  
5—Farm machine  
7—Listen  
8—Famous canal  
9—Erosion  
10—Dover  
11—Minute amounts  
12—Those who aid  
13—Hurry  
14—Kind of nut  
15—Pine devices  
16—Recently extinct bird  
17—Persuade to stop and bow  
18—Like old woman  
19—Kind of beer  
20—Pie-ben  
21—Disease of hops  
22—Guide  
23—Season (pl.)  
24—Control  
25—Play on words  
26—Put into effect  
27—Supplies with food  
28—Biblical term for contemptible  
29—English public school  
30—Sound of whistle  
31—Secondary school (col.)  
32—Cid  
33—Give out  
34—Adverse  
35—Clodges of destruction

## Baby, Baby—bless him!

how shall mother dress him?

—by coming to WHITEAWAY'S and selecting from their fine range of baby robes, bonnets, nightgowns, booties, etc.



Christening Robes

with slip included  
Beautiful and dainty

\$14.50 set

Lace Trimmed Day Gowns from \$3.50



Night Gowns

Priced from \$2.50

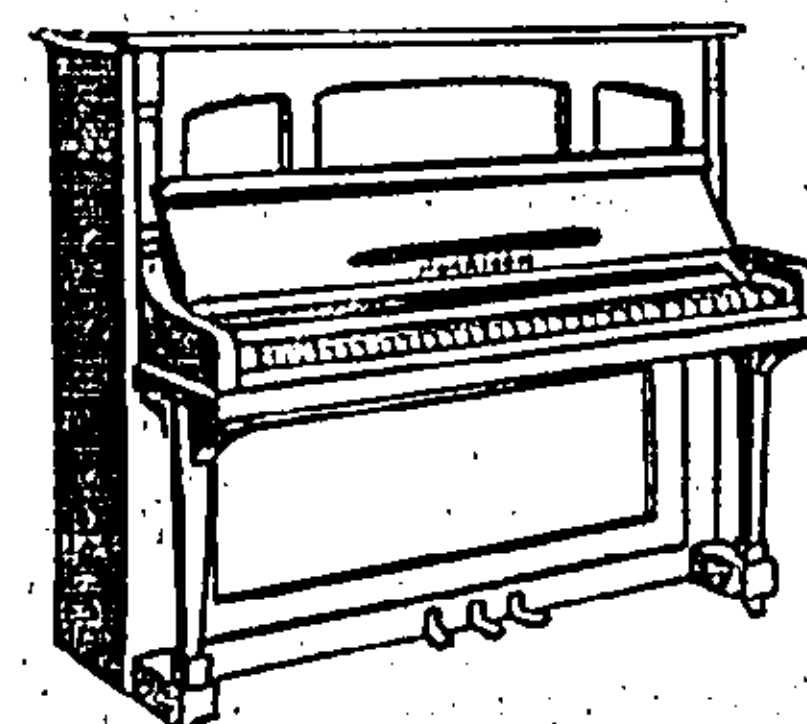
FINE, SOFT Shetland Shawls from \$7.95

Infantees ..... \$1.25  
Bootees ..... \$1.95  
Bibs ..... 60 cts.

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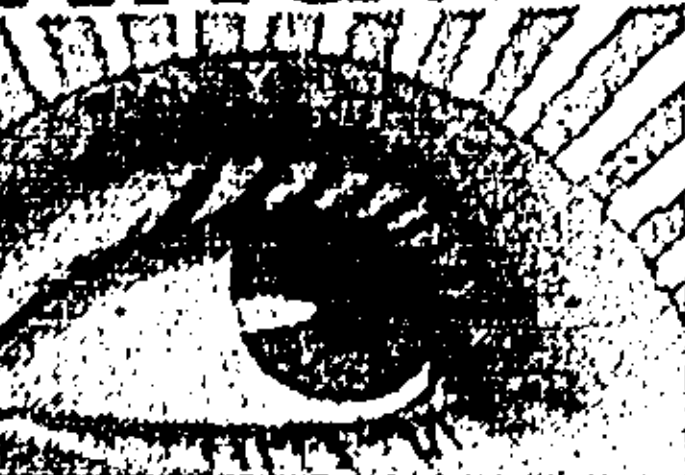
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Strong, warm sunshine is pleasant to the body but it is hard on the eyes. The brilliant light causes eye-strain which, in turn, brings headaches and ageing lines. The hot, dust-laden atmosphere encourages microbes, and dries up the natural moisture round the eyes, causing ocular congestion and leading to all kinds of eye-troubles.



Optrex eye lotion stops all this. Its regular use prevents strain, removes dust and germs, strengthens the eye muscles and keeps your eyes happy and healthy. Optrex is recommended by Doctors and Opticians all over the world.

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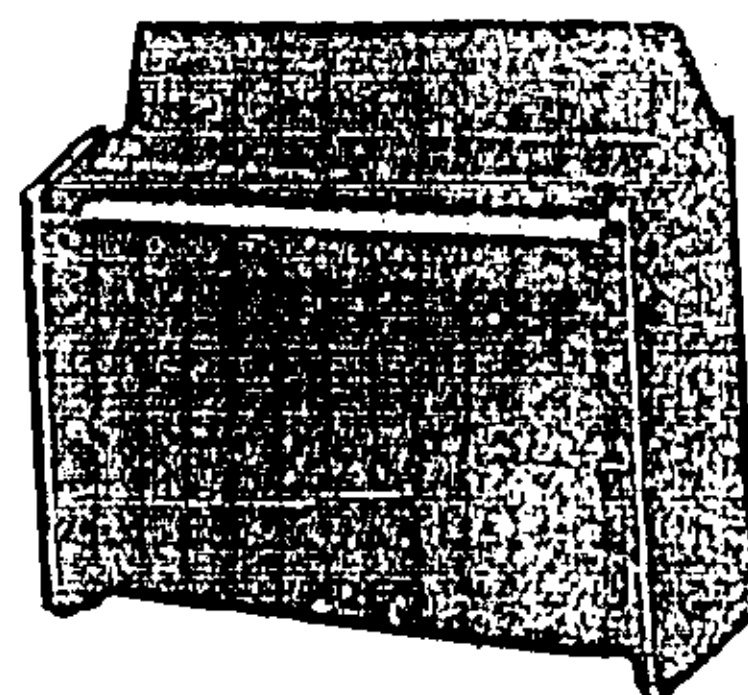
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SPECIAL PARAMOUNT NEWS BRING YOU FIRST PICTURES OF THE WAR CRISIS!



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FORD "10" TOURING, 1938 CHRYSLER ROADSTER, 1936 CHRYSLER SALOON, 1937

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The Hongkong Telegraph

Wyndham St., Hongkong

Phone 26615

October 12, 1939

## The War Goes On

WHEN THE German armies violated Belgium in 1914 their leaders counted on a short war. The unfortunate German people have been told by their controlled press that, with the conquest of Poland, Britain and France will be eager to accept peace terms, and the remarkable "armistice" celebrations throughout Germany on Tuesday are indicative of this desire of the Germans to believe that their leaders are right.

The Nazi boast has been given a withering answer in M. Daladier's broadcast yesterday and, doubtless, Mr. Neville Chamberlain will be equally emphatic in his rejection of the so-called Nazi peace terms when he addresses the House of Commons this evening.

Whatever successes Hitler's perky and desperate haste have won in Poland, all the world now knows that the conquest of that unhappy victim of Nazi aggression is only the beginning of the struggle to which Nazism has challenged civilisation and into which Britain is throwing all her strength.

The Fuehrer in his frenzy may be blind to the lessons of the long effort from 1914 to 1918, but they have been well and truly learned in England.

Kitchener's doctrine that to wage a major war the nation must prepare for years of fighting was startling in 1914. We then wasted many lives, much time and much treasure before our leaders organised Britain's man power for military service and her industries for the supply of munitions. Now, the machinery to marshal the Empire's utmost strength in arms, made ready before the outbreak of war, is at work.

The certainty that, however long the task may take, it will be accomplished, will hardly be kept by the worst brutality of the Gestapo from the knowledge of the German people.

Whatever Hitler's monomaniac faith in his star, his people are clearly uncomfortable, as the joyous celebrations throughout the country at the hoax armistice reports bear witness.

It must be depressing to the German man-in-the-street, however dulled by propaganda, when he learns that, though Poland be crushed, he will for an indefinite period be short of meat, short of clothes, without any soap, and that is the best which the regime can promise him.

It is clear that the Allied challenge is disturbing. Hitler's "peace" terms shows that the Fuehrer has been thinking over it. The "armistice" celebrations show that the German people have also been thinking over it. They, the people, will think dangerously.

Someone in Germany is going to remember that "the last battle Britain always wins."

# LEST WE FORGET—

## —THE NATION THAT DID NOT DESERVE TO DIE AGAIN...

THE name of Poland once again disappears temporarily from the maps of Europe, but it will not vanish from the hearts of the Poles, nor should it from ours as we do battle in the west for its liberation.

Let us forget the enormity of the German offence committed against Poland, consider what the Poles did for their country in the course of its 20 years' resurrection.

For not only have its men, women, and children died under the hail of German steel, but years of hard work have been wiped out, years in which a race transformed itself into a nation.

The first time I went to Poland I imagined that Warsaw would be a drab, backward Slav city, dirty, tumbledown, lacking in elegance.

Instead, I saw Warsaw as a clean city of fine buildings, with a magnificent opera house, skyscrapers, up-to-date newspaper offices, and the best-dressed men and women I had met since leaving London and travelling across Northern Europe.

"You see," said a friend, on the terrace of the Hotel Europejski, "we are not Balkanised or backward as so many of you western Europeans seem to think; though, I admit, 20 years ago it was not like this."

Homesteads And Farms Burned FROM him I heard what Poland looked like just after the 1914 war. The factories were closed because of a shortage of raw materials. The fields of the peasants were waste lands, their stock had been slaughtered, their homesteads and farms burned.

"The Germans and the Russians fought back and forth here like giant ploughs," my friend added, "turning upside down everything in their path."

Vast districts were on the edge of famine, communications were completely disorganised. The currency was chaotic, with German, Russian, and Austrian coinage in circulation.

Let us forget, then, this is the background of the new Poland which Germany has again laid waste. Out of this morass, the Poles built a country, not faultless, but having within it plenty to admire.

Now look briefly at their achievements.

### Fishing Village Into Big Port

FIRST, Gdynia, built to give them their own port on the Baltic.

Sixteen years ago Gdynia was a village of a couple of hundred fishermen, who lived with their families in thatched houses along the sandy shore.

Now those same fishermen are (or rather were) living in villas in nearby Zoppot, the Monte Carlo of the Baltic. For on the sites of their thatched houses stand blocks of flats, rows of shops. The land on which they dried their fishing nets is worth £1 a square yard.

Let us forget Hitler's real smash and grab aim, please note that you could see as many as 40 or 50 ships in the 700 acres of Gdynia's harbour basins, protected by breakwaters two miles and a half long, equipped with automatic radio beacons and submarine oscillators.

From here went regular passenger services to North and South America. In and out moved 40,000 passengers a year. To make this artificial port out of the scrub and sand cost the Poles £12,000,000, but it will always stand as a symbol of Poland's economic dynamism, though the name of Poland may vanish from the map and the name of Gdynia be changed into some German form.

In a few years, then, this new port built up a trade in which it handled

annually 10,000,000 tons of merchandise.

Now consider the man who is the backbone of Poland—the peasant.

Going east from Germany in Warsaw the Nord Express used to rush through endless miles of plain, every inch of which was cultivated. From the train windows you saw the wheat fields stretching out from the railway track to the horizon, golden and breast high under the summer sun.

A beautiful scene this, but on closer examination what struck the observer most was the poverty of the peasant. He was very poor.

### 700,000 Small Holdings

BACK in Warsaw I tried to find out whether this could not be remedied, and there, at the Ministry, I discovered that only in Poland and Czechoslovakia was any attempt being made to solve the peasant problem in Central Europe.

"First of all, please understand that Poland is land hungry," said the expert, "and that's due to over-population in the rural areas." Now this is what happened. As early as 1910 the Sejm (Parliament) of the Polish Republic passed a resolution fixing the principles of land reform. Chief of these was to break up the big estates and parcel them out into small lots.

So during the last 20 years 700,000 farm holdings have been created or enabled to achieve independent status. These have been giving work and a livelihood to 3,500,000 peasants.

Then year by year the Poles increased the area of arable land by turning barren land to account, and they have, in fact, increased the area of arable land by more than 3,000,000 acres to give the peasant a better deal.

Let us forget, these independent small farmers now become Hitler's serfs until they are once more liberated.

Then, for obvious reasons and to absorb the surplus rural population, the Poles concentrated on industry.

What they have done in industrial production can best be seen by the index figure. In 1922 it stood at 75.5, but last year it had risen to 119.5.

Though the Germans destroyed or stole 80,000 electrical machines and about 7,000,000 yards of cable, Poland's electro-technical industry increased its production fourfold.

The chemical industry tells the same story: the output of soda rose by 145 per cent; calcium products were doubled; artificial silk production increased fivefold.

Her locomotive builders made Poland self-sufficient in rolling stock; her papermakers increased their output four times; the cellulose mills accounted for a sixfold increase in production.

### She Wanted Ten More Years

LEST we forget what the Polish

worker has now lost, note that Poland was one of the first countries to introduce the eight-hour day (seven in the mines and six for workers in temperatures over 82 degrees). In Germany, and presumably under the Germans, 10 hours is the working day.

The Poles, however, do not believe that man lives by work alone.

After the 1914-18 war, the Poles began with a shocking percentage of illiterates, due to the deliberate policy of the partitioning Powers, who wanted to keep their victims not only in serfdom but also in spiritual darkness.

But in the last few years the Poles have built 10,000 elementary schools, so no wonder the percentage of children in school soared from 60 in 1921 to the latest figure of 93. It would soon have been 100 per cent, but Hitler stepped in.

Then, with her limited resources, Poland created social services that may now disappear—community centres, summer camps for children, supplementary feeding in the schools. For the moment the prospect is dark.

"We needed another 10 years of peace to complete the creation of the new Poland," said an attaché at the Polish Embassy to me.

Let us forget, Poland's 20 years show that she deserved that peace.

Emrys Jones

GRIN AND BEAR IT By Lichty



"I tell you, Chief, we got the year's biggest horror story here—three bridge players stranded on an uninhabited island!"

To-day is Hongkong Budget Day

GILBERT FRANKAU has thoughts on

# MONEY

NEVER having been out of debt between the years 1906 and 1939, I claim to know as much about money troubles as any treasury in the British Empire.

Yet my very rich friends—I am always delighted to observe—spend far more time worrying about their financial futures than I do mine.

My father was like that. Though his worry was never personal. He thought that he might not leave my mother and his four children properly provided for used to drive him nearly frantic.

I still think of him as the least selfish man who ever lived. He grudged himself everything—at times even a hansom cab home after a late night at the office. Us he grudged nothing.

With what result? He died, as I told you last week, at an early age, leaving quite a large capital—which my mother and I between us blew inside 10 years.

Blew, maybe, is not exactly the right word. Most of the money went into a business—and never came out of it. Nevertheless, the money went.

### The Way to Treat It

MY mother died without knowing the worst. Afterwards I used to dream—having inherited an exaggerated sense of personal responsibility—that I could restore the share of the family fortune to my surviving brother and sister.

But I never have. And that they would have been any the happier for it I refuse to admit.

Both, like myself, lead busy lives. My brother Ronald's success is well known. My sister's, though less spectacular, seems to me even more satisfactory. She has devoted herself, in the intervals of bringing up a large family, to pure scholarship.

Accordingly, there is no need for my father to turn in his grave.

Nor, as I like to imagine, were his efforts and my mother's entirely wasted, if—as the poet tells us—to live in hearts we leave behind is not to die.

That the last sentence is perilously near "sob-stuff," I admit. Let us admit, further, that great financiers treat money as it should be treated—objectively, unemotionally, and unemotionally. But how many of us can afford to do that?

### Foolish Slogans

TO nearly all of us money, whether received as payment for work we do or as interest on accumulated savings, is a personal matter. Our private budgets are the measures of our material lives. So much comes in yearly from our work or our savings. So much goes out for our expenses.

Lower our income or put up our expenditure. Either way, we equal. And the people who equal fastest—in my experience—are the very people who are always ready to preach: "Money doesn't mean happiness."

That slogan is not even "sob-stuff." It is sheer balderdash. Lack of money for reasonable needs, these including enjoyment, will sour anybody except a saint.

Saints, however, are rarities; and the average Briton, though he dislikes being told so, is just as fond of money as his neighbours across the

Channel. It is a pity, therefore, that the average Briton should be taught so little about money when he or she is young.

As a nation we still suffer from the "money is the root of all evil" complex. Most of us, from the richest to the poorest, prefer that our children should learn the hard lesson of £ s. d., as I myself had to learn it, by bitter personal experience.

We would far rather see the little darlings studying French for their school certificates than the price of bread, meat, fish, and vegetables. While as for teaching them the difference between Preference and Ordinary shares, or even between a freehold and a leasehold—how much more satisfactory that they should have started algebra.

### Financial Ignorance

ALGEBRA, forsooth. When the boys don't know how much their own boots cost, and the girls, at any rate of our so-called upper and middle classes, can't even be trusted to buy a cauliflower.

Oh, the financial ignorance—the sheer "crass," hopeless, terrifying and completely avoidable financial ignorance—of the average middle-class bride and bridegroom.

The enduring miracle is that their domestic budgets ever balance. Yet most of them eventually do.

Eventually most of us learn the value of money. But half the knocks we take on the way to knowledge could be avoided if either our parents or our school teachers would be less snobbish and more practical.

The making of money, the spending of money, or the investing of money, however much we may resent the fact, plays a considerable part in almost every human being's existence.

Children brought up in complete ignorance—as so many upper and middle-class children are—of money matters represent a constant danger to the community. They are apt to become (as in my own case) spend-thrifts; or what is even worse, misers.

Such children are equally the prey, in later years, of the bucket-shop keeper and fraudulent political economist like Karl Marx.

### You Must Be Master

FOR the real secret about money is that if you don't master it—and the sooner you are taught to do this the better—it will end by mastering you.

Hence, more often than not, your unhappy over-rich man who is afraid of losing his possessions. Hence, and hence only, your debtor who is always so certain that he'll be able to "let you have it back by Monday"—and never does.

Both such are money-slaves, though neither of them, in my opinion, is worth much pity.

Such pity as I have for money-slaves is reserved for the vast majority who won't find it too easy to pay that extra twopenny on tea or that extra penny on petrol.

All the same, they'll do it, and without too much grumbling. Nor should the better off grudge that extra income tax.

Because even those—and, believe it or not, they are still legion—who have never been taught the difference between a Preference share and an Ordinary know one meaning of the word "Security."

It's always worth while paying out money—down to your very last sixpence—for that!



## AMAZING WEALTH

### Britain's Strength In War Disclosed

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—A special commentary on the British economic strength has been released.

It is stated that in connection with Germany's claim of her economic strength, and the weakness of Britain, the following points may be useful.

Britain is the second richest country in the world, second only to the United States.

The average income per head of the British people is £112, whereas the average income per head of the Greater Reich is only £64 10s.

The British people, therefore, can afford to spend nearly twice as much on the war as the Germans.

For every gun which Germany can afford to make, Britain can make two. For every aeroplane Germany produces Britain can afford to make two.

When the British war effort is fully mobilised, they can expect nearly twice as much power as Germany.

#### Incomparably Stronger

Britain is incomparably stronger financially than Germany. Her gold reserve is over £500,000,000, whereas Germany has hardly any gold reserve at all. Britain has foreign investments totalling £3,500,000,000 whereas Germany has none.

Without exporting anything at all, Britain could pay for imports of food and raw materials for at least 18 months, whereas Germany has only enough foreign exchange to pay for imports for two months.

As far as taxation is concerned, Britain compares favourably. The German married man has to pay income tax as soon as his income reaches £95 per year. The British married taxpayer does not begin to pay until he is earning £225.

In Britain there are ample supplies of food, and it is not yet necessary to rationing. In Germany rations are already in force, and the ration is pitifully small.

The British Empire produces three times as much wheat, and twice as much sugar as Germany, and Britain has half as many people to feed as Greater Germany.

The British Empire produces twice as much iron-ore as Germany, four times as much oil and petrol, seven times as much copper, and nearly three times as much lead.

### This Is Supposed To Be A News Item

"REUTERS" London Office sends out the following news item: "The message sent to the United States regarding the threatened sinking of the *troquois* is believed to be part of the propaganda activities of Admiral Raeder."

"That the chief of the German naval staff can indulge in propaganda suggests that the command of the German fleet is not a full-time job."

### Women To Look After Diggers

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—An Australian Women's Volunteer Service has been formed in London to look after the welfare of Australians. A bureau has been set up in Australia House to enrol Australians and others who wish to join.

### U.S. Marine Shoots Puppet Policeman

TIENSIN, Oct. 12 (Reuter).—Two United States marines from Peiping were guarding a shipment of goods at Tientsin east station last night. One of them was involved in an argument with a railway policeman, believed to be a Chinese, who resulted in both producing their guns. The marine shot the policeman through the thigh and then escaped through the barriers to the marine barracks. The other marine has been detained by the railway police. He is still held up to now. No further details are available.

### Burma Starts Her Preparations

HANOON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—A Defence Committee has been formed with the Governor, Sir Archibald Cochrane as chairman. The Defence Commissioner is deputy chairman and one of the members is the Burmese Premier, who has offered the support of his Ministry.

### Split In British Communist Party

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—A division in the British Communist Party is revealed by the resignation of Mr. Harry Pollitt from the secretaryship. Mr. Pollitt apparently disagreed with the change in the Party's attitude, which at the beginning supported the Government's policy, and is now against it.



A GRAPHIC PHOTOGRAPH of the rescue of the crew of the torpedoed British steamer *Kensington Court* by Royal Air Force seaplanes. The *Kensington Court*, in background, is just going down as a member of crew of one of the two R.A.F. planes which participated in the rescue waits to assist on rescuers.—Royal Air Force Photograph. Crown Copyright Reserved.

### South Africa's Hidden Wealth Will Be Used For Allies' Benefit

CAPE TOWN, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—In South Africa it is expected that the war will lead to the development of the Dominion's mineral ores.

It is calculated that the Dominion will produce enough for her own requirements, and also will be able to ship the surplus to Britain and the Allies.

South Africa contains nearly all metals and oils required by modern industry, though only the more accessible products are now being worked. Mining products are exported as raw materials, the finished articles being mainly imported.

#### Large Reserves

Among the base metals in South Africa are asbestos, chrome and manganese. There are large reserves of these, and also of iron, copper, tin and vanadium.

Recent advances in technical skill will enable most of the problems of plant equipment to be solved locally. An estimate made two years ago placed the value of South Africa's untouched base minerals at over £30,000,000.

### JAPAN FED UP WITH WAR

CARS with threadless tyres. Taxis and buses that run on charcoal. And a progressively lowering economic level that bodes ill for the future of the country and people.

These are the things that struck Mr. A. S. Smith in a tour of Japan, from which he returned to Hongkong to-day.

Japan, Mr. Smith believes, is heartily "fed up" with the war in China. The people are finding it increasingly difficult to avoid malnutrition, owing to the increasing cost and scarcity of food.

Power plants cannot obtain sufficient coal or fuel. Neon signs and electrical advertisements are slowly disappearing or being replaced by inferior lighting apparatus.

More Japanese girls are being forced into the geisha ranks. And the soldiers who are boarding transports are becoming appallingly young.

Swastikas no longer fly side-by-side with the Rising Sun in Japan's barracks. The latter marines have been detained by the railway police. He is still held up to now. No further details are available.

### Recruiting In Jerusalem

JERUSALEM, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—Recruiting has begun in Jerusalem of 2,000 Palestine volunteers from Palestine nationals for the Royal Engineers, the Royal Army Service Corps, the Ordnance Corps, and the Medical Corps.

The men will be liable for service in any garrison or theatre of war.

### Sweden May Build Battleships

STOCKHOLM, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The Swedish Defence Minister to-day proposed in Parliament that construction be started immediately on two battleships.

Sweden already has many destroyers of the latest type. Parliament passed two bills, one for setting up a Ministry of National Economy, and the other providing severe penalties for espionage.

### LEST WE FORGET

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—IT IS OFFICIALLY ANNOUNCED THAT THE KING HAS DECIDED THAT THE ARMISTICE DAY SERVICE AT THE CENOTAPH WILL NOT BE HELD THIS YEAR.

### H. K. Stock Market

The following quotations were listed on the Hongkong Stock Market this morning.

#### BANKS

H.K. Banks (Lon. Reg.) £. 1250 n.  
H.K. Banks (H.K. Reg.) £. 75 n.  
Chartered Bank £. 20 1/4 n.  
Mercantile, C. & D. £. 10 1/2 n.  
East Asia £. 72 n.

#### INSURANCES

Cantons £. 202 1/2 n.  
Union £. 365 n.  
China Underwriters £. 1 1/4 n.  
H.K. Fire £. 170 n.

#### SHIPPING

Douglases £. 07 n.  
Steamships £. 12 n.  
Indo-China £. 60 n.  
Shell (Bentley) £. 30 n.  
Waterboats £. 8 1/2 n.

#### DOCKS ETC.

Wharves £. 101 n.  
Docks £. 18 n.  
Provident £. 40 n.  
New Eng. Sh. £. 125 n.  
Sh. Docks, Sh. £. 125 n.

#### MINING

Raub £. 0 1/2 n.  
Venz. Gold £. 4 n.  
H.K. Mines £. 4 n.

#### LANDS

Hotels £. 450 n.  
Lands £. 32 n.  
Land 4 1/2 de. £. 8 n.  
Shal. Lands Sh. £. 8 n.  
H.K. Realities £. 75 n.  
Chinese estates £. 100 n.

#### UTILITIES

Trams £. 15 1/2 n.  
Peak Trams (old) £. 7 1/2 n.  
Peak Trams (new) £. 3 1/2 n.  
Star Ferry £. 0 1/2 n.  
Y. Ferry £. 4 1/2 n.

China Lights (old) £. 7 1/2 n.  
China Lights (new) £. 4 1/2 n.  
H.K. Electric £. 49 1/2 n.  
Macao Electric £. 18 n.  
Sandsong Lights £. 11 1/2 n.

Telephones (old) £. 20 n.  
Telephones (new) £. 10 n.  
Tractions (Prof.) £. 10 n.  
Tractions (S/S) £. 22 n.

#### INDUSTRIALS

Cald. Macg. (old) £. 14 n.  
Cald. Macg. (new) £. 13 n.  
Canton Tees £. 14 1/2 n.  
Cements £. 14 1/2 n.  
H.K. Ropes £. 4 n.

#### STORES, &c.

Dairy Farms (old) £. 20 1/2 n.  
Dairy Farms (new) £. 10 1/2 n.  
Watsons £. 7 1/2 n.  
Lane, Crawford £. 7 1/2 n.  
Sincere £. 180 n.

Wing On (H.K.) £. 41 n.  
Powell, Ltd. £. 1 n.

#### COTTON MILLS

Ewo Sh. £. 10 1/2 n.  
Shal. Cotton Sh. £. 105 n.  
Zhong Sing, Sh. £. 42 n.  
Wing On Textiles, Sh. £. 40 1/2 n.

#### MISC.

H.K. Entertainments £. 6 1/2 n.  
Constructions (old) £. 1 1/2 n.  
Constructions (new) £. 1 n.  
Vibro Piling £. 8 1/2 n.  
Ch. Govt. 5% 1928 £. 30 n.

Marsmans (Lon.) £. 11 1/3 n.  
Marsmans (H.K.) £. 4 n.  
H.K. Govt. 4% Loan £. 98 1/2 n.  
H.K. Govt. 3 1/2% Loan £. 98 n.

### American Sailor Lost In Typhoon

SHANGHAI, Oct. 12 (Reuter).—An unnamed American sailor of the destroyer U.S.S. *Perry* fell overboard and disappeared during a typhoon while the warship was on way from Shanghai to Manila, it became known to-day.

### Poland's New Government

British Ambassador Returns To Post

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—A few hours after the arrival in London of the Foreign Minister of the new Polish Government, it was announced in the House of Commons that Sir Howard Kennard would leave for Paris in a few days to resume his duties as British Ambassador to Poland.

The London "Times" declared that the Polish Foreign Minister was particularly welcome for many reasons. He represents an indestructible race whose country has been barbarously devastated not for the first time in its history, but which unhesitatingly chooses a new government in the place of the old.

The "Times" refers to the new Foreign Minister's work at Geneva and his conciliatory and constructive temperament.

#### Talks In London

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The new Polish Foreign Minister, who arrived in London from Paris this morning, had a long talk with the Foreign Secretary, Viscount Halifax, at the Foreign Office this afternoon.

He conferred with Mr. Chamberlain at No. 10 Downing Street, and at night was a guest at a banquet given by the Polish Ambassador.

Another guest was Sir Howard Kennard, who is to take up duties as Ambassador to Poland in a few days at the seat of the Polish Government in Paris.

In Paris, the Polish Cabinet met before the Foreign Minister left for London under General Sikorski. The Foreign Minister delivered a report.

Members have been taken in connection with the Polish merchant fleet, most of which was saved, and all civil rights have been restored to the ten Polish members of Parliament who had been exiled several years ago.

The Polish Foreign Minister in a broadcast said that in their great hour of trial their spirit was unconquerable, and they were determined to carry on. Their alliance with the tremendous military efforts of the Western Powers would guarantee their victory.

"What I have heard from the highest British and French statesmen has made me realise that we shall not halt until a complete and final victory is won. We are fighting not only for our own freedom, but the freedom of all nations and a better Europe. We shall put an end to all efforts to dominate by brute force."

#### Cession Not Recognised

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—It is understood in London that Great Britain is not prepared to connive at any cession of Polish territory. Lithuania has been told that Britain cannot recognize the cession by Russia of Vilna to Lithuania.

On the other hand, it is felt that the case of Lithuania is very different from the Russian and German partition of Poland.

Lithuania was compelled to sign the treaty with Russia, and can hardly be blamed if she takes some compensation for the virtual loss of her independence.

In addition, the inhabitants of the Vilna region will be better off under Lithuanian rule than under Russian or German.

#### Troops Move Up

HELSINKI, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—Several divisions of Soviet troops, as well as many large tanks and heavy artillery, have been moved up to the Finnish frontier.

The Finnish Foreign Minister will broadcast to the United States to-morrow.

There is a desperate hope that the United States will counsel moderation to Russia.

An Iron Ring  
MOSCOW, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The Lithuanian delegation which concluded the Soviet-Lithuanian treaty,

### Plenty Of Planes, But No Bombs

#### Watchful Aerial Activity

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The B.B.C. correspondent with the R.A.F. in France says that air activity on the western front at present is confined to reconnoitring activity.

No bombs have been dropped by either side.

At small cost our planes have taken the topography of the Siegfried Line, but the Germans, for the same cost, have nothing to show for their air flights, which have been almost wholly over German territory.

The only German flight over the French lines was by a single machine flying very high, and the Messerschmidt fighters are the only enemy planes seen.

Frenchman's "Blimy Guv'nor"  
The correspondent describes a recent dogfight between British and French planes and German machines, in which one of the enemy machines was shot down.

One of the British planes developed engine trouble, but the pilot was lucky enough to land behind the Siegfried Line. He was greeted by a mob with the words, "Blimy, Guv'nor! You're blooming lucky!"

The pilot was a Frenchman whose home is in South London.

### Consuls Held In Reich

British Officials Said Comfortable

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"  
LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—Mr. R. A. Butler, Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, replying to a question in the House of Commons to-day, said His Majesty's Government had no official information as to the constitution of the new Czech Government.

Asked for a statement as to the present position between Britain and Spain, Mr. Butler said: "Our relations with Spain are developing in a normal and friendly manner."

British Consuls In Germany  
Mr. Butler also revealed at question time that 11 members of the British Consular Service and five members of the British Consular Service and five members of their staffs were still in Germany.

According to the reports of the United States' Charge d'Affaires in Berlin, they were comfortable at hotels.

The three who had been in prison, pending the release from custody of certain German officials in Britain, have now returned to the hotel.

It was hoped shortly, added Mr. Butler, to arrange for an exchange of British and German consular officers.

### STOCK EXCHANGE VERY CHEERFUL

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The Stock Exchange spent a thoroughly cheerful session, encouraged by M. Daladier's and Sir Kingsley Wood's speeches, though some quarters preferred to await Mr. Neville Chamberlain's speech to-morrow.

The Air Minister's remarks regarding the increased production helped aviation and motor holdings, while all-weather shares were notable for a number of small dealings.

War Loan was at a minimum, which was the first of such business since the war.

Commodities and rubber were firm generally, a farthing higher on trade buying, with sellers reserved.

Wall Street was firm.

### Shai Consular Officials Resign

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"  
SHANGHAI, Oct. 11 (UP).—The Japanese Consul, Mr. Miura, together with 20 leading officials of the Japanese Consulate and Embassy, have tendered their resignations in support of the Foreign Office revolt against Admiral Nomura, the Japanese Foreign Minister.

Britain Calls Up More Men

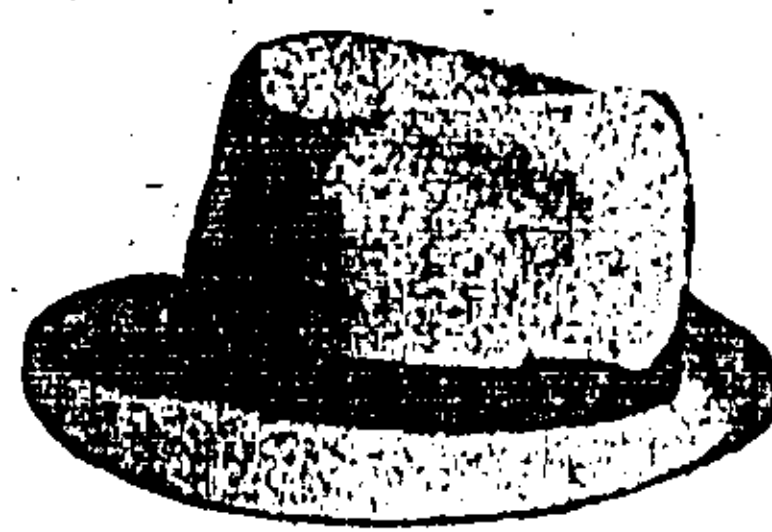
SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"  
LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The War Office announces that during the next week or two, a large number of men, who have already received calling-up notices, will be joining the colours for military service.

attended a dinner in their honour at the Kremlin to-night.

The Soviet press describes the concessions to Russia by the Baltic States at the setting up of an "iron ring" for Soviet defence in the Baltic.

Occupation Postponed  
TALLINN, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The entry of Soviet troops into Estonia to occupy bases rented by Russia under the recent agreement has been postponed to Wednesday of next week.

Three Soviet warships to-day entered Tallinn Bay and exchanged salutes with the Estonian coastal batteries.



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### TIFFIN, MY BOY, TIFFIN

"Lovely smell of cooking in the club this morning. Scrambled eggs, cutlets, and that excellent curry the secretary introduced from Penang. Makes a fellow's mouth water. I've half a mind to go through the lot."

"On the contrary, I have in the past cultivated some of the finest hangovers of all time. But that was back in the bad old days before I'd heard of Rose's Lime Juice."

"What on earth has Rose's got to do with hangovers?"

"Everything, my dear Watson. It wipes them out. If you stick to Ginepro or have a good stiff drink before going to bed, you'll have no regrets in the morning."

"Rose's Lime Juice you said?"

"Yes, Rose's."

"Lead me a pencil, and I'll write it down."

"That's right. Morality, you hypocrite. I suppose you never wake up with a head or a tongue like a strip of ancient gummy bag."

### SHIPMENTS

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# MORE HOCKEY UMPIRES REQUIRED

## PRESSING PROBLEM NEEDS SOLUTION

### Formation of Control Body Suggested

(By "Pilgrim")

From time to time last season I heard complaints about the shortage of umpires and general lament that more umpires are not available. It is admitted that the Umpires Hockey Board have carried out wonderful work, but their work is cramped owing to the continued shortage of officials to cover many senior and most of the junior matches in the women's leagues and the H.K.H.A. Tournament. It is like a voice crying in the wilderness to appeal season by season to retired players and others to come forward and assist the game.

But we should go a step further than the present Umpires Board. We should have a governing body for Umpires in the Colony such as we have for the game and based on the same lines as regards affiliation.

Are we not playing with the subject by delaying this final organisation and bringing the whole of the Colony's umpires under one common executive? I am sure, the H.K.H.A. would not oppose the institution of such an association, but would give its blessing and good wishes.

After all, the governing body has a real duty to the game and to the umpires, and it is a job of work it has to carry out on behalf of the welfare of the game as a whole. The game cannot flourish or continue prosperous unless and until the umpires in the Colony are properly and intensively organised.

There is at present far too much LOCAL government. That is night of course, for the appointment of umpires, but there should be a common executive in charge responsible for finding ways and means of improving the status of the umpire and in providing greater numbers of these splendid honorary officials to cover matches which remain entirely without umpiring control week by week and year by year.

I would suggest that we grapple this big problem in a practical way, and the only way is to establish a well organised and live body such as an Umpires Association to deal with umpires and umpiring.

#### A SIMPLE CONSTITUTION

The constitution of such an association would be a simple one, viz. the election of an annual President (which would honour one of the leading umpires in the Colony at the time), a Chairman, an Hon. Secretary, with a committee of ten or less, drawn from the different clubs.

There can be no question that each club has several followers who are to be seen Saturdays and Sundays watching the game, and on occasions being roped in to do a spot of umpiring. A good suggestion would be, however, to compel every club entering a team or teams for tournament competitions to provide an umpire for each team, the umpire to be under the direct control of the Umpires Association, who would appoint them to various matches. In this way the players would be sure that they would have umpires for each game. Of course, it is frankly admitted that some clubs provide more than their quota of umpires, but that are not too many.

Is it, therefore, too much to suggest that the H.K.H.A. council take steps to deal with this serious question, and, before the season commences,

#### Soccer Start Deferred

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—Though scheduled to commence on October 14, the Scottish Football League have deferred the beginning of their two regional competitions until October 21.

Sixteen Clubs will take part in each region.



Alec Pearce... scored 58 and took 8 for 25 for the Hongkong C.C. v. the Kowloon C.C. on Tuesday.

#### Rugby

### CLUB'S SECOND TRIAL

#### Middlesex Lose To Police

(By "Fly Half")

The Hongkong R.F.C. held their second trial yesterday at Happy Valley. Many arrived late owing to pressure of business, while several were absent on national service. Dr. Stout, who played consistently for the 1st XV last year, will be unable to participate in Wednesday fixtures owing to his having to be on duty as Volunteer Headquarters on such nights.

The trial started off with five forwards and a complete back division. Back row forwards, Deane and Taylor, played a spell amongst the three.

Three periods of a quarter of an hour each were played. A very welcome reappearance was made by butcher, the interper and erstwhile Club stand-off half. Deane, a front row forward, who showed determination, and Banner of the Bank, who featured in the Club XV prior to his transfer to Japan. Up north he played in export matches against the Bonnam renowned scrum-half when he was in the Colony.

Bursley and Crawford were involved in some rare tussles and were more or less evenly matched. Bursley was the more enterprising and covered up well. He went across once to bundle D. H. Stewart into touch when the latter was in full flight. Van Leeuwen was very determined in his running and scored a well-earned try when Stewart was in close attendance. He employs the cork-screw method of evading tackles with great success.

Wilson again showed promise and scored his side's winning try. His style, especially in passing, still looks awkward. Godfrey was a lively forward who backed up well. Taylor and he were very successful in the line-outs despite close marking by Dunnett, Thornhill and Wallden.

**SUCCESSOR TO MACGRATH**  
Hamilton was not so aggressive as he was last week. He found Butcher an elusive tackle. Stewart made the best of his opportunities, which were few. Thompson was again the more attractive full-back, and once he gains full confidence, and pays more attention to the ball than the man following up he will be the most likely successor to MacGrath. His recovering is excellent.

Needham, Peers, Godfrey, Taylor and Deane were lively forwards for the Whites. The Colours eight packed better than their opponents and with Dunnett hooking gained the greater share of the ball from the set scrums.

The score was 9-3 in favour of the Colours. Henderson dropped a grand goal from well out near the touch-line. Then Van Leeuwen equalised in the second quarter after a good run. Just on time in the last quarter, Wilson, following up a boot ahead, gathered to cross over. No attempt was made to convert either try.

The teams were:  
Whites—Hopkins, Van Leeuwen, Hamilton, Nelson and Lavalie, Bursley and Henderson, Needham, Peers, Heasman, Thompson, Godfrey, Taylor and Deane.  
Colours—Thompson, Wilson, Stewart, Butcher and Bosanquet, Constans and Henderson, Dunnett, Benn, Mackenden, Thornhill, Hynes, Deane and Wallden.  
Dr. J. A. R. Selby refereed.

**Police 6 Middlesex 0**  
The Police entertained the Middlesex Regiment yesterday on the Police ground at Boundary Street. This was the first occasion that a rugby match had been played on this ground and PLEASE Turn To Page 2.

**Lou Gehrig's Appointment**  
NEW YORK, Oct. 11 (UP).—Mayor La Guardia has appointed Lou Gehrig, famed baseball star of the New York Yankees, a member of the Municipal Parole Commission for a period of ten years at an annual salary of \$8,700.

## EARLY SEASON WEAKNESS

### K.C.C. Batsmen Fail On Heavy Wicket

(By "R. Abbit")

The match between the Hongkong Cricket Club and the Kowloon Cricket Club was played on Tuesday last—the Double Tenth,—and although some of the cricket was not very brilliant there were one or two very encouraging features to be noticed by those, who, like myself, have been considerably worried about the future of cricket in Hongkong.

In the first place, the match, which was scheduled to start at 11 o'clock, started at seven minutes past, according to the official time. In recent years one had become only too well accustomed to finding the 11 o'clock match starting at 11.30 or even later. Another good sign was the keenness shown by both sides on a day which personally found extremely trying, from the climatic point of view, and which must have been very difficult indeed for people actually engaged in cricket.

Owing, I believe, to a misunderstanding, the wicket had been watered too heavily the night before, and the result was that though the ball took plenty of spin it got up very slowly off the pitch and anything short of a length could be hooked with any impunity. The slowness of the wicket was particularly understandable as there was an appreciable difference between the speed with which the ball came off the pitch, and that with which it came off the out field when driven right out.

Teddy Fincher, who was captaining Kowloon, evidently thought that the wicket would improve later and he put the Club in—a gallant action which did not meet with any reward. Except on a Saturday afternoon game, when one is going all out for a win, there are very few occasions when it is wise to put your opponent in. W.G. used to say that a captain might sometimes think of doing so, but that was as far as he should go.

**SHORTAGE OF BOWLERS**  
The Kowloon side were unfortunately very short of bowlers and missed R. E. Lee terribly. Lloyd and Anderson opened the bowling and did pretty well, but the pitch was so easy that after Ride had batted one up playing too soon, Richardson and Alec Pearce proceeded to take tea with Kowloon. The former secured most of his fifty runs by powerful hooking, while Pearce made some beautiful smashes through the covers. Baxter and Gray had not shot, as the pitch did not suit them, and it is significant of the eight ball over that Baxter was hit for fifty-one runs in four overs while Grey's two overs cost 28. Both bowlers I think need a much faster wicket. Bosanquet again played excellent cricket, hitting very powerfully and while he and Pearce were together, 60 runs were put on between noon and 12.30. Lloyd and Anderson went on again and proceeded to bowl very well. After this Pearce was taken the wicket by Lloyd and Bosanquet played too soon at Anderson and hit a ball straight into extra cover's hands, and there was a collapse. Most of the batsmen played too soon. There were three c and b's, Anderson being a very pretty one. One gallant officer (who I see played under the name of S. O. Else) hit one of his powerful boundaries which he seems to force away entirely with the fore-edge, but was immediately after one of the c and b victims. It is noticeable that after the fourth wicket fell at 163 the Club were all out for another 21 runs, of which Perry made 11.

**BRILLIANT BOWLING**  
It is true that some of the K.C.C. team were new comers to the First—there are, I see, two or three men who have formerly played for Craigengower turning out—but the almost pathetic shaping of the pitch must have been a great blow to the K.C.C. enthusiasts. It is true, however, that it is early in the season and that when there was a practice knock off of an hour piece after the game, the K.C.C. batsman did not do so badly when they were hitting. The downfall in their first innings was due to undue caution against some very splendid bowling by Alec Pearce and McLeellan, the latter bowled 7 overs before he sent down a single loose ball, and on many occasions missed the wicket by a coat of paint. He deserved better figures than 8/27/17/2. Alec Pearce has probably never bowled better in his life, keeping a perfect length. He turned the ball a good deal, and backed up by magnificent fielding from the Club, he produced the fine figures of 9/8 (sounds funny doesn't it?) 25/5. But what was most like getting runs, while Teddy Fincher was out off his first ball. The only people to do anything were Archie Zimmer (13), and Lloyd (17), who went out in the bowling. The Club won by 115 runs.

**A KNOCK-UP**  
The match finished so early that there was time for each side to have practice hitting. K.C.C. did much better, securing 134 for 9, of which Anderson made 58. Divett and J. Pearce did a good deal of the bowling. The Club managed to get 140 for 6, of which Hynes claimed 43. It seems a fairly certain inference that

#### Hockey Council Meeting To-Day

A meeting of the Hongkong Hockey Association will be held this evening at 5.30 p.m. in St. Andrew's Church Hall when the draw for the Association's annual tournament will take place. Following the Council Meeting to which all clubs are requested to send a representative, a meeting of clubs to arrange the season's friendly fixtures will be held.

#### Ten Pins

### TULSA BEAT MINDANAO

A friendly ten pins match between the U.S.S. Tulsa and the U.S.S. Mindanao was played at the Hongkong Bowling Alley yesterday resulting in a win for the former by 313 pins.

The scores were:		U.S.S. Tulsa		U.S.S. Mindanao		Total
F. Spenko	103	214	148	133	182	842
M. Michaels	125	123	142	151	117	701
P. E. Scherban	137	147	129	123	139	674
R. E. Schriver	103	107	116	140	164	630
S. Golden	121	112	124	137	85	622
						2047

### GOVERNOR'S RINKS BEATEN

His Excellency the Governor's lawn bowls team of three rinks were entertained by the Kowloon Cricket Club yesterday and were defeated by 37 shots. His Excellency's team scored a total of 49, and the Kowloon C.C. 86.

#### India's Team Chosen

India bowls rink for the Gutierrez International series is composed of two members each from Indian R.C. and Craigengower. The rink is—J. Hoosen (I.R.C.), A. M. Omar (Craigengower), A. K. Minu (I.R.C.) and U. M. Omar (Craigengower). Reserve—K. M. Omar (Craigengower), A. O. Madar (I.R.C.) and A. H. Rumjahn (I.R.C.)

#### CLASSIFICATION LISTS

The following alterations and additions have been made to the pony classification lists issued by the Hongkong Jockey Club on June 20: Australians—Annabella and Southern Star to "B" Class; Astec and Loquacious to "C" Class; China ponies—Tampa Bay to "C" Class; National Liberty and Talkative to "D" Class.

the correct game to play on that wicket was a forcing one.

#### FIELDING

The K.C.C. fielding was a little bit patchy, and did not compare favourably with that of the Club for this season. Kowloon need not be discouraged by their poor showing; apart from the beginning of the season they seem to have got rather mixed up in their players, and they will have to put their house in order as regards bowlers.

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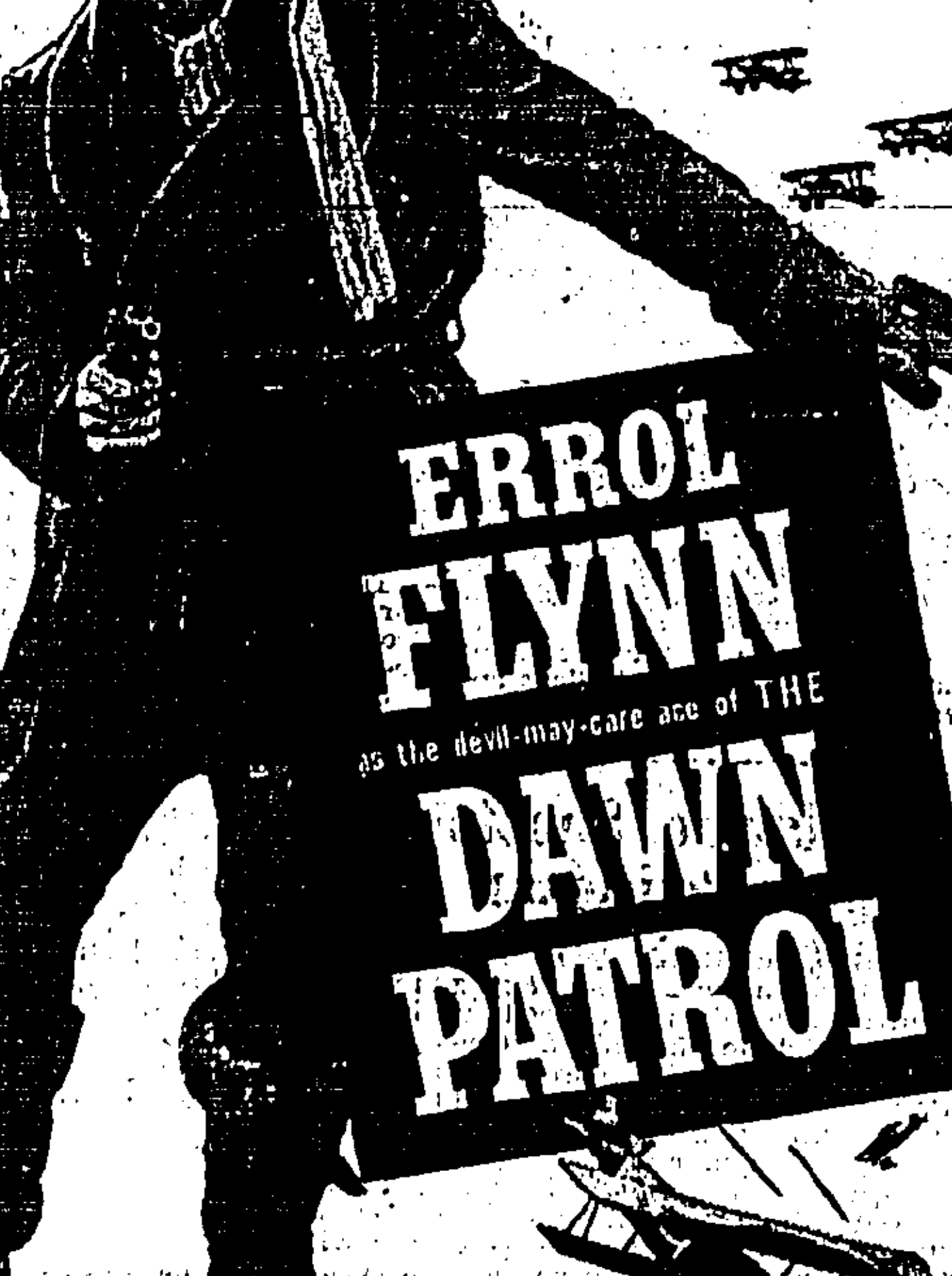
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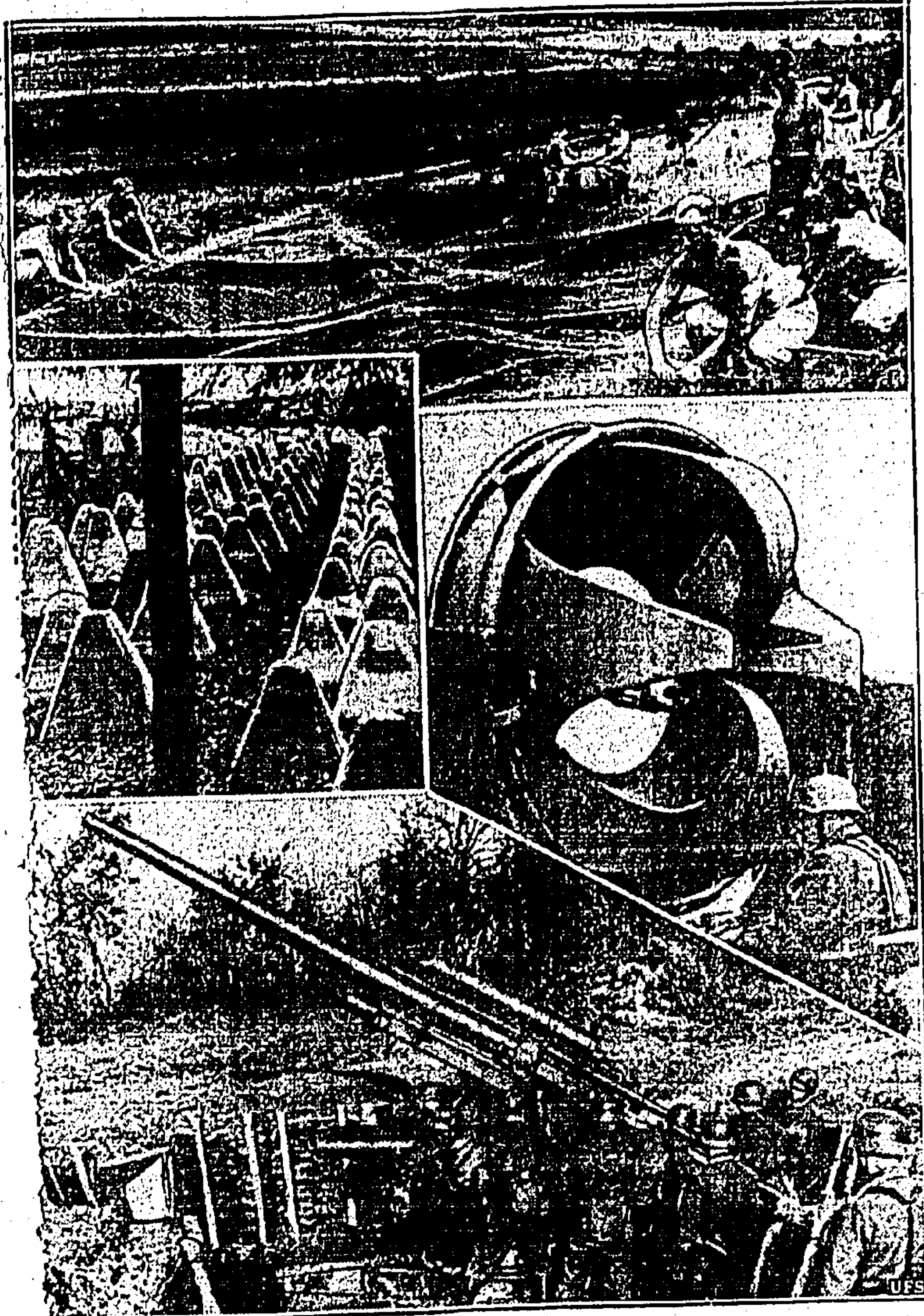
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# NEWS OF THE DAY IN PICTURES FROM FAR AND NEAR

## Hongkong Telegraph PHOTONEWS

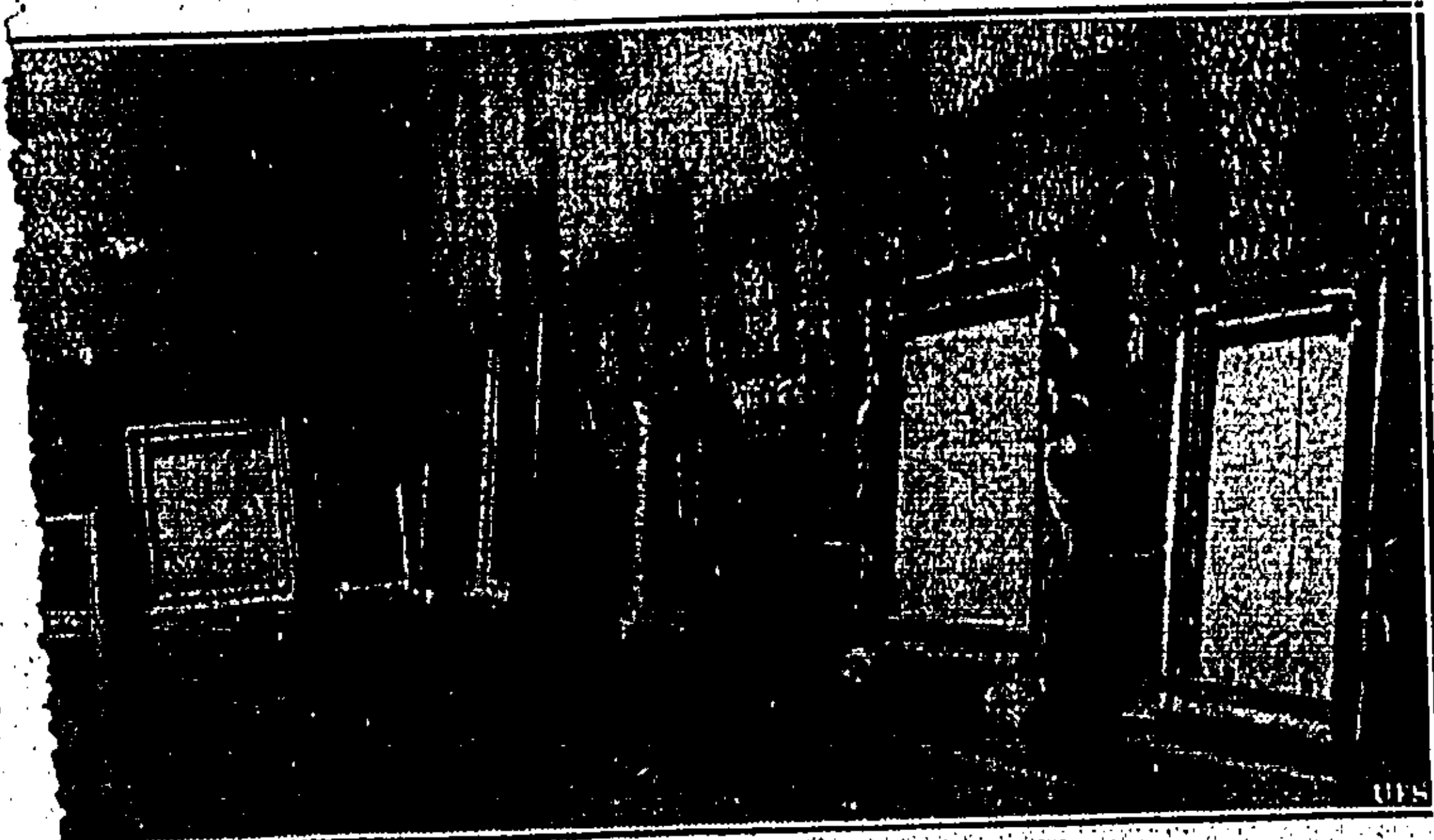
### HAPPENINGS AS SEEN BY THE CAMERA'S EYE



Western Front operations in the Second World War centre around the two chains of fortifications on the Franco-German frontier. Scenes above are in connection with the Nazi "Westwall," officially named the Limes Lino by Fuehrer Hitler and often called the Siegfried Lino. The wall, stretching for 400 miles and facing the French Maginot Lino, is 30 miles deep in places. Top panel, gun crew spreads wire netting over dug-out. Wire will be covered with grass. Left centre, not grave-stones, but concrete barricades against tanks. Right centre, huge sound detector, to warn of approaching enemy air-craft. Bottom, anti-aircraft gun occupying a strategic point in the wall.



A family of German refugees cross the border into Buckow, Germany, after a hurried flight from Poland to reach their homeland before war broke out in Europe. The guard lets them through the toll gate at the frontier. Hundreds of others did likewise.



Empty frames on the floor of London's National Gallery testify to England's air raids. The frames contained priceless master-pieces, removed to basement for safekeeping.



100000 MORE  
BLANKETS  
NEEDED FOR CHINA'S  
WAR VICTIMS!

Mrs. Hal Kemp, former Martha Stephenson, and little Ju-Ju Waung recall their war in China and that refugees need blankets. They're shown at New York office of Medical Aid to China bureau.



The Marquess of Lothian, newly appointed British Ambassador to United States, succeeding Sir Ronald Lindsay, shown on his arrival in New York aboard the Aquitania.



With others who hurried back to America from Europe aboard the French liner Champlain was Madeline Carroll, movie star, arriving in New York. She turned over French chateau to Sisters of Poor.



When the Germans were driving toward Warsaw, the Polish government moved to Lublin, 100 miles south-east. Above is Cracow Gate in Lublin. Foreign legations and embassies followed the government.

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### Heart Trouble Caused by High Blood Pressure

If you have pains around the heart, palpitation, dizziness, headache at top and back of head and above eyes, shortness of breath, feel nervous, or suffer from poor sleep, loss of memory and energy, indigestion, worry and fear, your trouble is probably caused by High Blood Pressure. This is a mysterious disease that causes more deaths than cancer, because the symptoms are so common and usually mistaken for some simple ailment. If you suffer from any of these symptoms, your life may be endangered by heart trouble or a paralytic stroke, and you should start treatment at once. The very first dose of Elyon, a new medical discovery, reduces High Blood Pressure and makes you feel years younger in a few days. Get Elyon from your chemist today. It is guaranteed to make you feel well and strong or money back on return of empty package.

### SESSIONS CALENDAR

#### Two Murder Cases to Come Up Next Week

The following are the cases to be tried at the Criminal Sessions commencing on October 18:

Pang Yiu-wai, woman, charged with the murder of Wan Hang-chung, concluding.

Man Shiu, charged with the murder of Chan Shik-lun at Stanley Prison.

Sham Yan-cheung and Chan Yuen, possession of plates for making Bank of China banknotes.

Wah Tung-lun, assault with intent to cause grievous bodily harm.

Kwok Hung, armed highway robbery; Tang Ping and Wong Tim, possession of dangerous drugs; Lam Yau, robbery by two or more; Shum Kwong-chung and Yeung Tin-chung, bribery; The Chuen-lam, wounding with intent; Leung Wah-shum, possession of coinage tools and counterfeit coins; Shek Tsoi and Chan Sap, breach of the Deportation Ordinance.

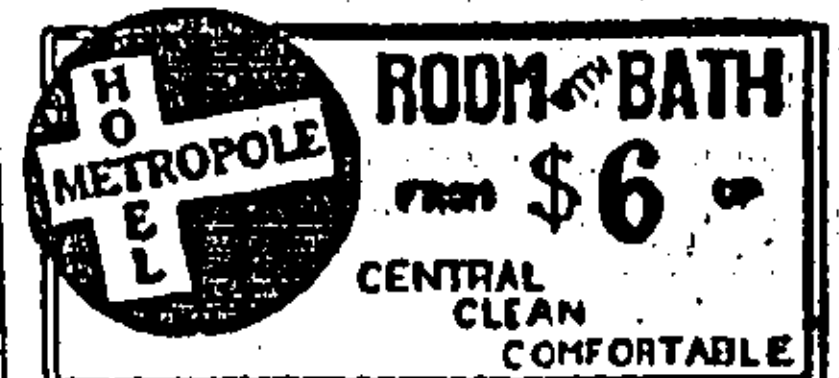
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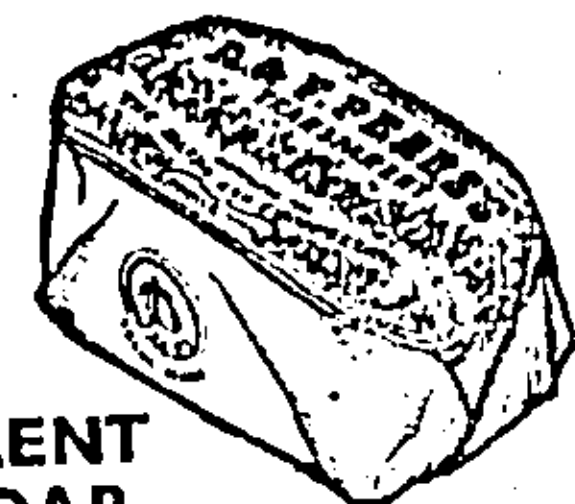
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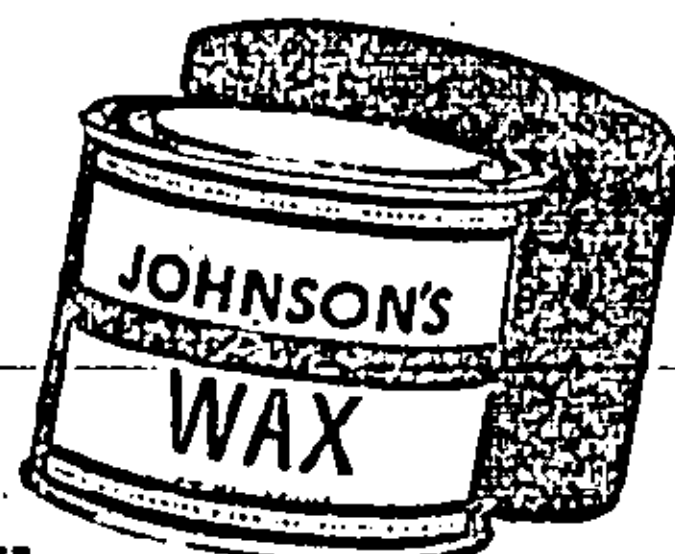


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# RECIPE FOR A NEW SUIT

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1. The feather on the hat, a bold, upsweeping quill, is royal blue. It contrasts brightly with—
2. The caramel brown felt hat. Notice how it comes well down on the head at the back, sweeps up, following the same line as the feather in front.
3. A small, flat beaver collar goes over the square-cut collar of—
4. The suit, which is made in caramel brown wool. This is one of the newest and most attractive colours—good for in or out of town. The jacket of the suit is wrist length (very new) double-breasted (also new), studded with ten wooden buttons. Sleeves are long and plain, but shoulders are slightly squared, just enough to look solid.
5. Don't miss the two slanting hip pockets, edged with beaver to match the collar.
6. Back of the jacket is slightly flared, just hinting at the bustle silhouette.
7. Skirt is easily full, and cut with the newest sort of fullness—unpressed seams flaring slightly towards the hem. But notes—
8. The skirt is still short, round 16in. off the ground.
9. Shoes in matching brown calf are smart but comfortably cut, stub-toed, fairly low heels, high over the instep.
10. Bag in caramel brown calf matches hat, suit and shoes—leaving the note of colour contrast to be loudly struck by royal blue feather—
11. Royal blue suede gloves, plain short gauntlets, and—
12. Royal blue blouse with high collarless neck, curved waist gathering up fullness over the bust (detailed in small sketch on the right).



### SHORT CUTS

Paper towels are useful in drying fish before baking or boiling and also for draining excess grease from doughnuts, fritters, croquettes and bacon.

A teaspoonful of Epsom salts added for each gallon of water used in washing coloured fabrics prevents fading and keeps colours from running.

To remove fat from soup, try straining it through a cloth wrung from cold water, but be sure to heat it again for serving.



Collarless neckline, diminutive waistline, and a flaring skirt are features of this coat of baum marten dyed shunk. Note, too, the raised and rounded shoulder line, and two-direction working of the fur in bodice and skirt.

Lines about their eyes, and whose eyelids are creased and wrinkled, will do well to obtain some special eye-drops and an anti-wrinkle oil which are conveniently boxed together.

Apply a little of the beauty oil to the skin around the eyes and a little more to the palms of the hands.

Close the eyes and embrace the eye and forehead area with the palms. Then using a smoothing upward and outward movement, press the palms slightly while stroking. Repeat twenty times each day until the eyes are again normal.

Ann Thorogood



Tepid water, a stiff brush and plenty of mild soapsuds—this is the recipe for dainty and comfortable feet. This school miss is giving her feet a beauty bath preparatory to a pedicure, so that she can show her toes in cut-out dancing sandals.

## Daily Routine Suggested For Keeping Feet Lovely

By JACQUELINE HUNT

FEET that dance merrily half the night, then trudge dutifully to classes and, perhaps, before the day is done, sprint heftily down the hockey field, need a lot of care. Often this is a phase of beauty and grooming that is neglected by the schoolgirl, for young feet are generally healthy feet and not subject to aches and pains.

Yet, according to a famous orthopedic surgeon, it is in the late teens that most foot troubles begin. It is at this age that many girls begin to wear high-heeled shoes that do damage to the delicately poised bones of the ankles and arches.

Schoolgirls of to-day tend to be more sensible about such matters than they were in my day, but even so, a little more thought given to the care of the feet now will make for better foot health in days to come—and for better grooming right now.

### Make a Schedule

Foot care doesn't take a lot of time but, when you plan your beauty schedule, see that some time is allotted specifically to your feet. Your schedule might read something like this:

Monday—Facial, beauty bath, inspect toenails.

Tuesday—Shape eyebrows, 15-minute eye treatment.

Wednesday—Manicure and pedicure.

Thursday—Shampoo and waveset.

Friday—Change nail polish, use depilatory on arms and legs, foot exercises.

The attention you give your feet daily will take but a few minutes. You automatically get your foot bath when you are having your daily tubbing. Use a bath brush and work up a stiff lather. Scrub this between the toes, over the ankles, heels and soles to insure thorough cleansing. This scrubbing improves the tone of the skin and removes callouses. Rinse of course. Then hold the feet under a cold stream of water from the tap to help firm and toughen them.

### Exercises for Feet

After your bath, give your feet a bit of exercise. Walk about barefoot, on tiptoe. Stretch as tall as you can, raising the heels higher and higher, so that the muscles of the ankles and arch are stretched.

Then sit on a chair, lift the feet off the floor and rotate them from the ankles, first to the right, then to the left. While you're at it, take a peek at your heels. If they're rough, work some softening cream into them.

When you've had an unusually active day and your feet ache, resist the temptation to pop them into a basin of hot water—at least, if you expect to put on your shoes again.

Use tepid water. Into it, dump a handful of table salt or baking soda or Epsom salts. Let the feet soak in this for ten or fifteen minutes. Dry carefully, and pat with eau de Cologne.



A collar so big that it makes a fur-top coat is one of the luxury features of the season. This one adopts baum marten for a wide waist-length shawl collar. In back it dips in a U-shape with skins following the curves. Note how the big smooth collar complements a slim, flared coat.

## Autumn Complexions

WHEN the holidays become only a memory, every woman will naturally be anxious to repair any damage wrought to her complexion by sun and wind, and so prepare it for the coming months.

Autumn make-up must be toned down a little as dark colours like browns, reds and fawns lend a certain amount of colour to the skin. Women who favour "reddy" tints should choose a peachy pink powder and a rouge that has not too much yellow in it.

Apply it sparingly and shade off to give a natural effect. Remember to use the rouge to the best advantage so that it enhances the best points of the features, but obscures those which are not quite so good.

Face and lip rouge should match, but before applying the latter moisten the lips with a little cream to help keep them smooth, for it produces a better result with lipstick.

For those who wish to retain a becoming tan for as long as possible, avoid the use of any cream containing lemon, peroxide or cucumber, and use instead a bronze foundation cream. As the tan fades, change the deep bronze powder for a Gitanes shade, worn best under an overdusting of ocre rose or tan.

### Shades of Powder

If black or white is worn for the evening, choose a lighter shade of powder. A blonde's skin takes on a lovely pearly appearance at night by the addition of a pale green powder. For those who are dark, but inclined to paleness, choose a pale mauve powder and a bright lip rouge that has just a trace of orange in it, but avoid cheek rouge.

A scarlet V on the chest is best treated by heating up the white of two eggs with the juice of half a lemon spread over the affected part. Leave for half an hour, then wash off and make up the neck and chest with a pale green foundation cream.

If the skin has become very sun-dried it is best not to wash the face

## Cooking Hints

WHEN frying eggs, place the pastry cutters in the frying-pan and break an egg into each, for this method enables the eggs to keep a good shape.

If a cake sticks to the bottom of a tin, wipe the hot surface with a wet cloth, so that as the tin contracts the cake will come away quite easily.

Instead of using an egg when glazing pastry, put a tablespoonful of brown sugar and two tablespoonfuls of milk in a saucepan and bring to the boil. Allow to cool before lightly brushing over the pastry previous to cooking.

Lettuce will keep fresh and crisp for days if loosely wrapped in greaseproof paper and stored in a receptacle having a tight-fitting lid.

To improve the flavour of rhubarb, cut it into pieces the day before it is required and cover with sugar. Leave it standing overnight without adding any water, and cook it carefully in its own juice.

As an alternative to serving apple sauce with roast pork, make the sauce with oranges in the same way as apples. Serve hot and you will be delighted at the delicious flavour.

Onions will retain their freshness for a time if singed at the roots, as this prevents them sprouting.

If biscuits have become soft, brush them over with milk and bake for a few moments in a hot oven, after which they will again be crisp.

An excellent flavouring can be made by grating lemon peel very finely, and mixing it with an equal amount of caster sugar, and storing in an air-tight tin.

Never put pepper into anything to be fried. It causes rissoles and fritters to break and spoils the coating of fried fish.

G. G. T.



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## Internee Marries

THE wedding took place at the Registry yesterday before Mr. T. S. Whyte-Smith, between Otto Hans Ahrens, journalist, and Elsie Rudek (nee Kreutzberger), milliner of Kimberley Road, Kowloon. The bridegroom is an internee at La Salle College, and was released for the ceremony, on the application of his bride. The witnesses were Mme. Sophie Costides and Mr. J. W. Eastman. Other weddings that took place before Mr. Whyte-Smith at the Registry yesterday were: Mr. Man Sang, merchant, to Miss Lee Kwan-ku, of Un Long, the witnesses being Messrs. Man Wah and Lee Nin-fong; Mr. Tong Ping-fong, assistant editor of the Tsun Wan Yat Po, to Miss Ma Chiu-wai, of Leohart Road, the witnesses being Mrs. Tong Leung-shi and Mr. Ma Hing-chai; Mr. Lai Sae-fai, merchant, to Miss Tee Wan-sin, of Wa Lane, the witnesses being Messrs. Tee Wing-shut and Kwan Ho.

**Wed In Singapore**  
Lieutenant Robert Evelyn Boddington, of the Royal Navy, and son of Mr. and Mrs. F. Boddington of Hinton, Peterchurch, Herefordshire was married at St. Andrew's Cathedral, Singapore, on October 2, to Miss Heather Elizabeth Hance, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Hance, of Hongkong.

The Rev. N. Williams, of H.M.S. Medway, took the service. Given away by Lieut. Commander Hubert Marsham, of the Royal Navy, the bride, who was dressed in a gown of white French crepe, wore a sapphire and diamond pendant, a gift from the bridegroom.

She had on a tulle veil, with a garland of flowers in her hair, and carried a bouquet of lilies and carnations. Miss Stella Strachen-Smith, the bridesmaid, wore a dress of blue georgette, and carried a bouquet of hydrangeas and daisies. Best man was Lieut. R. A. St. Clair Sprout Bolton, R.N. The reception was held at the Airport Hotel, and the honeymoon is to be spent at the Sea View Hotel. The bride's going away ensemble consisted of a white pigskin suit, with turban, and an organdie blouse and accessories.

## LATE NEWS

## Britain And Soviet RELATIONS REVIEWED

London, Oct. 11. In the House of Commons to-day, Mr. Ellis-Smith (Lab.-Stoke), asked the Prime Minister if he had considered the need to publish a Blue Book containing documents, etc., concerning the relations of Great Britain with the U.S.S.R. during the period August, 1939, to October, 1939.

Mr. Butler, Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs, replying, said that Lord Halifax, Foreign Secretary, had given careful consideration to this question. He was not prepared to authorize publication of these documents at present.

Mr. Butler added that it should be remembered that in the exchanges of views which took place between the British Government and the U.S.S.R. they took into consideration the position of several other governments.

Replying to Mr. Mander (Lab.-Wolverhampton), who wanted to know what action the Government proposed to take with reference to the proposal put forward by the Soviet Government for resumption of trade negotiations with Britain, Mr. Butler said that the question of adapting Anglo-Soviet trade relations to conditions of the present war was under consideration. Some preliminary difficulties were under discussion with the Soviet Government.

## Not War-Time Budget

Last night a Treasury official stated that the budget to be presented to-day was drawn up before the outbreak of war and estimates of both income and expenditure will require

## British War Funds

A circular, appealing for support for the Hongkong Branch of the British War Organisation Fund has been issued by Sir Atholl MacGregor, Chairman of the Business Committee. Sir Atholl says the Fund will be the only one in Hongkong for public subscription from which, it is hoped, not only comforts and medical necessities will be provided for our troops in the field and for the wounded, but also to make money grants to approved funds and societies in England.

Great sacrifices, Sir Atholl points out, are being made and will continue to be made at home and in all other parts of the Empire. The benefits that Hongkong receives are inestimable, and the Committee feels confident that every action of the Colony will recognise this by a generous response to this appeal.

Cheques for donations will be received by the Treasurer, Mr. F. D. Winter, of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, and payment will be made direct to the Fund at the offices of the Bank, but in case it is found more convenient to make monthly donations to the fund there is enclosed with the circular a form of banker's order to be filled in with an envelope addressed to the Treasurer.

Sir Atholl suggests that in the event of junior employees wishing to help the cause by making a small monthly cash payment, a senior or responsible officer be appointed to undertake the task of collecting these sums each month and to send to the Treasurer a cheque for the aggregate amount, together with a list of the individual donors and the amount of each donation.

reconsideration in the light of the present situation. The budget figures as presented to-day, therefore, should not be taken as a final indication of Government's intentions.

## ORIENTAL THEATRE

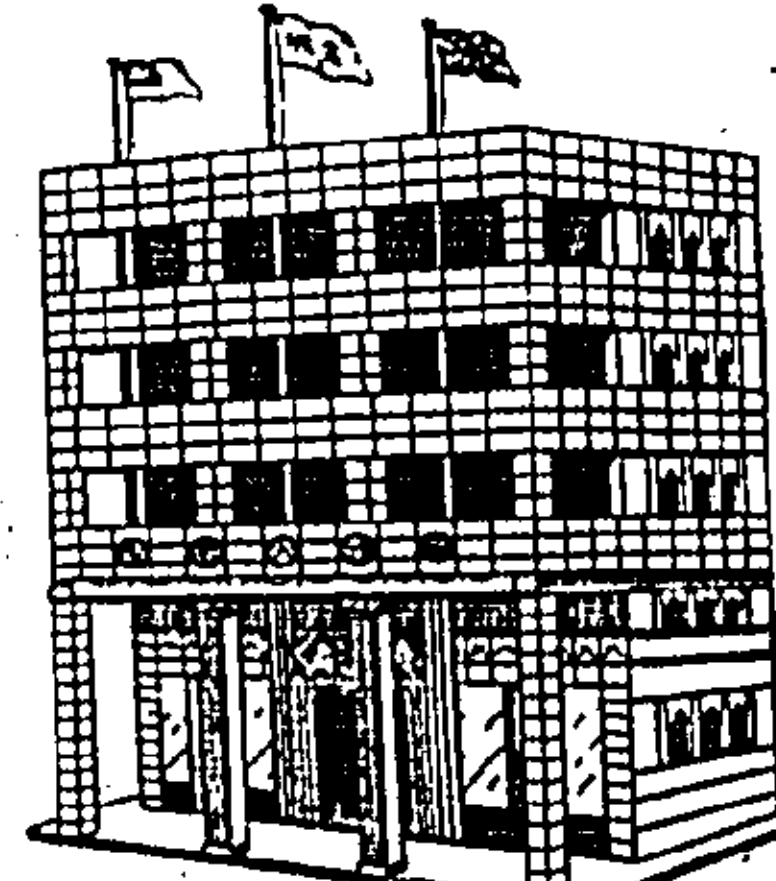
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ARMS BAN MAY GO  
Impression of Visitor  
From America

Capt. Pat Nolan yesterday brought Pan American Airways' China Clipper to Hongkong on its 133rd trip. The plane arrived at 1.30 p.m., an hour before schedule. She did not call at Macao.

There were five passengers for Hongkong. From San Francisco came Mr. Edwin Wykes, business executive of Cawnpore, India, who left England for the United States before the outbreak of war.

In the United States, he said, public sympathy was all for the Allies. He had not the slightest doubt that the arms embargo would be lifted.

Also from San Francisco was Mr. Ko Fook-sing, Hongkong merchant, returning after a tour of the United States and a visit to the World Fair.

Passengers from Manila—Mr. Carlo Andreoli, of Shanghai, Far Eastern representative for the Fiat Motor Company, returning to Shanghai after a business tour of the Philippines; Mr. James M. Ross, Manila attorney, on a business trip to the Colony; and Mr. Chan Sing, Baguio, cashier operator of the Balatoc Mining Company. Mr. Chan Sing will return to Manila by Clipper with his family.

## PEIPING INCIDENT

American Marine Arrested After Shooting Guard

Tientsin, Oct. 11. Colonel William G. Hawthorne, commander of a detachment of United States Marines, reveals that one of the Marines in Peiping who was accompanying goods in transit to the Tientsin barriers shot a railway guard of undetermined nationality in the thigh, following an argument.

The Marine proceeded to the barracks after the shooting, while the other remained guarding the goods until the Japanese controlled Chinese police arrested him. It is stated that negotiations are going on at present for his release, which is expected to-night. —United Press.

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**WHITEAWAY'S**

# Finland Prepares For Emergency As— RED TROOPS MOVE UP TO FRONTIER

## 100 BOMBS DROPPED IN ATTACK ON FLEET

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—An Admiralty communique says that a further account of the German air attack upon a cruiser squadron confirms that no ship was hit and no casualties were sustained.

The enemy attack continued for over five hours and over 100 bombs were dropped.

One salvo fell near enough to throw a few splinters onto a cruiser, but the others were wide, sometimes as much as a mile.

## U-Boat Menace Crushed: No Further Sinkings

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—In a fortnight Britain has taken 13,615 tons of enemy shipping and has lost by U-boat action 5,809 tons, leaving a balance in our favour of 7,806 tons.

Giving this information during question time in the House of Commons to-day, Mr. Winston Churchill declared that there had been no further losses since October 9.

## WESTERN FRONT RAIDS IN NO-MAN'S LAND Germans Attempt To Gather Information

PARIS, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—A communique says that activity by enemy patrols continues, and grows stronger between the Moselle and the Saar.

There was artillery action on both sides in the same region.

The German High Command seems determined to obtain information of the French strategic positions and strength along the Rhine-Moselle front.

No big attack with masses of infantry has been launched, but persistent raids of small patrols are attempting to gather information and to take prisoners from whom the facts of the situation might be gathered.

Machine-gun and light gun fire have been up all the morning.

**Maginot Line Photos**

German reconnaissance planes have been busy, mostly taking oblique photographs of French defences from behind the German lines.

To-day, taking advantage of the bad weather, a few vertical photographs of the French lines were obtained.

Semi-official circles say that the reasons for the German activities are German determination to retake lost territory, and fear of a rise in the Rhine waters flooding the German advanced positions.

**French Superiority**

PARIS, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—M. Guy Lachambre, the Air Minister, declared to-day that French pursuit planes have proved superior to German fighters in all air battles.

French reconnaissance pilots have flown day and night, often several hundred miles, into Germany.

## BRITAIN'S REPLY TO NAZI PEACE PROPOSAL

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—Full approval by France and the Dominions has now been given to the terms of Mr. Chamberlain's reply to Hitler's peace proposals, which he will make to-morrow.

It is understood that the Prime Minister will use some very plain language with regard to the proposals, and it is felt that the statement will commend itself generally to the House of Commons.

He added that in the past 16 days, 50,000 tons of new merchant shipping prepared for such an emergency have come into the water, and therefore the country was 58,000 tons better off than when Mr. Churchill made his last statement.

**Exciting Voyage**

NEW YORK, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—How two German U-boats were sunk by British "destroyers" was described by members of the crew of the British freighter, Newton Pine, 4,312 tons, of the Tyndale Line, which arrived in America to-day.

One of the seamen said the steamer left England after war was declared, and for the first four days of the voyage they were conveyed by destroyers. Three German submarines tried to attack the convoy, and from the decks of the Newton Pine they saw two U-boats sunk.

One was only 100 yards from their port rail and after the destroyers had dropped their depth charges a great roar of oil and wreckage shot above the surface.

They also saw a British steamer sunk by a torpedo.

The British ship was steaming up to join the convoy when the torpedo hit her. There was a big explosion and the ship literally vanished.

**Refuelling U-Boats**

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The rumour that the Dominican Government was using mother ships to refuel German submarines operating in the Caribbean Sea was denied by Mr. Geoffrey Shakespeare in the House of Commons to-day.

He said he was satisfied that the Dominican Government were fulfilling their obligations as usual.

**French Seizures**

PARIS, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—It was announced officially to-night that the French Navy has seized a total of 150,000 tons of goods destined for Germany since the war began.

Among the total were 40,000 tons for foodstuffs, and 30,000 tons of liquid fuels.

Large consignments of minerals indispensable to war manufactures have also been seized.

## SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH" HELSINGFORS, OCT. 11 (UP).—EVENTS ARE MOVING RAPIDLY ON THE RUSSO-FIN- LAND FRONTIER.

The division of Red troops which was previously 18 miles from the frontier has now been massed directly on the border in the vicinity of Beloostrov, according to M. Gryzbowsky, the former Polish Ambassador, who arrived here to-day accompanied by his Embassy staff of 112 persons.

In addition to the troops, the Red Army has moved up a considerable number of tanks and heavy artillery units.

Meanwhile, Finland's army of 255,000 men has been moved up to strategic points.

Mobilisation orders have been issued, calling up an additional force of 120,000 men.

Foreign diplomatic circles are pessimistic regarding the future, and believe that Finland's chances of successfully resisting the Soviet demands are slim.

Nevertheless, the Finnish people appear determined not to capitulate, as did Lithuania, Estonia and Latvia.

Any attack on Finland, they pointed out, would be an attack on the Scandinavian bloc.

## RED ARMY IN ESTONIA Designated Areas To Be Occupied

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"  
HELSINGFORS, Oct. 11 (UP).—A report from Tallinn says that the Russian Army will enter Estonia on October 18th.

**Cabinet Resignation**

BERLIN, Oct. 11 (UP).—The Estonian Legation here to-day announced the resignation of the Estonian Cabinet under Prime Minister Karel Eenpalu.

The announcement said a new Cabinet has been formed with Professor Juri Uluots as Premier and Professor Ants Piip as Foreign Minister.

**Estonian Version**

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"  
TALLINN, Oct. 11 (UP).—There are persistent rumours here that the Estonian President, Dr. Konstantin Päts, intends to resign.

However, there is a strong sentiment against such a move in the new Parliament.

Four Soviet warships have arrived on a State visit.

**Turkey's Pact**

ANKARA, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The Turkish Premier, Mr. Sydam, to-day lengthily explained the Russo-Turkish negotiations to the parliamentary group of the Republican Peoples' Party, which approved the Government's viewpoint, says an official communique.

Political circles believe that both the new Russo-Turkish pact and the pact of mutual assistance with Britain and France will be signed shortly.

## Britons Held In Germany. Consular Officials Thrown Into Gaol

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"  
LONDON, Oct. 11 (UP).—In the House of Commons to-day Mr. R. A. Butler, Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs, announced that eleven members of the British Consular Service and five members of the Consular staff are at present in Germany.

Three of the number have been in prison pending the release from custody of certain Germans in England. However, they were now allowed to stay in an hotel.

Mr. Butler added that it is hoped to complete arrangements for the exchange of British and German consular officials shortly.

**Delegation in Moscow**

MOSCOW, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The Finnish delegation which arrived in Moscow to-day was met by Soviet officials, the Finnish Minister in Moscow and the Ministers of the Scandinavian states.

**Finland May Make Concessions**

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—According to the Rome radio, the Finnish Government has declared its willingness to make concessions to Russia, provided that Finland in return receives a general medical overhaul.

No serious concern is felt for his health.

## Income Tax For Colony

Governor Announces  
Introduction

THE HONGKONG GOVERNMENT HAS DECIDED TO INSTITUTE INCOME TAX IN HONGKONG.

This notification was made in Legislative Council this afternoon by His Excellency the Governor.

Steps are being taken at once to draft the necessary legislation and to bring into being the necessary machinery.

It is expected that the machinery will be put into effect within six months.

No details are yet available regarding the scope or extent of the proposed tax, but it is not intended at the initial stage to prescribe very high rates of tax.

A hint is given by His Excellency that if Income Taxation is insufficient to meet calls upon the Colony's Treasury, an Excess Profits Tax may be imposed.

**Defence Budget**

A defence budget, in addition to the ordinary Budget published yesterday, is to be introduced.

The Colony is to contribute materially towards the prosecution of the war against Germany.

The contribution may take one of two forms, either by meeting from their own pockets such additional local expenditure as the situation may demand for volunteer naval, military and air defences and other war services, or free gifts in cash or in kind.

His Majesty's Government has decided to introduce the Income Tax in the Colony.

His Excellency's Address to the Legislative Council was as follows:

## Daring 2 a.m. Robbery In Yaumati

Ricksha Coolie Leads  
Victim Into Trap

ALLEGED complicity between robbers and a ricksha coolie is said to have been responsible for a highway robbery which occurred in Canton Road, Yaumati, early this morning.

The victim of the affair, Kong Yankwong, 35, a broker residing at 69 Austin Road, returned to Kowloon by the Jordan Road ferry at 2 a.m. and engaged a ricksha, telling the man to pull him home along Woon-sung Street.

**Wounded With Dagger**

The coolie, however, turned into Canton Road, and by a vacant piece of ground, two men, armed with daggers, suddenly appeared from behind rocks. They ordered the coolie to stop, and while one robber held the man, the other attempted to search him.

Kong resisted, and his captor struck him in the left arm with a dagger. He then submitted, and the robbers took \$100 in banknotes, \$1 in subsidiary coins, a gold finger ring valued at \$30, a gold watch and chain valued at \$132, a fountain pen and a propelling pencil before escaping.

**Appeal To America**

BERLIN, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—According to the official news agency, the Finnish Foreign Minister, M. Erko, is to broadcast an appeal to the United States to-morrow.

Meanwhile the voluntary evacuation of Helsinki is continuing with long queues outside the stations and banks.

Air raid precautions are being accelerated.

**U.S. Workers Ban  
German Goods**

NEW YORK, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The American Federation of Labour has passed a resolution unanimously confirming the trade union boycott of German goods.

The Federation has extended the boycott to Russian goods and to all other countries who might join the belligerents against countries with a parliamentary government.

## Lord Tweedsmuir For New York

QUEBEC, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—Lord Tweedsmuir, Governor-General of Canada, is going to New York next week for a general medical overhaul. No serious concern is felt for his health.

## BRITAIN'S ARMY OF MILLION MEN

War Minister's Statement To  
Commons Shows Preparedness

LONDON, OCT. 11 (REUTER).—CONTINUING HIS STATEMENT (THE FIRST PART OF WHICH IS REPORTED ON PAGE 9) IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS, MR. LESLIE HORE-BELISHA, THE WAR MINISTER, MADE A COMPARISON WITH 1914.

"Now", he said, "only 28 per cent. of the fighting troops are infantry men. They are armed with 50 Bren guns, 16 anti-tank rifles, and other weapons as well, per battalion. Nearly 60 per cent. of the fighting troops in 1914 were infantrymen."

"It will be seen by this one example how much more effectively armed with fire power is the present Expeditionary Force."

"There, however, is one respect in which our Army has not altered; its relation with our Allies, who have welcomed our men so generously."

Commenting on what he saw in a recent G.H.Q. visit, the War Minister said, "I would like their parents and wives to know that the men are in fine spirits. The only serious shortcomings at the moment appear to be inadequate cigarettes and the slowness in delivery of letters."

"At this moment they are busily engaged in fortifying their positions in the line. Civilian skill and machinery are augmenting military resources."

"We are determined to perfect the existing defences and to supplement them speedily by every means."

"To all who have co-operated in this military movement, of this country and France, the gratitude of the nation is due. Especially, however, should the achievement be recorded as evidence that the maritime might of Britain is unimpaired."

**Protecting Wings**

"The Navy has not lost its secret and the Air Force has held its protective wings over another element of danger."

Continuing his statement, Mr. Hore-Belisha said:

"It is not only to France that British soldiers have been transported. The Middle East has been strengthened and also our positions elsewhere, both in material and men."

"One part of our Army, however, remains stationary in this country. 'Anti-aircraft' units have been on guard since this war began. Their vigilance is not forgotten, underestimated or unrecogised."

**Better Than 1914**

"We, at the outset of hostilities, were better situated than we were in 1914."

Recalling the peace-time military training system and doubling of the Territorials, Mr. Hore-Belisha said:

"Altogether, we had at the disposal of the Army in this country alone, including reservists and militia, the best part of a million men on whom we could call."

"Never has the total of our armed forces in the United Kingdom approached anywhere near such a total in time of peace."

"The growth had been rapid and had placed a great burden on the organisation of the Regular Army."

Recalling the growth of the Army, Mr. Hore-Belisha said that in April, the plan for 10 divisions became a plan for 32. "This is not to be the limit of our effort," he said.

**Calls On Man-Power**

"Great calls will be made upon our man-power."

**PLEASE Turn To Page 2.**

## BARTER PACT BETWEEN BRITAIN AND SOVIET

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—It is officially stated that an agreement was concluded to-day between the Ministry of Supply and the Soviet trade delegation for the exchange of Russian timber for certain quantities of rubber and tin.

The agreement is described as a commercial transaction, and has no political significance.

It is pointed out that these commodities are normally part of Anglo-Russian trade dealings. The announcement mentions the impediment to shipping in Russian ports after the ice sets in, and states that the difficulties caused by the withholding of export licences had had the effect of holding up a number of cargoes of wood.

The object of the negotiations was to secure the release of goods needed by Russia, and vice versa. The tin involved has, to a large extent, been paid for through instalments in a long running commercial contract. The quantities are not regarded as being exceptional. All prices of wood, tin and rubber have been fixed. The goods exchanged will be absolutely equal and the amount depends on what can be physically moved from the northern ports before the ice season. It is anticipated that this may be only the first of a series of negotiations with Russia.

## LONE WOLF HUNTED

British Navy Chases The  
Admiral Scheer

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—Although great secrecy surrounds the plans of the Admiralty to capture the German raider in the South Atlantic, it was learned in London to-night that British cruisers are now searching for the ship.

The only known victim of the raider, which is believed to be the pocket battleship Admiral Scheer, has been the British freighter Clement, which was shelled and sunk at the beginning of October.

This belief is founded on evidence provided by the Clement's survivors but since then nothing has been heard of her.

Fully aware of the danger of using her wireless, which might easily reveal her position to the hunting cruisers, the lone raider apparently is not attempting to communicate with the German Admiralty.

It is revealed that the Admiral Scheer carries enough fuel to give her a range of 10,000 miles, and if she has no opportunity of refuelling, she may be forced to strike again soon, or to make a dash for home.

Her chances of escape then are considered to be very small.

## LATEST

See Back Page For  
Further Late News



## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

C.  R.

**PARTICULARS & CONDITIONS** of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on Monday, the 16th day of October, 1939, at 3 p.m., at the Office of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor of one Lot of Crown Land at Mong Nei Chung, in the Colony of Hong Kong, for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the KING, for one further term of 75 years.

Intending bidders are advised that immediately after the disposal of the lot the Purchaser (if not the applicant) will be required to deposit with an authorised officer who will be present at the sale, the sum of two hundred dollars, (\$200) in cash. This sum will be refunded on payment of the Purchase price.

## PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Sale	Locality	Boundary Measurements	Contents in sq. feet	Annual Rental	Upset Price
1	Inland Lot No. 5533, North of Inland Lot No. 5527, Block P, Road, Mong Nei Chung.	N. 100 ft. E. 100 ft. S. 100 ft. W. 100 ft.	40,000	\$84	\$23,000
As per sale plan.					

C.  R.

**PARTICULARS & CONDITIONS** of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on Monday, the 16th day of October, 1939, at 3 p.m., at the Office of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor of one Lot of Crown Land at Mong Kok, in the Colony of Hong Kong, for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyors of His Majesty the KING, for one further term of 75 years.

Intending bidders are advised that immediately after the disposal of the lot the Purchaser (if not the applicant) will be required to deposit with an authorised officer who will be present at the sale, the sum of two hundred dollars, (\$200) in cash. This sum will be refunded on payment of the Purchase price.

## PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Sale	Locality	Boundary Measurements	Contents in sq. feet	Annual Rental	Upset Price
2	Inland Lot No. 4181, Junction of Road, Mong Kok.	N. 100 ft. E. 100 ft. S. 100 ft. W. 100 ft.	40,000	\$84	\$23,000
As per sale plan.					

## ULSTER'S WAR CONTRIBUTION

**SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"**  
BELFAST, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The Ulster Emergency Budget brings taxation into line with Britain, and provides for a contribution of £2,000,000 to the United Kingdom Exchequer during the first year of the war.

## CABINET CRISIS IN JAPAN

TOKYO, Oct. 12 (Reuter).—A Cabinet crisis threatens in connection with the Trade Ministry issue, following the tendering by 100 members of their resignations to the Vice Minister of Foreign Affairs, yesterday evening.

## Holland Not To Protest To Reich

THE HAGUE, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—Well-informed circles do not expect Holland to join in the protest to Berlin which the northern countries are reported to be contemplating owing to the torpedoing of neutral ships, since no Dutch ship has yet been sunk.

G.  R.

**PARTICULARS & CONDITIONS** of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on Monday, the 16th day of October, 1939, at 3 p.m., at the Office of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor of one Lot of Crown Land at Mong Kok, in the Colony of Hong Kong, for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the KING, for one further term of 75 years.

Intending bidders are advised that immediately after the disposal of the lot the Purchaser (if not the applicant) will be required to deposit with an authorised officer who will be present at the sale, the sum of two hundred dollars, (\$200) in cash. This sum will be refunded on payment of the Purchase price.

## PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Sale	Locality	Boundary Measurements	Contents in sq. feet	Annual Rental	Upset Price
3	Inland Lot No. 4180, Mong Kok Road.	N. 100 ft. E. 100 ft. S. 100 ft. W. 100 ft.	40,000	\$84	\$23,000
As per sale plan.					

## Exchange At A Glance

SELLING	BUYING
T.T. London 1/24 1/2	4 m/s L/C London 1/3 1/2
T.T. Shanghai 1/24 1/2	4 m/s D/P do. 1/3 1/2
T.T. Singapore 52 1/2	4 m/s L/C U.S.A. 25 1/2
T.T. Japan 105 1/2	4 m/s France 11 1/2
T.T. India 24 1/2	30 d/s India 4 1/2
T.T. U.S.A. 49 1/2	U.S. Cross rate in London 4.02
T.T. Manila 45 1/2	U.S. Cross rate in N.Y. 4.03 1/2
T.T. Batavia 45 1/2	
T.T. Bangkok 150 1/2	
T.T. Saigon 107 1/2	
T.T. Germany 10 1/2	
T.T. Switzerland 107 1/2	
T.T. Australia 1/6 1/2	

## Club Rugger

(Continued from Page 6.)

Judging from the splendid condition of the turf it will be a popular rugby field. Once water has been laid on to take out the "bone", the pitch should rank second to none.

The Police scored a well-merited victory in a very close game. Taylor, playing on the left wing outside to Wilson, gave the Force a three-point lead at half time. He failed to convert his own try from a position within his ability. Wilson broke through in the second half to add a further three points. Fay, who is making a name for himself in local cricket circles, made an abortive attempt to convert.

The Police forwards were ragged in comparison to the military eight and were guilty of hindering the passage of the ball after it had been hooked.

Police took advantage of the friendly game to test and experiment with their players after the interval. Taylor was tried at forward, a position in which he played until three years ago. His value to the Police as a bustling three will probably result in his being played among the backs once the season begins. Certainly his combination with Wilson in the first half was the most effective on the field. Mackenzie and Morrison, the right wing, were inclined to hesitate until too late before making for a gap. Wall was very steady at full-back.

The military XV had the better of things at forward, though out-weighted. Berry and Lt. Howitt did good work. Behind the scrum they lacked initiative but defended stoutly against superior weight.

**THE "TELEGRAPH"** will send a Staff Photographer to all events of public interest. Requests should be addressed to the Pictorial Editor.

## Typhoon Victim Arrives

## Norwegian Ship In Storm Drama

**EVIDENCE** of the ferocity of the typhoon which spared Hong-kong last week was brought to the Colony by a Norwegian motorship which now lies at Kowloon Wharves.

While the fate of a Greek vessel caught in the typhoon was causing anxiety the Norwegian ship was in similar difficulties.

For 36 hours she was trapped between a strong nor'easter and a violent typhoon from the southwest.

One wooden deck awning was carried clear away, one hatch was stove in, and the crew's quarters were flooded to a depth of four feet.

**Twisted Wreckage**  
As she lies at Kowloon Wharves splintered woodwork, twisted iron plates and stanchions, and shattered windows and portholes give mute testimony of the struggle she has weathered—a struggle that kept Captain John Holding on constant duty for 56 hours and interruptedly on his feet for 25 hours of that time.

At least three other vessels are known to have experienced the full force of the typhoon, a Greek freighter, a Japanese freighter bound for Hongkong, and an American minesweeper whose mine tracks were swept away.

The Norwegian vessel, a motorship of 4,955 gross tonnage for which Messrs. Gilman & Company are the Hongkong agents, piloted by Captain John Holding, of the De La Rama Company, Manila, between the East Coast of America and Manila, calling at Hongkong on voyages both to and from Manila.

**Danger From Islands**  
The ship was outward bound from Hongkong when her trouble began. On Saturday night and throughout Sunday she was threatened by northeasterly winds and the captain was faced with the problem of keeping off the small islands south of Formosa and steering clear of the centre of the approaching typhoon. By Sunday night the full fury of the disturbance was upon them. From midnight until Tuesday forenoon Captain Holding was on the bridge.

Fifty-foot waves smashed steadily over the ship from the starboard side. The crew worked feverishly lashing down lifeboats and other important equipment, but every small thing was smashed or torn away. Lifebelts about the decks were wrenched from their steel brackets and flung overboard, the brackets being twisted like pieces of straw. The deck work of the ship suffered, but the damage was most noticeable on the starboard side. The starboard passenger deck, wooden awning was ripped from its setting and rose high over the ship, crashed into the iron rails on the observation deck above the bridge, and disappeared into the sea on the port side. The port passenger deck awning was wrenched from the superstructure, but was not carried away.

**Wireless Room Flooded**  
The starboard bridge deck windows burst inward, once in the face of a lookout man, fortunately without inflicting more than a few slight cuts. One wireless aerial carried away and the bridge, swept through the broken windows and flooded the wireless room. On the deck below the passengers' cabins were also awash.

Monday started uncomfortably for the crew. Twice the steel door of the aft superstructure had been smashed and had twice been replaced. They were in bed at 2 a.m. on Monday with a foot of water beneath their bunks when the door burst in again and water came pouring into their quarters. Soon there was 4 feet of water in the cabins.

During the storm tarpaulins were swept off two hatches, laying a cargo of hemp, rice, and sugar open to damage. No. 5 hatch was stove in and barrels of oil piled below were broken and squashed like matchboxes; water and oil mixed and damaged the other cargo.

Every steel door on the after deck house was stove in and the room housing the steering gear was flooded, putting it out of use. The motors had to be turned off and four hours on Monday afternoon shifts of four men manned the hand steering gear, repeatedly swamped by great seas, to keep the ship head-on. By 8 a.m. repairs to the steering gear were effected.

**Put Back To Hongkong.**  
When the typhoon at last passed on it was decided to put about for Hongkong to determine the extent of the damage and as one oil fuel tank was known to be leaking, to effect necessary repairs. After her cargo

## MILLION MEN ARE READY TO FIGHT

(Continued from Page 1.)

"How do we intend to proceed? In the first place, we have a method of calling up classes. With each batch we are taking a quota of volunteers."

"Since the beginning of the war we have taken into or are in the process of taking into the Army nearly 60,000 volunteers."

"In September, it happened that we took in two as many volunteers as militiamen. Volunteers have been of all military ages and this should dispose of the supposition that we are confining entry into the Army to young men of the age groups."

"There is no dearth of ability in the ranks. The look-out for talent is continuous. In this Army the star is within every private soldier's reach. None, however, humble or exalted, his birth, need be afraid that his military virtues will remain unrecognized."

## More Women Enrolling

The War Minister then revealed that in the last six weeks he had taken 2,000 officers from the Reserves Register. He announced that women of the Auxiliary Territorial Service already 20,000 number and extend their invaluable service in the replacement of their brothers in arms. Mr. Hore-Bellisha outlined the two new openings for older men.

"We propose to form Home Defence battalions. Each one will be a battalion of its county regiment and will be composed of officers and other ranks not serving in the National Defence Corps; officers and other ranks found permanently or temporarily unfit for service overseas and officers and other ranks awaiting drafting and young soldiers not available by age for service in the theatre of operations."

"It will be possible for some of the older ex-officers and men to be absorbed by these battalions."

"We are also in the process of forming an auxiliary Military Pioneer Corps, to be organised in battalions which will take over military pioneer work both overseas and here. It is not to be composed of men of military age and all will be volunteers."

**Output Of Munitions**  
The War Minister paid tribute to the industries engaged in the output for munitions, adding "It is the output of the factories making foodstuffs and munitions for the field which is the ultimate measure of our effort."

The Army itself was training men as technicians and the Ministry of Labour had plans in mind for enabling some of his training establishments to assist in providing the Army requirements of skilled tradesmen.

## Twice In Generation

Concluding Mr. Hore-Bellisha said: "While the world was reading of German advance into Poland, British soldiers, resolved to rectify this wrong, were passing silently and in unceasing sequence across the Channel into France."

"How strange it is that, twice in a generation, men should take this journey and some should be treading again upon soil made sacred by their fathers. We may rest assured that they will acquire themselves with the same tenacity, courage and endurance, however great the ordeal, they will, as our soldiers did before, take our arms and our cause of freedom to victory."

## Under French Command

Replying to a brief debate, Mr. Hore-Bellisha said: "I have been asked if units of the command are secured. The answer is 'Yes, it is. The British Army is under French command.' (Cheers.)"

"The British Commander-in-Chief has the right of appeal to his own Cabinet which I deem it necessary to exercise because the understanding is so complete and whole-hearted in every particular. But unity of command is assured in that way and it is even possible that French troops may be under the British C-in-C."

Mr. Hore-Bellisha also announced that General J. C. Dill is commanding the First Corps, General Brook the Second Corps, while Viscount Gort's Chief of Staff is Major General Pownall.

In discharged she will go into dry-dock.

The crew's belongings suffered most. They are now piled on the deck aft, clothes and boots sodden with sea water lying amid a jumble of splintered woodwork and twisted iron. In the cabin below, ward-robbers have even been wrenched from the walls by the ship's contortions.

## Ten Passengers

The ship carried 10 passengers. Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Cullity and their son and daughter, Miss Angeline B. Folger, Mr. John A. Boyes, and Mrs. Blanche Knapper joined the ship at Manila, and Professor S. R. Chow, Professor T. S. Chien, and Mr. Liu Yu-wan sailed from Hongkong. Their next port was Los Angeles.

Mr. Boyes, of Messrs. Hansen, Orth, and Stevenson, Manila general merchants, who is bound for Montreal on leave, told a "Hongkong Telegraph" representative: "I have been in a number of typhoons, but never in one as violent as this. Its duration of 36 hours was exceptional."

"The captain and his crew showed splendid seamanship throughout and the stewards' department carried on only once we were served a cold instead of a hot meal. Some of the passengers were nervous, but it is a tribute to their courage that one of them could make a 'jest' about the whole thing. He said the cook has two kinds of pans in his galley—frying pans and flying pans."

## VILNA RETURNS TO LITHUANIA

## Guaranteed By New Military Alliance

MOSCOW, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The Soviet-Lithuanian treaty is described here as a "military alliance," and it is expected that Russia will fortify Lithuania's frontier with Germany. The treaty will last for 15 years.

Public demonstrations were arranged at Kaunas, the Lithuanian capital, to celebrate the return of Vilna, under the treaty, to Lithuania.

It was at Vilna that Lithuania proclaimed her republic in 1918, and it has always been considered the capital of the country.

## Demonstration Of Joy

KAUNAS, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—Demonstrating their joy at the return of Vilna, thousands of people gathered and cheered outside the Soviet Legation to-day.

It is reliably reported that garrisons of Soviet troops may be stationed for "mutual security" at various points in Lithuanian territory, but excluding Kaunas and other large industrial towns.

As soon as the Lithuanian Government moves to Vilna, the Soviet garrison there will be withdrawn.

## ULSTER FLOCKS TO COLOURS

BELFAST, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—Lord Craigavon, Prime Minister of Northern Ireland, declared to-day that the response of Ulstermen to the call for service was wholly satisfactory.

"I am proud," he said, "at what has been done and is being done to help the mother country."

Lord Craigavon added that he would make a weekly statement to Parliament, which would in future meet two days a week instead of three.

## British Legion's Big Effort

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The British Legion Fund collected last year amounted to the record total of £270,000. The grand total since the Fund was inaugurated in 1921 has now reached more than £7,500,000. All schemes previously adopted were devoted to the assistance of participants in the last war, but now it is announced that the schemes will be for those in any war, including the present.

## ALL MEMBERS OF HONGKONG DEFENCE FORCES

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MEMBERS OF HONGKONG POLICE FORCE HOSPITAL, A.R.P. WORKERS

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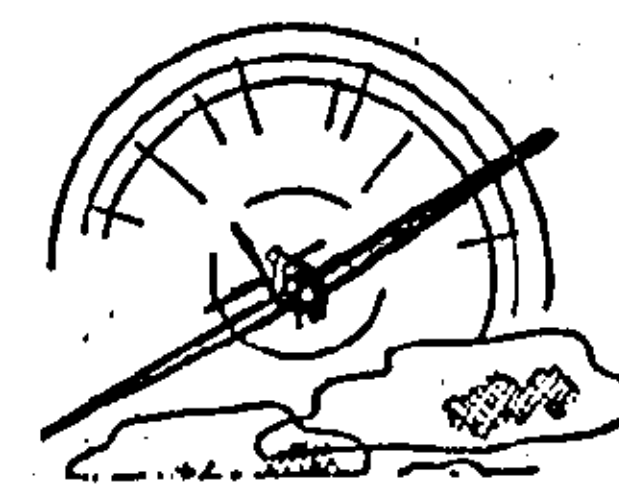
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## POST OFFICE

Owing to the uncertainty of Sea transport the public are requested to post Christmas Parcels early.

## OUTWARD MAIL TIMES

Registered and Parcel Mails are closed 15 minutes earlier than the time given below unless otherwise stated, and where mails are advertised to close at or before 9 a.m. registered and parcel mails are closed at 9 p.m. on the previous day. When mails are advertised to close after 9 a.m. registered and parcel mails are closed at 5 p.m.

## INWARD MAILS

Air Mail by "Imperial Airways Direct Service"—London date, 4th October. Oct. 12.  
Air Mail by "Air France Direct Service"—Paris date, 4th October. Oct. 12.

Amoy	Oct. 12
Haiphong	Oct. 12
Haiphong, Pakhoi, Hoihow and Fort Bayard	Oct. 12
Japan	Oct. 12
Japan and Shanghai	Oct. 12
Manila	Oct. 12
Manila	Oct. 12
Strait	Oct. 12
Canton	Oct. 13
Shanghai	Oct. 13
Shanghai	Oct. 13
Shanghai and Straits	Oct. 14
Japan	Oct. 14
Japan and Shanghai	Oct. 14
Straits and Manila	Oct. 14
Air Mail by "Imperial Airways Direct Service"—London date 10th October. Oct. 15.	

## OUTWARD MAILS

Thursday  
Air Mail for Indo-China, Iran, and France (Paris and Northern Provinces only) by the "Air France Airways Direct Service"—due Paris, 19th October. K.F.O.

Reg. .... Oct. 12, 5 p.m.  
Ord. .... Oct. 12, 5.30 p.m.  
G.P.O.

Reg. .... Oct. 12, 5 p.m.  
Ord. .... Oct. 12, 7 p.m.  
Haiphong ..... 1 p.m.  
Shanghai, Japan, Canada, U.S.A., Vancouver B.C. (Parcels only for Canada)—due Vancouver B.C. 30th October. G.P.O. & K.F.O.

Parcels ..... Oct. 12, 5 p.m.  
Reg. .... Oct. 13, 9.15 a.m.  
Ord. .... Oct. 13, 10 a.m.

Tourane ..... 8.30 a.m.  
Parcels only for Shanghai ..... 8.30 a.m.  
Shanghai ..... 3.30 p.m.  
Straits, Ceylon, India, East and South Africa, Aden, Egypt and Europe via Marseilles—due Marseilles 10th November. G.P.O. & K.F.O.

Parcels ..... Oct. 13, 5 p.m.  
Reg. .... Oct. 14, 9.45 a.m.  
Ord. .... Oct. 14, 10.30 a.m.  
Saturday

Amoy ..... 8.30 a.m.  
Saloon ..... 8.30 a.m.  
Shanghai ..... 10.30 a.m.  
Amoy and Shanghai ..... 2.30 p.m.  
Air Mail for "Imperial Airways Direct Service"—due London, 22th October. G.P.O. & K.F.O.

Reg. .... 5 p.m.  
Ord. .... 5.30 p.m.  
Straits and Calcutta ..... 5 p.m.  
Parcels ..... 5.30 p.m.  
Ord. .... Sunday

Saloon ..... 8.30 a.m.  
Sundakan ..... 9 a.m.  
Shanghai ..... 9 a.m.  
Monday

Haiphong ..... 1 p.m.  
Tuesday  
Shanghai and parcels only for Tientsin ..... 3.30 p.m.  
Air Mail for "Imperial Airways Direct Service"—due London, 25th October. G.P.O.

Reg. .... 5 p.m.  
Ord. .... 5.30 p.m.  
7 p.m.  
Air Mail for "Imperial Airways Direct Service"—due Sydney, 23rd Oct. G.P.O.

Reg. .... 5 p.m.  
Ord. .... 5.30 p.m.  
7 p.m.  
Japan ..... 7 p.m.

## RED TROOPS MOVE UP TO FRONTIER

PLEASE Turn To Page 2.

turn is given concessions in Karelian. Karelian is an autonomous Soviet Socialist Republic.

## Naked Aggression

NEW YORK, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The "New York Times," in an editorial says: "Russia's actions in the Baltic are a record in naked aggression."

"Their significance can be classed under two headings: 'Firstly, they are a new phase in Russia's drift advance to the west.' 'Secondly, they measure the extent of Hitler's surrender of German trade interests in the east.'"

"One can only conclude," says this newspaper, "that peace means precisely the same to Stalin as it does to Hitler."

"In other words, demands of a strong country must be granted without resistance by a weaker neighbour."

## Calm And Determined

HELSINKI, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The Finnish Commander-in-Chief to-day expressed pleasure at the reaction of the Scandinavian countries to the Russian menace.

It was evidence, he said, of the solidarity of the Scandinavian bloc, and he realised its significance.

He concluded "We are calm and determined."

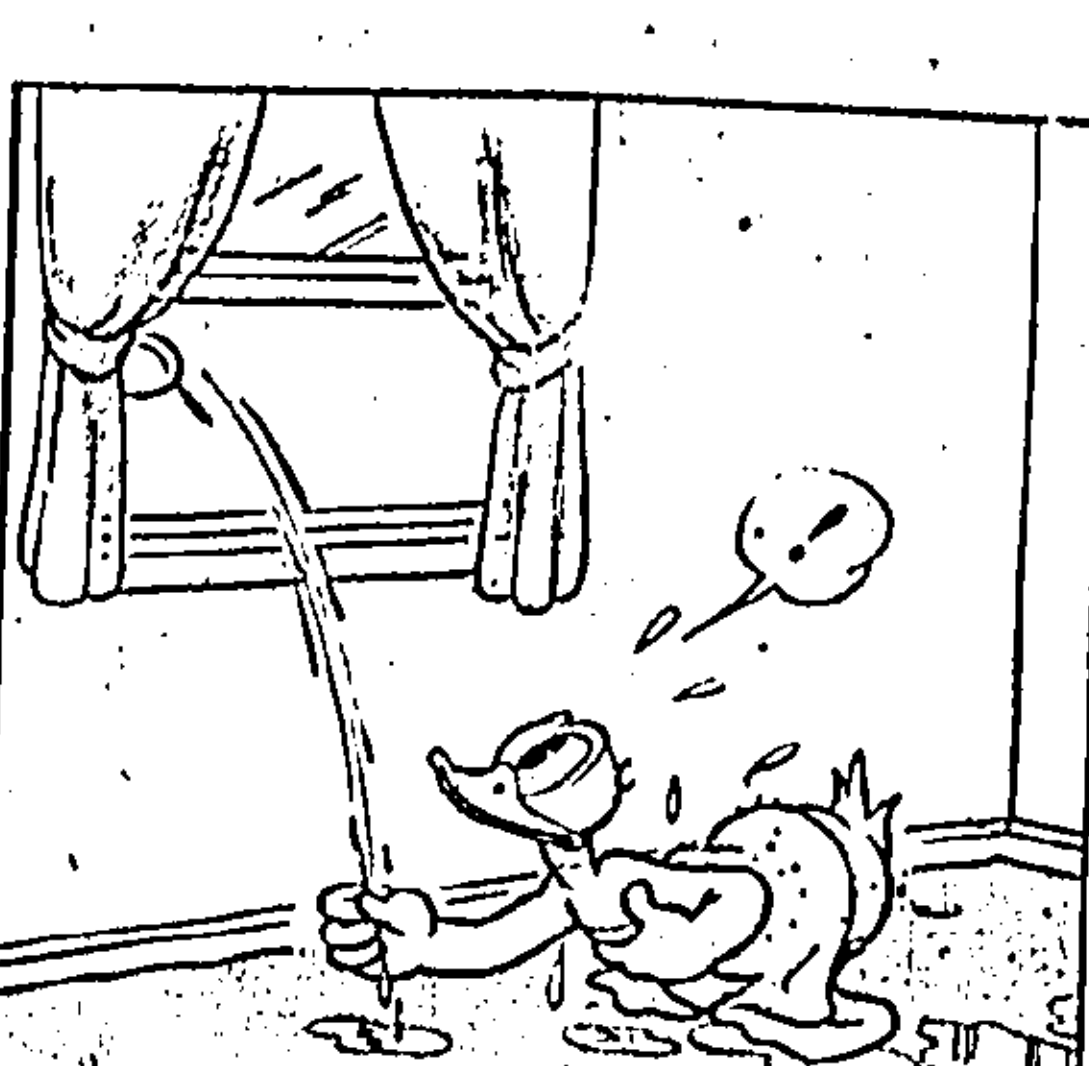
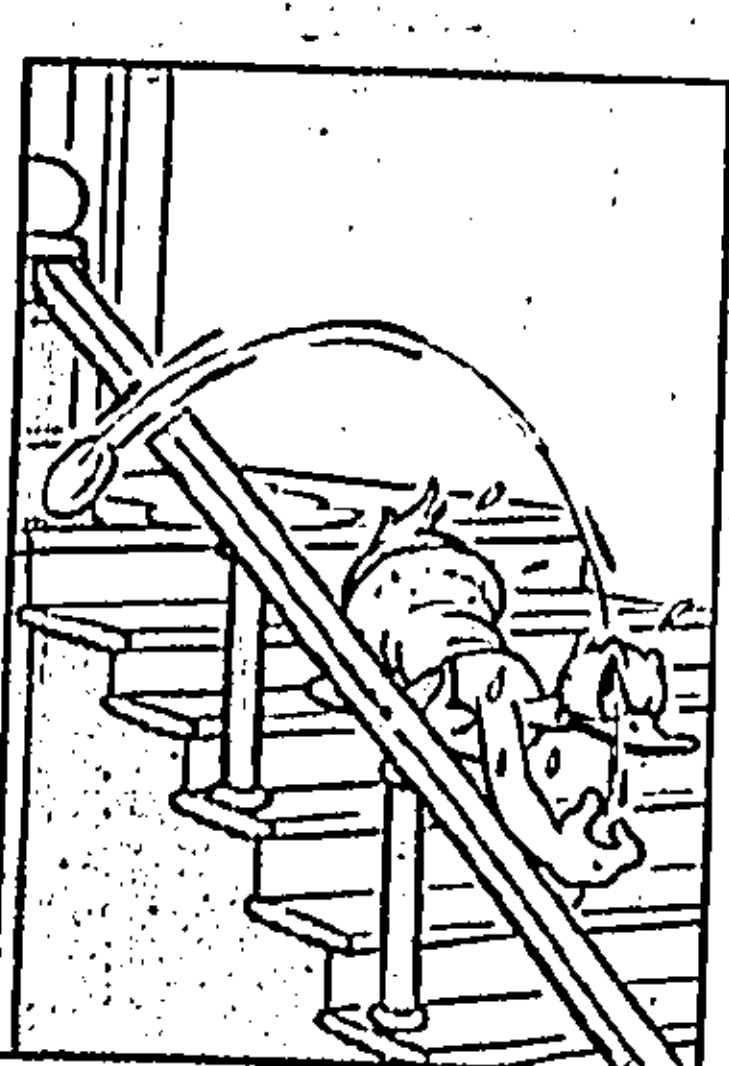
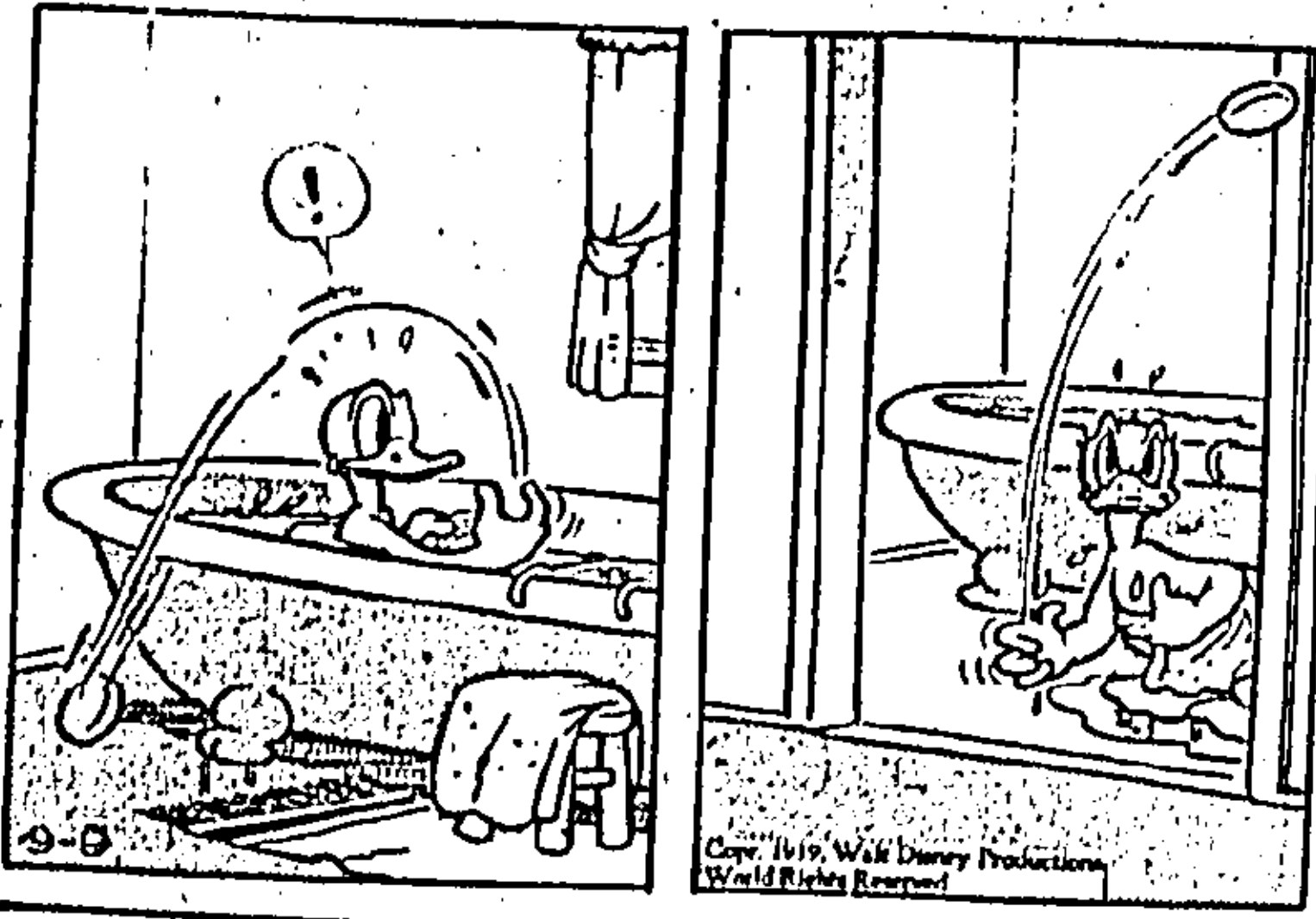
## Norway In Danger Zone

OSLO, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The newspaper "Aftenposten" says the new military situation created by the Soviet advance in the Baltic is of great importance to Norway's air strategic position.

"Norway, together with Sweden," says the journal, "has now arrived in the danger zone."



# DONALD DUCK



By Walt Disney



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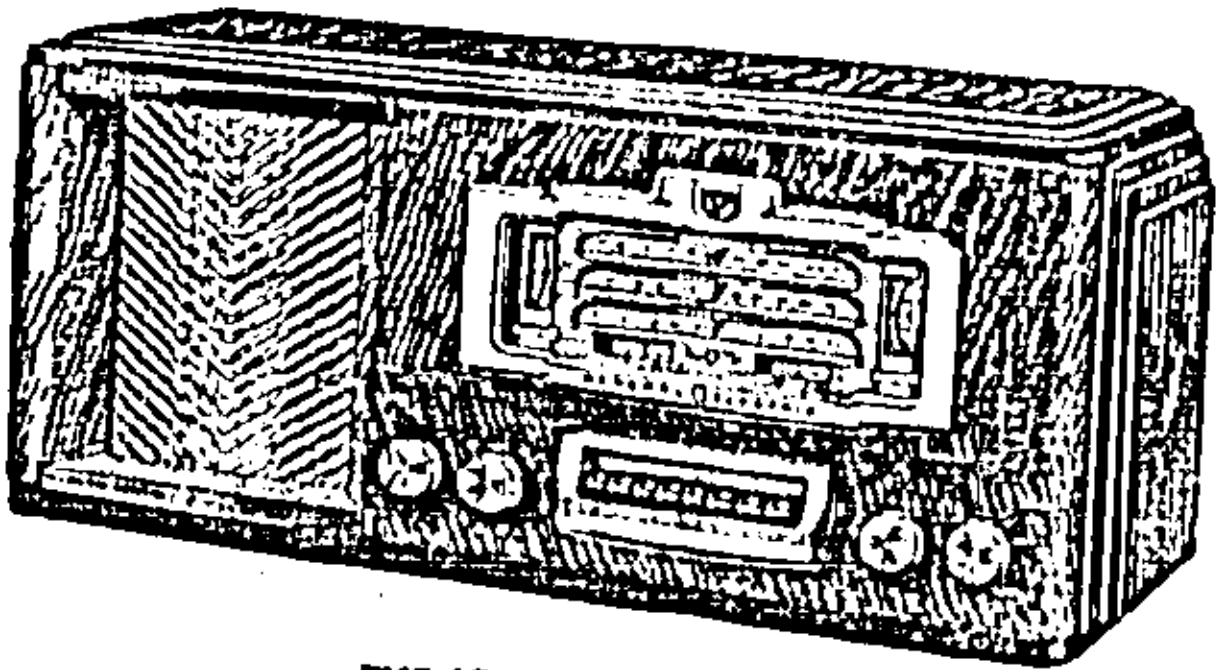
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## FLAG DAY IN AID OF

THE HONGKONG INTERNATIONAL MEDICAL RELIEF COMMITTEE  
SATURDAY, OCTOBER 14

Please give generously

Donations will be thankfully received by the Honorary Treasurer, Lady MacGregor, Flag Day Sub-Committee, P.O. Box 493, Hongkong.



PHOTOGRAPHS of the children become increasingly precious with the passing years. They, too, in later years, will appreciate the record of their childhood.

MAKE AN APPOINTMENT TO-DAY

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## A Look Through The "Telegraph"

50 YEARS AGO

"Reuter" actually takes the trouble to wire out specially that "the Emperor of Germany greeted the British Channel Squadron at Kiel". If this most expensive telegraphic service cannot find anything more interesting than this twaddle to send out from home, it would be much better to send nothing at all. Why didn't the enterprising telegraphist tell us in what particular fashion the German Emperor condescended to "greet" the Channel Squadron? We are all yearning to get full details of this historical ceremonial—how the Kaiser had for breakfast before he went out to do homage to the royal might of Britannia. (Fifty years ago cable cost £2.00 a word and newspapers rarely obtained more than one message a day.—Ed.)

In France milk is now transported in a frozen state, and statement is made that it may be kept sweet for days and weeks in this condition.

Says a religious contemporary:—"There was not a Protestant convert in China fifty years ago. Now there are 22,000 Chinese in full church membership and 13,000 children in mission schools. And there is likewise one of the champions here of the world—the graph."

The official grief at the death of Dr. Stewart (the Colonial Secretary) was a good deal modified by aspirations among the older hands to the vacant post, with its comfortable salary of £7,500 a year. It did seem rational that the Government would give a local man the competent official who deserves promotion. But no—the claims of Messrs. Deane, Lister, Ackroyd, etc., etc., have been overlooked, and a man is to be sent from somewhere about 40,000 miles away.

25 YEARS AGO

Oct. 12, 1914. The newspapers in Amsterdam state that an official telegram from Berlin announces that Antwerp has been evacuated. The British War Office announces that the Belgian forces evacuated Antwerp yesterday.

Lord Haldane addressed two great meetings at Newcastle-on-Tyne. He stated that he wished to say emphatically it was fortunate that the war had come now, when we were humiliated with the peace. We should have been in a difficult position if we had been attacked alone. The terms of peace must be that militarism, which perverted every talent of the German nation, should be crushed and broken, and future generations freed from such terror.

There has been a thrilling interlude in Simon, which is running smoothly under the Union Jack. The German warships Scharrkopf and Gneisenau entered Apia (capital of the Island of Upolu) and the New Zealanders manned the guns, expecting a bombardment, but the warships departed. A German steamer appeared and was chagrined that the Union Jack was still flying.

Countries at War—Germany against Britain, Russia, France and Belgium; Austria against Serbia, Russia, and France.

10 YEARS AGO

Oct. 12, 1929. Criticisms of the management of the Hongkong Cricket Club in regard to the preparation of the tennis courts, and facilities provided for tennis playing members, were made at the annual meeting, held at the club pavilion yesterday evening. Mr. H. H. Hancock, President, was in the chair, and was supported by members of the committee.

5 YEARS AGO

London, Oct. 12, 1934. British officialdom is in a quandary as to what flag to fly when Princess Marina of Greece comes to stay in England.

The Princess is shortly paying an official visit to the King and Queen, the parents of her husband-to-be, Prince George. But Princess Marina has no country, and therefore the flag. It would not be tactful to fly the Imperial blue and white Greek flag, because Britain has friendly relations with the Greek republic.

Neither would the Russian eagle, or even the Hammer and Sickle of the Soviets do, although they might be taken to represent Marina's Russian ancestry. She has connections with the Danish royal house, and this is the flag that may be flown. It might, however, be decided to anticipate her nationality and fly the Union Jack. Meanwhile, the social London busy preparing for the wedding, hotel proprietors, caterers, dressmakers, tailors, florists, and jewellers all anticipate big business in November, the month in which the marriage is scheduled. Some hotels have already received enquiries for accommodation during the wedding week.

A 5,000 ton ship built by Messrs. Cammell Laird at their Blackhead yard was launched today. She was the s.s. Clement, the first of two 5,000 ton vessels being constructed for the British Line. The Clement was built at Liverpool. (The Clement ship off S. America last week.—Ed.)

## RADIO

ZBW, 355 metres (845 k.c.) and 31.49 metres (9,520 kilo-cycles)

Peter Gracey's Talk On Great Composers—AN HOUR FOR CHILDREN

Radio programme broadcast by Z. B. W. to-day, on a Frequency of 845 k.c., and on Short Wave from 1-2.15 p.m. and 8-11 p.m. on 9.52 M.c.s. per second.

12.15 p.m. A Short Service of Intercession.

12.30 Beethoven—Sonata in D Major Op. 28, played by Arthur Schnabel (Piano).

12.45 Two Songs by Sophie Braslau (Contralto), Die Junge Nonne; Die Forelle (Schubert).

1.0 Local Time Signal and Weather Report.

1.03 Carroll Gibbons and His Boy Friends, Film Selections.

1.30 Reuter and Rugby Press. Weather Forecast and Announcements.

1.45 Musical Comedy Selections, 5.45 p.m. Studio—Children's Hour.

6.45 London Relay—Supplementary News.

7.02 Maritime—Vocal Gems, sung by Clara Serena, Francis Russell, Dennis Noble, and Chorus.

7.11 The Tattoo—Aldershot—1938.

7.30 B.B.C. Recording—"The Old Contemptibles"—Part 2.

The record of the British Expeditionary Force from Mons to Ypres, between August and November, 1914.

8.0 Local Times Signal, Weather Report and Announcements.

8.03 Schubert—Ballet Music from "Rosamunde," Berlin State Opera Orchestra.

8.15 Studio—Short Biographical Studies of Great Composers, by Peter Gracey—No. 6—Schubert.

8.45 Studio—Talk on "English Ideas in Education" by Gerald A. Gooden, M.A.

9.15 B.B.C. Relay—The News.

9.30 B.B.C. Recording—Fifteen Minute Sketch, "Poor Polly."

9.45 Eric Coates—"The Three Men in the Suits"; 1, The Man from the County; 2, The Man about Town; 3, The Man from the Sea.

9.50 Light Symphony Orchestra cond. by Composer.

9.50 Songs by Hubert Eddell (Tenor). Come, Sing to Me (Thompson). Fill a Glass With Golden Wine.

10.00 Len Fells & His Orchestra.

10.20 p.m. Dance-Music.

11.0 Close Down.

## Embittered By Baltic Events

Lesson To German Minority In Belgium

BRUSSELS, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—Some indication of the bitter attitude of the German minority in Belgium to events in the Baltic can be seen in an editorial in a leading newspaper in Eupen district, which was ceded to Belgium by Germany after the Great War.

The newspaper says the Baltic events were a lesson for the German-speaking Belgians.

"Most of the German-speaking peoples in the Baltic made the mistake of identifying their Germanism with Nazi ideology and with support of 'Drang Nach Osten' (Thrust to East). Bitterly Regret Error

"They must bitterly regret their error to-day.

"We believe the shocking events in the Baltic have opened the eyes of our fellow-citizens, and that soon all of them will realise their good fortune in being equal citizens of this Christian and democratic State, which, far from trying to suppress their German character, protects it."

Britain Accepts New President

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"—LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—In the House of Commons to-day, Mr. R. A. Butler, Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, announced that the British Government recognised the assumption of the functions of the President of the Polish Republic.

Sir Howard Kennard, British Ambassador to Warsaw, would proceed to France in a few days to resume his duties as His Majesty's Ambassador at the seat of the Polish Government, said Mr. Butler.

(Quitter): Goodnight (Shelly and Davis).

10.00 Len Fells & His Orchestra.

10.20 p.m. Dance-Music.

11.0 Close Down.

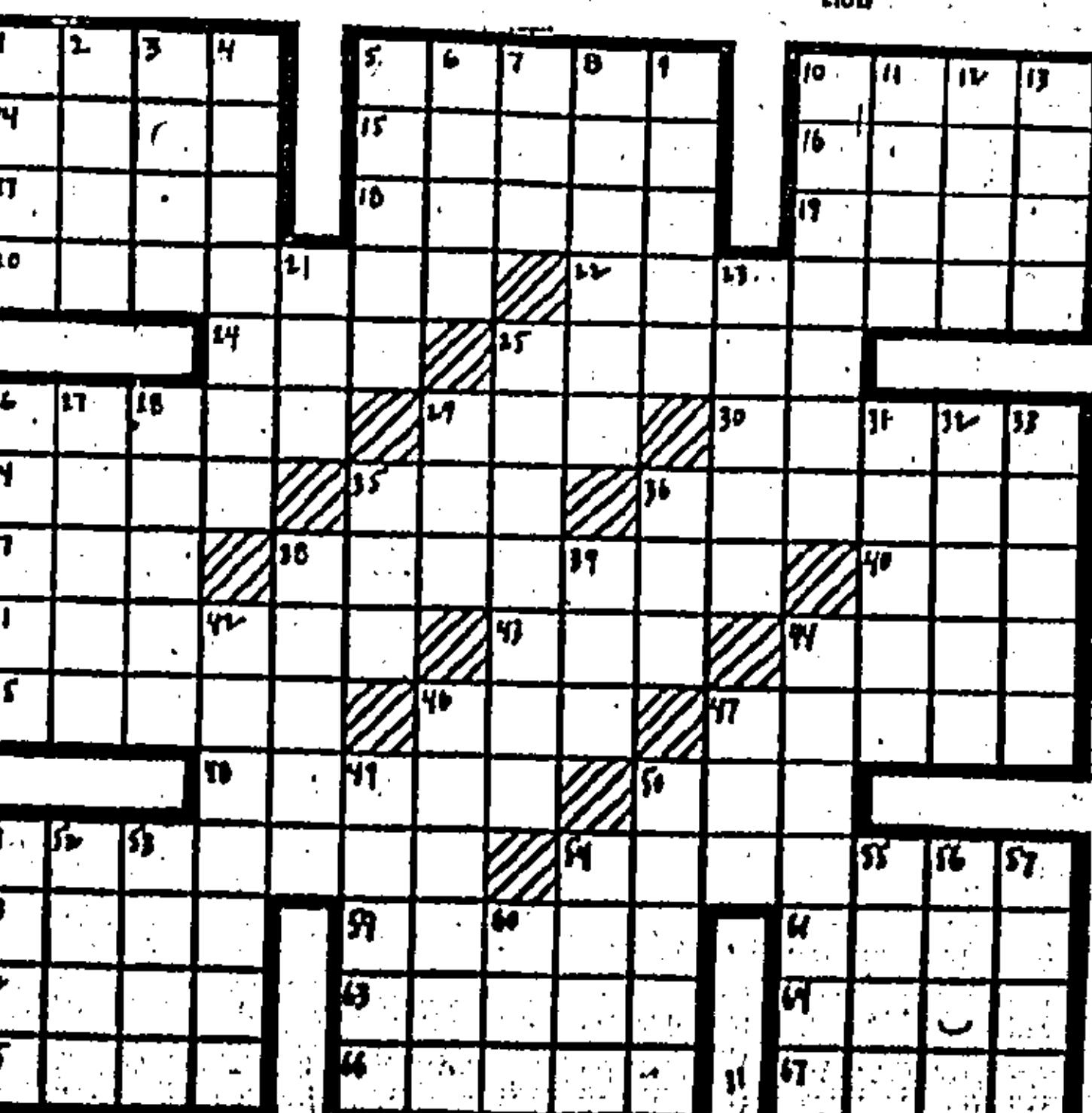
## Crossword Puzzle

By LARS MORRIS

ANSWER TO PREVIOUS PUZZLE

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## Baby, Baby—bless him!

how shall mother dress him?



—by coming to WHITEAWAY'S and selecting from their fine range of baby robes, bonnets, nightgowns, booties, etc.

Christening Robes

with slip included Beautiful and dainty \$14.50 set

Lace Trimmed Day Gowns from \$3.50

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FINE, SOFT Shetland Shawls from \$7.95

Infantees .... \$1.25

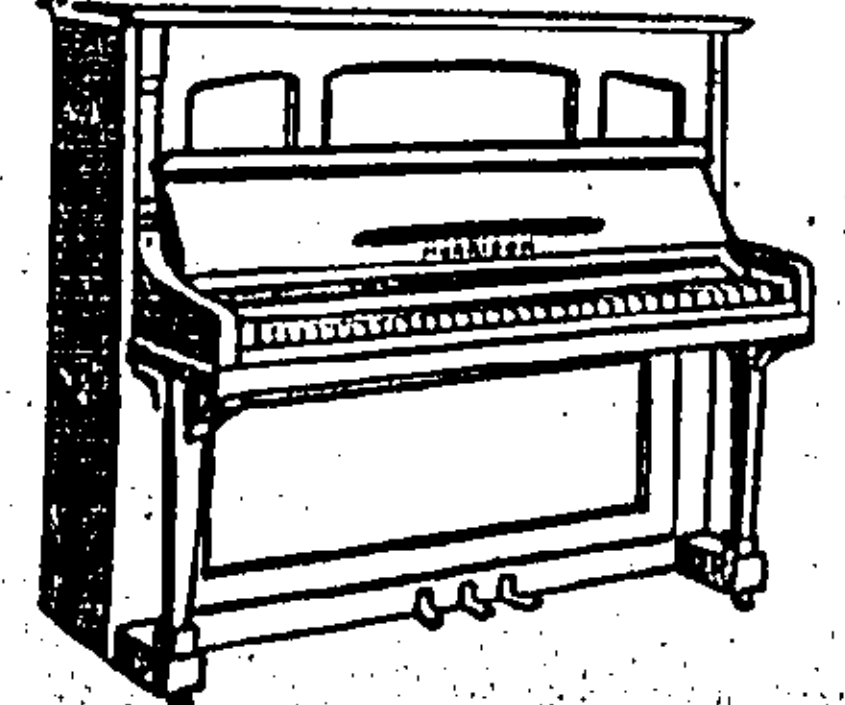
Bootees .... \$1.95

Bibs ..... 60 cts.

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Optrex eye lotion stops all this. Its regular use prevents strain, removes dust and germs, strengthens the eye muscles and keeps your eyes happy and healthy. Optrex is recommended by Doctors and Opticians all over the world.

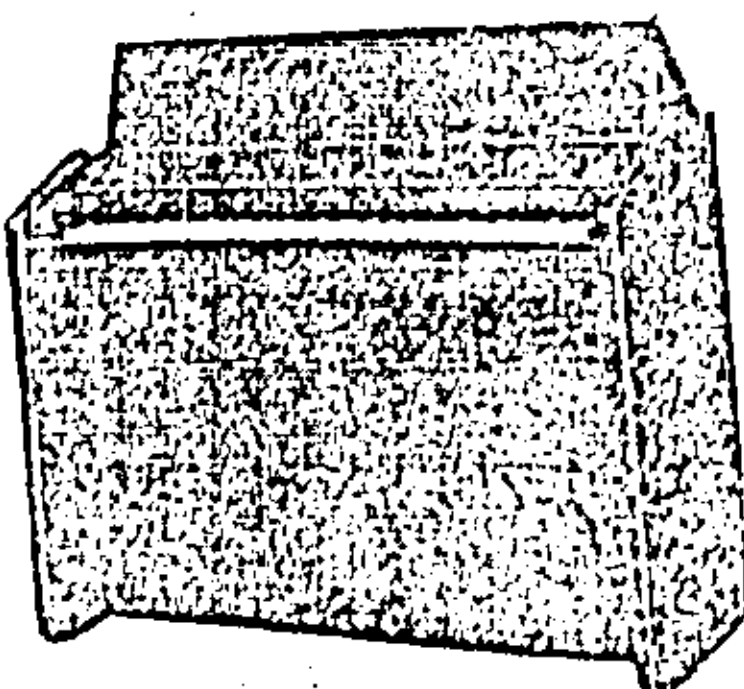
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The  
**Hongkong Telegraph**

Wyndham St., Hongkong  
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October 12, 1939

### The War Goes On

WHEN THE German armies violated Belgium in 1914 their leaders counted on a short war. The unfortunate German people have been told by their controlled press that, with the conquest of Poland, Britain and France will be eager to accept peace terms, and the remarkable "armistice" celebrations throughout Germany on Tuesday are indicative of this desire of the Germans to believe that their leaders are right.

The Nazi boast has been given a withering answer in M. Daladier's broadcast yesterday and, doubtless, Mr. Neville Chamberlain will be equally emphatic in his rejection of the so-called Nazi peace terms when he addresses the House of Commons this evening.

Whatever successes Hitler's perfidy and desperate haste have won in Poland, all the world now knows that the conquest of that unhappy victim of Nazi aggression is only the beginning of the struggle to which Nazism has challenged civilisation and into which Britain is throwing all her strength.

The Fuehrer in his frenzy may be blind to the lessons of the long effort from 1914 to 1918, but they have been well and truly learned in England.

Kitchener's doctrine that to wage a major war the nation must prepare for years of fighting was startling in 1914. We then wasted many lives, much time and much treasure before our leaders organised Britain's man power for military service and her industries for the supply of munitions. Now, the machinery to marshal the Empire's utmost strength in arms, made ready before the outbreak of war, is at work.

The certainty that, however long the task may take, it will be accomplished, will hardly be kept by the worst brutality of the Gestapo from the knowledge of the German people.

Whatever Hitler's monomaniacal faith in his star, his people are clearly uncomfortable, as the joyous celebrations throughout the country at the home armistice reports bear witness.

It must be depressing to the German man-in-the-street, however dulled by propaganda, when he learns that, though Poland be crushed, he will for an indefinite period be short of meat, short of clothes, without any soap, and that in the best which the regime can promise him.

It is clear that the Allied challenge is disturbing. Hitler's "peace" terms shows that the Fuehrer has been thinking over it. The "armistice" celebrations show that the German people have also been thinking over it. They, the people, will think dangerously.

Someone in Germany is going to remember that "the last battle Britain always wins."

# LEST WE FORGET— —THE NATION THAT DID NOT DESERVE TO DIE AGAIN...

THE name of Poland once annually 10,000,000 tons of merchandise. Now consider the man who is the backbone of Poland—the peasant. Going east from Germany in War, saw the Nord Express used to rush through endless miles of plain, every inch of which was cultivated. From the train windows you saw the wheat fields stretching out from the railway track to the horizon, golden and breast high under the summer sun.

Let us forget the enormity of the German offence committed against Poland, consider what the Poles did for their country in the course of its 20 years' resurrection.

For not only have its men, women, and children died under the hall of German steel, but years of hard work have been wiped out, years in which a race transformed itself into a nation.

The first time I went to Poland I imagined that Warsaw would be a city of fine buildings, with a magnificent opera house, skyscrapers, up-to-date newspaper offices, and the best-dressed men and women I had met since leaving London and travelling across Northern Europe.

"You see," said a friend, on the terrace of the Hotel Europejski, "we are not Balkanised or backward as so many of our western Europeans seem to think, though, I admit, 20 years ago it was not like this."

Instead, I saw Warsaw as a clean city of fine buildings, with a magnificent opera house, skyscrapers, up-to-date newspaper offices, and the best-dressed men and women I had met since leaving London and travelling across Northern Europe.

Then year by year the Poles increased the area of arable land by turning barren land to account, and they have, in fact, increased the area of arable land by more than 3,000,000 acres to give the peasant a better deal.

Then, for obvious reasons and to absorb the surplus rural population, the Poles concentrated on industry. What they have done in industrial production can best be seen by the index figure. In 1922 it stood at 75.5, but last year it had risen to 119.5.

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GRIN AND BEAR IT By Lichty



"I tell you, Chief, we got the year's biggest horror story here—three bridge players stranded on an uninhabited island!"

To-day is Hongkong Budget Day

GILBERT FRANKAU has thoughts on

## MONEY

NEVER having been out of debt between the years 1905 and 1939, I claim to know as much about money troubles as any treasury in the British Empire.

Yet my very rich friends—I am always delighted to observe—spend far more time worrying about their financial futures than I do mine.

My father was like that. Though his worry was never personal. The thought that he might not leave my mother and his four children properly provided for used to drive him nearly frantic.

I still think of him as the least selfish man who ever lived. He grudged himself everything—at times even a hansom cab home after a late night at the office. Us he grudged nothing.

With what result? He died, as I told you last week, at an early age, leaving quite a large capital—which my mother and I between us blew inside 10 years.

Blowed, maybe, is not exactly the right word. Most of the money went into a business—and never came out of it. Nevertheless, the money went.

**The Way to Treat It.**

My mother died without knowing the worst. Afterwards I used to dream—having inherited an exiguous—sense of personal responsibility—that I could restore their share of the family fortune to my surviving brother and sister.

But I never have. And that they would have been any the happier for it I refuse to admit.

Both, like myself, lead busy lives. My brother Ronald's success is well known. My sister's, though less spectacular, seems to me even more satisfactory. She has devoted her self, in the intervals of bringing up a large family, to pure scholarship.

Accordingly, there is no need for my father to turn in his grave.

Nor, as I like to imagine, were his efforts—and my mother's entirely wasted, if—as the poet tells us—to live in hearts we leave behind is not to die.

That the last sentence is perilously near "sob-stuff," I admit. Let us admit, further, that great financiers treat money as it should be treated—objectively, unemotionally, and unemotionally. But how many of us can afford to do that?

**Foolish Slogan**

To nearly all of us money, whether received as payment for work we do or as interest on accumulated savings, is a personal matter. Our private budgets are the measures of our material lives. So much comes in yearly from our work or our savings. So much goes out for our expenses.

Lower our income or put up our expenditure. Either way, we equalise. And the people who squeal loudest in my experience—are the very people who are always ready to preach "Money doesn't mean happiness."

That slogan is not even "sob-stuff." It is sheer balderdash. Lack of money for reasonable needs, thus including enjoyment, will sour anybody except a saint.

Saints, however, are rarities; and the average Briton, though he dislikes being told so, is just as fond of money as his neighbours across the

Channel. It is a pity, therefore, that the average Briton should be taught so little about money when he or she is young.

As a nation we still suffer from the "money is the root of all evil" complex. Most of us, from the richest to the poorest, prefer that our children should learn the hard lesson of £ s. d., as I myself had to learn it, by bitter personal experience.

We would far rather see the little darlings studying French for their school certificates than the price of bread, meat, fish, and vegetables. While as for teaching them the difference between Preference and Ordinary shares, or even between a freehold and a leasehold... how much more satisfactory that they should have started algebra.

**Financial Ignorance**

ALGEBRA forsooth. When the boys don't know how much their own boots cost, and the girls, at any rate of our so-called upper and middle classes, can't even be trusted to buy a cauliflower.

Oh, the financial ignorance—the sheer, crass, hopeless, terrifying, and completely avoidable financial ignorance—of the average middle-class bride and bridegroom.

The enduring miracle is that their domestic budgets ever balance. Yet most of them eventually do.

Eventually most of us learn the value of money. But half the tricks we take on the way to knowledge could be avoided if either our parents or our school teachers would be less snobbish and more practical.

The making of money, the spending of money, or the investing of money, however much we may resent the fact, plays a considerable part in almost every human being's existence.

Children brought up in complete ignorance—as so many upper and middle-class children are—of money matters represent a constant danger to the community. They are apt to become (as in my own case) spend-thrifts; or what is even worse, misers.

Such children are equally the prey, in later years, of the bucket-shop keeper and fraudulent political economist like Karl Marx.

**You Must Be Master**

FOR the real secret about money is that if you don't master it—and the sooner you are taught to do this the better—it will end by mastering you.

Hence, more often than not, your unhappy over-rich man who is afraid of losing his possessions. Hence, and hence only, your debtor who is always so certain that he'll be able to "let you have it back by Monday"—and never does.

Both such are money-slaves, though neither of them, in my opinion, is worth much pity.

Such pity as I have for money-slaves is reserved for the vast majority who won't find it too easy to pay that extra twopenny on tea or that extra penny on petrol.

All the same, they'll do it, and without too much grumbling. Nor should the better off grudge that extra income tax.

Because even those—and, believe it or not, they are still legion—who have never been taught the difference between Preference shares and an Ordinary know one meaning of the word "Security."

It's always worth while paying out money—down to your very last sixpence—for that!

Emrys Jones



## AMAZING WEALTH

### Britain's Strength In War Disclosed

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—A special commentary on the British economic strength has been released.

It is stated that in connection with Germany's claim of her economic strength, and the weakness of Britain, the following points may be useful.

Britain is the second richest country in the world, second only to the United States.

The average income per head of the British people is £112, whereas the average income per head of the German people is only £64 10s.

The British people, therefore, can afford to spend nearly twice as much on the war as the Germans.

For every gun which Germany can afford to make, Britain can make two. For every aeroplane Germany produces Britain can afford to make two.

When the British war effort is fully mobilised, they can expect nearly twice as much power as Germany.

#### Incomparably Stronger

Britain is incomparably stronger financially than Germany. Her gold reserve is over £500,000,000, whereas Germany has hardly any gold reserve at all. Britain has foreign investments totalling £3,500,000,000 whereas Germany has none.

Without exporting anything at all, Britain could pay for imports of food and raw material for at least 10 months, whereas Germany has only enough foreign exchange to pay for imports for two months.

As far as taxation is concerned, Britain compares favourably. The German married man has to pay income tax as soon as his income reaches £65 per year. The British married taxpayer does not begin to pay until he is earning £225.

In Britain there are ample supplies of food, and it is not yet necessary to introduce rationing. In Germany rations are already in force, and the ration is pitifully small.

The British Empire produces three times as much wheat, and twice as much sugar as Germany, and Britain has half as many people to feed as Greater Germany.

The British Empire produces twice as much iron-ore as Germany, four times as much oil and petrol, seven times as much copper, and nearly three times as much lead.

## This Is Supposed To Be A News Item

"REUTERS" London Office sends out the following hot news item: "The message sent to the United States regarding the threatened sinking of the *Trogon* is believed to be part of the propaganda activities of Admiral Rader.

"That the chief of the German naval staff can indulge in propaganda suggests that the command of the German fleet is not a full-time job."

## Women To Look After Diggers

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—An Australian Women's Volunteer Service has been formed in London to look after the welfare of Australians. A bureau has been set up in Australia House to enrol Australians and others who wish to join.

## U.S. Marine Shoots Puppet Policeman

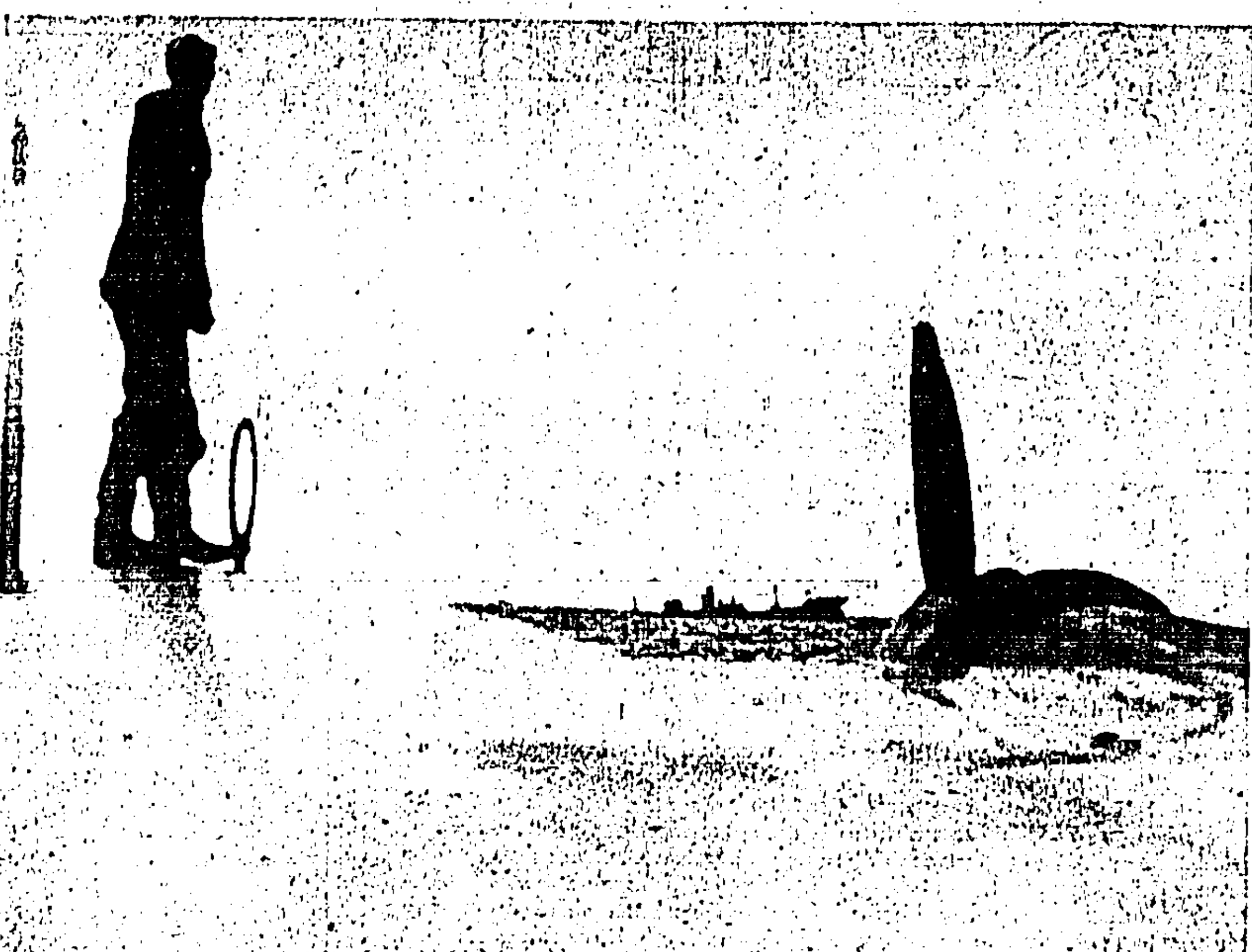
TIENSIN, Oct. 12 (Reuter).—Two United States Marines from Peking were guarding a shipment of goods at Tientsin east station last night. One of them was involved in an argument with a railway police officer, believed to be a Chinese which resulted in both producing their guns. The marine shot the policeman through the thigh and then escaped through the barriers to the marine barracks. The other marine has been detained by the railway police. He is still held up to now. No further details are available.

## Burma Starts Her Preparations

RANGOON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—A Defence Committee has been formed with the Governor, Sir Archibald Cochrane as chairman. The Defence Commissioner is deputy chairman and one of the members is the Burmese Premier, who has offered the support of his Ministry.

## Split In British Communist Party

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—A division in the British Communist Party is revealed by the resignation of Mr. Harry Pollitt from the secretaryship. Mr. Pollitt apparently disagreed with the change in the Party's attitude, which at the beginning supported the Government's policy, and is now against it.



A GRAPHIC PHOTOGRAPH of the rescue of the crew of the torpedoed British steamer Kensington Court by Royal Air Force seaplanes. The Kensington Court, in background, is just going down as a member of crew of one of the two R.A.F. planes which participated in the rescue waits to assist on rescuers.—Royal Air Force Photograph. Crown Copyright Reserved.

## South Africa's Hidden Wealth

### Will Be Used For Allies' Benefit

CAPETOWN, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—In South Africa it is expected that the war will lead to the development of the Dominion's mineral ores.

It is calculated that the Dominion will produce enough for her own requirements, and also will be able to ship the surplus to Britain and the Allies.

South Africa contains nearly all metals and oils required by modern industry, though only the more accessible products are now being worked. Mining products are exported as raw materials, the finished articles being mainly imported.

Large Reserves. Among the base metals in South Africa are asbestos, chrome and manganese.

There are large reserves of these, and also of iron, copper, tin and vanadium.

Recent advances in technical skill will enable most of the problems of plant equipment to be solved locally. An estimate made two years ago placed the value of South Africa's untouchable base minerals at over £20,000,000.

## JAPAN FED UP WITH WAR

CARS with threadless tyres, taxis and buses that run on charcoal.

And a progressively lowering economic level that bodes ill for the future of the country and people. These are the things that struck L. A. S. Smith in a tour of Japan, from which he returned to Hongkong today.

Japan, Mr. Smith believes, is heartily "fed up" with the war in China.

The people are finding it increasingly difficult to avoid malnutrition, owing to the increasing cost and scarcity of food.

Power plants cannot obtain sufficient coal or fuel. Neon signs and electrical advertisements are slowly disappearing, or being replaced by inferior lighting apparatus.

More Japanese girls are being forced into the geisha ranks. And the soldiers who are boarding transports are becoming appallingly young.

Swastikas no longer fly side-by-side with the Rising Sun in Japan's streets. Japan has not yet recovered from the Russo-German agreement.

## Recruiting In Jerusalem

JERUSALEM, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—Recruiting has begun in Jerusalem of 2,000 Palestine volunteers from Palestine nationals for the Royal Engineers, the Royal Army Service Corps, the Ordnance Corps, and the Medical Corps.

The men will be liable for service in any garrison or theatre of war.

## Sweden May Build Battleships

STOCKHOLM, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The Swedish Defence Minister today proposed in Parliament that construction be started immediately on two battleships.

Sweden already has many destroyers of the latest type. Parliament passed two bills, one for setting up a Ministry of National Economy, and the other providing severe penalties for espionage.

## LEST WE FORGET

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—IT IS OFFICIALLY ANNOUNCED THAT THE KING HAS DECIDED THAT THE ARMISTICE DAY SERVICE AT THE CENOTAPH WILL NOT BE HELD THIS YEAR.

## H.K. Stock Market

The following quotations were first on the Hongkong Stock Market this morning.

**BANKS**  
H.K. Banks \$ 1,250 n.  
H.K. Banks (Lon. Reg.) £ 73 n.  
H.K. Banks (H.K. Reg.) £ 75 n.

**INSURANCES**  
Cantons \$ 202½ n.  
Union \$ 365 n.  
China Underwriters \$ 134 n.  
H.K. Fire \$ 170 n.

**SHIPPING**  
Douglases \$ 167 n.  
Steamboats \$ 12 n.  
Indo-China, P.S. \$ 60 n.  
Indo-China, D.S. \$ 30 n.  
Shell (Barkers) \$ 53½ n.  
Waterboats \$ 8½ n.

**DOCKS ETC.**  
Wharves \$ 141 n.  
Docks \$ 40 n.  
Providents \$ 4 n.  
New Eng. Sh. \$ 7½ n.  
Sh. Docks, Sh. \$ 125 n.

**MINING**  
Raub's \$ 9½ n.  
Venz, Gold \$ 4 n.  
H.K. Mines \$ 4 n.

**LANDS**  
Hotels \$ 450 n.  
Lands \$ 32 n.  
Land 4% de. \$ par. n.  
Shai Lands Sh. \$ 8 n.  
Humphreys \$ 74 n.  
H.K. Realties \$ 4½ n.  
Chinese estates \$ 100 n.

**UTILITIES**  
Trams \$ 1570 n.  
Peak Trams (old) \$ 740 n.  
Peak Trams (new) \$ 370 n.  
Star Electric \$ 61½ n.  
Y. Electric \$ 22 n.  
China Lights (old) \$ 795 n.  
China Lights (new) \$ 400 n.  
H.K. Electric \$ 403½ n.  
Municipal Electric \$ 18 n.  
Sundown Lights \$ 114½ n.  
Telephones (old) \$ 20 n.  
Telephones (new) \$ 700 n.  
Tractions \$ 10 n.  
Tractions (Pref.) \$ 22 n.

**INDUSTRIALS**  
Cold. Macc. (Ord.) Sh. \$ 14 n.  
Cold. Macc. (Pref.) Sh. \$ 13 n.  
Canton Tees \$ 1 n.  
Cements \$ 1425 n.  
H.K. Ropes \$ 4½ n.

**STORES, &c.**  
Dairy Farms (old) \$ 2030 n.  
Dairy Farms (new) \$ 19½ n.  
Watsons \$ 700 n.  
Lane, Crawford's \$ 7½ n.  
Blancres \$ 180 n.  
Wing On Textile \$ 41 n.  
Powell, Ltd. \$ 1 n.

**COTTON MILLS**  
Evo Sh. \$ 1085 n.  
Shai Cotton Sh. \$ 105 n.  
Zhong Sing, Sh. \$ 48½ n.  
Wing On Textile, Sh. \$ 48½ n.

**MISC.**  
H.K. Entertainments \$ 600 n.  
Constructions (old) \$ 1 n.  
Constructions (new) \$ 1 n.  
Vibro Piling \$ 105 n.  
Ch. Govt. 5% 1925 \$ 130% n.  
Marsmans (Lon.) \$ 11/3 n.  
Marsmans (H.K.) \$ 4 n.  
H.K. Govt. 4% Loan \$ 90½ n.  
H.K. Govt. 3½% Loan \$ 98 n.

**AMERICAN SAILOR**  
Lost In Typhoon

SHANGHAI, Oct. 12 (Internat.).—An unnamed American sailor of the destroyer U.S.S. Perry fell overboard and disappeared during a typhoon while the warship was on way from Shanghai to Manila, it became known today.

## Poland's New Government

### British Ambassador Returns To Post

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—A few hours after the arrival in London of the Foreign Minister of the new Polish Government, it was announced in the House of Commons that Sir Howard Kennard would leave for Paris in a few days to resume his duties as British Ambassador to Poland.

The London "Times" declared that the Polish Foreign Minister was particularly welcome for many reasons. He represents an industrious race whose country has been barbarously devastated, but for the first time in its history, but which unhesitatingly chooses a new government in the place of the old.

The "Times" refers to the new Foreign Minister's work at Geneva and his conciliatory and constructive temperament.

**Talks In London**

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The new Polish Foreign Minister, who arrived in London from Paris this morning, had a long talk with the Foreign Secretary, Viscount Halifax, at the Foreign Office this afternoon.

He conferred with Mr. Chamberlain at No. 10 Downing Street, and at night was a guest at a banquet given by the Polish Ambassador.

Another guest was Sir Howard Kennard, who is to take up duties as Ambassador to Poland in a few days at the seat of the Polish Government in Paris.

In Paris, the Polish Cabinet met before the Foreign Minister left for London under General Sikorsky. The Foreign Minister delivered a report.

**Merchant Fleet Saved**

Measures have been taken in connection with the Polish merchant fleet, most of which was saved, and all civil rights have been restored to the ten Polish members of Parliament who had been exiled several years ago.

The Polish Foreign Minister in a broadcast, said that in their great hour of trial their spirit was unconquerable, and they were determined to carry on. Their alliance with the tremendous military efforts of the Western Powers would guarantee victory.

"What I have heard from the highest British and French statesmen has made me realise that we shall not halt until a complete and final victory is won. We are fighting, not only for our own freedom, but the freedom of all nations and a better Europe. We shall put an end to all efforts to dominate by brute force."

**Cession Not Recognised**

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—It is understood in London that Great Britain is not prepared to connive at any cession of Polish territory.

Lithuania has been told that Britain cannot recognise the cession by Russia of Vilna to Lithuania.

On the other hand, it is felt that the case of Lithuania is very different from the Russian and German partition of Poland.

Lithuania was compelled to sign the treaty with Russia, and can hardly be blamed if she takes some compensation for the virtual loss of her independence.

In addition, the inhabitants of the Vilna region will be better off under Lithuanian rule than under Russian or German.

**Troops Move Up**

HELSINKI, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—Several divisions of Soviet troops, as well as many large tanks and heavy artillery, have been moved up to the Finnish frontier.

The Finnish Foreign Minister will broadcast to the United States tomorrow.

There is a desperate hope that the United States will counsel moderation to Russia.

**An Iron Ring**

MOSCOW, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The Lithuanian delegation which included the Soviet-Lithuanian treaty,

## Plenty Of Planes, But No Bombs

### Watchful Aerial Activity

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The B.B.C. correspondent with the R.A.F. in France says that air activity on the western front at present is confined to reconnoitring activity.

No bombs have been dropped by either side.

At small cost our planes have taken photographs of the Siegfried Line, but the Germans, for the same cost, have nothing to show for their air flights, which have been almost wholly over German territory.

The only German flight over the French lines was by a single machine flying very high, and the Messerschmidt fighters are the only enemy planes seen.

**Frenchman's "Blimy Guv'nor"**

The correspondent describes a recent dogfight between British and French planes and German machines, in which one of the enemy machines was shot down.

One of the British planes developed engine trouble, but the pilot was lucky enough to land behind the Maginot Line. He was greeted by a poult with the words, "Blimy, Guv'nor! You're blooming lucky!"

The poult was a Frenchman whose home is in South London.

## Consuls Held In Reich

### British Officials Said Comfortable

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH". LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—Mr. R. A. Butler, Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, replying to a question in the House of Commons today, said His Majesty's Government had no official information as to the constitution of the new Czech Government.

Asked for a statement as to the present position between Britain and Spain, Mr. Butler said: "Our relations with Spain are developing in a normal and friendly manner."

**British Consuls In Germany**

Mr. Butler also revealed at question time that 11 members of the British Consular Service and five members of the British Consular Service and five members of their staffs were still in Germany.

According to the reports of the United States' Charge d'Affaires in Berlin, they were comfortable at hotels.

The three who had been in prison, pending the release from custody of certain German officials in Britain, have now returned to the hotel.

It was hoped shortly, added Mr. Butler, to arrange for an exchange of British and German consular officers.

## STOCK EXCHANGE VERY CHEERFUL

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The Stock Exchange spent a thoroughly cheerful session, encouraged by M. Daladier's and Sir Kingsley Wood's speeches, though some quarters preferred to await Mr. Neville Chamberlain's speech to-morrow.

The Air Minister's remarks regarding the increased production helped aviation and motor holdings, while gilt-edged shares were notable for a number of small dealings.

War Loan was at a minimum, which was the first of such business since the war.

Commodities and rubber were firm generally, a farthing higher on trade buying, with sellers reserved.

Wall Street was firm.

## Shai Consular Officials Resign

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH". SHANGHAI, Oct. 11 (UP).—The Japanese Consul, Mr. Mura, together with 20 leading officials of the Japanese Consulate and Embassy, have tendered their resignations in support of the Foreign Office revolt against Admiral Nomura, the Japanese Foreign Minister.

**Britain Calls Up More Men**

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH". LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The War Office announces that during the next week or two, a large number of men, who have already received calling-up notices, will be joining the colours for military service.

attended a dinner in their honour at the Kremlin to-night.

The Soviet press describes the concessions to Russia by the Baltic States at the setting up of an "iron ring" for Soviet defence in the near Baltic.

**Occupation Postponed**

TALLINN, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The entry of Soviet troops into Estonia to occupy bases rented by Russia under the recent agreement has been postponed to Wednesday of next week.

Three Soviet warships to-day entered Tallinn Bay and exchanged salutes with the Estonian coastal batteries.

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"What on earth has Rose's got to do with hangers?"

"Everything, my dear Watson. It wipes them out. If you stick to Glaxo or have a good stiff swig before going to bed, you'll have no regrets in the morning."

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# MORE HOCKEY UMPIRES REQUIRED

## PRESSING PROBLEM NEEDS SOLUTION Formation of Control Body Suggested

(By "Pilgrim")

From time to time last season I heard complaints about the shortage of umpires and general lament that more umpires are not available. It is admitted that the Umpires Hockey Board have carried out wonderful work, but their work is cramped owing to the continued shortage of officials to cover many senior and most of the junior matches in the women's leagues and the H.K.H.A. Tournament. It is like a voice crying in the wilderness to appeal season by season to retired players and others to come forward and assist the game.

But we should go a step further than the present Umpires Board. We should have a governing body for Umpires in the Colony such as we have for the game and based on the same lines as regards affiliation.

Are we not playing with the subject by delaying this final organisation and bringing the whole of the Colony umpires under one common executive? I am sure the H.K.H.A. would not oppose the institution of such an association, but would give its blessing and good wishes.

After all, the governing body has a real duty to the game and to the umpires, and it is a job of work it has to carry out on behalf of the welfare of the game as a whole. The game cannot flourish or continue prosperous unless and until the umpires in the Colony are properly and intensively organised.

There is at present far too much LOCAL government. That is alright of course, for the appointment of umpires, but there should be a common executive in charge responsible for finding ways and means of improving the status of the umpire and in providing greater numbers of these splendid honorary officials to cover matches which remain entirely without umpiring control week by week and year by year.

I would suggest that we grapple this big problem in a practical way, and the only way to establish a well organised and live body such as an Umpires Association to deal with umpires and umpiring.

### A SIMPLE CONSTITUTION

The constitution of such an association would be a simple one, viz. the election of an annual President (which would honour one of the leading umpires in the Colony at the time), a Chairman, an Hon. Secretary, with a committee of ten or less, drawn from the different clubs.

There can be no question that each club has several followers who are to be seen Saturdays and Sundays watching the game and on occasions being roped in to do a spot of umpiring. A good suggestion would be, however, to compel every club entering a team or teams for tournament competitions to provide an umpire for each team, the umpire to be under the direct control of the Umpires Association, who would appoint them to various matches. In this way the players would be sure that they would have umpires for each game. Of course, it is frankly admitted that some clubs provide more than their quota of umpires, but they are not too many.

Is it, therefore, too much to suggest that H.K.H.A. council take steps to deal with this serious question, and, before the season commences,

### Soccer Start Deferred

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—Though scheduled to commence on October 14, the Scottish Football League have deferred the beginning of their two regional competitions until October 21. Sixteen Clubs will take part in each region.

### Rugby

## CLUB'S SECOND TRIAL

### Middlesex Lose To Police

(By "Fly Half")

The Hongkong R.F.C. held their second trial yesterday at Happy Valley. Many arrived late owing to pressure of business, while several were absent on national service. Dr. Stout, who played consistently for the 1st XV last year, will be unable to participate in Wednesday fixtures owing to his having to be on duty at Volunteer Headquarters on such nights.

The trial started off with five forwards and a complete back division. Back row forwards, Deane and Taylor, played a spell amongst the three.

Three periods of a quarter of an hour each were played. A very welcome reappearance was made by Butcher, the interper and erstwhile Club stand-off half. Despite an absence of a season he was quite the live wire of his side and showed retention of his former guile and speed. New players making their first appearance were Blackynden, a thick-set forward who played for the front row forwards, Hecsmann, Club several seasons ago, Hecsmann, a front row forward, who showed determination, and Banner of the Bank, who featured in the Club XV prior to his transfer to Japan. Up north he played in interper matches against J. L. Bonar, renowned scrum-half when he was in the Colony.

Bursley and Crawford were involved in some rare tussles and were more or less evenly matched. Bursley was the more enterprising and covet to bundle D. H. Stewart into touch when the latter was in full flight. Van Leeuwen was very determined in his running and secured a well-earned try when Stewart was in close attendance. He employs the cork-screw method of evading tackles with great success.

Wilson again showed promise and scored his side's winning try. His style, especially in passing, still looks awkward. Godfrey was a lively forward who backed up well. Taylor and he were very successful in the line-outs despite close marking by Dunnett, Thornhill and Walkden.

**SUCCESSOR TO MACGILL**  
Hamilton was not so aggressive as he was last week. He found Butcher a tussle. Stewart made the best of his opportunities, which were few. Thompson was again the more attractive full-back, and once he gains full confidence and pays more attention to the ball than the man following up he will be the most likely successor to MacGill. His recovering is excellent.

Needham, Peers, Godfrey, Taylor and Deane were lively forwards. The Whites. The Colvys were packed better than their opponents and with Dunnett hooking gained the greater share of the ball from the set scrums.

The score was 6-3 in favour of the Colours. Henderson dropped a touch-goal from well out near the touch-line. Then Van Leeuwen equalised in the second quarter after a good run. Just on time in the last quarter, Wilson, following up a boot ahead, gathered to cross over. No attempt was made to convert either try.

The teams were: Van Leeuwen, Hamilton, Wilson, Nelson and Lavalley; Bursley and Butcher; Needham, Peers, Hecsmann, Godfrey, Taylor and Deane. Colours: Thompson, Wilson, Stewart, Henderson, Dunnett, Benn, Blackynden, Thornhill, Lyne, Bennet and Walkden. Dr. J. A. R. Selby refereed.

**Police 6 Middlesex 0**  
The Police entertained the Middlesex Regiment yesterday on the Police ground at Boundary Street. This was the first occasion that a rugby match had been played on this ground and PLEASE Turn To Page 2.

## Lou Gehrig's Appointment

NEW YORK, Oct. 11 (UP).—Mayor La Guardia has appointed Lou Gehrig, famed baseball player of the New York Yankees, a member of the Municipal Parole Commission for a period of ten years at an annual salary of \$3,700.

## EARLY SEASON WEAKNESS

### K.C.C. Batsmen Fail On Heavy Wicket

(By "R. Abbit")

The match between the Hongkong Cricket Club and the Kowloon Cricket Club was played on Tuesday last—the Double Tenth,—and although some of the cricket was not very brilliant there were one or two very encouraging features to be noticed by those, who, like myself, have been considerably worried about the future of cricket in Hongkong.

In the first place the match, which was scheduled to start at 11 o'clock, started at seven minutes past, according to the official time. In recent years one had become only too well accustomed to finding the 11 o'clock match starting at 11.30 or even later. Another good sign was the keenness shown by both sides on a day which I personally found extremely trying, from the climatic point of view, and which must have been very difficult indeed for people actually engaged in cricket.

Owing, I believe, to a misunderstanding, the wicket had been watered too heavily the night before, and the result was that though the ball took plenty of spin it got up very slowly off the pitch and anything short of a length could be hooked with any impunity. The slowness of the wicket was particularly understandable as there was an appreciable difference between the speed with which the ball came off the pitch, and that with which it came off the cricket when driven right out. Teddy Fincher, who was captaining Kowloon, evidently thought that the wicket would improve later and he put the Club in—a gallant action which did not meet with any reward. Except on a Saturday afternoon game, when one is going all out for a win, there are very few occasions when it is wise to put your opponent in. W.G. used to say that a captain might sometimes think of doing so, but that was as far as he should go.

### SHORTAGE OF BOWLERS

The Kowloon side were unfortunately very short of bowlers and missed R. E. Lee terribly. Lloyd and Anderson opened the bowling and did pretty well, but the pitch was so easy that after Elde had had one up playing too soon, Richardson and Alec Pearce proceeded to take tea with Kowloon. The former secured most of his fifty runs by powerful hooking, while Pearce made some beautiful smashes through the covers. Baxter and Gray had a shot, but the pitch definitely of the eight ball over that Baxter was hit for fifty-one runs in four overs while Gray's two overs cost 28. Both bowlers I think need a much faster cricket hitting very powerfully and while he and Pearce were together, 60 runs were put on between noon and 12.30. Lloyd and Anderson went on again and proceeded to bowl very well. After this Pearce was taken at the wicket by Lloyd, and Boonquet played too soon at Anderson and hit a ball straight into extra cover's hands, and there was a collapse. Most of the batsmen played too soon. There were three c and b's, Anderson being a very pretty one. One gallant officer (who I see played under the name of S. O. Else) hit one of his powerful boundaries which he seems to force away entirely with his fore-arm, but was immediately after one of the c and b victims. It is noticeable that after the fourth wicket fell at 163 the Club were all out for another 21 runs, of which Perry made 11.

### BRILLIANT BOWLING

It is true that some of the K.C.C. team were new comers to the First—there are, I see, two or three men who have formerly played for Craigengower turning out—but the almost pathetic shapening of the batting must have come as a great blow to the K.C.C. enthusiasts. It is true, however, that it is early in the season and that when there was a practice knock of an hour apiece after the game, the K.C.C. batsman did not do so badly when they were hitting. Their downfall in this first innings was due to undue caution against some very splendid bowling by Alec Pearce and McClellan, the latter bowled 7 overs before he sent down a single loose ball, and on many occasions missed the wicket by a coat of paint. He deserved better figures than 1/2/17/2. Alec Pearce has probably never bowled better in his life, keeping a perfect length. He turned the ball a good deal, and backed up by magnificent sliding from the Club, he produced the fine figures of 0/0. Batters never looked at 17/2/5/8. Baxter never looked at getting runs, while Teddy Fincher was out off his first ball. The only people to do anything were Archie Zimmern (13), and Lloyd (17), who went out for the bowling. The Club won by 115 runs.

### A KNOCK-UP

The match finished so early that there was time for each side to have practice bowls. The K.C.C. did much better, securing 124 for 9, of which Anderson made 80. Divett and J. Pearce did a good deal of the bowling. The Club managed to get 140 for 6, of which Haynes claimed 43. It seems a fairly certain inference that

### Hockey Council Meeting To-Day

A meeting of the Hongkong Hockey Association will be held this evening at 5.30 p.m. in St. Andrew's Church Hall when the draw for the Association's annual tournament will take place. Following the Council Meeting to which all clubs are requested to send a representative, a meeting of clubs to arrange the season's friendly fixtures will be held.

### Ten Pins

## TULSA BEAT MINDANAO

A friendly ten pins match between the U.S.S. Tulsa and the U.S.S. Mindanao was played at the Hongkong Bowling Alley, yesterday resulting in a win for the former by 313 pins.

The scores were:		U.S.S. Tulsa		U.S.S. Mindanao		Total	
F. Spence	103	214	148	135	152	642	
W. Michael	132	125	142	136	156	711	
Pete Peterson	167	131	140	121	144	703	
E. J. Moore	148	122	124	101	142	695	
						2600	
J. J. Sheehan	143	141	145	151	117	701	
J. C. Thomas	137	147	120	125	130	679	
R. E. Skiver	167	131	140	121	144	703	
G. Golden	121	115	124	107	93	622	
						2647	

## GOVERNOR'S RINKS BEATEN

His Excellency the Governor's lawn bowls team of three rinks were entertained by the Kowloon Cricket Club yesterday and were defeated by 37 shots. His Excellency's team scored a total of 40, and the Kowloon C.C. 86.

### India's Team Chosen

India bowls rink for the Gutierrez International series is composed of two members each from Indian R. C. and Craigengower. The rink is: J. Hoosen (I.R.C.), A. M. Omar (Craigengower), A. K. Minu (I.R.C.) and T. M. Omar (Craigengower). Reserves—K. M. Omar (Craigengower), A. O. Madar (I.R.C.) and A. H. Rumjahn (I.R.C.).

### CLASSIFICATION LISTS

The following alterations and additions have been made to the pony classification lists issued by the Hongkong Jockey Club on June 20: Australians—Annabella and Southern Star to "B" Class; China ponies—Tampa Bay to "C" Class; National Liberty and Talkative to "D" Class.

the correct game to play on that wicket was a forcing one.

### FIELDING

The K.C.C. fielding was a little bit patchy, and did not compare favourably with that of the Club for when Boonquet was brilliant at cover. It must be remembered, however, that four of the Club players play as a rule for other sides, three being Civil servants and one Army. I think, however, that they will have little difficulty in putting out a good side this season. Kowloon need not be discouraged by their poor showing; apart from the beginning of the season they seem to have got rather mixed up in their players, and they will have to put their house in order as regards bowlers.

J.L. 28151.

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**ERROL FLYNN**  
as the devil-may-care ace of THE  
**DAWN PATROL**

**BASIL RATHBONE**  
**DAVID NIVEN**

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Barry Fitzgerald • Carl Esmond  
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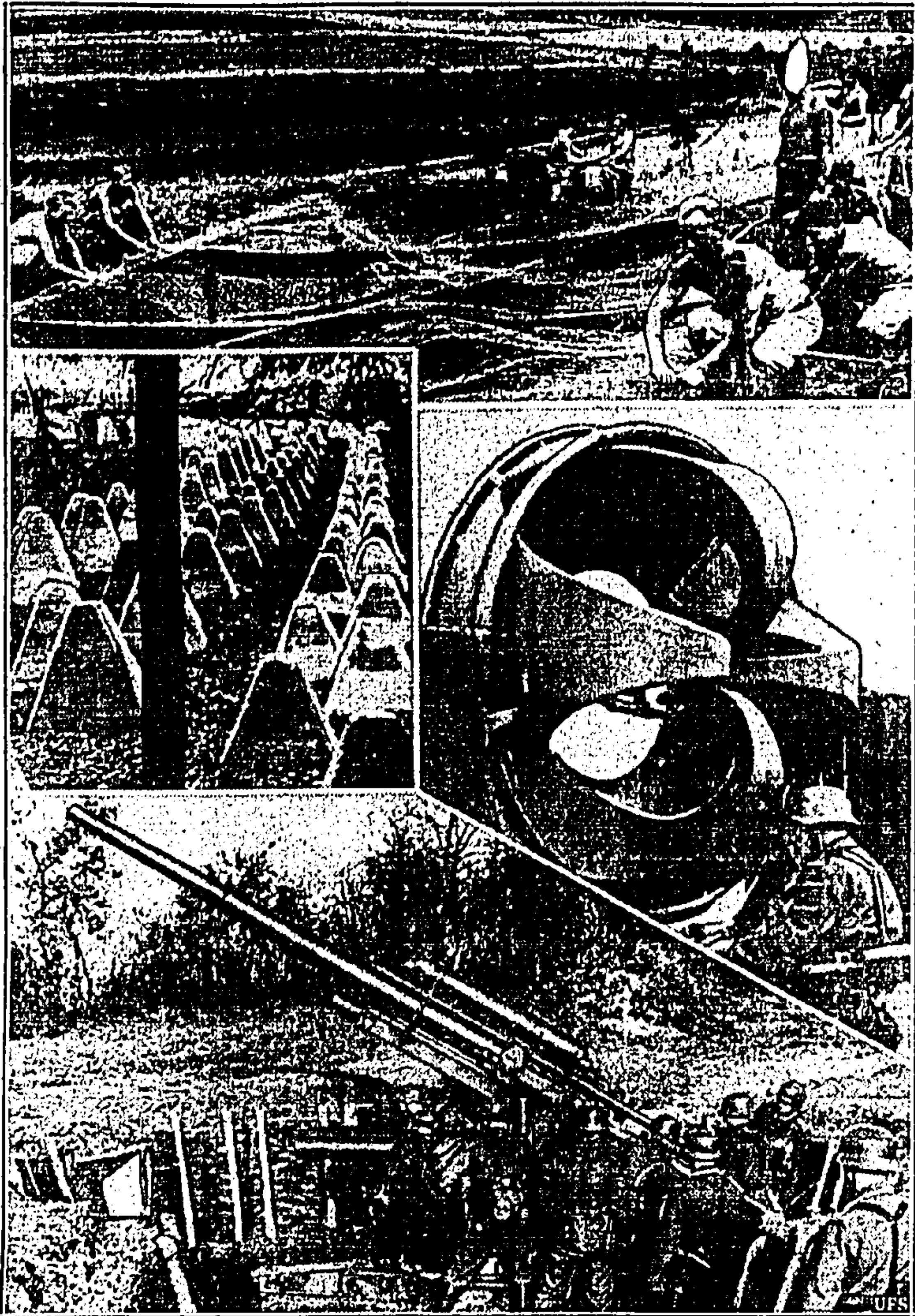
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# NEWS OF THE DAY IN PICTURES FROM FAR AND NEAR

# Hongkong Telegraph PHOTONEWS

# HAPPENINGS AS SEEN BY THE CAMERA'S EYE



Western Front operations in the Second World War centre around the two chains of fortifications on the Franco-German frontier. Scenes above are in connection with the Nazi "Westwall," officially named the Siegfried Line by Fuhrer Hitler and often called the Siegfried Line. The wall, stretching for 400 miles and facing the French Maginot Line, is 30 miles deep in places. Top panel, gun crew spreads wire netting over dug-out. Wire will be covered with grass. Left centre, not grave-stones, but concrete barricades against tanks. Right centre, huge sound detector, to warn of approaching enemy air-craft. Bottom, anti-aircraft gun occupying a strategic point in the wall.



A family of German refugees cross the border into Buckow, Germany, after a hurried flight from Poland to reach their homeland before war broke out in Europe. The guard lets them through the toll gate at the frontier. Hundreds of others did likewise.



Empty frames on the floor of London's National Gallery testify to England's fear of air raids. The frames contained priceless master-pieces, removed to basement for safekeeping.



100000 MORE  
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WAR VICTIMS!

Mrs. Hal Kemp, former Martha Stephenson, and little Ju-Ju Waung recall there's also a war in China and that refugees need blankets. They're shown at New York office of Medical Aid to China bureau.



The Marquess of Lothian, newly appointed British Ambassador to United States, succeeding Sir Ronald Lindsay, shown on his arrival in New York aboard the Aquitania.



With others who hurried back to America from Europe aboard the French liner Champlain was Madeline Carroll, movie star, arriving in New York. She turned over French chateau to Sisters of Poor.



When the Germans were driving toward Warsaw, the Polish government moved to Lublin, 100 miles south-east. Above is Cracow Gate in Lublin. Foreign legations and embassies followed the government.

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# SESSIONS CALENDAR

# Two Murder Cases to Come Up Next Week

The following are the cases to be tried at the Criminal Sessions commencing on October 18:

Pang Yiu-wai, woman, charged with the murder of Wan Hang-chung, concubine.  
Man Shiu, charged with the murder of Chan Shek-lan at Stanley Prison.  
Sham Yan-cheung and Chan Yuen, possession of plates for making Bank of China banknotes.  
Wah Tung-lun, assault with intent to cause grievous bodily harm.  
Kwok Hung, armed highway robbery; Tang Ping and Wong Tim, possession of dangerous drugs.  
Lam Yau, robbery by two or more; Shum Kwong-chung and Yeung Tin-cheung, bribery.  
Tao Chuen-lam, wounding with intent; Leung Wah-shum, possession of coining tools and counterfeit coins.  
Shek Tsoi and Chan Sap, breach of the Deportation Ordinance.

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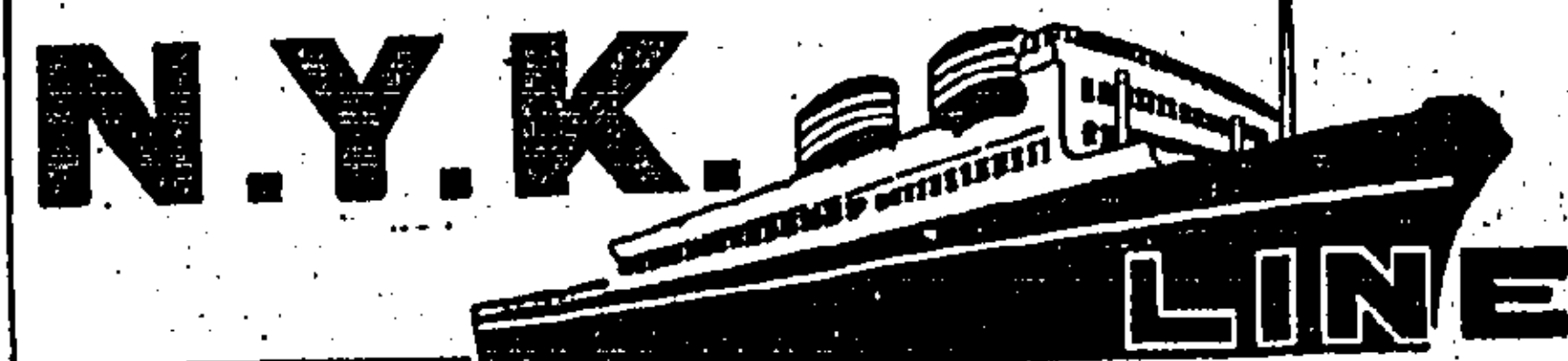
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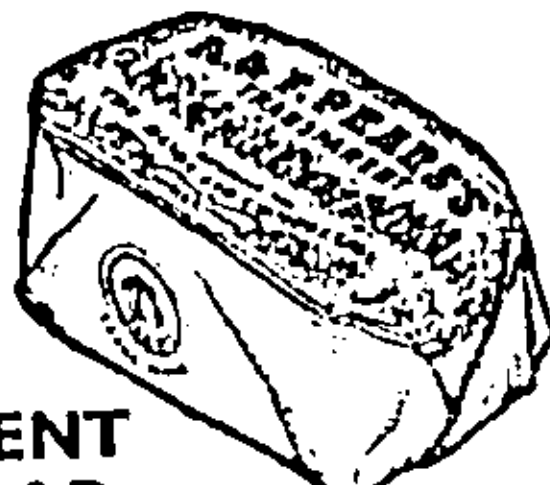
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# RECIPE FOR A NEW SUIT

Each separate point is as important as the salt in the soup in making up a three-star success.



1. The feather on the hat, a bold, upsweeping quill, is royal blue. It contrasts brightly with—
2. The caramel brown felt hat. Notice how it comes well down on the head at the back, sweeps up, following the same line as the feather in front.
3. A small, flat beaver collar goes over the square-collared coat of—
4. The suit, which is made in caramel brown wool. This is one of the newest and most attractive colours—good for in or out of town. The jacket of the suit is wrist length (very new) double-breasted (also new), studded with ten wooden buttons. Sleeves are long and plain, but shoulders are slightly squared, just enough to look solid.
5. Don't miss the two slanting hip pockets, edged with beaver to match the collar.
6. Back of the jacket is slightly flared, just hinting at the bustle silhouette.
7. Skirt is easily full, and cut with the newest sort of fullness—unpressed seams flaring slightly towards the hem. But notice—
8. The skirt is still short, round 16in. off the ground.
9. Shoes in matching brown call are smart but comfortably cut, stub-toed, fairly low heels, high over the instep.
10. Bag in caramel brown cut matches hat, suit and shoes—leaving the note of colour contrast to be loudly struck by royal blue feather—
11. Royal blue suede gloves, plain short puffed, and—
12. Royal blue blouse, with high collarless neck, curved under gathering up fullness over the bust (detailed in small sketch on the right).



### SHORT CUTS

Paper towels are useful in drying fish before baking or boiling and also for draining excess grease from doughnuts, fritters, croquettes and bacon.

A teaspoonful of Epsom salts added for each gallon of water used in washing coloured fabrics prevents fading and keeps colours from running.

To remove fat from soup, try straining it through a cloth wrung from cold water, but be sure to heat it again for serving.



Collarless neckline, diminutive waistline, and a flaring skirt are features of this coat of burn marten dyed shawl. Note, too, the raised and rounded shoulder line, and two-direction working of the fur in bodice and skirt.

Lines about their eyes, and whose eyelids are creased and wrinkled, will do well to obtain some special eye-drops and an anti-wrinkle oil which are conveniently boxed together.

Apply a little of the beauty oil to the skin around the eyes and a little more to the palms of the hands.

Close the eyes and embrace the eye and forehead area with the palms. Then using a smoothing upward and outward movement, press the palms slightly while stroking. Repeat twenty times each day until the eyes are again normal.

Ann Thorogood.



Tepid water, a stiff brush and plenty of mild soapsuds—this is the recipe for dainty and comfortable feet. This school miss is giving her feet a beauty bath preparatory to a pedicure, so that she can show her toes in cut-out dancing sandals.

## Daily Routine Suggested For Keeping Feet Lovely

By JACQUELINE HUNT

FEET that dance merrily half the night, then trudge dutifully to classes and, perhaps, before the day is done, sprint fleetly down the hockey field, need a lot of care. Often this is a phase of beauty and grooming that is neglected by the schoolgirl, for young feet are generally healthy feet and not subject to aches and pains.

Yet, according to a famous orthopedic surgeon, it is in the late teens that most foot troubles begin. It is at this age that many girls begin to wear high-heeled shoes that do damage to the delicately poised bones of the ankles and arches. Dry carefully, and pat with eau de Cologne.

Schoolgirls of to-day tend to be more sensible about such matters than they were in my day, but even so, a little more thought given to the care of the feet now will make for better foot health in days to come—and for better grooming right now.

### Make a Schedule

Foot care doesn't take a lot of time but, when you plan your beauty schedule, see that some time is allotted specifically to your feet. Your schedule might read something like this:

- Monday—Facial, beauty bath, inspect toenails.
  - Tuesday—Shape eyebrows, 15-minute eye treatment.
  - Wednesday—Manicure and pedicure.
  - Thursday—Shampoo and waveset.
  - Friday—Change nail polish, use depilatory on arms and legs, foot exercises.
- The attention you give your feet daily will take but a few minutes. You automatically get your foot bath when you are having your daily tubbing. Use a stiff brush and work up a stiff lather. Scrub this between the toes, over the ankles, heels and soles to insure thorough cleansing. This scrubbing improves the tone of the skin and removes callouses. Rinse off course. Then hold the feet under a cold stream of water from the tap to help firm and toughen them.

### Exercises for Feet

After your bath, give your feet a bit of exercise. Walk about barefoot, on tiptoe. Stretch as tall as you can, raising the heels higher and higher, so that the muscles of the ankles and arch are stretched. Then sit on a chair, lift the feet off the floor and rotate them from the ankles, first to the right, then to the left. While you're at it, take a peek at your heels. If they're rough, work some softening cream into them.

When you've had an unusually active day and your feet ache, resist the temptation to pop them into a basin of hot water—at least, if you expect to put on your shoes again.



A collar so big that it makes a fur-top coat, is one of the luxury features of the season. This one adapts burn marten for a wide waist-length shawl collar. In back it dips in a U-shape with skins following the curve. Note how the big smooth collar complements a slim, flared coat.

## Autumn Complexions

WHEN the holidays become only a memory, every woman will naturally be anxious to repair any damage wrought to her complexion by sun and wind, and so prepare it for the coming months.

Autumn make-up must be toned down a little as dark colours like browns, reds and fawns lend a certain amount of colour to the skin. Women who favour "reddy" tints should choose a peachy pink powder and a rouge that has not too much yellow in it.

Apply it sparingly and shade off to give a natural effect. Remember to use the rouge to the best advantage so that it enhances the best points of the features, but obscures those which are not quite so good.

Face and lip rouge should match, but before applying the latter moisten the lips with a little cream to help keep them smooth, for it produces a better result with lip-slick.

For those who wish to retain a becoming tan for as long as possible, avoid the use of any cream containing lemon, peroxide or cucumber, and use instead a bronze foundation cream. As the tan fades, change the deep bronze powder for a Gilane shade, worn best under an over-dusting of ocre rose or tan.

### Shades of Powder

If black or white is worn for the evening, choose a lighter shade of powder. A blonde's skin takes on a lovely, pearly appearance at night by the addition of a pale green powder. For those who are dark, but inclined to paleness, choose a pale mauve powder and a bright lip rouge that has just a trace of orange in it, but avoid cheek rouge.

A scarlet V on the chest is best treated by beating up the white of two eggs with the juice of half a lemon spread over the affected part. Leave for half an hour, then wash off and make up the neck and chest with a pale green foundation cream.

If the skin has become very sun-dried it is best not to wash the face

## Cooking Hints

WHEN frying eggs, place the pastry cutters in the frying-pan and break an egg into each, for this method embles the eggs to keep a good shape.

Instead of using an egg when glazing pastry, put a tablespoonful of brown sugar and two tablespoonfuls of milk in a saucepan and bring to the boil. Allow to cool before lightly brushing over the pastry previous to cooking.

Lettuce will keep fresh and crisp for days if loosely wrapped in greaseproof paper and stored in a receptacle having a tight-fitting lid.

To improve the flavour of rhubarb, cut it into pieces the day before it is required and cover with sugar. Leave it standing overnight without adding any water, and cook it carefully in its own juice.

As an alternative to serving apple sauce with roast pork, make the sauce with oranges in the same way as apples. Serve hot and you will be delighted at the delicious flavour.

Onions will retain their freshness for a time if singed at the roots, as this prevents them sprouting.

If biscuits have become soft, brush them over with milk and bake for a few moments in a hot oven, after which they will again be crisp.

An excellent flavouring can be made by grating lemon peel very finely, and mixing it with an equal amount of caster sugar, and storing in an air-tight tin.

Never put pepper into anything to be fried, it causes rissoles and fritters to break and spoils the cooking of fried fish.

G. G. T.

for at least a week, but use instead an astringent cleanser, cream and tonic. Massage the face very gently every night with a nourishing cream; for this treatment combined with a cream mask and tissue oil will soon restore the complexion to its former condition.

Women who find after returning from their holidays that they have

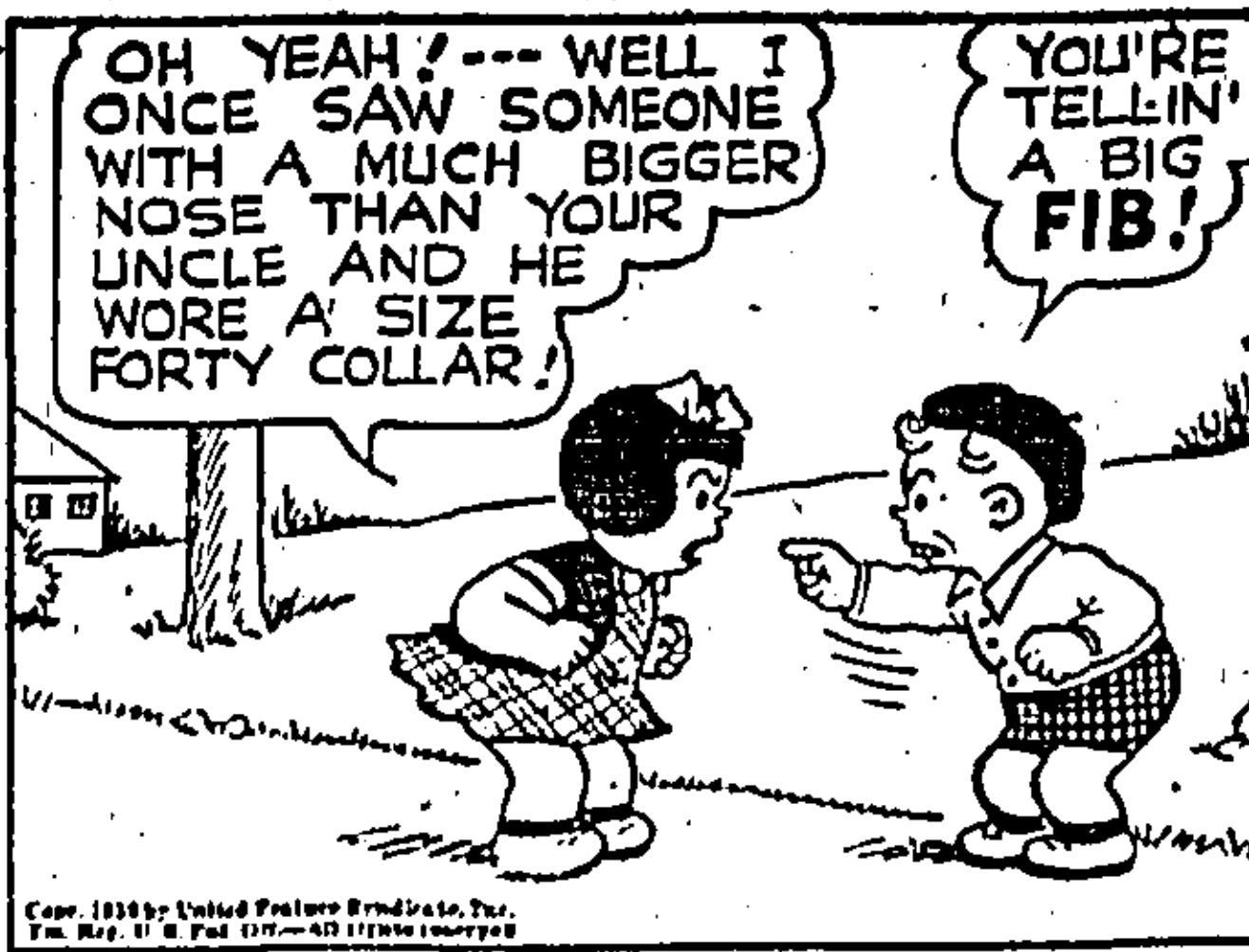


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## NANCY



### Ideal Speech

#### Daladier Broadcast Impresses

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"  
LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—M. Daladier's response to Hitler's so-called peace proposals leaves nothing to be desired in point of emphasis, writes the "Daily Telegraph."

This paper adds that it is entirely in tune with his broadcast to the French people on the day war was declared, and nothing has occurred since to invalidate its force.

#### No Other Reply Possible

No self-respecting nation could give Hitler any other answer than that which M. Daladier gave yesterday.

Days when the robbery of territories brought advantage to the robber must end. It is for that high purpose that the two western democracies have now taken the field in alliance, and insidious attempts to divide them and to frustrate the pursuit of that purpose will be no more successful in England than it has been in France, concludes the newspaper.

#### Warmly Welcomed

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"  
PARIS, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—M. Daladier's firm reply to Hitler is warmly welcomed in all sections of the press.

"Matin" says, "It took Hitler an hour and a half to say, amid innumerable commonplaces, how he wanted to direct his latest conquests. It took M. Daladier 20 minutes to oppose to the German spirit of domination the French spirit of a just peace, which given to the peoples the joy of living."

"We certainly want peace, but not peace at any price, and above all, not with participants whose signature is worthless."

The "Oeuvre", referring to Hitler's string of broken promises, says: "If

### Nazi Party Officials Discontented

#### Resent Alliance With Russia

PARIS, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—Rumours of discontent among the Nazi party officials and prominent Army men, some of whom participated in the formation of a "Freikorps" in the Baltic countries, are referred to in an Amsterdam dispatch to a journal.

They feel that the abandonment by Germany of the position once held in countries owing civilisation to Germany constitutes an incomprehensible sacrifice and is open to much criticism.

Following the alliance with the Bolsheviks, the evacuation of Germany from the Baltic countries is arousing lively discontent among the higher ranks in the party.

### Nazi Police Chief In Italy

ROME, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—Herr Himmler, Chief of the Nazi Secret Police, arrived in Italy to-day. He was met at Milan by the Italian prefects of Bologna and Fiume.

He will have talks in a town on Lake Como which are expected to last two days.

We had been crazy enough to believe this perjured, in six months after the Reich has digested its last prey, we should have been attacked under less favourable conditions."

### ACTION AND DRAMA IN "Dawn Patrol"

"Dawn Patrol" coming to the King's to-morrow, deals with a section of R.A.F. men and their work during the last war. It is an excellent show and is much superior to many flying films recently shown on local screens.

The period is the middle years of the last war and every morning a squadron of fliers set out from behind the Allied lines to patrol the German lines and observe or destroy. The few airmen who have had time to acquire the art of war in the air have some chance of returning, but the replacements of young men who come out almost every day from England after a few flying hours at home are inevitably and uselessly destroyed. The General Staff seem to be continually planning new and yet more impossible expeditions, and the officer commanding the patrol has to obey their orders and wait every day for the return of the patrol with its number inevitably diminished, a strain which during the progress of this film three men in turn find unbearable.

The film has many remarkable scenes of individual combat in the air and culminates in an appalling scene of the bombing of factories, ammunition works and railways behind the German lines.

There was an earlier silent version of this film, starring Neil Hamilton and Richard Barthelmess, but there is a new generation of picture-goers to whom the plot will not be known.

Much of the success of the film depends on the cast—Eustel Rathbone as the major, sensitive, bitter and nerve-racked; Errol Flynn as the man who takes his place wearing his stiff upper lip with dash and distinction, and David Niven as the man who sees his brother die in a burning plane.

It is hard to distinguish, but it is probably this last portrait, debonair, twinkling and keeping an exquisite balance between comedy and pathos that most people will remember.

### Empire Plan To Train More Airmen

#### Canada As Centre Of New Scheme

CANBERRA, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The Australian Premier, Mr. R. G. Menzies declared to-day that the empire air training plan would make the Commonwealth a great air power, and would substantially contribute to the successful conclusion of the war.

Under the training scheme missions were going to Canada from Britain, Australia and New Zealand, and it was planned that Canada should become the chief training centre.

Mr. Menzies announced that the Minister for civil aviation and assistant defence Minister, Mr. V. Fairbairn would represent Australia in Canada.

The Premier concluded by saying that it was a striking example of the manner in which they were employing the full weight of the resources of the empire in a common cause.

### British Mission Personnel

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—Sir Kingsley Wood, the Air Minister, announced the composition of the British Air Mission to Canada in the House of Commons to-day.

The leader, Lord Riverdale, is a northern industrialist and the deputy leader is Air Chief Marshal Sir Robert Brooke-Popham, former Governor of Kenya.

Mr. F. P. Earle, managing director of one of our largest aircraft manufacturing companies, will be a member of the Mission, which will also comprise technical and other officers.

As Air Chief Marshal Brooke-Popham is now on service abroad, his place will be taken temporarily by Air Vice-Marshal Sir Christopher Courtney.

The Parliamentary Secretary to the Air Ministry, Captain H. H. Balfour, will also go to Canada to help in arrangements which Canada will have for consultations with the Mission from Australia and New Zealand.

### Death-Knell Of German Ambitions

MELBOURNE, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The Empire training scheme mentioned by Sir Kingsley Wood, the Air Minister, yesterday sounds the death-knell of German ambitions, declared the Australian Prime Minister, Mr. R. G. Menzies, in a broadcast.

Mr. Menzies explained that the scheme means that Australia will train and maintain thousands instead of hundreds of the flying personnel.

It takes longer to train an airman than to produce an aeroplane, and the Empire has determined on, and planned an air armada manned by skilled and courageous fliers, he added.

Australian papers welcome the scheme. The "Melbourne Herald," in a leader, says it will arouse enthusiasm in the dominions by enabling them to make a vital contribution to the Empire's victory.

Press Enthusiastic  
LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—British and Empire press reaction to the new Empire Air Training Scheme is enthusiastic.

In London the "Times" declares that this sign can hardly be exaggerated. "Here's imperial co-operation on its highest and largest scale. New weight has been thrown into an

### Frantic Wish For Peace

#### Depression Follows Berlin Canard

ROTTERDAM, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The Berlin correspondent of the "Nieuwe Rotterdamse Courant" gives further details of the peace rumour in Germany.

The rumour, he says, led to an extraordinary outburst of rejoicing, and it was believed even by the more cautious people.

Even the official denial was not credited at first, and it was thought that the news of the peace was to be issued later.

Bitter Disappointment  
Bitter disappointment was the reaction when it was at last discovered to be false.

"Such a demonstration," the correspondent comments, "points to the urgent wish of the German people for peace."

The Berlin correspondent of the Amsterdam "Telegraph" says there had been general pessimism in the Nazi capital since Hitler's second speech. This was noticeable both in political circles and among the general population.

Foreign reaction was such that there was little hope in Berlin that Britain and France were willing for peace, except on such terms as Berlin could not approve.

### Cardinal Ill

MUNICH, Oct. 11 (UP).—Cardinal Faulhaber, aged 70, is ill with heart trouble. Prayers are being offered for him.

It is stated, however, that there is no immediate danger to his life.

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already fairly even balance of air power."

In Australia, the "Melbourne Herald" says the plan will enable the dominions to make a vital contribution to the victory of the Allies.

The "Melbourne Sun" says the Empire is showing true coherence instead of crumbling as its enemy had hoped.

### Pains in Back Gone in 3 Hours

If you suffer terrible, sharp pains or dull aching down your back or sides, you can't get rid of these with ordinary medicines because you must kill the germs in your kidneys. Other symptoms of kidney and bladder disorders are scanty, frequent and painful passages, getting up at night, leg pains, lumbago, nervousness, headache, dizziness, circles under eyes and rheumatism, poor appetite and energy, swollen ankles, etc.—Cystex ends these troubles by removing the cause—and starts benefits in 24 hours and completely stops troubles in 3 days. Get Cystex from any chemist or guarantee to put you right or money back. Act Now! In 24 hours you will feel better and be completely well in one week. The Guaranteed Protection for Kidneys, Rheumatism, Bladder, etc.

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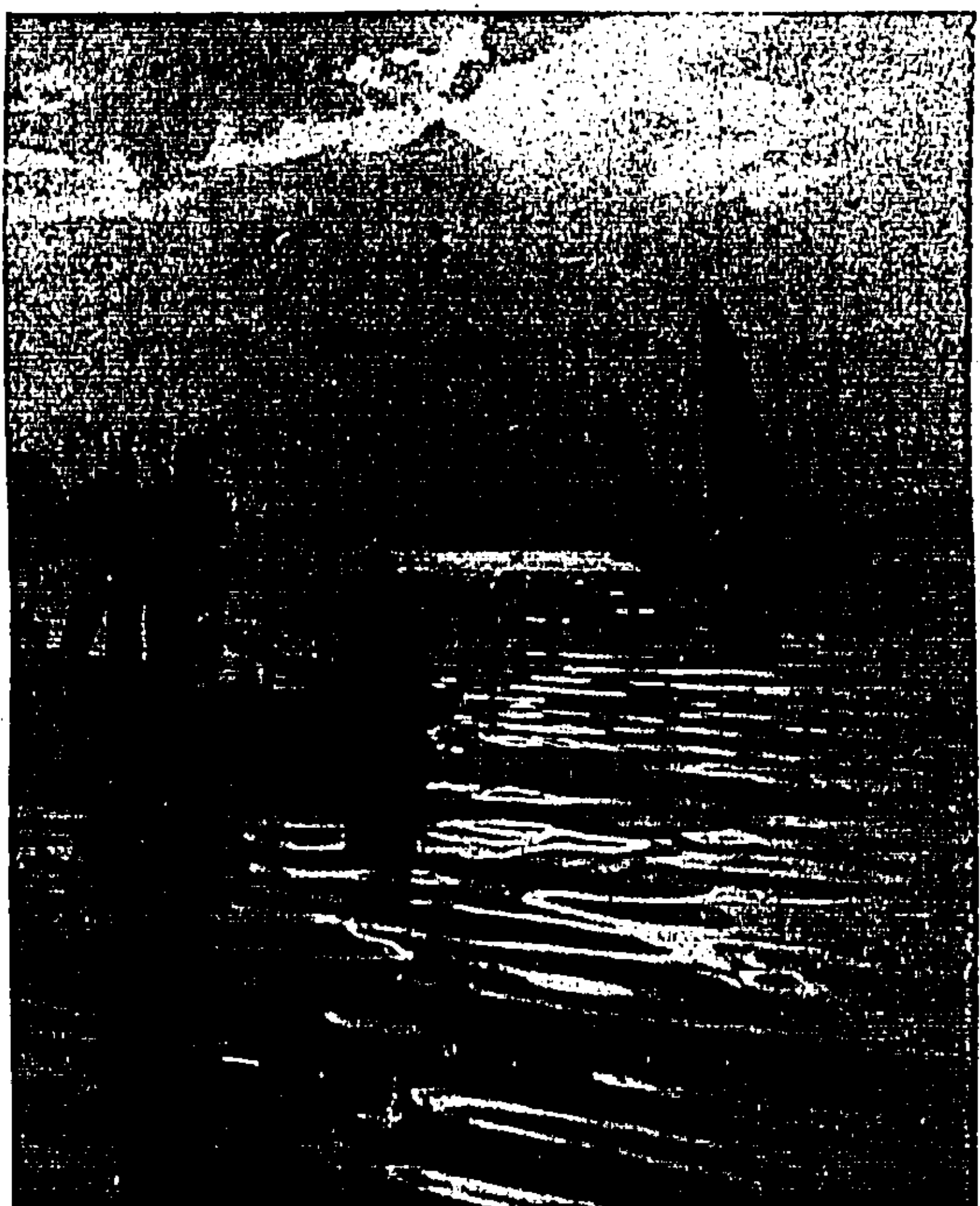
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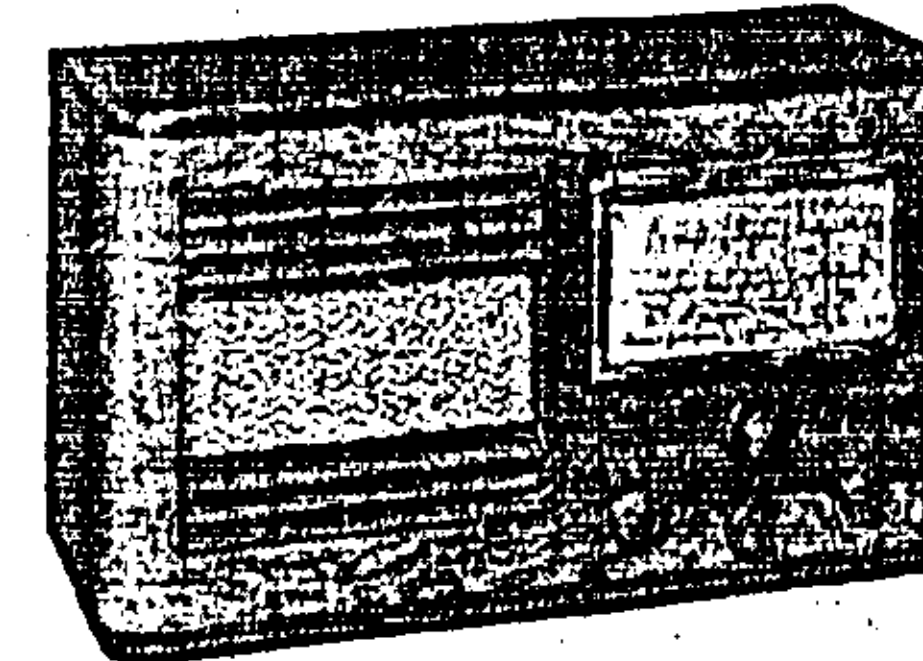
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SATURDAY AT THE ALHAMBRA



## KING

AIR-CONDITIONED THEATRE

TO-DAY ONLY AT 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.30 P.M.

THE STORY OF A MAN WHO RISKED ALL FOR  
HONOUR A STORY OF ENDURING  
COURAGE, SWEEPING  
DER ROMANCE AND  
EXCITEMENT, TEN-  
A THOUSAND THRILLS.



At Slight Increase in Admissions -

TO-MORROW ERROL FLYNN in  
Warner Bros. "THE DAWN PATROL"  
Picture.

## MAJESTIC

THEATRE

4 SHOWS DAILY 2.30, 5.10, 7.15, 9.30

MATINEES: 20c, 30c, 50c, 70c

FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY

Emily Brontë's Powerful Drama of the Desperate  
Man Who Avenged A Lost Love... An Immortal Screen  
Version of an Immortal Novel!

I cannot bear the Torture  
of seeing you in his arms!



SAMUEL GOLDWYN presents  
**WUTHERING HEIGHTS**  
Merle Oberon - Laurence Olivier - David Niven  
and Philip Brown - Donald Crisp - Caroline Blais - Edward G. Robinson - John G. Palfrey - William H. Chytilowicz

COMMENCING TO-MORROW  
THE GREATEST HISTORICAL DRAMA OF ALL TIME!!!  
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Super-Production!

NORMA SHEARER - TYRONE POWER



JOHN BARRYMORE  
ROBERT MORLEY  
ANNIE LOUISE  
JOSEPH SCHILDKRAUT  
and many others

Screen Play by Claude West,  
Donald Ogden Stewart and  
Ernest Vajda. An M-G-M Picture  
Directed by W.S. Van Dyke  
Produced by MONTY STORMER

Dine at the  
**Parisian Grill**  
Good Food - Fine Wines  
DINNER & DANCE MUSIC  
by  
The Blue Danube Trio

## Internee Marries

THE wedding took place at the Registry yesterday before Mr. T. S. Whyte-Smith, between Otto Hans Ahrens, journalist, and Else Rudek (nee Kreutzberger), milliner of Kimberley Road, Kowloon. The bridegroom is an internee at La Salle College, and was released for the ceremony, on the application of his bride. The witnesses were Mme. Sophie Costides and Mr. J. W. Eastman. Other weddings that took place before Mr. Whyte-Smith at the Registry yesterday were: Mr. Man Sang, merchant, to Miss Lee Kwan-ku, of Un Long, the witnesses being Messrs. Man Wah and Lee Nin-fong; Mr. Tong Ping-fong, assistant editor of the Tsing Wan Yat Po, to Miss Ma Cled-wai, of Lockport Road, the witnesses being Mrs. Tong Leung-shi and Mr. Ma Hing-chai; Mr. Lai Sue-fai, merchant, to Miss Tse Wan-sin, of Wa Lane, the witnesses being Messrs. Tse Wing-shut and Kwan Ho.

**Wed in Singapore**  
Lieutenant Robert Evelyn Boddington, of the Royal Navy, and son of Mr. and Mrs. F. Boddington of Hinton, Peterchurch, Herefordshire was married at St. Andrew's Cathedral, Singapore, on October 2, to Miss Heather Elizabeth Hance, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Hance, of Hongkong.

The Rev. N. Williams, of H.M.S. Medway, took the service. Given away by Lieut. Commander Hubert Marsham, of the Royal Navy, the bride, who was dressed in a gown of white French crepe, wore a sapphire and diamond pendant, a gift from the bridegroom.

She had on a tulle veil, with a garland of flowers in her hair, and carried a bouquet of lilies and carnations. Miss Stella Strachen-Smith, the bridesmaid, wore a dress of blue georgette, and carried a bouquet of hydrangeas and daisies. Best man was Lieut. R. A. St. Clair Sprout Dolton, R.N.

The reception was held at the Airport Hotel, and the honeymoon is to be spent at the Sea View Hotel. The bride's going away ensemble consisted of a white pigskin suit, with turban, and an organdie blouse and accessories.

## LATE NEWS

## Britain And Soviet RELATIONS REVIEWED

London, Oct. 11.  
In the House of Commons to-day, Mr. Ellis-Smith (Lab.-Stoke), asked the Prime Minister if he had considered the need to publish a Blue Book containing documents, etc., concerning the relations of Great Britain with the U.S.S.R. during the period August, 1939, to October, 1939.

Mr. Butler, Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs, replying, said that Lord Halifax, Foreign Secretary, had given careful consideration to this question. He was not prepared to authorise publication of these documents at present.

Mr. Butler added that it should be remembered that in the exchange of views which took place between the British Government and the U.S.S.R., they took into consideration the position of several other governments.

Replying to Mr. Mander (Lab.-Wolverhampton), who wanted to know what action the Government proposed to take with reference to the proposal put forward by the Soviet Government for resumption of trade negotiations with Britain, Mr. Butler said that the question of adapting Anglo-Soviet trade relations to conditions of the present war was under consideration. Some preliminary difficulties were under discussion with the Soviet Government.

—Reuter Bulletin.

## Not War-Time Budget

Last night a Treasury official stated that the budget to be presented to-day was drawn up before the outbreak of war and estimates of both income and expenditure will require

reconsideration in the light of the present situation.

The budget figures as presented to-day, therefore, should not be taken as a final indication of Government's intentions.

## British War Funds

A circular, appealing for support for the Hongkong Branch of the British War Organisation Fund has been issued by Sir Atholl MacGregor, Chairman of the Business Committee. Sir Atholl says the Fund will be the only one in Hongkong for public subscription from which, it is hoped, not only comforts and medical necessities will be provided for our troops in the field and for the wounded, but also to make money grants to approved funds and societies in England.

Great sacrifices, Sir Atholl points out, are being made and will continue to be made at home and in all other parts of the Empire. The benefits that Hongkong receives and will receive from these sacrifices are incalculable, and the Committee feels confident that every section of the Colony will recognise this by a generous response to this appeal.

Cheques for donations will be received by the Treasurer, Mr. F. B. Winter, of the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, and payments may be made direct to the Fund at the offices of the Bank, but a case it is found more convenient to make monthly donations to the fund there is enclosed with the circular a form of banker's order together with an envelope addressed to the Treasurer.

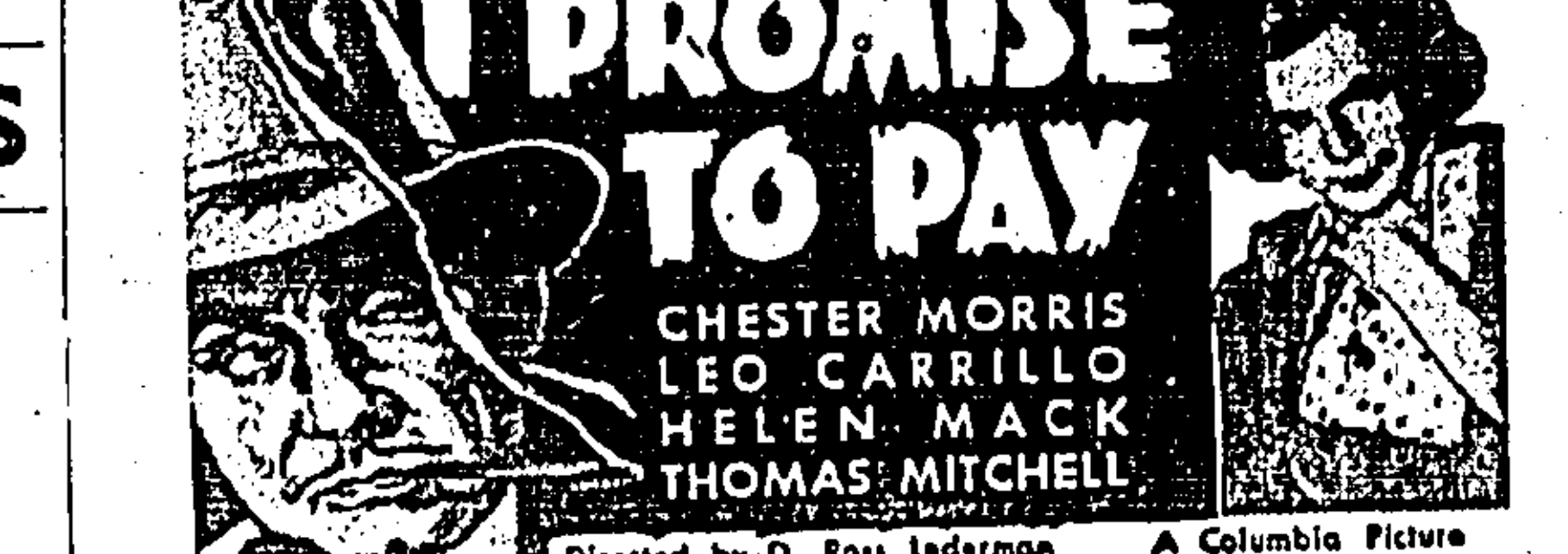
Sir Atholl suggests that in the event of junior employees wishing to help the cause by making a small monthly cash payment, a senior or responsible officer be appointed to undertake the task of collecting these sums each month and to send to the Treasurer a cheque for the aggregate amount, together with a list of the individual donors and the amount of each donation.

—Reuter Bulletin.

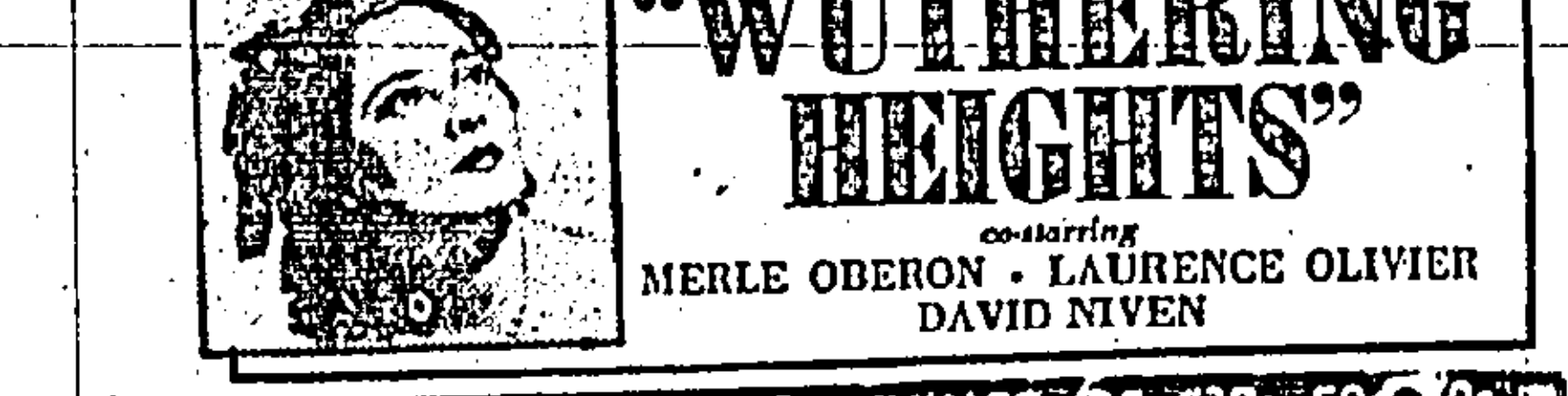
## ORIENTAL

THEATRE

LAST 4 TIMES TO-DAY  
A THOUSAND SHOCKING SENSATIONS REVEALED!  
First fearless exposure of the merciless loan sharks,  
how they operate and why their victims won't talk.



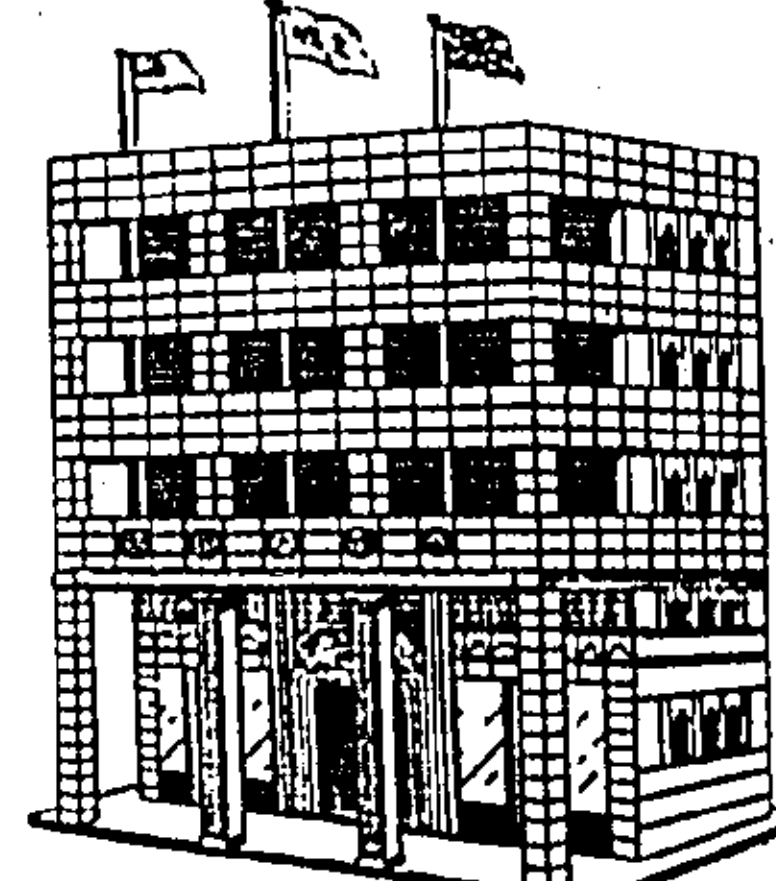
Directed by D. Ross Lederman A Columbia Picture  
TWO DAYS ONLY! TO-MORROW AND SATURDAY  
HERE'S THE SEASON'S OUTSTANDING SCREEN DRAMA!



MATINEES: 20c, 30c, 50c, 70c, 90c  
EVENINGS: 20c, 30c, 50c, 70c, 90c

## Grand Opening To-day!

We cordially invite you to  
visit us—we are sure you  
will enjoy our Chinese food  
which is of the finest possible  
quality.



Tiffins, Dinners, Parties  
Come to —

## Golden City Restaurant

124 Queen's Road Central

(almost opposite New Central Market)

金城大酒家

## QUEENS & ALHAMBRA

HONG KONG KOWLOON

AT 2.30-5.15 7.20-9.30 P.M. AT 2.30-5.20-7.20 & 9.30 P.M.

FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY



ADDED!  
"INSIDE NAZI GERMANY"  
Presented By March of Time!

To-morrow at the QUEEN'S "HOTEL IMPERIAL"  
To-morrow at the ALHAMBRA "UNION PACIFIC"



TO-DAY ONLY

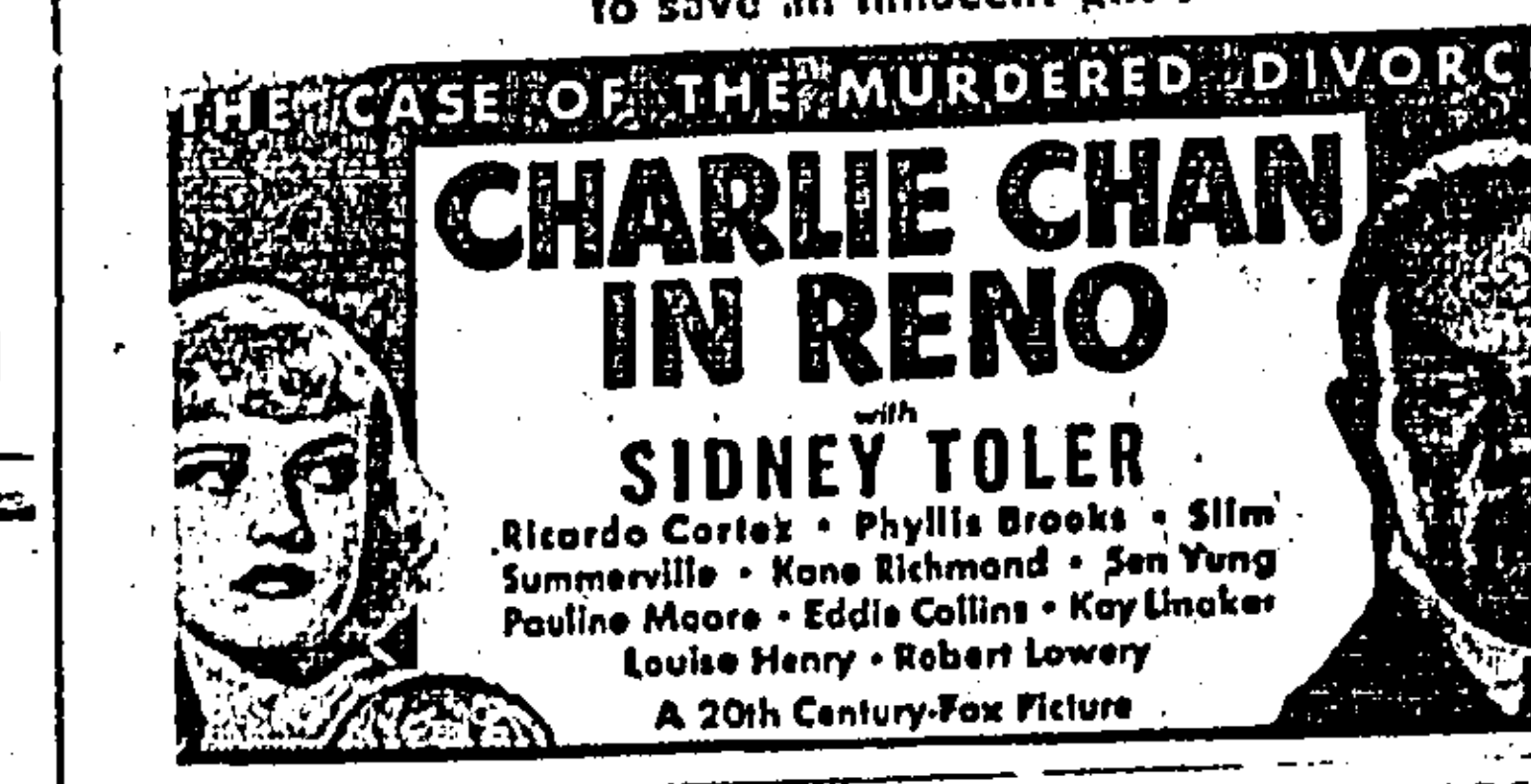
MGM's MAMMOTH MUSICAL MELODRAMA!  
1000 Wonders Crowd  
A Romance As Exciting  
As Its Title!



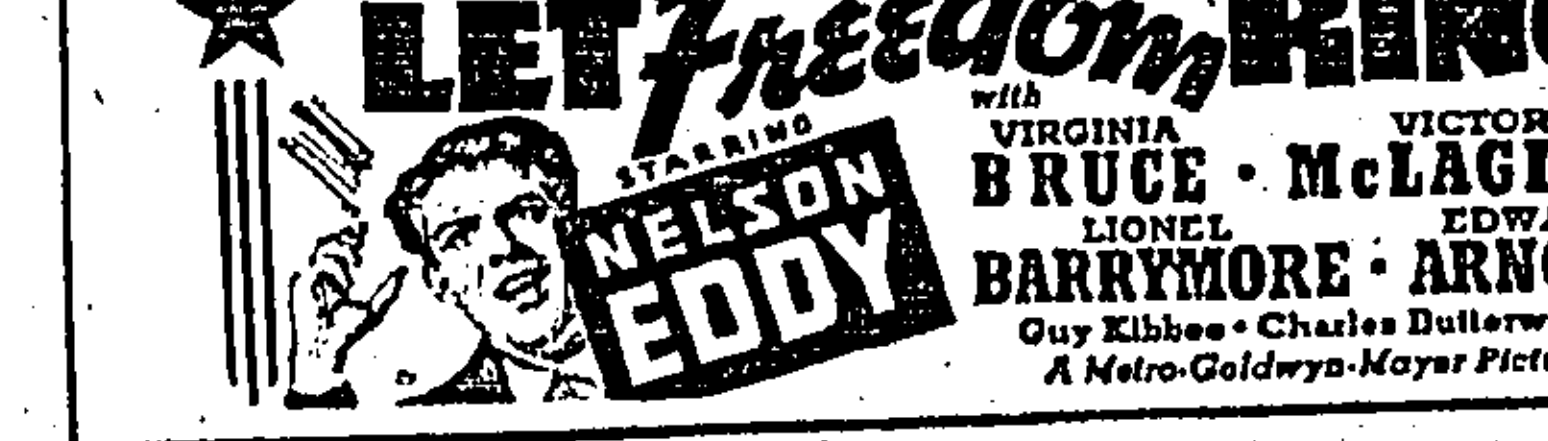
TO-MORROW "LITTLE MISS ROUGHNECK"  
with Edith Fellows - Leo Carillo



TO-DAY & TO-MORROW — 2 DAYS ONLY!  
Charlie Chan flies half-way 'round the world...  
to the playground of glamorous women...  
to save an innocent girl!



SATURDAY - SUNDAY - MONDAY



ARMS BAN MAY GO  
Impression of Visitor  
From America

Capt. Pat Nolan yesterday brought Pan American Airways' China Clipper to Hongkong on its 133rd trip. The plane arrived at 1.30 p.m., an hour before schedule. She did not call at Macao.

There were five passengers for Hongkong. From San Francisco came Mr. Edwin Wykes, business executive, of Cawnpore, India, who left England for the United States before the outbreak of war. In the United States, he said, public sympathy was all for the Allies. He had not the slightest doubt that the arms embargo would be lifted.

Also from San Francisco was Mr. Ko Fook-sing, Hongkong merchant, returning after a tour of the United States and a visit to the World Fairs.

Passengers from Manila—Mr. Carlo Andreoli, of Shanghai, Eastern representative for the Fiat Motor Company, returning to Shanghai after a business tour of the Philippines; Mr. James M. Ross, Manila attorney, on a business trip to the Colony; and Mr. Chan Sing, Baguio carter, operator of the Baguio carter company. Mr. Chan Sing will return to Manila by Clipper with his family.

PEIPING INCIDENT  
American Marine Arrested  
After Shooting Guard

Tientsin, Oct. 11.  
Colonel William G. Hawthorne, commander of a detachment of United States Marines, reveals that one of the Marines in Peiping who was accompanying goods in transit to the Tientsin barriers shot a railway guard of undetermined nationality in the thigh, following an argument.

The Marine proceeded to the barracks after the shooting, while the other remained guarding the goods until the Japanese controlled Chinese police arrested him. It is stated that negotiations are going on at present for his release, which is expected to-night.—United Press.

Printed and Published for the Proprietors by FREDERICK PERCY FRANKLIN, at 1 and 3, Wyndham Street in the City of Victoria, Hongkong.



"Chevrolet for 1939 — Leads the Motor Parade—Because Only Chevrolet Gives So Much for So Little—A Truly Economical Car—29.4 H.P. 22 Miles per gallon — Smart — Comfortable — Proven Performance — Choice of Two Canadian Models with a Wealth of Super Equipment."

Master "85" Trunk Sedan with Conventional front axle . . . HK\$3,600.00

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# The Hongkong Telegraph.

FOUNDED 1901 四期星 號二十月十英曆 THURSDAY, OCTOBER 12, 1939. 日一十月八 1939年十月八日

**FRENCH ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS**  
CAMELIAS, GARDENIAS, ROSES, ETC.  
An important accessory for your Autumn dresses  
Priced from 75 cents  
**WHITEAWAY'S**

## Colony To Make Free Gift To Britain As Contribution To War

# HONGKONG'S WAR BUDGET: INCOME TAX TO BE INTRODUCED

### WHAT IT WILL COST

If the ten per cent. income tax proposed by Government is introduced, the following examples will show what Hongkong citizens on various incomes would pay:

£400 per annum	£50
£750 per annum	£455
£1,250 per annum	£1,225

This table ignores a possible sur-tax on the highest income and does not allow for any exemption that may be claimed.

### DEMARCHÉ TO SOVIET

#### U.S. May Join With Scandinavians

**SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"**  
**WASHINGTON, Oct. 11 (UP).—**Norway and Sweden, in concert with Finland, have approached the United States with the proposal that joint overtures should be made to Soviet Russia regarding the threat to Finland.

Denmark is stated to be joining in the protest.

The Stockholm newspaper "Dagens Nyheter" claims that the United States had agreed to join the Scandinavian countries in a joint demarché.

**Troops On Move**  
**SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"**  
**HELSINGFORS, Oct. 11 (UP).—**Russian troops are moving along the Finnish frontier, less than 24 miles from Petsamo.

This Arctic Ocean port is the only point through which Finland could obtain outside aid in the event of a Soviet invasion.

It is reliably reported that the Finnish Government is discussing the removal of the capital from Helsinki.

The small Finnish Navy has massed off the south-west coast.

Troops are mounting machine-guns in the streets and on public buildings in Helsinki.

Scores of thousands of men, women and children are evacuating the principal cities.

(Finnish Precautions—Page 2)

### Food Rations In Italy Warning

**ROME, Oct. 11 (Reuters).—**It was announced by the Rome radio to-night that although food and other necessities have not yet been rationed, it may become necessary to do so.

As a precaution a census is being taken of supplies.

## BARTER PACT BETWEEN BRITAIN AND SOVIET

**LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuters).—**It is officially stated that an agreement was concluded to-day between the Ministry of Supply and the Soviet trade delegation for the exchange of Russian timber for certain quantities of rubber and tin.

The agreement is described as a commercial transaction, and has no political significance.

It is pointed out that these commodities are normally part of Anglo-Russian trade dealings.

The announcement mentions the impediment to shipping in Russian ports after the ice sets in, and states that the difficulties caused by the withholding of export licences, and had the effect of holding up a number of cargoes of wood.

The object of the negotiations was to secure the release of goods needed by Russia, and vice versa.

The tin involved has, to a large extent, been paid for through instalments in a long running commercial contract. The quantities are not regarded as being exceptional. All prices of wood, tin and rubber have been fixed. The goods exchanged will be absolutely equal and the amount depends on what can be physically moved from the northern ports before the ice seasons.

It is anticipated that this may be only the first of a series of negotiations with Russia.

### THE HONGKONG GOVERNMENT HAS DECIDED TO INSTITUTE INCOME TAX IN HONGKONG.

This notification was made in Legislative Council this afternoon by His Excellency the Governor.

Steps are being taken at once to draft the necessary legislation and to bring into being the necessary machinery.

It is expected that the machinery will be put into effect within six months.

No details are yet available regarding the scope or extent of the proposed tax, but it is not intended at the initial stage to prescribe very high rates of tax.

A hint is given by His Excellency that if Income Taxation is insufficient to meet calls upon the Colony's Treasury, an Excess Profits Tax may be imposed.

#### Defence Budget

A defence budget, in addition to the ordinary budget published yesterday, is to be introduced.

The Colony is to contribute materially towards the prosecution of the war against Germany.

The contribution may take one of two forms, either by meeting from its own pockets such additional local expenditure as the situation may demand for volunteer, naval, military and air defence, or by contributing to the United Kingdom's Government.

His Majesty's Government.

The Income Tax is being introduced for this purpose.

His Excellency's Address to the Legislative Council was as follows:

"Hon. Members.—It has been my intention to present a short address to you on this occasion, more or less on the lines of that which last year endeavoured to review the salient facts of the preceding twelve months and to more important schemes of Government's administration. I regret very much that the ruin of work caused by Herr Hitler's intervention has prevented that intention from being fulfilled, and all the more because there has been good reason to believe that the administrative and social services which are of paramount importance to the Colony are being maintained."

#### Financial Policy

"I propose, accordingly, to confine my remarks on this occasion to the financial policy and intentions of the Government and I conceive that these will be more rightly appreciated if I first invite attention to the declared policy of His Majesty's Government in this regard. If one were to compare the manner in which this war is being faced by the Government of Great Britain with that of 1914, a fundamental difference would at once be observed. Then, armies, administrative departments and war organizations and requirements of all kinds had to be hastily improvised and the national finances were left to be carried on along normal peace lines; to-day the situation at home presents entirely the contrary picture. The likelihood of the outbreak of a major war between Great Britain and Germany had long been foreseen, plans had been laid to meet the emergency and the appropriate economic policy had been thought out and made ready.

"It will be generally agreed, I think, that the outstanding feature of the economic plans of His Majesty's Government, as disclosed in the speech of the Chancellor of the Exchequer on September 27 when he

#### What Of Our Duty?

"So much for the way in which the taxpayer at home is facing his duty; what of the duty which lies before us in this small unit of the British Empire? I hope and believe that there will be universal acceptance here of the fundamental principle that our responsibilities in Hongkong towards Great Britain are in no way less than those of British subjects resident in the United Kingdom, and that just as they are prepared to bear whatever burden the successful conduct of the war may impose upon them, so we also must leave nothing undone that we can do towards that end. In other words, this is every bit as much our war as it is Britain's.

"It is in accordance with that principle that the financial proposals that will be placed before you at this session have been framed and I take this early opportunity of saying that they are not to be looked upon as the maximum demand that may be made on the local taxpayer before victory crowns our arms. They are, however, a first step.

PLEASE TURN TO PAGE 3.

## LONE WOLF HUNTED

### British Navy Chases The Admiral Schoor

**LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuters).—**Although great secrecy surrounds the plans of the Admiralty to capture the German raider in the South Atlantic, it was learned in London to-night that British cruisers are now searching for the ship.

The only known victim of the raider, which is believed to be the pocket battleship Admiral Scheer, has been the British freighter Clement, which was shelled and sunk at the beginning of October.

This belief is founded on evidence provided by the Clement's survivors, but since then nothing has been heard of her.

Fully aware of the danger of using her wireless, which might easily reveal her position to the hunting cruisers, the lone raider apparently is not attempting to communicate with the German Admiralty.

It is revealed that the Admiral Scheer carries enough fuel to give her a range of 10,000 miles, and that she has no opportunity of refuelling, she may be forced to strike again soon, or to make a dash for home.

Her chances of escape, then are considered to be very small.

## EXTRAORDINARY WAR BUDGET INTRODUCED

A DEFENCE BUDGET, IN ADDITION TO THE ORDINARY BUDGET PUBLISHED YESTERDAY, WAS INTRODUCED IN THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL THIS AFTERNOON.

The Financial Secretary announced that the entire proceeds of income tax are to be devoted towards the war budget.

The proceeds will be used firstly, to meet the cost of collection of income tax, secondly to pay for the expenditure on local defence, thirdly to meet additional expenses necessitated by new services created to meet wartime necessities, and fourthly as a special war contribution to His Majesty's Government to be spent as they see fit.

This war contribution will be entirely additional to the ordinary defence contribution of £6,000,000 per annum, which will continue to be a charge on the ordinary budget.

Additional details are announced in regard to the new services which are being introduced, and the amount of the contribution to His Majesty's Government.

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## TURKS TO AID ALLIES IN THE BALKANS

**SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"**  
**LONDON, Oct. 11 (UP).—**Pacts of Mutual Assistance between Turkey and Great Britain and between Turkey and France are expected to be signed almost immediately.

There are reliable indications that the Turkish Foreign Minister, M. Sarajoglu, has now reached an amicable agreement with M. Molotov, the Soviet Foreign Minister, for a Russo-Turkish Pact which will not conflict with the arrangements between Turkey and the Allies.

The Russo-Turkish pact will be signed within the next 24 hours, and signing of the pacts of Mutual Assistance with the Allies will follow immediately.

It is understood that the Turkish pacts with Britain and France provide for mutual armed assistance against any aggressor in the Mediterranean.

In addition, it provides for joint Anglo-French-Turkish action in the event of German aggression against Rumania or other "protected" Balkan States.

## BRITAIN'S REJECTION

**NAZI PEACE TERMS NOT WANTED**

**SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"**  
**LONDON, Oct. 12 (UP).—**Mr. Chamberlain is expected to reject Hitler's peace terms when he addresses the House of Commons this afternoon.

It is believed, however, that Mr. Chamberlain will refrain from personally rejecting Hitler's proposals, which are being discussed in the House of Commons.

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# Finland Prepares For Emergency As— RED TROOPS MOVE UP TO FRONTIER

## 100 BOMBS DROPPED IN ATTACK ON FLEET

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—An Admiralty communiqué says that a further account of the German air attack upon a cruiser squadron confirms that no ship was hit and no casualties were sustained.

The enemy attack continued for over five hours and over 100 bombs were dropped. One salvo fell near enough to throw a few splinters onto a cruiser, but the others were wide, sometimes as much as a mile.

## U-Boat Menace Crushed: No Further Sinkings

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—In a fortnight Britain has taken 13,615 tons of enemy shipping and has lost by U-boat action 5,809 tons, leaving a balance in our favour of 7,806 tons.

Giving this information during question time in the House of Commons to-day, Mr. Winston Churchill declared that there had been no further losses since October 9.

### WESTERN FRONT

## RAIDS IN NO-MAN'S LAND

### Germans Attempt To Gather Information

PARIS, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—A communiqué says that activity by enemy patrols continues, and grows stronger between the Moselle and the Saar.

There was artillery action on both sides in the same region. The German High Command seems determined to obtain information of the French strategic positions and strength along the Rhine-Moselle front.

No big attack with masses of infantry has been launched, but persistent raids of small patrols are attempting to gather information and to take prisoners from whom the facts of the situation might be gathered. Machine-gun and light gun fire have been held up all the raiding parties.

**Magnat Lino Photos**  
German reconnaissance planes have been busy, mostly taking oblique photographs of French defences from behind the German lines.

To-day, taking advantage of the bad weather, a few vertical photographs of the French lines were obtained. Semi-official circles say that the reasons for the German activities are German determination to retake lost territory, and fear of a rise in the Rhine waters flooding the German advanced positions.

**French Superiority**  
PARIS, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—M. Guy Luchaire, the Air Minister, declared to-day that French pursuit planes have proved superior to German in all air battles. French reconnaissance pilots have flown day and night, often several hundred miles, into Germany.

## Britons Held In Germany

### Consular Officials Thrown Into Gaol

**SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"**  
LONDON, Oct. 11 (UP).—In the House of Commons to-day Mr. R. A. Butler, Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs, announced that eleven members of the British Consular Service and five members of the Consular staff are at present in Germany.

Three of the number have been in prison pending the release from custody of certain Germans in England. However, they were now allowed to stay in an hotel. Mr. Butler added that it is hoped to complete arrangements for the exchange of British and German consular officers shortly.

## BRITAIN'S REPLY TO NAZI PEACE PROPOSAL

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—Full approval by France and the Dominions has now been given to the terms of Mr. Chamberlain's reply to Hitler's peace proposals, which he will make to-morrow.

It is understood that the Prime Minister will use some very plain language with regard to the proposals, and it is felt that the statement will commend itself generally to the House of Commons.

Subsequently Mr. Clement Attlee and Sir Archibald Sinclair will express the Labour and Liberal viewpoints respectively. A lengthy debate on the Prime Minister's statement is likely to follow.

He added that in the past 16 days, 50,000 tons of new merchant shipping prepared for such an emergency have come into the water, and therefore the country was 58,000 tons better off than when Mr. Churchill made his last statement.

**Exciting Voyage**  
NEW YORK, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—How two German U-boats were sunk by British destroyers was described by members of the crew of the British freighter, Newton Pine, 4,212 tons, of the Tyneside Line, which arrived in America to-day.

One of the seamen said the steamer left England after war was declared, and for the first four days of the voyage they were convoyed by destroyers. Three German submarines tried to attack the convoy, and from the decks of the Newton Pine they saw two U-boats sunk.

One was only 100 yards from their port rail and they fired depth charges. A great geyser of oil and wreckage shot above the surface.

They also saw a British steamer sunk by a torpedo. The British ship was steaming up to join the convoy when the torpedo hit her. There was a big explosion and the ship literally vanished.

**Refuelling 'U-Boats'**  
LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The rumour that the Dominions Government was using mother ships to refuel German submarines operating in the Caribbean Sea was denied by Mr. Geoffrey Shakespeare in the House of Commons to-day.

He said he was satisfied that the Dominions Government were fulfilling their obligations as usual. **French Seizures**  
PARIS, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—It was announced officially to-night that the French Navy has seized a total of 150,000 tons of goods destined for Germany since the war began.

Among the total were 30,000 tons for foodstuffs, and 30,000 tons of liquid fuels. Large consignments of minerals indispensable to war manufactures have also been seized.

## CABINET CRISIS IN JAPAN

TOKYO, Oct. 12 (Reuter).—A Cabinet crisis threatens in connection with the Trade Ministry issue, following the tendering by 100 dissenters of their resignations to the Vice Minister of Foreign Affairs yesterday evening.

## Holland Not To Protest To Reich

THE HAGUE, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—Well-informed circles do not expect Holland to join in the protest to Berlin which the northern countries are reported to be contemplating owing to the torpedoing of neutral ships, since no Dutch ship has yet been sunk.

### SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

HELSINGFORS, OCT. 11 (UP).—EVENTS ARE MOVING RAPIDLY ON THE RUSSO-FINLAND FRONTIER.

The division of Red troops which was previously 18 miles from the frontier has now been massed directly on the border in the vicinity of Beloostrov, according to M. Gryzbovsky, the former Polish Ambassador, who arrived here to-day accompanied by his Embassy staff of 112 persons.

In addition to the troops, the Red Army has moved up a considerable number of tanks and heavy artillery units.

Meanwhile, Finland's army of 255,000 men has been moved up to strategic points.

Mobilisation orders have been issued, calling up an additional force of 120,000 men.

Foreign diplomatic circles are pessimistic regarding the future, and believe that Finland's chances of successfully resisting the Soviet demands are slim.

Nevertheless, the Finland people appear determined not to capitulate, as did Lithuania, Estonia and Latvia.

Any attack on Finland, they pointed out, would be an attack on the Scandinavian bloc.

Sweden, it is pointed out, has vital interests in the situation, on account of the strategic position of the Åland Islands, which the Soviet are demanding. The Åland Islands are under international control, by mandate jointly held by Sweden and Finland.

**COPENHAGEN, Oct. 11 (Reuter).**—It is firmly believed here that the Soviets are making exacting demands on Finland which certainly will be refused, as indicated by the Finnish evacuation of the big towns.

It is thought that the Soviets have their eye on the Lapland port of Petsamo, which is of great value to Finland. However it is considered that Finland will not give it away without a great fight.

### 124,000 Leave Helsinki

**SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"**  
STOCKHOLM, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—Evacuation measures taken in the big towns of Finland have caused surprise, but no panic among the population, according to messages from Helsinki. It is considered that the measures are intended to show the world that Finland is fully prepared for all emergencies.

The evacuation of Helsinki alone involved 124,000 persons. Extra trains are authorised to carry evacuating citizens free. Other precautions include instructions to landlords to apply gas protection to all buildings, and the closing of the Bourse.

### Appeal To America

BERLIN, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—According to the official news agency, the Finnish Foreign Minister, M. Erkkila, is to broadcast an appeal to the United States to-morrow. Meanwhile the voluntary evacuation of Helsinki is continuing with long queues outside the stations and banks.

Air raid precautions are being accelerated.

### Delegation In Moscow

MOSCOW, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The Finnish delegation which arrived in Moscow to-day was met by Soviet officials, the Finnish Minister in Moscow and the Ministers of the Scandinavian states.

**Finland May Make Concessions**  
LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—According to the Rome radio, the Finnish Government has declared its willingness to make concessions to Russia, provided that Finland in return is given concessions in Karelia. Karelia is an autonomous Soviet Socialist Republic.

### Naked Aggression

NEW YORK, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The "New York Times," in an editorial says: "Russia's actions in the Baltic are a record in naked aggression, and their significance can be classed under two headings. 'Firstly, they are a new phase in Russia's swift advance to the west. Secondly, they measure the extent of Hitler's surrender of German trade interests in the east.'"

"One can only conclude," says this newspaper, "that peace means precisely the same to Stalin as it does to Hitler. In other words, demands of a strong country must be granted with-

## RED ARMY IN ESTONIA

### Designated Areas To Be Occupied

**SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"**  
HELSINGFORS, Oct. 11 (UP).—A report from Tallinn says that the Russian Army will enter Estonia on October 18th.

### Cabinet Resignation

BERLIN, Oct. 11 (UP).—The Estonian Legation here to-day announced the resignation of the Estonian Cabinet under Prime Minister Karel Eelpalu.

The announcement said a new Cabinet has been formed with Professor Juri Uluots as Premier and Professor Ants Phip as Foreign Minister.

### Estonian Version

**SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"**  
TALLINN, Oct. 11 (UP).—There are persistent rumours here that the Estonian President, Dr. Konstantin Päts, intends to resign. However, there is a strong sentiment against such a move in the new Parliament.

Four Soviet warships have arrived on a State visit.

**Turkey's Pact**  
ANKARA, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The Turkish Premier, Mr. Sydam, to-day announced the signing of the Russo-Turkish negotiations to the parliamentary group of the Republican Peoples' Party, which approved the Government's viewpoint, says an official communiqué.

Political circles believe that both the new Russo-Turkish pact and the pact of mutual assistance with Britain and France will be signed shortly.

## Lord Tweedsmuir For New York

QUEBEC, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—Lord Tweedsmuir, Governor-General of Canada is going to New York next week for general meetings.

No serious concern is felt for his health.

## ULSTER'S WAR CONTRIBUTION

**SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"**  
BELFAST, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The Ulster Emergency Budget brings taxation into line with Britain, and provides for a contribution of £2,000,000 to the United Kingdom Exchequer during the first year of the war.

out resistance by a weaker neighbour.

**Calm And Determined**  
HELSINKI, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The Finnish Commander-in-Chief to-day expressed pleasure at the reaction of the Scandinavian countries to the Russian menace. It was evidence, he said, of the solidarity of the Scandinavian bloc, and he realised its significance. He concluded "We are calm and determined."

### Norway In Danger Zone

OSLO, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The newspaper "Aftenposten" says the new military advance created by the Soviet advance in the Baltic is of great importance to Norway's air strategic position.

"Norway, together with Sweden," says the journal, "has now arrived in the danger zone."

## Typhoon Victim Arrives

### Norwegian Ship In Storm Drama

EVIDENCE of the ferocity of the typhoon which spared Hongkong last week was brought to the Colony by a Norwegian motorship which now lies at Kowloon Wharves.

While the fate of a Greek vessel caught in the typhoon was causing anxiety the Norwegian ship was in similar difficulties.

For 36 hours she was trapped between a strong nor'easter and a violent typhoon from the south-west.

One wooden deck awning was carried clear away, one hatch was stove in, and the crew's quarters were flooded to a depth of four feet.

### Twisted Wreckage

As she lies at Kowloon Wharves splintered woodwork, twisted iron plates and stanchions, and shattered windows and portholes give mute testimony of the struggle she has weathered—a struggle that kept Captain John Heiding on constant duty for 54 hours and uninterruptedly on his feet for 25 hours of that time.

At least three other vessels are known to have experienced the full force of the typhoon, a Greek freighter, a Japanese freighter bound for Hongkong, and an American minesweeper whose mine trucks were swept away.

The Norwegian vessel, a motorship of 4,555 gross tonnage for which Messrs. Gilman & Company are the Hongkong agents, piles for Oppavet, Ankerst and the De La Rama Company, Manila, between the East Coast of America and Manila, calling at Hongkong on voyages both to and from Manila.

**Danger From Islands**  
The ship was outward bound from Hongkong when her trouble began. On Saturday night and throughout Sunday she was roused by north-easterly winds and the captain was faced with the problem of keeping off the small islands south of Formosa and steering clear of the centre of the approaching typhoon.

By Sunday night the full fury of the disturbance was upon them. From midnight until Tuesday forenoon Captain Heiding was on the bridge. Fifty-foot waves smashed steadily over the ship from the starboard side. The crew worked feverishly to keep the ship afloat, but the waves were too much for them. Life-belts about the decks were wrenched from their steel brackets and flung overboard, the brackets being twisted like pieces of straw.

All the deck work of the ship suffered, but the damage was most notable on the starboard side. The starboard passenger deck wooden awning was ripped from its setting; it rose high over the ship, crashed into the iron rails on the observation deck above the bridge, and disappeared into the sea on the port side. The port passenger deck awning was wrenched from the superstructure, but was not carried away.

**Wireless Room Flooded**  
The starboard bridge deck windows burst inward, once in the face of a lookout man, fortunately without inflicting more than a few slight cuts. One wireless aerial carried away and water mounting high over the bridge, swept through the broken windows and flooded the wireless room. On the deck below the passengers' cabins were also awash.

Monday started uncomfortably for the crew. Twice the steel door of the aft superstructure had been smashed and had twice been replaced. They were in bed at 2 a.m. on Monday with a foot of water beneath their bunks when the door burst in again and water came pouring into their quarters. Soon there was 4 feet of water in the cabins.

During the storm tarpaulins were swept off two hatches, laying a cargo of hemp, rice, and sugar open to damage. No. 5 hatch was stove in and barrels of oil packed below were broken and squashed like matchboxes; and a mixed cargo of damaged and other cargo.

Every steel door on the after deck house was stove in and the room housing the steering gear was flooded, putting it out of order. The motors had to be turned off and for hours on Monday afternoon shifts of four men manned the hand steering gear, repeatedly swamped by great seas, to keep the ship head-on. By 5 p.m. repairs to the steering gear were effected.

**Put Back To Hongkong**  
When the typhoon at last passed on it was decided to put about for Hongkong to determine the extent of the damage and, as one oil fuel tank was known to be leaking, to effect necessary repairs. After her, cargo

## BRITAIN'S ARMY OF MILLION MEN

### War Minister's Statement To Commons Shows Preparedness

LONDON, OCT. 11 (REUTER).—CONTINUING HIS STATEMENT (THE FIRST PART OF WHICH IS REPORTED ON PAGE 9) IN THE HOUSE OF COMMONS, MR. LESLIE HORE-BELISHA, THE WAR MINISTER, MADE A COMPARISON WITH 1914.

"Now," he said, "only 28 per cent. of the fighting troops are infantry men. They are armed with 50 Bren guns, 16 anti-tank rifles, and other weapons as well, per battalion. Nearly 60 per cent. of the fighting troops in 1914 were infantrymen."

"It will be soon by this one example how much more effectively armed with fire power is the present Expeditionary Force."

"There, however, is one respect in which our Army has not altered; its relation with our Allies, who have welcomed our men so generously."

Commenting on what he saw in a recent G.H.Q. visit, the War Minister said, "I would like their parents and wives to know that the men are in fine spirits. The only serious shortcomings at the moment appear to be inadequate cigarettes and the slowness in delivery of letters."

"At this moment they are busily engaged in fortifying their positions in the line. Civilian skill and machinery are augmenting military resources."

"We are determined to perfect the existing defences and to supplement them speedily by every means. To all who have co-operated in this military movement, to various Government departments of this country and France, the gratitude of the nation is due. Especially, however, should the achievement be recorded as evidence that the maritime might of Britain is unimpairable."

**Protecting Wings**  
"The Navy has not lost its secret and the Air Force has held its protective wings over another element of danger."

Continuing his statement, Mr. Hore-Belisha said: "It is not only to France that British soldiers have been transported. The Middle East has been strongly reinforced and also our garrisons elsewhere, both in material and men."

"One part of our Army, however, remains stationary in this country. British soldiers have been on guard since this war began. Their vigilance is not forgotten, underestimated or unrecognised."

**Better Than 1914**  
"We, at the outset of hostilities, were better situated than we were in 1914."

Recalling the peace-time military training system and doubling of the Territorials, Mr. Hore-Belisha said: "Altogether, we had at the disposal of the Army in this country alone, including reservists and militia, the best part of a million men on whom we could rely."

"Never has the total of our armed forces in the United Kingdom approached anywhere near such a total in time of peace. The growth had been rapid and had placed a great burden on the organisation of the Regular Army."

Recalling the growth of the Army, Mr. Hore-Belisha said that in April, the plan for 10 divisions became a plan for 32. "This is not to be the limit of our effort," he said.

**Calls On Man-Power**  
"Great calls will be made upon our man-power."

"How do we intend to proceed? In the first place, we have a method of calling up classes. With each batch we are taking a quota of volunteers."

"Since the beginning of the war we have taken into or in the process of taking into the Army nearly 50,000 volunteers. As discharged she will go into dry-dock."

The crew's belongings suffered most. They are now piled on the deck at, clothes and boots sodden with sea water lying amid a jumble of splintered woodwork and twisted iron. In their cabins below ward-rooms have even been wrenched from the walls by the ship's contortions.

**Ten Passengers**  
The ship carried 10 passengers. Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Cullity and their son and daughter, Miss Angelina B. Folger, Mr. John A. Boyes, and Mrs. Blanche Knapper joined the ship at Manila, and Professor S. R. Chow, Professor T. S. Chien, and Mr. Liu Yu-wan sailed from Hongkong. Their next port was Los Angeles.

Mr. Boyes, of Messrs. Hansen, Orth, and Stevenson, Manila general merchants, who is bound for Montreal on leave, told a "Hongkong Telegraph" representative: "I have been in a number of typhoons, but never in one as violent as this. Its duration of 36 hours was exceptional."

"The captain and his crew showed splendid seamanship throughout and the stewards' department carried on only once we served a cold instead of a hot meal. Some of the passengers were nervous, but it is a tribute to their courage that one of them could make a jest about the whole thing. He said, 'Now the cook has two kinds of pans in his galley—frying pans and flying pans.'"

**Twice In Generation**  
Concluding Mr. Hore-Belisha said: "While the world was reading of German advance into Poland, British soldiers, resolved to rectify this wrong, were passing silently and in unceasing sequence across the Channel into France. "How strange it is that, twice in a generation, men should take this journey and some should be leading again upon soil made sacred by their fathers. We may rest assured that they will acquire themselves with the same tenacity, courage and endurance. "However long the struggle and however great the ordeal, they will, as our soldiers did before, take our arms and our cause of freedom to victory."

**Under French Command**  
Replying to a brief debate, Mr. Hore-Belisha said, "I have been asked if units of command are assured. The answer is 'Yes, it is. The British Army is under French command.' (Cheers). "The British Commander-in-Chief has the right of appeal to his own Cabinet, which I don't imagine will be normally necessary to exercise because the understanding is so complete and whole-hearted in every particular. But unity of command is assured in that way and it is even possible that French troops may be under the British C-in-C."

Mr. Hore-Belisha also announced that General J. C. Dill is commanding the First Corps, General Brooke the Second Corps, while Viscount Gort's Chief of Staff is Major General Pownall.



# Hongkong Financial Secretary's First War Budget

## INCOME TAX, NEW DUTIES AND EXCHANGE CONTROL MEASURES

INTRODUCING his first war budget in the Legislative Council this afternoon, the Hon. Mr. S. Caine, Financial Secretary, revealed that among the measures to be taken to raise additional income for the purpose of contributing towards the Home Government's war chest, was a standard income tax of ten per cent, increased duties on liquor and petrol, exchange control, and methods to check undesirable imports.

The Hon. Financial Secretary's speech follows:

"Your Excellency.—You have indicated in their main outlines the financial intentions of Government in the new conditions which exist today. Circumstances have unfortunately compelled the Government to put those intentions before Council, and the Colony which that Council represents, in two stages. There has been no time since the outbreak of war to reach finally in our proposals for wartime measures, and then to reprint the estimates in accordance with our decisions on the other hand, in view of the approaching end of the financial year, it is inadvisable to defer presentation until the estimates could be recast in print so as to conform with those later proposals.

"The only possible course, therefore, was to lay the estimates as printed before the Council, to state when doing so that they would undergo a considerable metamorphosis, and lastly in Select Committee to cast them in their new form, or rather forms, for there will be two budgets for the duration of the war, where one used to grow in peace time.

### "Paper" Changes

"I am very sorry for any confusion that this way of handling the subject may have caused but in the circumstances I fear that that was inevitable. But so far as the ordinary estimates of expenditure are concerned the changes to be made are of a 'paper' rather than a practical nature: it is the defence budget where most of the innovations come.

"We propose, as Your Excellency has said, to have two budgets; the ordinary one which will strongly resemble the budgets of previous years, and a defence budget which will be quite new. I hope to have a few of only a year or two. "After that general explanation I have to ask honourable members to turn their attention back to the original estimates of expenditure for 1940-41 which have been in their hands for 10 days. As a memorandum explaining the principle matters of novelty contained in them was circulated at the same time I do not propose to deal with those estimates at any great length.

### Press Deductions

"I fear that the innovation, for which I was responsible, in permitting the Press to see the printed estimates, with the Council's Order of Business has led some of the papers to misinterpret them, and the statement of Government's full proposals may be disappointing to those who read some of the more sensational deductions published yesterday afternoon. The Press have also given due prominence to one fact shown by the print, that is that we already have the forty million budget which I spoke of as a possibility of the more distant future twelve months ago.

"Expenditure and, fortunately, revenue as well have continued to increase automatically with the increase of population. On a peace basis an approximate balance was expected but the war has led to increase expenditure in many directions without correspondingly increasing revenue from existing sources.

### No Innovations

The estimates as printed contain no innovations in revenue apart from the re-arrangement of the heads in more convenient form. As expenditure the ordinary expenditure is examined by a select committee of this Council which will be followed this year as before will afford full opportunity for honourable members to make any comments or suggestions, and elucidate any obscurities in the details. Those details were mainly settled before the outbreak of war but no necessity is seen at present to alter them at all considerably.

"In preparing the final draft, a number of items of new expenditure which had originally been desired to include were deleted in order to avoid budgeting for any substantial deficit in the uncertain circumstances which lie before us; but the Government have very definitely refrained from concealing the expense either of social services or of measures of economic development. Your Excellency has made clear that there is no intention to curtail those services in order to provide funds for the new only which the war must make upon our resources.

### Essential Expenditure

"I venture indeed to say that, large as the expenditure must appear, all of it is either essential or extremely desirable in order to maintain the public services of this Colony and to enable the Government to discharge its obligations to the community.

"Honourable members will find that much of the increase in recurrent charges is directly due to our increased population, e.g. the increases in the Police and Sanitary Departments.

"The programme of Public Works Extraordinary includes many items of a capital nature which are essen-

tial to carry on the economic development of the Colony. Evidence of the intention to continue the development of social services is given by the provision for the commencement of a new Queen's College, a new Infectious Diseases Hospital and new Health Centres, as well as a new Volunteer Headquarters.

"The actual amounts expected to be spent on any of these buildings next year are small but their inclusion will give approval for proceeding definitely with plans for them and concluding a contract for the work.

### Financial Difficulties

"Nonetheless we must not be wholly unprepared for financial difficulties and the programme of public works extraordinary and also the many items of special expenditure appearing in the individual heads of estimates, although they may be approved by this Council and the Secretary of State, will not be automatically carried out if the revenue position does not justify the expenditure. All such items require the individual authority of Government before expenditure is incurred on them and that approval will be withheld if necessary.

"In addition it is proposed to draw up a schedule of additional positions provided for in the estimates the filling of which will similarly be subject to special approval. That procedure will enable Government to proceed with these appointments if the financial position does not deteriorate but ensures a continuous control in the light of current financial circumstances.

There is only one other point to which I want to refer in the estimates as printed. The change in the system of calculating the Colony's ordinary Defence Contribution has necessitated a change, essentially a bookkeeping nature, in the accounts of the waterworks undertaking. Briefly instead of charging against the waterworks a 20 per cent. of its gross revenue less debit charges as under the old routine that charge has been deleted and, to compensate, the part of the general rates credited in the accounts to the waterworks undertaking has been reduced from 2 per cent. to 1 per cent. The net effect on the waterworks finances is a difference of only a thousand or so dollars.

### The War Budget

I turn now to the effects on the estimates as printed of the new war and the new financial proposals outlined by Your Excellency. "Let me take the war budget first. To it will be credited the whole proceeds of income tax. These proceeds will be used, first, to meet the costs of collection of income tax; secondly, to pay for the expenditure on defence now appearing in Heads 6A, 6B and 6C, that is, the Volunteer Defence Corps, the Naval Volunteer Force and the Air Raid Precautions Department, thirdly to meet the additional expenses in various directions necessitated by new services created to meet war time necessities, e.g. maintenance of German internees, censorship services, etc.

"The whole balance of the proceeds will be made available as a special war contribution to His Majesty's Government, to be spent as they think fit, locally or at home. This will be entirely additional of \$6,000,000 per annum which will continue to be a charge on the ordinary budget.

"The new expenditure on the Income Tax Department and on special war expenditure will of course be duly authorized by this Council and the details of the proposals will be submitted as soon as they can be prepared.

### Standard Income Tax

"Members will naturally want to know how this is expected to work out in figures. We are proposing a standard rate of Income Tax of 10%, with a possible surtax on very high incomes. I will explain later more of the details, but the yield at 10% was put by the Taxation Committee at about \$10,000,000 per annum. I can at present give no reliable estimate of the cost of administration but they are likely to be only a small percentage. The local defence and war expenses are not likely to aggregate more than \$2,000,000 per annum and the balance payable to His Majesty's Government would be of the order of \$7,000,000 or \$8,000,000.

"I do beg, however, that nobody will hold these figures against me if they turn out wrong. There are no statistics whatever of total incomes in the Colony and we are compelled to do a lot of guesswork at this stage.

### The Ordinary Budget

"Turning to the ordinary budget, we must reckon with increases in expenditure in many services not directly connected with the war. All supplies, for instance, are likely to cost more; unfortunately as we are so dependent on imports we can do very little to prevent prices rising. Revenue on the other hand, is likely

to suffer by the reduction in our swollen population which has recently begun and which is so welcome on general grounds, and by the reduction of luxury expenditure which Your Excellency has urged and to which payment of income tax will itself contribute. Accordingly, even if there had been no intention to make any special contribution to His Majesty's Government I should have proposed some increases of taxation in order to provide ourselves with some margin of reserve. That margin is secured by the proposals Your Excellency has described, the effect of which is as follows.

### The Ordinary Effects

"On the expenditure side the ordinary budget will be relieved of the costs of the Volunteer forces and Air Raid Precautions, estimated in the printed volume at about \$1,800,000 for 1940/41. On the revenue side the ordinary budget will benefit by receipts from other new taxation referred to by Your Excellency, principally the imposition of additional duties on petrol and liquor.

"These proposals are not put forward with a view to increasing the revenue but for purposes connected with foreign exchange policy which will explain more fully in a few minutes. The additional taxes are designed deliberately to check consumption and cannot be expected to produce a proportional amount of revenue.

"The revenue will also benefit a little by steps which have been taken or are in contemplation to implement certain minor recommendations of the Taxation Committee.

"School fees are being increased as from the 1st January, fees for maintenance in hospitals are being revised, especially for Government servants, and discussions are in train with the object of securing the payment of royalties by certain public utility companies as recommended by the Committee.

"In all the additional revenue, mainly of course from the petrol and liquor duties, should be not less than \$1,000,000 per annum. The revised ordinary budget should therefore show a nominal surplus of some \$2,000,000, but since it is not proposed to make any specific amendment to allow for declines in other items of revenue and increases in costs of supplies etc. that nominal surplus will be rather a reserve than a true expectation of excess of revenue.

### Income Tax Details

"I promised a few minutes ago to give some further details of the Income Tax proposals; but the figures I shall quote must be taken as provisional only. Although Government is convinced of the necessity of such measure in principle, it has been intention to thrust upon the Council a scheme cut and dried in all its details, and all the personal and other allowances will be open to full discussion in this Council or in any special committee which may be set up to consider the details. Honourable members and the public will, however, wish to have some idea of what is in Government's mind on those points.

"The standard rate of 10% will be charged on all company profits, payments of interest, etc. and on all income in respect of which the recipient has made no claim, to personal and family allowances; but the man who makes such a claim will pay at 10% only on the balance of his income after deducting his allowances and after paying at half rate, 5%, on the first part of his taxable income. The allowances Government has provisionally in mind are earned income up to \$15,000; personal allowance \$1,000 for a single man plus \$1,500 for a wife; children, \$1,000 for the first child and \$800 for each subsequent child. The 5% rate would be charged on the first \$3,000 after deducting allowances.

### Exemption Limit

Under the scheme, the exemption limit would be \$1,800 per annum for unearned income and \$2,000 for earned income; and a married man with two children would be exempt up to \$3,200 per annum and would only pay the full rate of 10% on income in excess of \$8,000 per annum. The following are random examples of the tax payable by such a man on various incomes, ignoring a possible surtax on the highest incomes, a matter which is still receiving the consideration of Government.

\$2,400 per annum	\$50
\$2,700 per annum	\$455
\$12,250 per annum	\$1,225

### Administration

"Before leaving this subject of income tax I would say a word about its administration. The Taxation Committee recommended that there should be a preliminary expert investigation of the administrative difficulties; but circumstances now render it impossible to secure the services of an expert and Government had to decide either to go ahead at once or to wait until after the war, when of course the urgent need

would have vanished. It is equally impossible to get an expert from home even to help start the Department and we must do it with our own resources.

"Government is only too well aware that that is a formidable undertaking and I most earnestly crave the patience and indulgence of this Council in order to make this new departure a success in the short time at our disposal we have to act in the beginning for what may seem an extravagant temporary establishment.

"It also craves the patience of the public who will have to put up with the mistakes and delays which we can hardly avoid in the early stages. I can only promise that we will do our best and express a hope that we may receive helpful co-operation from the public.

### Exchange Control

"I come finally to the measures of exchange control and other steps to safeguard our foreign exchange resources which have been taken, or are in contemplation, on which Your Excellency has desired me to make a statement for the information of honourable members. It will be necessary for the home Government to make very large purchases for war purposes from non-belligerent countries, the United States and the neutral European countries. They will need all the resources they can obtain in the currencies of those countries.

"The first objective of exchange control measures is therefore to secure as far as possible that foreign exchange which may be held or may be acquired in the future by residents in the United Kingdom and the other parts of the Empire whose currencies are on a sterling basis should be made available to the Government.

"In their full form the necessary measures include the taking over by Government of all sums held in foreign currencies by residents in the countries concerned and the surrender to Government of all sums subsequently acquired by such residents whether as interest on overseas investments or as the result of the export of goods to foreign countries.

"The second objective of the measures is to control the surrender of the proceeds of exports a system is introduced by which exports are only permitted by licence which requires such surrender as one of its conditions. Having got control of all the available foreign exchange resources the Government then has the power to apply that control to the surrender of the proceeds of exports which are used only for purposes which are considered essential or desirable by limiting purchases of foreign currencies by the public to authorized dealers who are instructed by the central authority to surrender the foreign exchange which may be sold.

"This again is backed by a system of import licensing which requires the approval of some Government authority before any imports can be admitted. As yet, the measures have been taken to prohibit absolutely the import of commodities which are regarded entirely as luxuries.

### Hongkong Measures

"The circumstances of Hongkong and particularly the great entrepot trade and financial position of the Colony make the application of at least highly dangerous measures of control adopted as above in the home country and elsewhere in the British Colonies. Therefore, only as a first step we have limited purchases by the public of foreign exchange generally to authorized dealers, who include all the larger banks, both British and foreign, in the Colony. These authorized dealers are instructed to surrender the exchange to the purposes for which exchange may be sold and speculative transactions and transfers of capital are absolutely forbidden.

"Secondly, Government has required the surrender of foreign exchange holdings but this requirement has been limited to British subjects on the difficulty of applying it more generally in this international community of ours. Such exchange transferred to Government is of course paid for in Hongkong dollars or sterling.

### Government's Powers

"We have taken power also to require any British subject to surrender to Government any foreign exchange which he may subsequently acquire but it is not the intention to apply that to exchange dealings in the ordinary course of business. Such exchange is normally sold to one of the authorized dealers and through the control of sales of exchange it thereby remains within the control of the sterling system provided that we have the full co-operation of the banks concerned.

"I should like to take this opportunity to state my belief that we shall get that co-operation in this Colony and the banks gratitude to those banks for the help they have given to Government so far and the patience with which they have borne with our somewhat fumbling first attempts in this unfamiliar field of control.

"Because we have had to make certain exceptions even in the field of sale of exchange. Both exports of Hongkong and Chinese bank notes and the remittances of small sums to the interior of China are either completely free or subject to only a loose control. In view of that the authorities at home have felt obliged to refuse absolutely unrestricted dealings between London and Hongkong lest

there should be a leakage of funds from London through Hongkong. We have however been assured that the authorities in London will provide exchange for all legitimate purposes and sterling transactions in Hongkong itself are completely unrestricted.

### Checking Undesirable

"The Secretary of State for the Colonies has also agreed that it would be unwise to impose in Hongkong a full system of licensing of imports and exports. Search has therefore been made for other means of checking undesirable imports, that is, imports which are undesirable because they use up exchange resources.

"The conclusion has been reached that this can best be done in two ways, first by the imposition of taxation with the deliberate object of checking consumption. With tax on petrol and foreign wines and spirits, and, since consumption of luxuries, even from sterling sources, is to be discouraged, Government proposes to increase duties on Empire wines and spirits by 25%.

"In considering the petrol taxation I hope that members will keep prominently in mind that the authorities in the United Kingdom have taken direct rationing of private users, granting them a sufficient supply for a mileage of 2,000 miles a year.

"The measures we propose are as mild compared with that, just as everything else, taxation and being treated less severely than the United Kingdom residents.

### No Concession For Tax

"No similar concession will be made to taxis but the additional burden of the petrol tax in the case may be regarded as a substitute for the special taxation of the taxi operators which was suggested by the Taxation Committee but which the Government does not now intend to pursue.

"The second action which it is proposed to take to limit exports which are undesirable from the exchange point of view is the enactment of legislation enabling the Government to prohibit the import of specified materials except under licence. It is proposed that licences should be issued freely when the importer is able to give guarantees that the articles will be sold only for re-export but very sparingly in other cases, and the application of this system will be limited to articles which can conveniently be controlled in such a way. The bill of an ordinance to provide for such a system will be introduced as early as possible.

"I now move formally the Resolution standing in my name, that the draft estimate for 1940/41 be approved; but in doing so I give formal notice that amendments on the lines indicated will be proposed in the Select Committee which the Resolution will presumably be referred.

**Daring 2 a.m. Robbery In Yaumati**

**Ricksha Coolie Leads Victim Into Trap**

ALLEGED complicity between robbers and a ricksha coolie is said to have been responsible for a highway robbery which occurred in Canton Road, Yaumati, early this morning.

The victim of the affair Kong Yim-kwong, 35, a broker residing at 69 Austin Road, returned to Kowloon by the Jordan Road ferry at 2 a.m. and engaged a ricksha, telling the man to pull him home along Woosang Street.

The coolie, however, turned into Canton Road, and by a vacant piece of ground, two men, armed with daggers, suddenly appeared from behind rocks. They ordered the coolie to stop, and while one robber held Kong, the other attempted to search him.

Kong resisted, and his captor struck him in the left arm with a dagger. He then submitted, and the robbers took \$150 in banknotes, \$1 in subsidiary coins, a gold finger ring valued at \$30, a gold watch and chain valued at \$12, a fountain pen and a propelling pencil before escaping.

**Reich-Bulgarian Trade Pact**

SOFIA, Oct. 12 (Reuter).—A new German-Bulgarian trade agreement is announced.

## GOVERNOR'S SPEECH ON WAR BUDGET

(Continued from Page 1)

ever, all that we can wisely do at the moment. With this object in view it is Government's intention to replace the budget which is formally before you today by two separate budgets: the former will provide for the formal expenditure of Government departments, the latter is designed to fulfil our obligations as a member of the British Empire while engaged in a major war.

### Colonial Secretary's Suggestions

"It may surprise you that what I will describe as the ordinary budget does not show greater reductions in expenditure. The estimates, of course, were fairly well advanced when war broke out and early in September we were in the act of considering the extent of which they should be cut down when I received from the Secretary of State some very valuable guidance.

"In effect Mr. MacDonald's counsel was that, subject to two provisos of which I will make more than later, there should be as little disturbance as possible with the Colony's current activities and developmental schemes, so long as revenue to finance them would be forthcoming. In particular the desire was expressed that existing social services and approved plans for their extension should continue as far as was possible; furthermore any marked retrenchment in the Civil Service was deprecated unless and until we were advised by him so to act.

"It will be agreed, I think, that this confident policy, which unquestionably reflects that of His Majesty's Government, is very encouraging at such a time as the present.

### Two Provisos

"The Secretary of State's two provisos, which I mentioned just now as being conditions to be observed in framing the estimates, dealt with the following points. Firstly, the great importance of conserving the change resources of Great Britain through control over the purchase and export of foreign currencies and those of British currencies which are not on a sterling footing.

"Hongkong's procedure in this respect, it was found, was quite adequate on all four, with that of other British Colonies because of the predominating importance of our entrepot trade, and special treatment of the problem was therefore permitted as I have stated.

"The second point on which the Secretary of State expressed a proviso was the avoidance of expenditure which, by creating a demand for essential goods would deflect men, materials and shipping from war purposes. In this connection I may say that I had already given orders that work on my successor's new house should be stopped before this advice was received.

"So much for the expenditure estimates in the ordinary budget, which will be more fully explained by the Honourable the Financial Secretary in his speech this afternoon and in the memorandum prepared by him. On the revenue side there are considerable alterations to be made, but these do not appear in the printed volume. The most important of them are the increases in duties on petrol and alcoholic liquors, which have a double purpose, viz. to raise more revenue and to effectuate the policy of conserving sterling exchange; the other implement certain recommendations of the Taxation Committee and I will leave it to my Honourable Friend to state their nature.

"The estimated financial outcome of what I have called the ordinary budget is a small surplus. The additional revenue from the sources just mentioned and partly to the transfer of certain appropriate expenses to the defence budget. If, however, during the fifteen month period which the estimates cover it appears that there is a deficit, it is probable that additional local expenditure, sufficiently to avoid that result.

### Income Tax Proposed

"I come now to the defence budget, by means of which Hongkong will make its contribution towards the prosecution of the war against Germany. That contribution may take one of two forms, the first being the meeting from our own pockets of such additional local expenditure as the situation may demand for volunteer naval, military and air defences and other war services; the other, free gifts in cash or in kind to His Majesty's Government towards its aim viz. the defeat of the enemy.

"The former of these has its natural limitations and not wide ones at that; but I trust that not only every member of this House but also every citizen of this Colony will agree that there should be no limit upon the aid that we should give to His Majesty's Government other than its ultimate ability to pay. Quite obvious in this lightly taxed community that limit lies at a great distance and could not be reached through existing revenue channels.

"It is therefore necessary to create new means and Government has decided that an Income Tax is by far the most suitable. Steps will therefore be taken at once to draft the necessary legislation and to bring into being the necessary machinery. I hope is that within six months that machinery will be at work. Plans are not far enough

advanced as yet for any detailed description, but in order to prevent it is not intended at the initial stage to prescribe very high rates of tax. "Attention has also been given to the question of taxing Excess Profits. There may plainly be justification for such a measure in due course, but for the moment I know that my Honourable friend agrees with me that we had better tackle the Income Tax problem first and, when that has been done, take up again the matter of Excess Profits Duty.

### Two-Fold Duty

"Hon. Members, This address is, of course, intended to do no more than outline the principles in accordance with which this Colony's financial policy for the near future is being framed and the Honourable the Financial Secretary will, this afternoon, explain the Government's proposals in more detail. I am pleased to put before you the twofold duty which rests upon this Legislature at this juncture.

"On the one hand we are responsible for the proper care, of course, intended to do no more than outline the principles in accordance with which this Colony's financial policy for the near future is being framed and the Honourable the Financial Secretary will, this afternoon, explain the Government's proposals in more detail. I am pleased to put before you the twofold duty which rests upon this Legislature at this juncture.

"On the other hand it is our duty as well as in our interest to give all that we can to help His Majesty's Government in the great struggle in which the Empire is engaged. The task of this Government is to find the right balance between these two duties and I confidently hope that you will find yourselves able to endorse the proposals that are now about to come before you.

"Do not wait to be thought to make light of the burden which they will lay upon the shoulders of the taxpayers of Hongkong. The Income Tax, even at the relatively low basic rate of two shillings in the pound, must inevitably give a structure of the Colony, and considerable adjustment will be necessary in order to absorb that shock. Nevertheless I am fully confident that they will no more shrink their duty when money is needed than they have in offering their services and in necessary their lives, in Britain's cause."

## U.S. Workers Ban German Goods

NEW YORK, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The American Federation of Labour has passed a resolution unanimously confirming the trade union boycott of German goods.

The Federation has extended the boycott to Russian goods and to all other countries which might join the totalitarianism against countries with a parliamentary government.

"I am proud," he said, "at what has been done and is being done to help the mother country."

Lord Craigavon added that he would make a weekly statement to Parliament, which would in future meet two days a week instead of three.

## STOCK MARKET REPORT

Hongkong Stock Exchange Official Summary issued yesterday says:—Considering the short session the turnover was again brisk. The market was reported in 4% Government Loan, Banks, Wharves, Docks, Cements, and China Lights.

**Buyers**  
Canton Ins; \$200  
H.K. Fire \$170  
Docks \$174  
Prod. \$110  
H.K. & S. Hotels \$4½  
Lands \$31½  
Realities \$415  
Tramways \$15.65  
China Lights (Old) \$7.85  
Electric \$40½  
Telephones (Old) \$20  
Cements \$14.10  
Ropes \$4½  
Dairy Farms (Old) \$20½  
Watsons \$7.80

**Sales**  
H.K. Banks \$1,245  
Wharves \$100/101  
Docks \$10  
Prod. \$110  
H.K. Govt. 4% Loan \$100  
Sellers

**PROVIDENTS \$4.30**  
H.K. Govt. 4% Loan \$100  
Antoniaks Pa. 12½ s  
Bagulo Gold Pa. 12 s  
Bangun Buhny Pa. 0085 b  
Benguet Consolidated Pa. 0.50 b  
Big Wedge Pa. 10½ b  
Coca Cola Pa. 13 s  
Consolidated Mines Pa. 0040 s  
Demonstration Pa. 00½ b  
I. X. L. Pa. 33 b  
Ipo Gold Pa. 1 b  
Ilogon Mining Pa. 10½ s  
Mashaba Consolidated Pa. 00½ s  
Mindanao Molterodo Pa. 00½ s  
Mine Operation Pa. 00½ s  
North Camarines Pa. 13 b  
Paracale Gumau Pa. 15½ s  
San Mateo Pa. 07 s  
Surigao Consolidated Pa. 15½ b  
Suyoc Consolidated Pa. 10½ s  
United Paracale Pa. 25½ s



## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

C.  R.

**PARTICULARS & CONDITIONS** of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on Monday, the 16th day of October, 1939, at 3 p.m., at the Office of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor of one Lot of Crown Land at Wong Nei Chung, in the Colony of Hong Kong, for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the KING, for one further term of 75 years.

Intending bidders are advised that immediately after the disposal of the lot the Purchaser (if not the applicant) will be required to deposit with an authorised officer who will be present at the sale, the sum of two hundred dollars, (\$200) in cash. This sum will be refunded on payment of the Purchase price.

## PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Sale	Registry No.	Locality	Boundary Measurements	Contents in Acres	Annual Rent	Upset Price
1	Lot No. 563	North of Inland Lot No. 562, Blue Pool Road, Wong Nei Chung.	N. 100 ft. E. 100 ft. S. 100 ft. W. 100 ft.	1.00	\$400	\$100,000
As per sale plan.						

C.  R.

**PARTICULARS & CONDITIONS** of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on Monday, the 16th day of October, 1939, at 3 p.m., at the Office of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor of one Lot of Crown Land at Mong Kok, in the Colony of Hong Kong, for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyors of His Majesty the KING, for one further term of 75 years.

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## PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Sale	Registry No.	Locality	Boundary Measurements	Contents in Acres	Annual Rent	Upset Price
2	Lot No. 418A	Mong Kok Road, Mong Kok.	N. 100 ft. E. 100 ft. S. 100 ft. W. 100 ft.	1.00	\$400	\$100,000
As per sale plan.						

## VILNA RETURNS TO LITHUANIA

## Guaranteed By New Military Alliance

MOSCOW, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The Soviet-Lithuanian treaty is described here as a "military alliance," and it is expected that Russia will fortify Lithuania's frontier with Germany. The treaty will last for 15 years. Public demonstrations were arranged at Kaunas, the Lithuanian capital, to celebrate the return of Vilna, under the treaty, to Lithuania.

It was at Vilna that Lithuania proclaimed her republic in 1918, and it has always been considered the capital of the country.

## Demonstration Of Joy

KAUNAS, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—Demonstrating their joy at the return of Vilna, thousands of people gathered and cheered outside the Soviet Legation to-day.

It is reliably reported that garrisons of Soviet troops may be stationed for "mutual security" at various points in Lithuanian territory, but excluding Kaunas and other large industrial towns.

As soon as the Lithuanian Government moves to Vilna, the Soviet garrison there will be withdrawn.

The Japanese Consulate General in Hongkong will remove on October 14 and 15 to No. 2, Connaught Road, top floor.

C.  R.

**PARTICULARS & CONDITIONS** of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on Monday, the 16th day of October, 1939, at 3 p.m., at the Office of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency the Governor of one Lot of Crown Land at Mong Kok, in the Colony of Hong Kong, for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty the KING, for one further term of 75 years.

Intending bidders are advised that immediately after the disposal of the lot the Purchaser (if not the applicant) will be required to deposit with an authorised officer who will be present at the sale, the sum of two hundred dollars, (\$200) in cash. This sum will be refunded on payment of the Purchase price.

## PARTICULARS OF THE LOT.

No. of Sale	Registry No.	Locality	Boundary Measurements	Contents in Acres	Annual Rent	Upset Price
3	Lot No. 418B	Mong Kok Road, Mong Kok.	N. 100 ft. E. 100 ft. S. 100 ft. W. 100 ft.	1.00	\$400	\$100,000
As per sale plan.						

## Exchange At A Glance

SELLING	BUYING
T.T. London ..... 1/2 1/2	4 m/s L/C London ..... 1/3 1/4
T.T. Shanghai ..... 1/2 1/4	4 m/s D/P do. .... 1/3 1/4
T.T. Singapore ..... 52 1/2	4 m/s L/C U.S.A. .... 25 1/4
T.T. Japan ..... 105 1/2	4 m/s France ..... 11 1/4
T.T. India ..... 82	30 d/s India ..... 84 1/2
T.T. U.S.A. .... 24 1/4	U.S. Cross rate in Lm. .... 4.02
T.T. Manila ..... 40 1/4	U.S. Crossrate in N.Y. .... 4.03 1/2
T.T. Batavia ..... 150 1/4	
T.T. Bangkok ..... 107 1/2	
T.T. Saigon ..... 10 3/4	
T.T. Germany ..... 10 3/4	
T.T. Switzerland ..... 10 3/4	
T.T. Australia ..... 1/6 3/4	

## Club Rugger

(Continued from Page 8.)

Judging from the splendid condition of the turf it will be a popular rugby field. Once water has been laid on to take out the "bone," the pitch should rank second to none.

The Police scored a well-merited victory in a very close game. Taylor, playing on the left wing outside to Wilson, gave the Force a three-point lead at half time. He failed to convert his own try from a position within his ability. Wilson broke through in the second half to add a further three points. Fay, who is making a name for himself in local cricket circles, made an abortive attempt to convert.

The Police forwards were ragged in comparison to the military eight and were gully of hindering the passage of the ball after it had been hooked.

Police took advantage of the friendly game to test and experiment with their players after the interval. Taylor was tried at forward, a position in which he played until three years ago. His value to the Police as a bustling three will probably result in his being played among the backs once the season begins. Certainly his combination with Wilson in the first half was the most effective on the field. MacKenzie and Morrison, the right wing, were inclined to hesitate until too late before making for a gap. Wall was very steady in full-back.

The military XV had the better of things at forward, though out-weighted. Berry and Lt. Hewitt did good work. Behind the scrum they looked initiative, but defended stoutly against superior weight.

**THE "TELEGRAPH"** will send a Staff Photographer to all events of public interest. Requests should be addressed to the Pictorial Editor.

## POST OFFICE

Owing to the uncertainty of Sea transport the public are requested to post Christmas Parcels early, preferably before the end of October.

## OUTWARD MAIL TIMES

Registered and Parcel Mails are closed 15 minutes earlier than the time given below unless otherwise stated, and where mails are advertised to close at or before 9 a.m. registered and parcel mails are closed at 5 p.m. on the previous day. When mails are advertised to close after 5 p.m. registered and parcel mails are closed at 5 p.m.

## INWARD MAILS

Air Mail by "Imperial Airways Direct Service"—London date, 4th October, Oct. 12.  
Air Mail by "Air France Direct Service"—Paris date, 4th October, Oct. 12.

Amoy	Oct. 12
Haiphong	Oct. 12
Haiphong, Pakhoi, Hoihow and Fort Bayard	Oct. 12
Japan	Oct. 12
Japan and Shanghai	Oct. 12
Manila	Oct. 12
Manila	Oct. 12
Straits	Oct. 12
Shanghai	Oct. 12
Shanghai	Oct. 12
Calcutta and Straits	Oct. 14
Japan and Shanghai	Oct. 14
Straits and Manila	Oct. 14
Air Mail by "Imperial Airways Direct Service"—London date, 4th October, Oct. 12.	
Air Mail by "Pan American Airways Direct Service"—San Francisco date, 12th October, Oct. 18.	
Formosa	Oct. 18
Java and Manila	Oct. 18
Straits	Oct. 18
U.S.A., Honolulu, Japan and Shanghai (San Francisco date, 26th September)	Oct. 18
Australia and Manila	Oct. 19
Haiphong and Pakhoi	Oct. 19
Japan	Oct. 19
Japan, Shanghai and Formosa	Oct. 20
Shanghai	Oct. 20
Japan and Shanghai	Oct. 22
Straits and Manila	Oct. 22
Shanghai and Amoy	Oct. 22

## OUTWARD MAILS

Thursday  
Shanghai, Japan, Canada, U.S.A., Central and South America via Vancouver B.C. (Parcels only for Canada)—due Vancouver B.C., 30th October.

G.P.O. & K.P.O.  
Parcels, Oct. 12, 5 p.m.  
Reg., Oct. 13, 9.15 a.m.  
Ord., Oct. 13, 10 a.m.

Friday  
Touane ..... 8.30 a.m.  
Parcels only for Shanghai, 9.30 a.m.  
Port Bayard and Bangkok 1.30 a.m.  
Shanghai ..... 3.30 p.m.  
Port Bayard ..... 7.00 p.m.

Straits, Ceylon, India, East and South Africa, Aden, Egypt and Europe via Marseilles—due Marseilles 10th November.

G.P.O. & K.P.O.  
Parcels, Oct. 13, 5 p.m.  
Reg., Oct. 14, 9.45 a.m.  
Ord., Oct. 14, 10.30 a.m.

Saturday  
Amoy ..... 8.30 a.m.  
Sulphur ..... 9.30 a.m.  
Shanghai ..... 10.30 a.m.  
Amoy and Shanghai ..... 2.30 p.m.

Air Mail for "Imperial Airways Direct Service"—due London, 25th October.

G.P.O. & K.P.O.  
Reg., Oct. 17, 5 p.m.  
Ord., Oct. 17, 5.30 p.m.

Air Mail for Malaya, Java and Australia by "Imperial Airways Direct Service"—due Sydney, 23rd October.

G.P.O. & K.P.O.  
Reg., Oct. 17, 5 p.m.  
Ord., Oct. 17, 5.30 p.m.

Japan ..... 7 p.m.

Wednesday  
Canton ..... 8.15 a.m.  
Canton ..... 2.30 p.m.

Air Mail for Manila, Guam, Honolulu and U.S.A. by the "Pan American Airways Direct Service"—due San Francisco, 25th October.

K.P.O.  
Reg., Oct. 18, 5 p.m.  
Ord., Oct. 18, 5.30 p.m.

G.P.O.  
Reg., Oct. 18, 5 p.m.  
Ord., Oct. 19, 7.30 a.m.

Manila ..... 7.00 p.m.

Fort Bayard, Pakhoi and Hoihow ..... 1 p.m.  
Haiphong (Parcels only) ..... 1 p.m.  
Japan ..... 7.00 p.m.

Friday  
Haiphong ..... 2.00 p.m.  
Straits, Ceylon, India, East and South Africa, Aden, Egypt and Europe via Marseilles—due Marseilles, 10th November.

Kowloon P. O.  
Reg., Oct. 18, 5.00 p.m.  
Ord., Oct. 18, 5.30 p.m.

G. P. O.  
Reg., Oct. 18, 5.00 p.m.  
Ord., Oct. 18, 5.30 p.m.

## Court Sequel To Stubbs Rd. Accident

## European Charged With Dangerous Driving

RESULTING from an accident in Stubbs Road on September 14, involving an Army lorry, L. B. Holmes, of 199 The Peak, appeared before Mr. Forrest at the Central Magistracy this morning, summoned for dangerous driving by failing to keep to his left side of the road while rounding a bend.

Mr. F. C. Nigel appeared for the defence and pleaded not guilty. Sub-Inspector F. J. Clarke, who prosecuted, said he was informed of the accident and arrived at the scene about 3.50 p.m. He saw an Army lorry with its radiator against an electric transformer on the side of the road near Lingnam College. The lorry was badly damaged and could not be driven from its position. It was lying almost at right-angles to the road.

## Long Skid Marks

The width of the road was 21 feet, and two skid marks were observed. One was 19 and the other 20 feet in length. On the south side of the road was a small mound of earth which projected slightly into the road, and near it was a white-painted rock. Both showed signs of having been hit by the lorry, as the tyre marks were peculiar to Army vehicles. The transformer was 22 feet further away.

Pte. F. J. Byford, of the Middlesex Regiment, said that about 3.40 p.m. he was driving down Stubbs Road. Sitting next to him was Cpl. A. Hoare, and behind were eight Middlesex men. On the straight stretch of road before reaching the bend where the accident occurred, he looked at his speedometer and saw it was registering 12 miles per hour. As he rounded the bend, he sounded his horn, and continuing on by a cur approach from the opposite direction on the wrong side of the road.

## Struck A Mound

Witness pulled to the left to avoid hitting it, struck a mound, went on to hit the white-painted rock, and finished against the transformer, after the lorry had sliced across the road. After the lorry had stopped, he got down and found a Middlesex man, who had apparently been flung out of the lorry, lying in the road. He picked the man up, and Cpl. Hoare went to speak to the driver of the car. After the man who had been picked up had said he was all right, witness went to join Hoare and heard Holmes say he was in a hurry. Holmes then went away in his car. Questioned by Inspector Clarke, Byford said the regulation speed for Army lorries was 15 miles per hour. When he first saw defendant's car, it appeared to be doing 30 miles per hour. Witness applied his footbrake when he swerved to the left. After the car passed, witness heard the screech of brakes.

## No Obstruction

Replying to his Worship, Byford said there was no obstruction or anything else on the road, to cause Holmes to be on his wrong side. There were a few pedestrians, but they were not on the road. Cross-examined by Mr. Nigel, Byford said he had been driving in Hongkong since April. He disagreed that Holmes was on his proper side of the road. It was only after the lorry stopped that he saw Holmes on the right side of the road going up, and backed down the same side as witness had been driving.

Cpl. Hoare said the lorry was doing a little over 10 miles per hour before the accident. Byford sounded his horn before rounding the bend. He then sighted a car coming from the opposite direction at a speed which witness estimated was between 30 and 35 miles per hour. The car was on the wrong side of the road. Byford pulled over to the left, went over a mound, and witness saw that he was going to hit a rock, so he jumped out of the vehicle.

He next heard the screech of brakes, and saw the car skid to the north side of the road. Holmes stopped, came back and asked witness what had happened. The lorry had manoeuvred round and finished against the transformer. Holmes said he was in a hurry, and could not wait for the police to arrive.

Further hearing was adjourned to October 18.

## "Poppy Day" As Usual

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—Owing to the necessity of maintaining A.R.P. precautions, there will be no Armistice Day ceremony at the Cenotaph this year.

November 11 will be observed as "Poppy Day" as usual, and it is suggested that the following Sunday be observed as a day of remembrance and dedication.

## More Americans Return Home

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—A total of 450 Americans who have been stranded by the war in Elre sailed aboard the American steamer, Arcadia, for the United States to-day.

This was the second batch of Americans whose transport home has been arranged by the United States Government. Last week the Arcadia took about 600 Americans back home.

## "BIG TEA MEDICINE" WAS BAD MEDICINE

NO LESS than 128 deaths in unusual circumstances—over twice as many as in the previous year—were reported in the New Territories during 1938 according to the annual report of the District Officer (North) which has just been published.

As many as 36 people suffered violent deaths, including 12 on the roads, 12 by drowning, seven on the railway, five miners killed at Lin Ma Hang mine, chiefly by falling rock, four were by gunfire when the Japanese attacked Shum Chun and La Wu on November 26, and two young married women committed suicide by swallowing the leaves of a plant which grows at infrequent intervals in the New Territories, and which is highly poisonous to humans.

## High Death Rate Among Refugees

It is emphasized that the high death rate for the year is largely attributable to the mortality among refugees, especially their children. Nineteen death inquiries were held during the year, as compared with 11 in 1937, and under an average of five a year for the eight years preceding that.

Describing the suicide of two young Hakka women living on the northern shores of Tolo Harbour, the report states that both women were unhappy in the families into which they had been married.

The committed suicide by swallowing the leaves of a plant known colloquially as "Big Tea Medicine" or "Puck Tea Medicine."

## Food For Pigs, Poison For Humans

This plant apparently occurs at infrequent intervals in the hills and is familiar to the experienced as an occasional food for pigs, and a fatal poison for human beings.

As a poison it turned out to be well known to the Government Analyst, whose records showed that it had at intervals in the Colony's history been used in criminal poisonings.

A brief reference to the small death rate for the year before, there being 125 cases and 30 distress warrants compared with 87 cases and 21 young Hakka women living on the

## KILLED BY LIVE WIRE

## Workman's Death On Garage Roof

THE death of a workman who was killed by an electric shock while working on the roof of Gilman's Garage in Nathan Road on September 9 was the reason for an inquiry held by Mr. F. Himsworth at Kowloon Magistracy this morning.

Inspector E. Shephard conducted the case for the Police.

Following evidence a verdict of death by misadventure was returned by the Coroner.

Dr. H. H. Tai said he made a post mortem examination on the body of Chan Lai-tai, aged about 30, on September 10. He found charred areas of skin over the body. The cause of death was electric shock.

Mr. A. Spary, Inspector of Works of the Public Works Department, said he visited the garage on September 9 in connection with the accident, and found that the rubber cable on the roof had been punctured. Tests taken between the conductors and the concrete roof showed a potential difference of 110 volts. The deceased came into contact with the metal sheathing used in constructing the

## Inferior Wire

Questioned regarding the quality of the wire by Inspector Shephard, witness said it was a very inferior type of wire which was now in a state of deterioration, and would be dangerous at any time.

Sgt. H. T. Matches said he saw the body of deceased lying along the side of the skylight. The man actually received a shock from a wire running across the roof when he touched it accidentally with his foot.

The wire had been laid on it, and would have been in the way of the workman working on the roof.

Mr. W. M. Gittens, electrical engineer for W. C. Jack and Company, said he had been supervising the new electrical wiring inside the building at the garage since April. He remembered seeing the wire which was strung across the yard in a taut position before the new garage was erected. He next saw the wire lying on the roof on September 9.

Mr. J. Braga, in charge of the office of the Garage, said that no instructions had been given for the removal of the wire. He could not find out who had put up the wire originally, as it was such a long time ago.

Too Wah, foreman for the building contractors, said he noticed the wire above the new garage roof, but could not say how it came to be lying on the roof. He had received no complaints from the workmen about the wire being in the way.

## BRITAIN'S REJECTION

(Continued from Page 1.)

Cabinet, in consultation with France and the Dominions.

There is little prospect of any compromise which will accept the German conquest of Poland or will not provide an absolutely fool-proof guarantee against future German aggression.

Mr. Duffield's broadcast yesterday is generally expected to be the keynote of Mr. Chamberlain's address. The Premier is not expected to advance counter-proposals.

He is expected to state:—  
1.—Hitler has not suggested any reparation for the wrong done to Poland;  
2.—He has not mentioned the restoration of Czechoslovakian independence;

3.—Assurances given by the present German regime will not suffice to free small States from perpetual fear of Nazi aggression.

Mr. Chamberlain will, it is believed, have the support of an overwhelming majority in Parliament, where even the former advocates of appeasement admit the necessity of continuing hostilities until Nazi domination is overthrown.

A Liberal minority is attracted by Mr. Lloyd George's plea for peace, but the veteran Welsh leader and former Prime Minister is not likely to obtain even five per cent. support from the House of Commons.

The Labour Opposition has again re-affirmed its support for a firm policy.

## Theft Of Tools From Car

Mr. U. M. Chen reports to the police the loss of a set of car tools from his car parked outside No. 211 Wanchai Road between October 8 and 9.

The tools were valued at \$40.

LADIES VICTIMISED  
Mrs. G. Stein, residing at No. 12, Peak Mansions, reports the loss of a wrist-watch somewhere in the Central district yesterday.

Miss A. J. Johnson of Ping Chau Island, reported to the police yesterday that someone stole her handbag and contents valued at \$85 while she was shopping in the Tai Lot Comproadore at Queen Victoria Street.

## German Evacuees Held Up

TALLINN, Oct. 12 (Reuter).—Serious difficulties with economic questions have arisen in the negotiations regarding the evacuation of the German minority, and none of the evacuation ships has yet departed.

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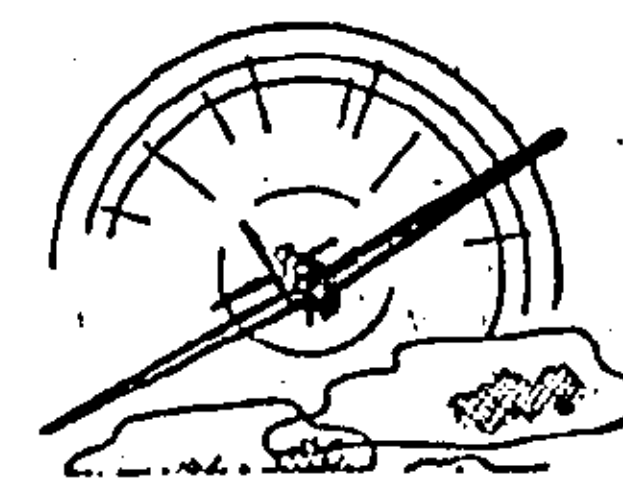
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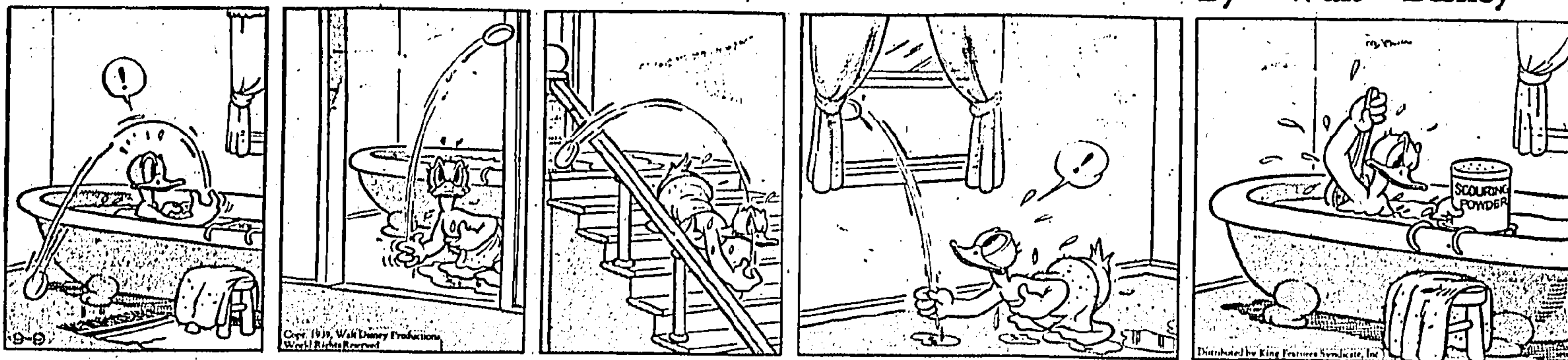
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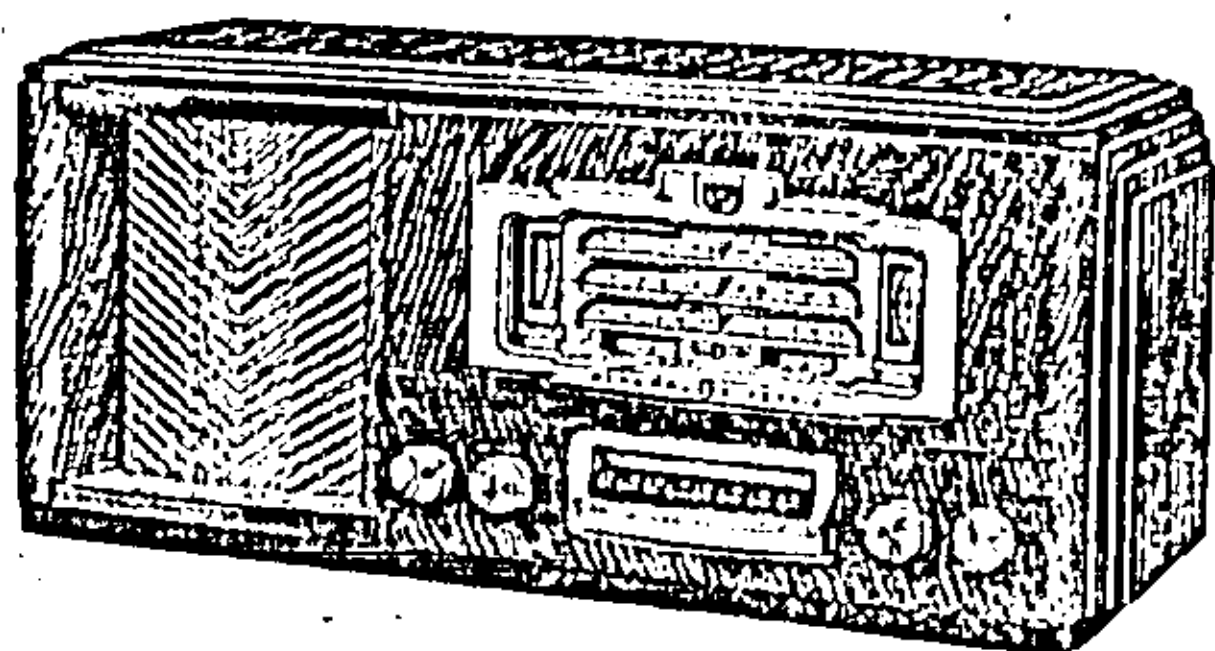
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PHOTOGRAPHS of the children become increasingly precious with the passing years. They, too, in later years, will appreciate the record of their childhood.

MAKE AN APPOINTMENT TO-DAY

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## A Look Through The "Telegraph"

50 YEARS AGO

Oct. 12, 1889.  
"Reuter" actually takes the trouble to wire out specially that "the Emperor of Germany greeted the British Channel Squadron at Kiel." If this most extensive telegraphic service cannot find anything more interesting than this twaddle to send out from home, it would be much better to send nothing at all. Why didn't the enterprising telegraphist tell us in what particular fashion the German Emperor condescended to "greet" the Channel Squadron? We are all yearning to get full details of this historical ceremonial—like what the Kaiser had for breakfast before he went out to do homage to the naval might of Britannia. (Fifty years ago cable cost £350 a word and newspapers rarely obtained more than one message a day.—Ed.)

In France milk is now transported in a frozen state, and statement is made that it may be kept sweet for days and weeks in this condition.

Says a religious contemporary:—"There was not a Protestant convert in China fifty years ago. Now there are 32,000 Chinese in full church membership and 15,000 children in Mission schools." And there is likewise one of the champion liars of the world—the artist who wrote the foregoing paragraph.

The official grief at the death of Dr. Stewart (the Colonial Secretary) was a good deal modified by aspirations among the older hand to see vacant post, with its comfortable salary of £7,200 a year. It did seem rational that the Home Government would give a local man the billet, for surely we have at least one competent official who deserves promotion. But no—the claims of Messrs. Denner, Tennyson, and others have been overlooked, and a man is to be sent from somewhere about 40,000 miles away.

25 YEARS AGO

Oct. 12, 1914.  
The newspapers in London state that an official telegram from Berlin announces that Antwerp has fallen. The British War Office announces that the Belgian forces evacuated Antwerp yesterday.

Lord Haldane addressed two great recruiting meetings at Newcastle-on-Tyne. He stated that he wished to say emphatically it was fortunate that we had not been attacked, for we had been in a difficult position if we had been attacked alone. The terms of peace must be that militarism, which perverted every talent of the German nation, should be crushed and broken, and future generations freed from such terror.

There has been a thrilling interlude in Samoa, which is running smoothly under the Union Jack. The German warships Scharnhorst and Gneisenau entered Apia (capital of the island of Upolu) and the New Zealand gunboats, expecting bombardment, but the warships departed. A German steamer appeared and was charged that the Union Jack was still flying.

Countries at War:—Germany against Britain, Russia, France and Belgium; Austria against Serbia, Russia, and France.

10 YEARS AGO

Oct. 12, 1929.  
Criticism of the management of the Hongkong Cricket Club in regard to the proposition of the tennis courts, and facilities provided for tennis playing members, were made at the annual meeting, held at the club pavilion yesterday evening. Mr. H. B. H. France, President, was in the chair, and was supported by members of the committee.

5 YEARS AGO

London, Oct. 12, 1934.  
British officialdom is in a quandary as to what flag to fly when Princess Marina of Greece comes to stay in England.

The Princess is shortly paying an official visit to the King and Queen, the parents of her husband-to-be, Prince George. But Princess Marina has no country, and therefore most likely it would not be tactful to fly the old Imperial blue and white Greek flag, because Britain has friendly relations with the Greek republic.

Neither would the Russian eagle, or even the Hammer and Sickle of the Soviets do, although she might be taken to represent Princess Marina's Russian ancestry. She has connections with the Danish royal house, and this is the flag that may be flown. It might, however, be decided to anticipate her nationality and fly the Union Jack. Meanwhile, the London is busy preparing for the wedding. Hotel proprietors, caterers, dressmakers, tailors, florists, and jewellers all anticipate big business in October and November, the months in which the marriage is scheduled. Some hotels have already received enquiries for accommodation during the wedding week.

A 5,000-ton ship built by Messrs. Cammell Laird at their yard was launched to-day. She was the s.s. Clement, the first of two 5,000-ton vessels being constructed for the South Line, Liverpool. (The Clement was sunk by a German pocket battleship off S. America last week.—Ed.)

## RADIO

ZBW, 355 metres (845 k.c.) and 31.49 metres (9,520 kilo-cycles).

Peter Gracy's Talk On Great Composers AN HOUR FOR CHILDREN

Radio programme broadcast by Z. B. W. to-day, on a Frequency of 845 k.c., and on Short Wave from 12.15 p.m. and 8-11 p.m. on 9.52 M.C. per second.

12.15 p.m. A Short Service of Intercession.

12.30 Beethoven—Sonata in D Major Op. 28, played by Arthur Schnabel (Piano).

12.52 Two Songs by Sophie Braslau (Contralto), Die Junge Nonne; Die Forelle (Schubert).

1.0 Local Time Signal and Weather Report.

1.03 Carroll Gibbons and His Boy Friends, Film Selections.

1.30 Reuter and Rugby Press, Weather Forecast and Announcements.

1.45 Musical Comedy Selections, 5.45 p.m. Studio—Children's Hour.

6.45 London Relay—Supplementary News.

7.02 Maritana—Vocal Gems, sung by Clara Seron, Francis Russell, Dennis Noble, and Chorus.

7.11 The Tattoo—Aldershot—1938.

7.30 B.B.C. Recording—"The Old Contemplatives"—Part 2.

The record of the British Expeditionary Force from Mons to Ypres, between August and November, 1914.

8.0 Local Times Signal, Weather Report and Announcements.

8.03 Schubert—Ballet Music from "Rosamunde," Berlin State Opera Orchestra.

8.15 Studio—Short Biographical Studies of Great Composers, by Peter Gracy—No. 6—Schubert.

8.45 Studio—Talk on "English Ideals in Education" by Gerald A. Goodban, M.A.

9.15 London Relay—"The Fifteen Minute Sketch," "Poor Polly."

9.45 Eric Coates—"The Three Men Suite": 1. The Man from the County; 2. The Man about Town; 3. The Man from the Sea. Light Symphony Orchestra cond. by Composer.

9.59 Songs by Hubert Elsdell (Tenor), Come, Sing to Me (Thompson). Fill a Glass With Golden Wine

## Embittered By Baltic Events

Lesson To German Minority In Belgium

BRUSSELS, Oct. 11 (Reuter).

Some indication of the bitter attitude of the German minority in Belgium to events in the Baltic can be seen in an editorial in a leading newspaper in Eupen district, which was ceded to Belgium by Germany after the Great War.

The newspaper says the Baltic events were a lesson for the German-speaking Belgians.

"Most of the German-speaking peoples in the Baltic made the mistake of identifying their Germanism with Nazi ideology and with support of 'Drang Nach Osten' (Thrust to East)."

Bitterly Regret Error "They must bitterly regret their error to-day."

"We believe the shocking events in the Baltic have opened the eyes of our fellow-citizens, and that soon all of them will realize their good fortune in being equal citizens of this Christian and democratic State, which, far from trying to suppress their German character, protects it."

## Britain Accepts New President

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—In the House of Commons to-day, Mr. R. A. Butler, Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, announced that the British Government recognised the assumption of the functions of the President of the Polish Republic.

Sir Howard Kennard, British Ambassador to Warsaw, would proceed to France in a few days to resume his duties as His Majesty's Ambassador at the Polish Government, said Mr. Butler.

(Quilter); Goodnight (Shelly and Davis).

10.00 Len Fells & His Orchestra.

10.30 p.m. Dance Music.

11.0 Close. Down

## Crossword Puzzle

By LARS MORRIS

ANSWER TO PREVIOUS PUZZLE

ACROSS

1—River in New Mexico  
2—Smells  
3—Bodily strength  
4—Meeting place  
5—Pigeon  
6—Finger  
7—Finger  
8—Finger  
9—Finger  
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11—Finger  
12—Finger  
13—Finger  
14—Finger  
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58—Finger  
59—Finger  
60—Finger

DOWN

1—Rambles  
2—Worshipful status  
3—Baths  
4—Charged  
5—Many times  
6—Purifier  
7—Dances  
8—Orange and purple  
9—Ocar  
10—Panic machine  
11—Lateral  
12—Famous canal  
13—Finger  
14—Minute amounts  
15—Those who aid  
16—Finger  
17—Kind of out  
18—Pining device  
19—Recently extinct bird  
20—Pertaining to ebb  
21—Finger  
22—Kind of out  
23—Pining device  
24—Recently extinct bird  
25—Pertaining to ebb  
26—Finger  
27—Kind of out  
28—Pining device  
29—Recently extinct bird  
30—Pertaining to ebb  
31—Finger  
32—Kind of out  
33—Pining device  
34—Recently extinct bird  
35—Pertaining to ebb  
36—Finger  
37—Kind of out  
38—Pining device  
39—Recently extinct bird  
40—Pertaining to ebb  
41—Finger  
42—Kind of out  
43—Pining device  
44—Recently extinct bird  
45—Pertaining to ebb  
46—Finger  
47—Kind of out  
48—Pining device  
49—Recently extinct bird  
50—Pertaining to ebb  
51—Finger  
52—Kind of out  
53—Pining device  
54—Recently extinct bird  
55—Pertaining to ebb  
56—Finger  
57—Kind of out  
58—Pining device  
59—Recently extinct bird  
60—Pertaining to ebb

## Baby, Baby—bless him!

how shall mother dress him?

—by coming to WHITEAWAY'S and selecting from their fine range of baby robes, bonnets, nightgowns, booties, etc.



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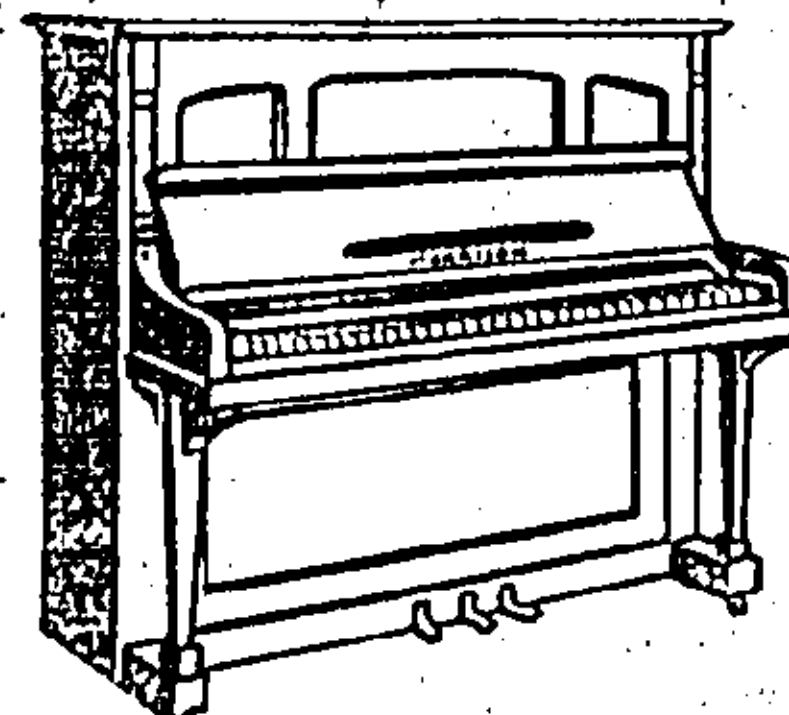
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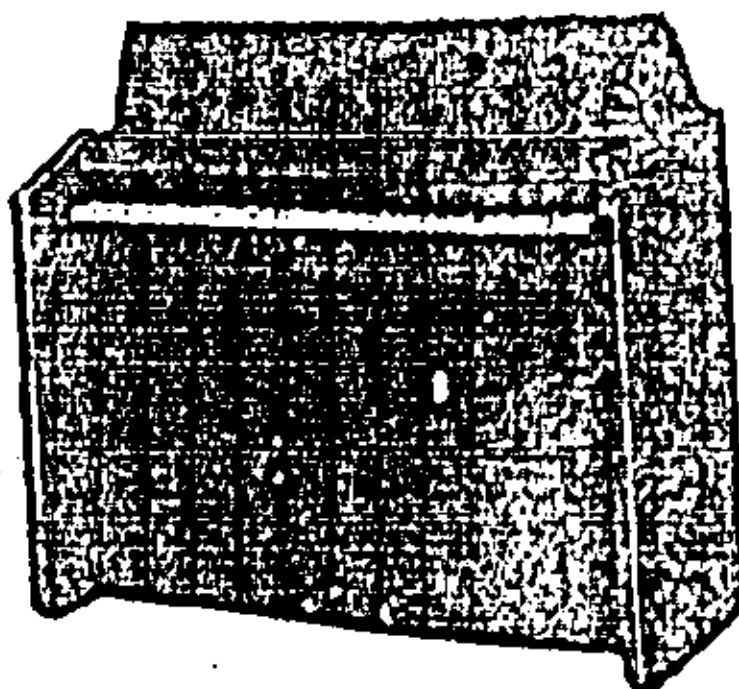
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October 12, 1939

### The War Goes On

WHEN THE German armies violated Belgium in 1914 their leaders counted on a short war. The unfortunate German people have been told by their controlled press that, with the conquest of Poland, Britain and France will be eager to accept peace terms, and the remarkable "armistice" celebrations throughout Germany on Tuesday are indicative of this desire of the Germans to believe that their leaders are right.

The Nazi boast has been given a withering answer in M. Daladier's broadcast yesterday and, doubtless, Mr. Neville Chamberlain will be equally emphatic in his rejection of the so-called Nazi peace terms when he addresses the House of Commons this evening.

Whatever successes Hitler's perky and desperate haste have won in Poland, all the world now knows that the conquest of that unhappy victim of Nazi aggression is only the beginning of the struggle to which Nazism has challenged civilisation and into which Britain is throwing all her strength.

The Fuehrer in his frenzy may be blind to the lessons of the long effort from 1914 to 1918, but they have been well and truly learned in England.

Kitchener's doctrine that to wage a major war the nation must prepare for years of fighting was startling in 1914. We then wasted many lives, much time and much treasure before our leaders organised Britain's man power for military service and her industries for the supply of munitions; now, the machinery to marshal the Empire's utmost strength in arms, made ready before the outbreak of war, is at work.

The certainty that, however long the task may take, it will be accomplished, will hardly be kept by the worst brutality of the Gestapo from the knowledge of the German people.

Whatever Hitler's monomaniac faith in his star, his people are clearly uncomfortable, as the joyous celebrations throughout the country at the hoax armistice reports bear witness.

It must be depressing to the German man-in-the-street, however dulled by propaganda, when he learns that, though Poland be crushed, he will for an indefinite period be short of meat, short of clothes, without any soap, and that is the best which the regime can promise him.

It is clear that the Allied challenge is disturbing. Hitler's "peace" terms shows that the Fuehrer has been thinking over it. The "armistice" celebrations show that the German people have also been thinking over it. They, the people, will think dangerously.

Someone in Germany is going to remember that "the last battle Britain always wins."

## LEST WE FORGET— —THE NATION THAT DID NOT DESERVE TO DIE AGAIN...

THE name of Poland once again disappears temporarily from the maps of Europe, but it will not vanish from the hearts of the Poles, nor should it from ours as we do battle in the west for its liberation.

Let us forget the enormity of the German offence committed against Poland, consider what the Poles did for their country in the course of its 20 years' resurrection.

For not only have its men, women, and children died under the hail of German steel, but years of hard work have been wiped out, years in which a race transformed itself into a nation.

The first time I went to Poland I imagined that Warsaw would be a drab, backward Slav city, dirty, tumbledown, lacking in elegance.

Instead, I saw Warsaw as a clean city of fine buildings, with a magnificent opera house, skyscrapers, up-to-date newspaper offices, and the best-dressed men and women I had met since leaving London and travelling across Northern Europe.

"You see," said a friend, on the terrace of the Hotel Europejski, "we are not Balkanised or backward as so many of you western Europeans seem to think, though, I admit, 20 years ago it was not like this."

Homesteads And Farms Burned

FROM him I heard what Poland looked like just after the 1914 war. The factories were closed because of a shortage of raw materials. The fields of the peasants were waste lands, their stock had been slaughtered, their homesteads and farms burned.

"The Germans and the Russians fought back and forth here like giant ploughs," my friend added, "turning upside down everything in their path."

Vast districts were on the edge of famine, communications were completely disorganised. The currency was chaotic, with German, Russian, and Austrian coinage in circulation.

Lest we forget, then, this is the background of the new Poland which Germany has again laid waste. Out of this morass the Poles built a country, not faultless, but having within it plenty to admire.

Now look briefly at their achievements.

Fishing Village Into Big Port

FIRST, Gdynia, built to give them their own port on the Baltic.

Sixteen years ago Gdynia was a village of a couple of hundred fishermen, who lived with their families in thatched houses along the sandy shore.

Now those same fishermen are (or rather were) living in villas in nearby Zoppot, the Monte Carlo of the Baltic. For on the sites of their thatched houses stand blocks of flats, rows of shops. The land on which they dried their fishing nets is worth £1 a square yard.

Lest we forget Hitler's real smash and grab aim, please note that you could see as many as 40 or 50 ships in the 700 acres of Gdynia's harbour basins, protected by breakwaters two miles and a half long, equipped with automatic radio beacons and submarine oscillators.

From here went regular passenger services to North and South America. In and out, moved 40,000 passengers a year. To make this artificial port out of the scrub and sand cost the Poles £12,000,000, but it will always stand as a symbol of Poland's economic dynamism, though the name of Poland may vanish from the map, and the name of Gdynia be changed into some German form.

In a few years, then, this new port built up a trade in which it handled

### 700,000 Small Holdings

BACK in Warsaw I tried to find out whether this could not be remedied, and there, at the Ministry, I discovered that only in Poland and Czechoslovakia was any attempt being made to solve the peasant problem in Central Europe.

"First of all, please understand that Poland is land hungry," said the expert, "and that's due to overpopulation in the rural areas."

Now this is what happened. As early as 1910 the Sejm (Parliament) of the Polish Republic passed a resolution fixing the principles of land reform. Chief of these was to break out the big estates and parcel them into small lots.

So during the last 20 years 700,000 farm holdings have been created or enabled to achieve independent status. These have been giving work and a livelihood to 3,500,000 peasants.

Then year by year the Poles increased the area of arable land by turning barren land to account, and they have, in fact, increased the area of arable land by more than 3,000,000 acres to give the peasant a better deal.

Lest we forget, these independent small farmers now become Hitler's enemies, until they are once more liberated.

Then, for obvious reasons and to absorb the surplus rural population, the Poles concentrated on industry. What they have done in industrial production can best be seen by the index figure. In 1922 it stood at 75.5, but last year it had risen to 119.5.

Though the Germans destroyed or stole 80,000 electrical machines and about 7,000,000 yards of cable, Poland's electro-technical industry increased its production fourfold.

The chemical industry tells the same story: the output of soda rose by 145 per cent.; calcium products were doubled; artificial silk production increased fivefold.

Her locomotive builders made Poland self-sufficient in rolling stock; her papermakers increased their output four times; the cellulose mills accounted for a sixfold increase in production.

She Wanted Ten More Years

LEST we forget what the Polish worker has now lost, note that Poland was one of the first countries to introduce the eight-hour day (seven in the mines and six for workers in temperatures over 82 degrees). In Germany, and presumably under the Germans, 10 hours is the working day.

The Poles, however, do not believe that man lives by work alone.

After the 1914-18 war, the Poles began with a shocking percentage of illiterates, due to the deliberate policy of the partitioning Powers, who wanted to keep their victims not only in serfdom but also in spiritual darkness.

But in the last few years the Poles have built 10,000 elementary schools, so no wonder the percentage of children in school soared from 60 in 1921 to the latest figure of 93. It would soon have been 100 per cent., but Hitler stepped in.

Then, with her limited resources, Poland created social services that, say, now disappear—community centres, summer camps for children, supplementary feeding in the schools. For the moment the prospect is dark.

"We needed another 10 years of peace to complete the creation of the new Poland," said an attaché at the Polish Embassy to me.

Lest we forget, Poland's 20 years show that she deserved that peace.

Emrys Jones

### GRIN AND BEAR IT By Lichty



"I tell you, Chief, we got the year's biggest horror story here—three bridge players stranded on an uninhabited island!"

### To-day is Hongkong Budget Day

GILBERT FRANKAU has thoughts on

## MONEY

NEVER having been out of debt between the years 1906 and 1939, I claim to know as much about money troubles as any treasury in the British Empire.

Yet my very rich friends—I am always delighted to observe—spend for more time worrying about their financial futures than I do mine.

My father was like that. Though his worry was never personal. The thought that he might not leave my mother and his four children properly provided for used to drive him nearly frantic.

I still think of him as the least selfish man who ever lived. He grudged himself everything—at times even a hansom cab home after a late night at the office. He grudging nothing.

With what result? He died, as I told you last week, at an early age, leaving quite a large capital—which my mother and I between us blew inside 10 years.

Blowed, maybe, is not exactly the right word. Most of the money went into a business—and never came out of it. Nevertheless, the money went.

### The Way to Treat It

MY mother died without knowing the worst. Afterwards I used to dream—having inherited an exaggerated sense of personal responsibility—that I could restore her share of the family fortune to my surviving brother and sister.

But I never have. And that they would have been any the happier for it I refuse to admit.

Both, like myself, lead busy lives. My brother Ronald's success is well known. My sister's, though less spectacular, seems to me even more satisfactory. She has devoted herself, in the intervals of bringing up a large family, to pure scholarship.

Accordingly, there is no need for my father to turn in his grave.

Nor, as I like to imagine, were his efforts and my mother's entirely wasted. If—as the poet tells us—to live in hearts we leave behind is not to die.

That the last sentence is perilously near "sob-stuff," I admit. Let us admit, further, that great financiers treat money as it should be treated—objectively, unsentimentally, and unemotionally. But how many of us can afford to do that?

### Foolish Slogan

TO nearly all of us money, whether received as payment for work we do or as interest on accumulated savings, is a personal matter. Our private budgets are the measures of our material lives. So much comes in yearly from our work or our savings. So much goes out for our expenses.

Lower our income or put up our expenditure. Either way, we squeal. And the people who squeal loudest—in my experience—are the very people who are always ready to preach "Money doesn't mean happiness."

That slogan is not even "sob-stuff." It is sheer blunderdash. Lack of money for reasonable needs, such as housing, education, and health, will sour anybody except a saint.

Saints, however, are rare; and the average Briton, though he dislikes being told so, is just as fond of money as his neighbours across the

Channel. It is a pity, therefore, that the average Briton should be taught so little about money when he or she is young.

As a nation we still suffer from the "money is the root of all evil" complex. Most of us, from the richest to the poorest, prefer that our children should learn the hard lesson of £ s. d., as I myself had to learn it, by bitter personal experience.

We would rather see the little darlings studying French for their school certificates than the price of bread, meat, fish, and vegetables. While as for teaching them the difference between Preference and Ordinary shares, or even between a freehold and a leasehold... how much more satisfactory that they should have started algebra.

### Financial Ignorance

ALGEBRA forsooth. When the boys don't know how much their own boots cost, and the girls, at any rate of our so-called upper and middle classes, can't even be trusted to buy a cauliflower.

Oh, the financial ignorance—the sheer, crass, hopeless, terrifying and completely avoidable financial ignorance—of the average middle-class bride and bridegroom.

The enduring miracle is that their domestic budgets ever balance. Yet most of them eventually do.

Eventually most of us learn the value of money. But half the knocks we take on the way to knowledge could be avoided if either our parents or our school-teachers would be less snobbish and more practical.

The making of money, the spending of money, or the investing of money, however much we may resent the fact, plays a considerable part in almost every human being's existence.

Children brought up in complete ignorance—as so many upper and middle-class children are—of money matters represent a constant danger to the community. They are apt to become (as in my own case) spend-thrifts; or what is even worse, misers.

Such children are equally the prey, in later years, of the bucket-shop keeper and fraudulent political economist like Karl Marx.

### You Must Be Master

FOR the real secret about money is that if you don't master it—and the sooner you are taught to do this the better—it will end by mastering you.

Hence, more often than not, your unhappy over-rich man who is afraid of losing his possessions. Hence, and hence only, your debtor who is always so certain that he'll be able to "let you have it back by Monday"—and never does.

Both such are money-slaves, though neither of them, in my opinion, is worth much pity.

Such pity as I have for money-slaves is reserved for the vast majority who won't find it too easy to pay that extra twopenny on tea or that extra penny on petrol.

All the same, they'll do it, and without too much grumbling. Nor should the better off grudge that extra income tax.

Because even those—and believe it or not, they are still legion—who have never been taught the difference between Preference shares and an Ordinary know one meaning of the word "Security."

It's always worth while paying out money—down to your very last sixpence—for that!



## AMAZING WEALTH

### Britain's Strength In War Disclosed

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—A special commentary on the British economic strength has been released.

It is stated that in connection with Germany's claim of her economic strength, and the weakness of Britain, the following points may be useful.

Britain is the second richest country in the world, second only to the United States.

The average income per head of the British people is £112, whereas the average income per head of the German people is only £64 10s.

The British people, therefore, can afford to spend nearly twice as much on the war as the Germans.

For every gun which Germany can afford to make, Britain can make two.

When the British war effort is fully mobilised, they can expect nearly twice as much power as Germany.

Incomparably Stronger

Britain is incomparably stronger financially than Germany. Her gold reserve is over £200,000,000, whereas Germany has hardly any gold reserve at all.

Without exporting anything at all, Britain could pay for imports of food and raw material for at least 18 months, whereas Germany has only enough foreign exchange to pay for imports for two months.

As far as taxation is concerned, Britain compares favourably. The German married man has to pay income tax as soon as his income reaches £255 a year.

The British married taxpayer does not begin to pay until he is earning £225.

In Britain there are ample supplies of food, and it is not yet necessary to introduce rationing.

In Germany rations are already in force, and the ration is pitifully small.

The British Empire produces three times as much wheat, and twice as much sugar as Germany, and Britain has half as many people to feed as Germany.

The British Empire produces twice as much iron-ore as Germany, four times as much oil and petrol, seven times as much copper, and nearly three times as much lead.

This Is Supposed To Be A News Item

"REUTERS". London Office sends out the following hot news item:

"The message sent to the United States regarding the threatened sinking of the *Irakoula* is believed to be part of the propaganda activities of Admiral Raeder."

"That the chief of the German naval staff can indulge in propaganda suggests that the command of the German fleet is not a full-time job."

Women To Look After Diggers

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—An Australian Women's Volunteer Service has been formed in London to look after the welfare of Australians.

A bureau has been set up in Australia House to enrol Australians and others who wish to join.

U.S. Marine Shoots Puppet Policeman

TIENTSIN, Oct. 12 (Reuter).—Two United States Marines from Peiping were guarding a shipment of goods at Tientsin east station last night.

One of them was involved in an argument with a railway police officer, believed to be a Chinese, which resulted in both producing their guns.

The marine shot the policeman through the thigh and then escaped through the barriers to the marine barracks. The other marine has been detained by the railway police.

He is still held up to now. No further details are available.

Burma Starts Her Preparations

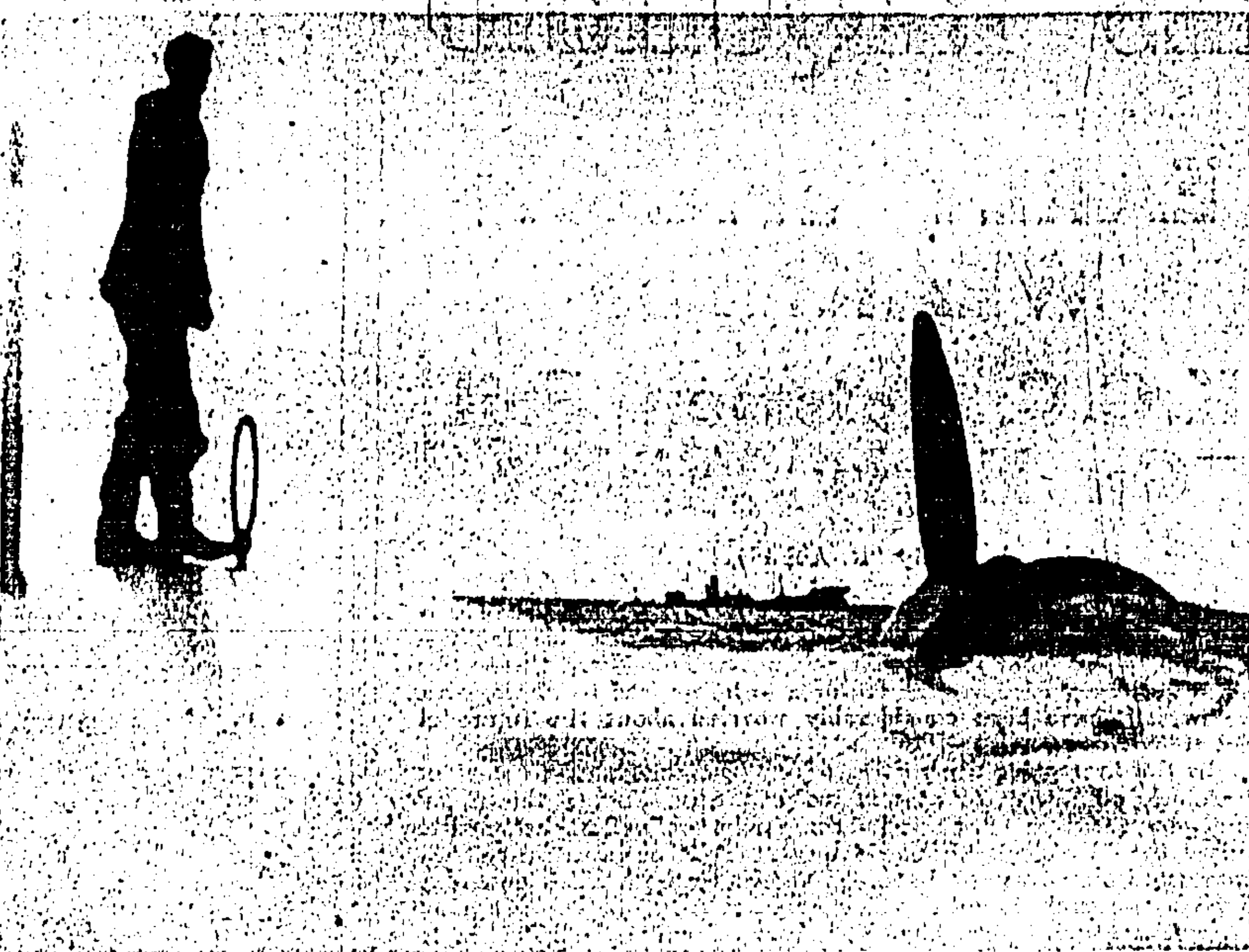
RANGOON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—A Defence Committee has been formed with the Governor, Sir Archibald Cochrane as chairman.

The Defence Commissioner is deputy chairman and one of the members is the Burmese Premier, who has offered the support of his Ministry.

Split In British Communist Party

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—A division in the British Communist Party is revealed by the resignation of Mr. Harry Pollitt from the secretariat.

Mr. Pollitt apparently disagreed with the change in the Party's attitude which at the beginning supported the Government's policy, and is now against it.



A GRAPHIC PHOTOGRAPH of the rescue of the crew of the torpedoed British steamer Kensington Court by Royal Air Force planes. The Kensington Court, in background, is just going down as a member of crew of one of the two R.A.F. planes which participated in the rescue waits to assist on rescuers.—Royal Air Force Photograph. Crown Copyright Reserved.

## South Africa's Hidden Wealth

### Will Be Used For Allies' Benefit

CAPETOWN, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—In South Africa it is expected that the war will lead to the development of the Dominion's mineral ores.

It is calculated that the Dominion will produce enough for her own requirements and also will be able to ship the surplus to Britain and the Allies.

South Africa contains nearly all metals and oils required by modern industry, though only the more accessible products are now being worked.

Mining products are exported as raw materials, the finished articles being mainly imported.

Large Reserves

Among the base metals in South Africa are asbestos, chrome and manganese.

There are large reserves of these, and also of iron, copper, tin and vanadium.

Recent advances in technical skill will enable most of the problems of plant equipment to be solved locally.

An estimate made two years ago placed the value of South Africa's untouched base minerals at over £200,000,000.

JAPAN FED UP WITH WAR

CARS with treadless tyres. Taxis and buses that run on charcoal.

And a progressively lowering economic level that bodes ill for the future of the country and people.

These are the things that struck Mr. A. S. Smith in a tour of Japan, from which he returned to Hongkong to-day.

Japan, Mr. Smith believes, is heartily "fed up" with the war in China.

The people are finding it increasingly difficult to avoid malnutrition, owing to the increasing cost and scarcity of food.

Power plants cannot obtain sufficient coal or fuel.

Neon signs and electrical advertisements are slowly disappearing, or being replaced by inferior lighting apparatus.

More Japanese girls are being forced into the geisha ranks.

And the soldiers who are boarding transports are becoming appallingly young.

Swastikas no longer fly "side-by-side" with the Rising Sun in Japan's streets. Japan has not yet recovered from the Russo-German agreement.

Recruiting In Jerusalem

JERUSALEM, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—Recruiting has begun in Jerusalem of 2,000 Palestine volunteers for the Royal Engineers, the Royal Army Service Corps, the Ordnance Corps, and the Medical Corps.

The men will be liable for service in any garrison or theatre of war.

Sweden May Build Battleships

STOCKHOLM, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The Swedish Defence Minister to-day proposed in Parliament that construction be started immediately on two battleships.

Sweden already has many destroyers of the latest type.

Parliament passed two bills, one for setting up a Ministry of National Economy, and the other providing severe penalties for espionage.

## LEST WE FORGET

### IT IS OFFICIALLY ANNOUNCED THAT THE KING HAS DECIDED THAT THE ARMISTICE DAY SERVICE AT THE CENOTAPH WILL NOT BE HELD THIS YEAR.

LONDON, OCT. 11 (Reuter).—

THE KING HAS DECIDED THAT THE ARMISTICE DAY SERVICE AT THE CENOTAPH WILL NOT BE HELD THIS YEAR.

H. K. Stock Market

The following quotations were issued on the Hongkong Stock Market this morning.

BANKS

H.K. Banks \$.....1,250 s.

H.K. Banks (Lon. Reg.) £.....73 s.

H.K. Banks (H.K. Reg.) £.....75 s.

Chartered £.....65 s.

Mercantile, A. & B. £.....20 1/2 s.

Mercantile, C. £.....10 1/2 s.

East Asia £.....72 s.

INSURANCES

Cantons \$.....202 1/2 s.

Union \$.....365 s.

China Underwriters \$.....1 1/2 s.

H.K. Fire \$.....170 s.

SHIPPING

Douglases \$.....87 s.

Steamships \$.....12 s.

Indo-China, P.S. \$.....60 s.

Indo-China, D.S. \$.....30 s.

Shell (Beaters) \$.....83 1/2 s.

Waterboats \$.....810 s.

DOCKS ETC.

Wharves \$.....101 s.

Docks \$.....18 s.

Providents \$.....430 s.

New Eng. Sh. \$.....7 1/2 s.

Sh. Docks, Sh. \$.....125 s.

MINING

Railits \$.....9 1/2 s.

Venz. Gold \$.....4 s.

H.K. Mines Cts. \$.....4 s.

LANDS

Hotels \$.....450 s.

Lands \$.....32 s.

Indo-China, P.S. \$.....8 s.

Shai Lands Sh. \$.....7 1/2 s.

Humphreys \$.....415 s.

H.K. Realities \$.....100 s.

Chinese estates \$.....100 s.

## Poland's New Government

### British Ambassador Returns To Post

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—

A few hours after the arrival in London of the Foreign Minister of the new Polish Government, it was announced in the House of Commons that Sir Howard Kennard would leave for Paris in a few days to resume his duties as British Ambassador to Poland.

The London "Times" declared that the Polish Foreign Minister was particularly welcome for many reasons.

He represents an indestructible race whose country has been barbarously devastated not for the first time in its history, but which unhesitatingly chooses a new government in the place of the old.

The "Times" refers to the new Foreign Minister's war at Geneva and his conciliatory and constructive temperament.

Talks In London

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The new Polish Foreign Minister, who arrived in London from Paris this morning, had a long talk with the Foreign Secretary, Viscount Halifax, at the Foreign Office this afternoon.

He conferred with Mr. Chamberlain at No. 10 Downing Street, and at night was a guest at a banquet given by the Polish Ambassador.

Another guest was Sir Howard Kennard, who is to take up duties as Ambassador to Poland in a few days at the seat of the Polish Government in Paris.

In Paris, the Polish Cabinet met before the Foreign Minister left for London under General Sikorsky. The Foreign Minister delivered a report.

Merchant Fleet Saved

Measures have been taken in connection with the Polish merchant fleet, part of which was saved, and all civil rights have been restored to the ten Polish members of Parliament who had been exiled several years ago.

The Polish Foreign Minister in a broadcast said that in their great hour of trial their spirit was unconquerable, and they were determined to carry on their alliance with the tremendous military efforts of the Western Powers would guarantee victory.

"What I have heard from the highest British and French statesmen has made me realise that we shall not halt until a complete and final victory is won. We are fighting, not only for our own freedom, but the freedom of all nations and a better Europe. We shall put an end to all efforts to dominate by brute force."

Cession Not Recognised

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—It is understood in London that Great Britain is not prepared to connive at any cession of Polish territory.

Lithuania has been told that Britain cannot recognise the cession by Russia of Vilna to Lithuania.

On the other hand, it is felt that the case of Lithuania is very different from the Russian and German partition of Poland.

Lithuania was compelled to sign the treaty with Russia, and can hardly be blamed if she takes some compensation for the virtual loss of her independence.

In addition, the inhabitants of the Vilna region will be better off under Lithuanian rule than under Russia or Germany.

Troops Move Up

HELSINKI, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—Several divisions of Soviet troops, as well as many large tanks and heavy artillery, have been moved up to the Finnish frontier.

The Finnish Foreign Minister will broadcast to the United States to-morrow.

There is a desperate hope that the United States will counsel moderation to Russia.

An Iron Ring

MOSCOW, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The Lithuanian delegation which concluded the Soviet-Lithuanian treaty,

## Plenty Of Planes, But No Bombs

### Watchful Aerial Activity

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—

The B.B.C. correspondent with the R.A.F. in France says that air activity on the western front at present is confined to reconnaissance activity.

No bombs have been dropped by either side.

At small cost our planes have taken photographs of the Siegfried Line, but the Germans, for the same cost, have nothing to show for their air flights, which have been almost wholly over German territory.

The only German flight over the French lines was by a single machine flying very high, and the Messerschmidt fighters are the only enemy planes seen.

Frenchman's "Blimy Guv'nor"

The correspondent describes a recent dogfight between British and French planes and German machines, in which one of the enemy machines was shot down.

One of the British planes developed engine trouble, but the pilot was lucky enough to land behind the Siegfried Line. He was greeted by a salute with the words, "Blimy, Guv'nor! You're blooming lucky!"

The pilot was a Frenchman whose home is in South London.

Consuls Held In Reich

British Officials Said Comfortable

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—

Mr. R. A. Butler, Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, replying to a question in the House of Commons to-day, said His Majesty's Government had no official information as to the constitution of the new Czech Government.

Asked for a statement as to the present position between Britain and Spain, Mr. Butler said: "Our relations with Spain are developing in a normal and friendly manner."

British Consuls In Germany

Mr. Butler also revealed at question time that 11 members of the British Consular Service and five members of the British Consular Service and five members of their staffs were still in Germany.

According to the reports of the United States' Charge d'Affaires in Berlin, they were comfortable at hotels.

The three who had been in prison, pending the release from custody of certain German officials in Britain, have now returned to the hotel.

It was hoped shortly, added Mr. Butler, to arrange for an exchange of British and German consular officers.

STOCK EXCHANGE VERY CHEERFUL

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The Stock Exchange spent a thoroughly cheerful session, encouraged by M. Daladier's and Sir Kingsley Wood's speeches, though some quarters preferred to await Mr. Neville Chamberlain's speech to-morrow.

The Air Minister's remarks regarding the increased production helped aviation and motor holdings, while gilt-edged shares were notable for a number of small dealings.

War Loan was at a minimum, which was the first of such business since the war.

Commodities and rubber were firm generally, a farthing higher on trade buying, with sellers reserved.

Wall Street was firm.

Shai Consular Officials Resign

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

SHANGHAI, Oct. 11 (UP).—The Japanese Consul, Mr. Miura, together with 20 leading officials of the Japanese Consulate and Embassy, have tendered their resignations in support of the Foreign Office revolt against Admiral Nomura, the Japanese Foreign Minister.

Britain Calls Up More Men

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The War Office announces that during the next week or two, a large number of men, who have already received calling-up notices, will be joining the colours for military service.

attended a dinner in their honour at the Kremlin to-night.

The Soviet press describes the concessions to Russia by the Baltic States at the setting up of an "iron ring" for Soviet defence in the near Baltic.

Occupation Postponed

TALLINN, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The entry of Soviet troops into Estonia to occupy bases rented by Russia under the recent agreement has been postponed to Wednesday of next week.

Three Soviet warships to-day entered Tallinn Bay and exchanged salutes with the Estonian coastal batteries.

One of the most popular hats we have ever sold, a masterpiece of design, style and finish—a modern hat for modern men. Stocked in shades of green, brown, grey and blue.

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DRINK

# EWO PILSNER

At the H.K. Bowling Alleys

**TIFFIN, MY BOY, TIFFIN**

"Lovely smell of cooking in the club this morning. Scrambled eggs, cutlets, and that excellent curry the secretary introduced from Penang—Makes a fellow's mouth water. I've half a mind to go through the lot."

"What on earth has Rose's got to do with hangovers?"

"Everything, my dear Watson. It wipes them out. If you stick to Ginatols or have a good stiff twig before going to bed, you'll have no regrets in the morning."

"Rose's Lime Juice you said?"

"Yes, Rose's."

"Lead me a pencil, and I'll write it down."

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# MORE HOCKEY UMPIRES REQUIRED

## PRESSING PROBLEM NEEDS SOLUTION

### Formation of Control Body Suggested

(By "Pilgrim")

From time to time last season I heard complaints about the shortage of umpires and general lamentations that more umpires are not available. It is admitted that the Umpires Hockey Board have carried out wonderful work, but their work is cramped owing to the continued shortage of officials to cover many senior and most of the junior matches in the women's leagues and the H.K.H.A. Tournament. It is like a voice crying in the wilderness to appeal season by season to retired players and others to come forward and assist the game.

But we should go a step further than the present Umpires Board. We should have a governing body for Umpires in the Colony such as we have for the game and based on the same lines as regards affiliation.

Are we not playing with the subject by delaying this final organisation and bringing the whole of the Colony umpires under one common executive? I am sure the H.K.H.A. would not oppose the institution of such an association, but would give its blessing and good wishes.

After all, the governing body has a real duty to the game and to the umpires, and it is a job of work to carry out on behalf of the welfare of the game as a whole. The game cannot flourish or continue prosperous unless and until the umpires in the Colony are properly and intensively organised.

There is at present far too much LOCAL government. That is alright of course, for the appointment of umpires, but there should be a common executive in charge responsible for finding ways and means of improving the status of the umpire and in providing greater numbers of these splendid honorary officials to cover matches which remain entirely without umpiring control week by week and year by year.

I would suggest that we grapple this big problem in a practical way, and the only way is to establish a well organised and live body such as an Umpires Association to deal with umpires and umpiring.

#### A SIMPLE CONSTITUTION

The constitution of such an association would be a simple one, viz. the election of an annual President (which would honour one of the leading umpires in the Colony at the time), a Chairman, an Hon. Secretary, with a committee of ten or less, drawn from the different clubs.

There can be no question that each club has several followers who are to be seen Saturdays and Sundays watching the game, and on occasions being roped in to do a spot of umpiring. A good suggestion would be, however, to compel every club entering a team or teams for tournament competitions to provide an umpire for each team, the umpire to be under the direct control of the Umpires Association, who would appoint them to various matches. In this way the players would be sure that they would have umpires for each game. Of course, it is frankly admitted that some clubs provide more than their quota of umpires, but they are not too many.

It is, therefore, too much to suggest that H.K.H.A. council take steps to deal with this serious question, and, before the season commences,

#### Soccer Start Deferred

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—Though scheduled to commence on October 14, the Scottish Football League have deferred the beginning of their two regional competitions until October 21.

Sixteen Clubs will take part in each region.



Alec Pearce... scored 58 and took 8 for 25 for the Hongkong C.C. v. the Kowloon C.C. on Tuesday.

## EARLY SEASON WEAKNESS

### K.C.C. Batsmen Fail On Heavy Wicket

(By "R. Abbit")

The match between the Hongkong Cricket Club and the Kowloon Cricket Club was played on Tuesday last—the Double Tenth,—and although some of the cricket was not very brilliant there were one or two very encouraging features to be noticed by those, who, like myself, have been considerably worried about the future of cricket in Hongkong.

In the first place the match, which was scheduled to start at 11 o'clock, started at seven minutes past, according to the official time. In recent years one had become only too well accustomed to finding the 11 o'clock match starting at 11.30 or even later. Another good sign was the keenness shown by both sides on a day which I personally found extremely trying, from the climatic point of view, and which must have been very difficult indeed for people actually engaged in cricket.

Owing, I believe, to a misunderstanding, the wicket had been watered heavily the night before, and the result was that though the ball took plenty of spin it got up very slowly off the pitch and anything short of a length could be hooked with any impunity. The slowness of the wicket was particularly understandable as there was an appreciable difference between the speed with which the ball came off the pitch, and that with which it came off the out field when driven right out. Teddy Fletcher, who was captaining Kowloon, recently thought that the wicket would improve later and he put the Club in—a gallant action which did not meet with any reward. Except on a Saturday afternoon game, when one is going all out for a win, there are very few occasions when it is wise to put your opponent to a test which might sometimes think of doing so, but that was as far as he should go.

#### SHORTAGE OF BOWLERS

The Kowloon side were unfortunately very short of bowlers and missed R. E. Lee terribly. Lloyd Anderson opened the bowling and did pretty well, but the pitch was so easy that after Ride had cocked one up playing too soon, Richardson and Alec Pearce proceeded to take tea. The K.C.C. used to say that the fifty runs by powerful hooking, while Pearce made some beautiful smashes through the covers. Baxter and Gray had a shot, but the pitch definitely did not suit them, and it is significant of the eight ball over that Pearce was hit for fifty runs in four overs while Gray's two overs cost 28. Both bowlers I think need a much faster wicket. Bosanquet again played excellent cricket, hitting very powerfully and while he and Pearce were together, 60 runs were scored on between them. Lloyd and Anderson went on, again, and proceeded to bowl very well. After this Pearce was taken at the wicket by Lloyd, and Bosanquet played too soon at Anderson and hit a ball straight into extra cover's hands, and there was a single. Most of the batsmen played too soon. There were three c and b's, Anderson's catch to send John Pearce back being a very pretty one. One gallant officer (who I see played under the name of S. E. Elser hit one of his powerful boundaries which he seems to force away entirely with his fore-arms, but was immediately after one of the c and b victims. It is noticeable that after the fourth wicket fell at 105 the Club were still out for another 21 runs, of which Perry made 11.

#### BRILLIANT BOWLING

It is true that some of the K.C.C. team were new comers to the First—there are, I see, two or three men who have formerly played for the Hongkong Cricket Club—but the almost pathetic shaping of the batting must have come as a great blow to the K.C.C. enthusiasts. It is true, however, that it is early in the season and that when there was a practice knock out of an hour and a half after the game, the K.C.C. batsman did not do so badly when they were hitting. Their downfall in their first innings was due to undue caution against some very splendid bowling by Alec Pearce and McLellan—the latter bowled 7 overs before he sent down a single loose ball, and on many occasions missed the wicket by a coat of paint. He deserved better figures than 8/25/17/2. Alec Pearce has probably never bowled better in his life, keeping a perfect length. He turned the ball a good deal, and backed up by magnificent fielding figures of 9.6 (sounds funny doesn't it?) 2/25/8. Baxter never looked like getting runs, while Teddy Fletcher was out of his first ball. The only people to do anything were Archie Zimmerman (13), and S. Elser (17), who went out for the bowling. The Club won by 115 runs.

#### A KNOCK-UP

The match finished so early that there was time for each side to have practice batting. K.C.C. did much better, securing 134 for 9, of which Anderson made 58. Divett and J. Pearce did a good deal of the bowling. The Club managed to get 140 for 6, of which Haynes claimed 43. It seems a fairly certain inference that

## Rugby CLUB'S SECOND TRIAL

### Middlesex Lose To Police

(By "Fly Half")

The Hongkong R.F.C. held their second trial yesterday at Happy Valley. Many arrived late owing to pressure of business, while several were absent on national service. Dr. Stout, who played consistently for the 1st XV last year, will be unable to participate in Wednesday fixtures owing to his having to be on duty at Volunteer Headquarters on such nights.

The trial started off with five forwards and a complete back division. Back row forwards, Deane and Taylor, played a spell amongst the three.

Three periods of a quarter of an hour each were played. A very welcome reappearance was made by Lister, the interper and erstwhile Club stand-off half. Despite an absence of a season he was quite the live wire of his side and showed retention of his former guile and speed. New players making their first appearance were Blackynden, a thick-set forward who played for the Club several seasons ago, Heusman, a front row forward who showed determination, and Banner of the 1st XV, who featured in the Club XV prior to his transfer to Japan. Up north he played in interper matches against J. L. Bonnar, renowned scum-half when he was in the Colony.

Bursay and Crawford were involved in some rare tussles and were more or less evenly matched. Bursay was the more enterprising and covered up well. He went across once to bundle D. H. Stewart into touch when the latter was very much out of his mind and scored a well-earned try when Stewart was in close attendance. He employs the cork-screw method of evading tackles with great success.

Wilson again showed promise and scored his side's winning try. His style, especially in passing, still looks awkward. Godfrey was a lively forward who backed up well. Taylor and he were very successful in the line-outs despite close marking by Dunnott, Thornhill and Walkden.

#### SUCCESSOR TO MACGRATH

Hamilton was not so aggressive as he was last week. He found Butcher an elusive tackle. Stewart made the best of his opportunities, which were few. Thompson was again the more attractive full-back, and once he gains full confidence and pays more attention to the ball than the man following up he will be the most likely successor to MacGrath. His recovering is excellent.

Needham, Peers, Godfrey, Taylor and Deane were lively forwards for the Whites. The Colours eight packed better than their opponents and with Dunnott, hooking gained the greater share of the ball from the scrums.

The score was 6-3 in favour of the Colours. Henderson dropped a grand goal from well out near the touch-line. Then Van Leeuwen equalised in the second quarter after a good run. Just up time in a boot ahead, Wilton, following up a good attempt, gathered to cross over. No attempt was made to convert either try.

The teams were: Whites—Hopkins, Van Leeuwen, Hamilton, Wilson and Leville; Bursay and Needham; Peers, Heusman, Thompson, Godfrey, Taylor and Deane; Colours—Thompson, Wilson, Stewart, Butcher and Bosanquet; Crawford and Henderson; Dunnott, Benn, Blackynden, Thornhill, Ivimey, Jenner and Walkden. Dr. J. A. R. Selby refereed.

## Police 6 Middlesex 0

The Police entertained the Middlesex Regiment yesterday on the Police ground at Boundary Street. This was the first occasion that a rugby match had been played on this ground and PLEASE Turn To Page 4.

## Lou Gehrig's Appointment

NEW YORK, Oct. 11 (UP).—Mayor La Guardia has appointed Lou Gehrig, famed baseball player of the New York Yankees, a member of the Municipal Pardon Commission for a period of ten years at an annual salary of \$5,700.

## Hockey Council Meeting To-Day

A meeting of the Hongkong Hockey Association will be held this evening at 8.30 p.m. in St. Andrew's Church Hall when the draw for the Association's annual tournament will take place. Following the Council Meeting to which all clubs are requested to send a representative, a meeting of clubs to arrange the season's friendly fixtures will be held.

#### Ten Pins

## TULSA BEAT MINDANAO

A friendly ten pins match between the U.S.S. Tulsa and the U.S.S. Mindanao was played at the Hongkong Bowling Alleys, yesterday resulting in a win for the former by 313 pins.

U.S.S. Tulsa					Total
F. Spenko	103	214	146	135	152
W. Michaels	133	123	142	101	150
Pete Peterson	121	147	121	144	143
E. J. Moore	146	123	124	101	142
Total					587

## GOVERNOR'S RINKS BEATEN

His Excellency the Governor's lawn bowls team of three rinks were entertained by the Kowloon Cricket Club yesterday and were defeated by 37 shots. The Excellency's team scored a total of 49, and the Kowloon C.C. 86.

## India's Team Chosen

India bowls rink for the Gutierrez International series is composed of two members each from Indian R.C. and Craignower. The rink is—J. Hoosen (I.R.C.), A. M. Omar (Craignower), A. K. Minu (I.R.C.) and U. M. Omar (Craignower). Reserves—K. M. Omar (Craignower), A. O. Madar (I.R.C.) and A. H. Rumjahn (I.R.C.).

## CLASSIFICATION LISTS

The following alterations and additions have been made to the pony classification lists issued by the Hongkong Jockey Club on June 20: Australians—Annabella and Southern Star to "B" Class; Astec and Loquacious to "C" Class. China ponies—Tampa Bay to "C" Class, National Liberty and Talkative to "D" Class.

the correct game to play on that wicket was a forcing one.

#### FIELDING

The K.C.C. fielding was a little bit patchy, and did not compare favourably with that of the Club for whom Bosanquet was brilliant at cover. It must be remembered, however, that four of the Club players play as a rule for other sides, three being Civil servants and one Army. I think, however, that they will have little difficulty in putting out a good side this season. Kowloon need not be discouraged by their poor showing; apart from the beginning of the season they seem to have got rather mixed up in their players, and they will have to put their house in order as regards bowlers.

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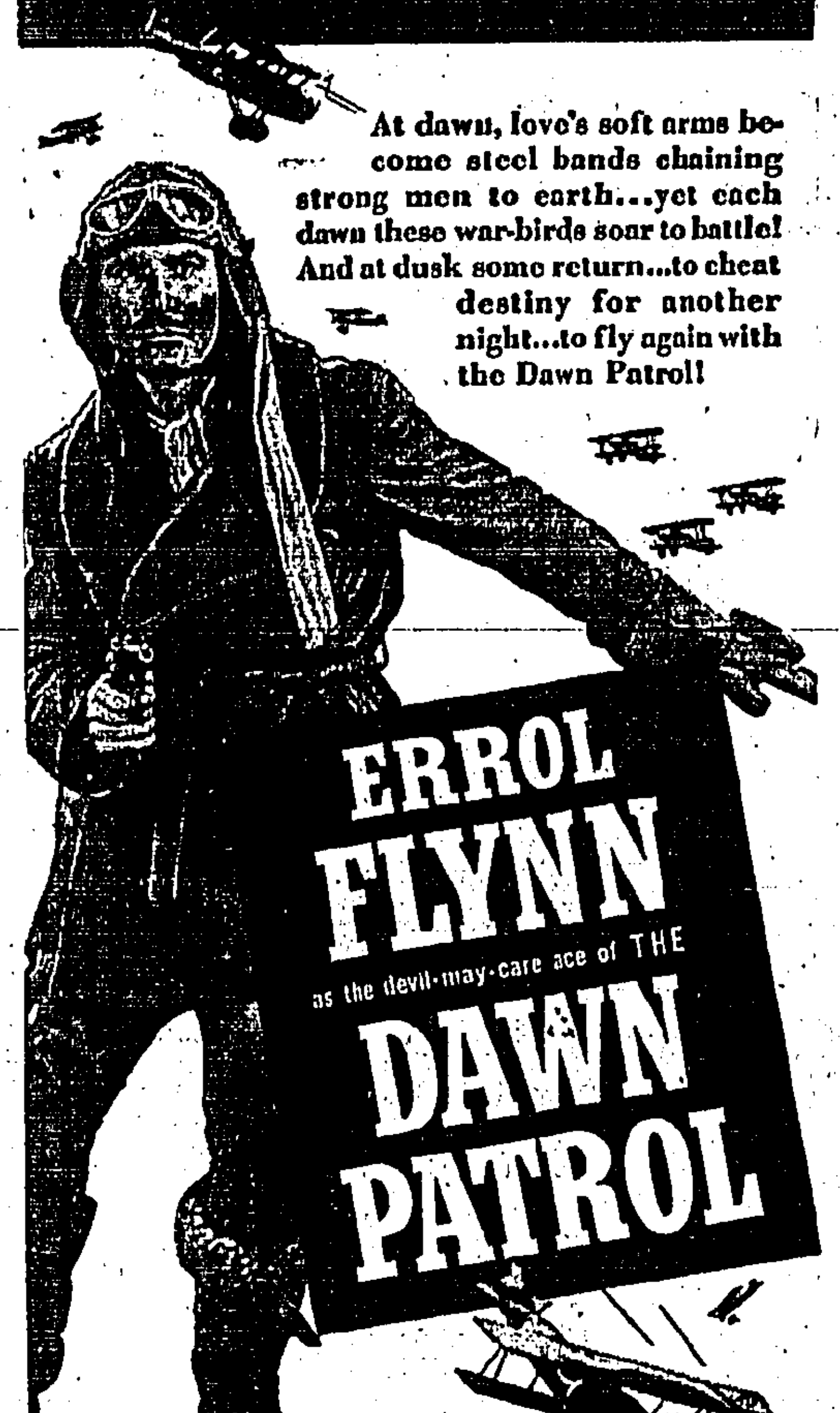
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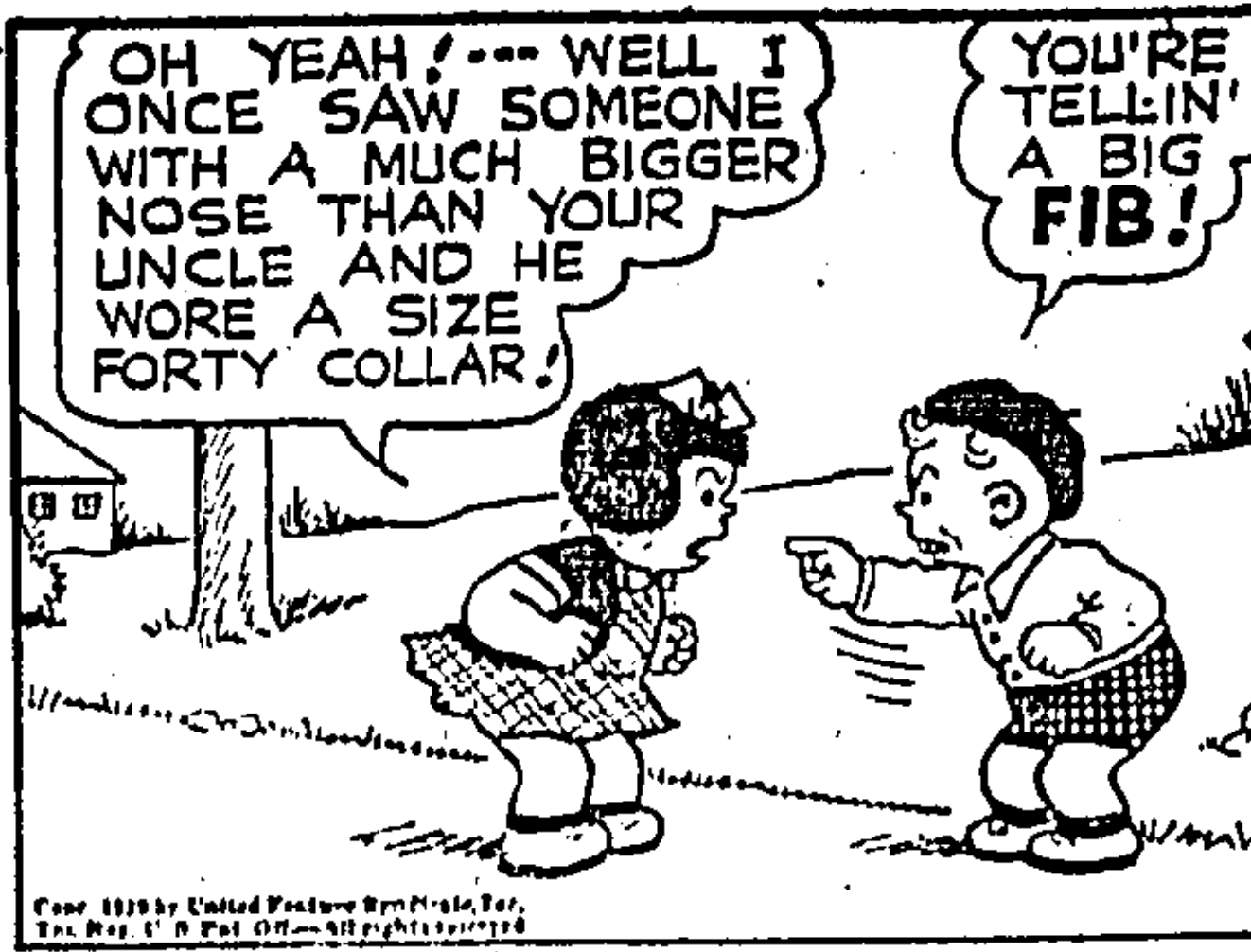
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## NANCY



By Ernie Bushmiller

Ideal Speech  
Daladier Broadcast  
Impresses

SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"  
LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—M. Daladier's response to Hitler's so-called peace proposals leaves nothing to be desired in point of emphasis, writes the "Daily Telegraph."

This paper adds that it is entirely in tune with his broadcast to the French people on the day war was declared, and nothing has occurred since to invalidate its force.

No Other Reply Possible  
No self-respecting nation could give Hitler any other answer than that which M. Daladier gave yesterday.

Days when the robbery of territories brought advantage to the robber must end. It is for that high purpose that the two western democracies have now taken the field in alliance, and insidious attempts to divide them and to frustrate the pursuit of that purpose, will be no more successful in England than it has been in France, concludes the newspaper.

Warmly Welcomed  
SPECIAL TO THE "TELEGRAPH"  
PARIS, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—M. Daladier's firm reply to Hitler is warmly welcomed in all sections of the press.

"Matin" says: "It took Hitler an hour and a half to say, amid innumerable commonplaces, how he wanted to direct his latest conquests. It took M. Daladier 20 minutes to oppose to the German spirit of domination the French spirit of a just peace, which gives to the peoples the joy of living."

"We certainly want peace, but not peace at any price, and above all, not with participants whose signature is worthless."

The "Oeuvre", referring to Hitler's string of broken promises, says: "If less favourable conditions."

Nazi Party  
Officials  
DiscontentedResent Alliance  
With Russia

PARIS, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—Rumours of discontent among the Nazi party officials and prominent Army men, some of whom participated in the formation of a "Freikorps" in the Baltic countries, are referred to in an Amsterdam dispatch to a journal.

They feel that the abandonment by Germany of the position once held in countries owing civilisation to Germany constitutes an incomprehensible sacrifice and is open to much criticism.

Following the alliance with the Bolsheviks, the evacuation of Germans from the Baltic countries is arousing lively discontent among the higher ranks in the party.

Nazi Police Chief  
In Italy

ROME, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—Herr Himmler, Chief of the Nazi Secret Police, arrived in Italy to-day. He was met at Milan by the Italian prefects of Bolzano and Fiume.

He will have talks in a town on Lake Como which are expected to last two days.

We had been crazy enough to believe this verbiage, in six months after the Reich has digested its last prey, we should have been attacked under less favourable conditions."

ACTION AND  
DRAMA IN  
"Dawn Patrol"

"Dawn Patrol" coming to the King's to-morrow, deals with a squadron of R.A.F. men and their work during the last war. It is an excellent show and is much superior to many flying films recently shown on local screens.

The period is the middle years of the last war and every morning a squadron of flimsy crates set out from behind the Allied lines to patrol the German lines and observe or destroy. The few airmen who have had time to acquire the art of war in the air have some chance of returning, but the replacements of young men who come out almost every day from England after a few flying hours at home are inevitably and uselessly destroyed. The General Staff seem to be continually planning new and yet more impossible expeditions, and the officer commanding the patrol has to obey their orders and wait every day for the return of the patrol with its number inevitably diminished, a strain which during the progress of this film three men in turn find unbearable.

The film has many remarkable scenes of individual combat in the air and culminates in an appalling scene of the bombing of factories, ammunition works and railways behind the German lines.

There was an earlier silent version of this film, starring Neil Hamilton and Richard Barthelmess, but there is a new generation of picture-goers to whom the pilot will not be known. Much of the success of the film depends on the cast—Basil Rathbone as the major, sensitive, bitter and nerve-racked; Errol Flynn as the man who takes his place wearing his stiff upper lip with dash and distinction, and David Niven, as the man who sees his brother die in a burning plane.

It is hard to distinguish, but it is probably this last portrait, debonaire, tipping and keeping an exquisite balance between comedy and pathos, that most people will remember.

Empire Plan  
To Train  
More Airmen  
Canada As Centre  
Of New Scheme

CANBERRA, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The Australian Premier, Mr. R. G. Menzies declared to-day that the empire air training plan would make the commonwealth a great air power, and would substantially contribute to the successful conclusion of the war.

Under the training scheme missions were going to Canada from Britain, Australia and New Zealand, and it was planned that Canada should become the chief training centre.

Mr. Menzies announced that the Minister for civil aviation and assistant defence Minister, Mr. V. Fairbairn would represent Australia in Canada.

The Premier concluded by saying that it was a striking example of the manner in which they were employing the full weight of the resources of the empire in a common cause.

## British Mission Personnel

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—Sir Kingsley Wood, the Air Minister, announced the composition of the British Air Mission to Canada in the House of Commons to-day.

The leader, Lord Riverdale, is a northern industrialist and the deputy leader is Air Chief Marshal Sir Robert Brooke-Popham, former Governor of Kenya.

Mr. F. P. Earle, managing director of one of our largest aircraft manufacturing companies, will be a member of the Mission, which will also comprise technical and other officers. As Air Chief Marshal Brooke-Popham is now on service abroad, his place will be taken temporarily by Air Vice-Marshal Sir Christopher Courtney.

The Parliamentary Secretary to the Air Ministry, Captain H. H. Balfour, will also go to Canada to help in arrangements which Canada will have to make for consultations with the Mission from Australia and New Zealand.

Death-Knell Of German  
Ambitions

MELBOURNE, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The Empire training scheme mentioned by Sir Kingsley Wood, the Air Minister, yesterday sounds the death-knell of German ambitions, declared the Australian Prime Minister, Mr. R. G. Menzies, in a broadcast.

Mr. Menzies explained that the scheme means that Australia will train and maintain thousands instead of hundreds of the flying personnel. It takes longer to train an airman than to produce an aeroplane, and the Empire has determined on, and planned an air armada manned by skilled and courageous fliers, he added.

Australian papers welcome the scheme. The "Melbourne Herald" in a leader, says it will arouse enthusiasm in the dominions by enabling them to make a vital contribution to the Empire's victory.

## Press Enthusiastic

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—British and Empire press reaction to the new Empire Air Training Scheme is enthusiastic.

In London the "Times" declares that this sign can hardly be exaggerated. "Here's imperial co-operation on its highest and largest scale. New weight has been thrown into an

Frantic Wish  
For PeaceDepression Follows  
Berlin Canard

ROTTERDAM, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The Berlin correspondent of the "Nieuwe Rotterdamse Courant" gives further details of the peace rumour in Germany.

The rumour, he says, led to an extraordinary outburst of rejoicing, and it was believed even by the more cautious people.

Even the official denial was not credited at first, and it was thought that the news of the peace was to be issued later.

Bitter Disappointment  
Bitter disappointment was the reaction when it was at last discovered to be false.

"Such a demonstration," the correspondent comments, "points to the urgent wish of the German people for peace."

The Berlin correspondent of the Amsterdam "Telegraf" says there had been general pessimism in the Nazi capital since Hitler's second speech. This was noticeable both in political circles and among the general population.

Foreign reaction was such that there was little hope in Berlin that Britain and France were willing for peace, except on such terms as Berlin could not approve.

## Cardinal Ill

MUNICH, Oct. 11 (UP).—Cardinal Faulhaber, aged 70, is ill with heart trouble. Prayers are being offered for him.

It is stated, however, that there is no immediate danger to his life.

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already fairly even balance of air power."

In Australia, the "Melbourne Herald" says the plan will enable the Dominions to make a vital contribution to the victory of the Allies.

The "Melbourne Sun" says the Empire is showing true coherence instead of crumbling as its enemy had hoped.

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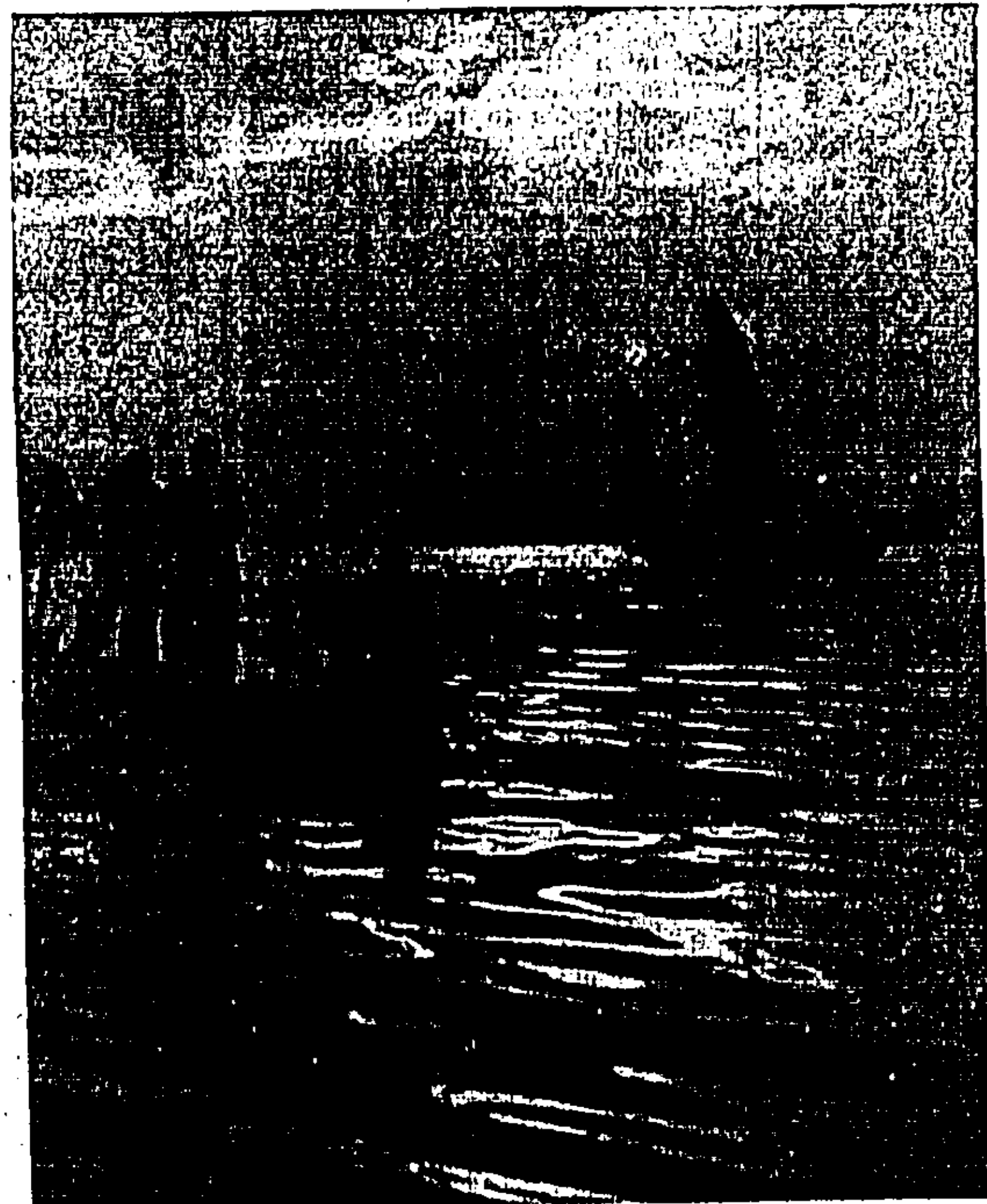
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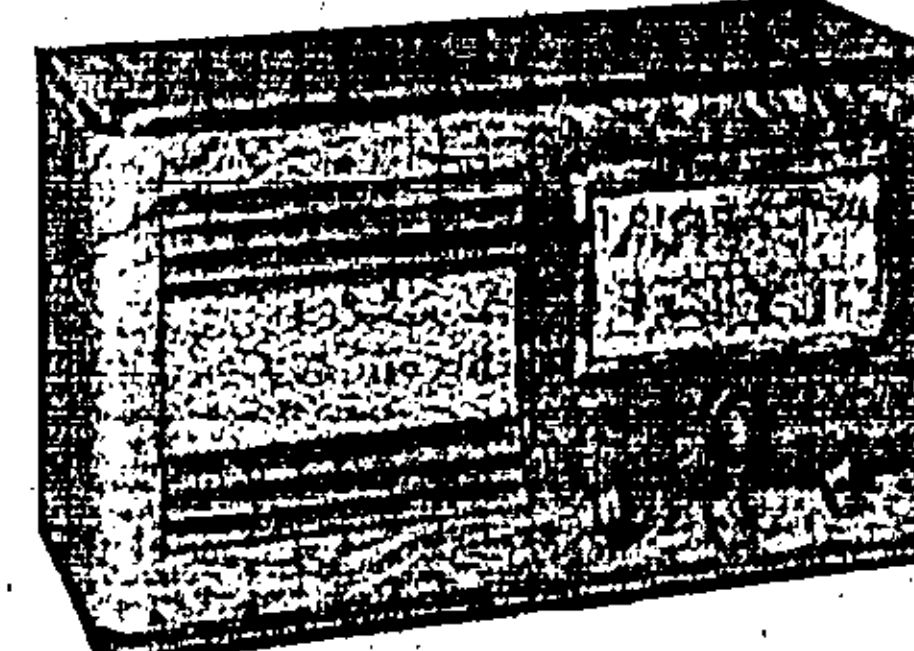
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dition of intrigue... Grand Hotel  
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## Your complexion made vital and lovely by Pears' Tonic Action



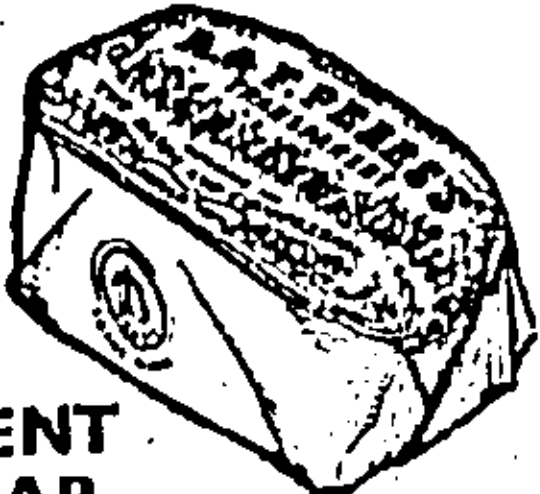
PEARS', the century-old transparent soap, always a symbol of purity, is to-day the premier beauty accessory of lovely women the world over. Every day famous beauties refresh their complexions with Pears' "tonic action." Follow this simple daily beauty care yourself. Feel the stimulating Pears' lather revive the natural roses in your cheeks. Your complexion will glow with radiant health and loveliness. Remember—a daily "tone-up" with Pears' is beauty rule No. 1!

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You will find the same matured transparent purity of Pears' in the convenient round Pears' Wash Balls. Use Pears' Wash Balls for your bath.

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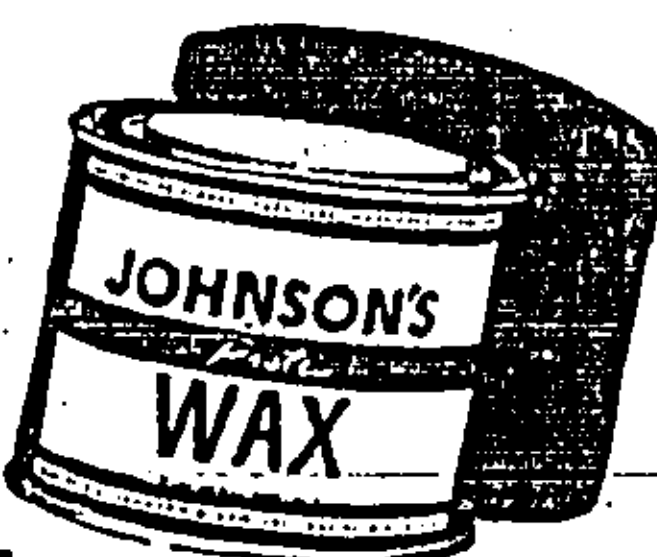


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# RECIPE FOR A NEW SUIT

Each separate point is as important as the salt in the soup in making up a three-star success.



1. The feather on the hat, a bold, upswEEPing quill, is royal blue. It contrasts brightly with—
2. The caramel brown felt hat. Notice how it comes well down on the head at the back, sweeps up, following the same line as the feather in front.
3. A small, flat beaver collar goes over the square-cut collar of—
4. The suit, which is made in caramel brown wool. This is one of the newest and most attractive colours—good for in or out of town. The jacket of the suit is wrist length (very new) double-breasted (also new), studded with ten wooden buttons. Sleeves are long and plain, but shoulders are slightly squared, just enough to look solid.
5. Don't miss the two slanting hip pockets, edged with beaver to match the collar.
6. Back of the jacket is slightly flared, just hinting at the bustle silhouette.
7. The skirt is easily full, and cut with the newest sort of fullness—unpressed seams flaring slightly towards the hem. But notice—
8. The skirt is still short, round 16in. off the ground.
9. Shoes in matching brown call are smart but comfortably cut, stub-toed, fairly low heels, high over the instep.
10. Bag in caramel brown cloth matches hat, suit and shoes—leaving the note of colour contrast to be loudly struck by royal blue feather—
11. Royal blue suede gloves, plain short gauntlets, and—
12. Royal blue blouse with high collarless neck, curved under gathering up fullness over the bust (detailed in small sketch on the right).



### SHORT CUTS

Paper towels are useful in drying fish before baking or boiling and also for draining excess grease from doughnuts, fritters, croquettes and bacon.

A teaspoonful of Epsom salts added for each gallon of water used in washing coloured fabrics prevents fading and keeps colours from running.

To remove fat from soup, try straining it through a cloth wrung from cold water, but be sure to heat it again for serving.



Collarless neckline, diminutive waistline, and a flaring skirt are features of this coat of bunn marten dyed shawl. Note, too, the raised and rounded shoulder line, and two-direction working of the fur in bodice and skirt.

lines about their eyes, and whose eyelids are craned and wrinkled, will do well to obtain some special eye-drops and an anti-wrinkle oil which are conveniently boxed together.

Apply a little of the beauty oil to the skin around the eyes and a little more to the palms of the hands.

Close the eyes and embrace the eye and forehead area with the palms. Then using a smoothing upward and outward movement, press the palms slightly while stroking. Repeat twenty times each day until the eyes are again normal.

Ann Thoregood



Tepid water, a stiff brush and plenty of mild soapsuds—this is the recipe for dainty and comfortable feet. This school miss is giving her feet a beauty bath preparatory to a pedicure, so that she can show her toes in cut-out dancing sandals.

## Daily Routine Suggested For Keeping Feet Lovely

By JACQUELINE HUNT

FEET that dance merrily half the night, then trudge dutifully to classes and, perhaps, before the day is done, sprint fleetly down the hockey field, need a lot of care. Often this is a phase of beauty and grooming that is neglected by the schoolgirl, for young feet are generally healthy feet and not subject to aches and pains.

Yet, according to a famous orthopedic surgeon, it is in the late teens that most foot troubles begin. It is at this age that many girls begin to wear high-heeled shoes that do damage to the delicately poised bones of the ankles and arches.

Schoolgirls of to-day tend to be more sensible about such matters than they were in my day, but even so, a little more thought given to the care of the feet now will make for better foot health in days to come—and for better grooming right now.

### Make a Schedule

Foot care doesn't take a lot of time but, when you plan your beauty schedule, see that some time is allotted specifically to your feet. Your schedule might read something like this:

Monday—Facial, beauty bath, inspect toenails.

Tuesday—Shape eyebrows; 15-minute eye treatment.

Wednesday—Manicure and pedicure.

Thursday—Shampoo and waveset.

Friday—Change nail polish, use depilatory on arms and legs, foot exercises.

The attention you give your feet daily will take but a few minutes. You automatically get your foot bath when you are having your daily tubbing. Use a bath brush and work up a stiff lather. Scrub this between the toes, over the ankles, heels and soles to insure thorough cleansing. This scrubbing improves the tone of the skin and removes callouses. Rinse off course. Then hold the feet under a cold stream of water from the tap to help firm and toughen them.

### Exercises for Feet

After your bath, give your feet a bit of exercise. Walk about barefoot, on tiptoe. Stretch as tall as you can, raising the heels higher and higher, so that the muscles of the ankles and arch are stretched.

Then sit on a chair, lift the feet off the floor and rotate them from the ankles, first to the right, then to the left. While you're at it, take a peek at your heels. If they're rough, work some softening cream into them.

When you've had an unusually active day and your feet ache, resist the temptation to pop them into a basin of hot water—at least, if you expect to put on your shoes again.

Use tepid water. Into it, dump a handful of table salt or baking soda or Epsom salts. Let the feet soak in this for ten or fifteen minutes. Dry carefully, and pat with eau de Cologne.



A collar so big that it makes a fur-top coat is one of the luxury features of the season. This one adopts bunn marten for a wide waist-length shawl collar. In back it dips in a U-shape with skins following the curves. Note how the big smooth collar complements a slim, flared coat.

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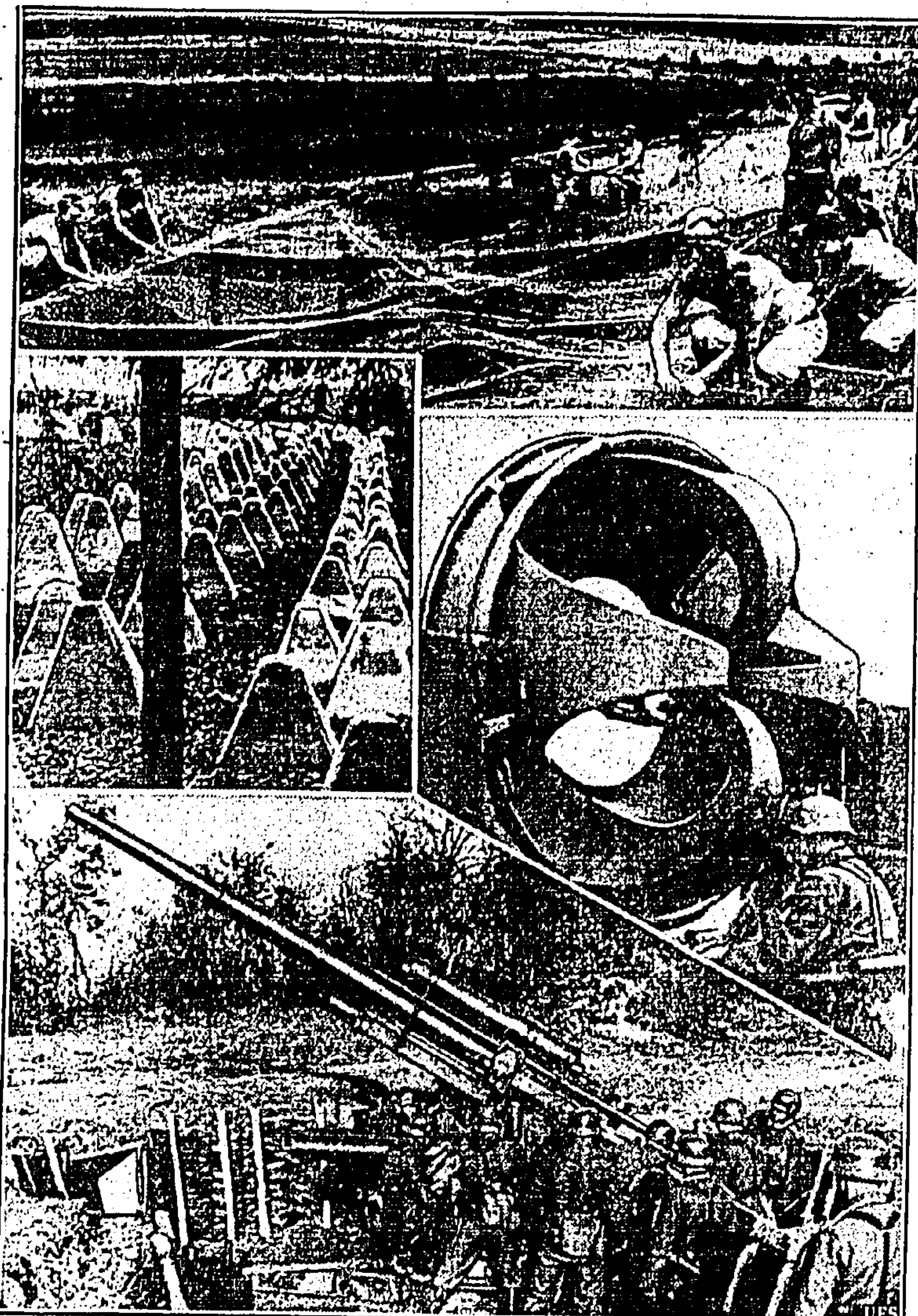
In association with the Grand Hotel des Wagons Litt. Peking



NEWS OF THE DAY  
IN PICTURES  
FROM FAR AND NEAR

# Hongkong Telegraph PHOTONEWS

HAPPENINGS  
AS SEEN BY  
THE CAMERA'S EYE



Western Front operations in the Second World War centre around the two chains of fortifications on the Franco-German frontier. Scenes above are in connection with the Nazi "Westwall," officially named the Limes Line by Fuehrer Hitler and often called the Siegfried Line. The wall, stretching for 400 miles and facing the French Maginot Line, is 30 miles deep in places. Top panel, gun crew spreads wire netting over dug-out. Wire will be covered with grass. Left centre, not grave-stones, but concrete barricades against tanks. Right centre, huge sound detector, to warn of approaching enemy air-craft. Bottom, anti-aircraft gun occupying a strategic point in the wall.



A family of German refugees cross the border into Buckow, Germany, after a hurried flight from Poland to reach their homeland before war broke out in Europe. The guard lets them through the toll gate at the frontier. Hundreds of others did likewise.



Empty frames on the floor of London's National Gallery testify to England's fear of air raids. The frames contained priceless master-pieces, removed to basement for safekeeping.



100,000 MORE  
BLANKETS  
NEEDED FOR CHINA'S  
WAR VICTIMS!

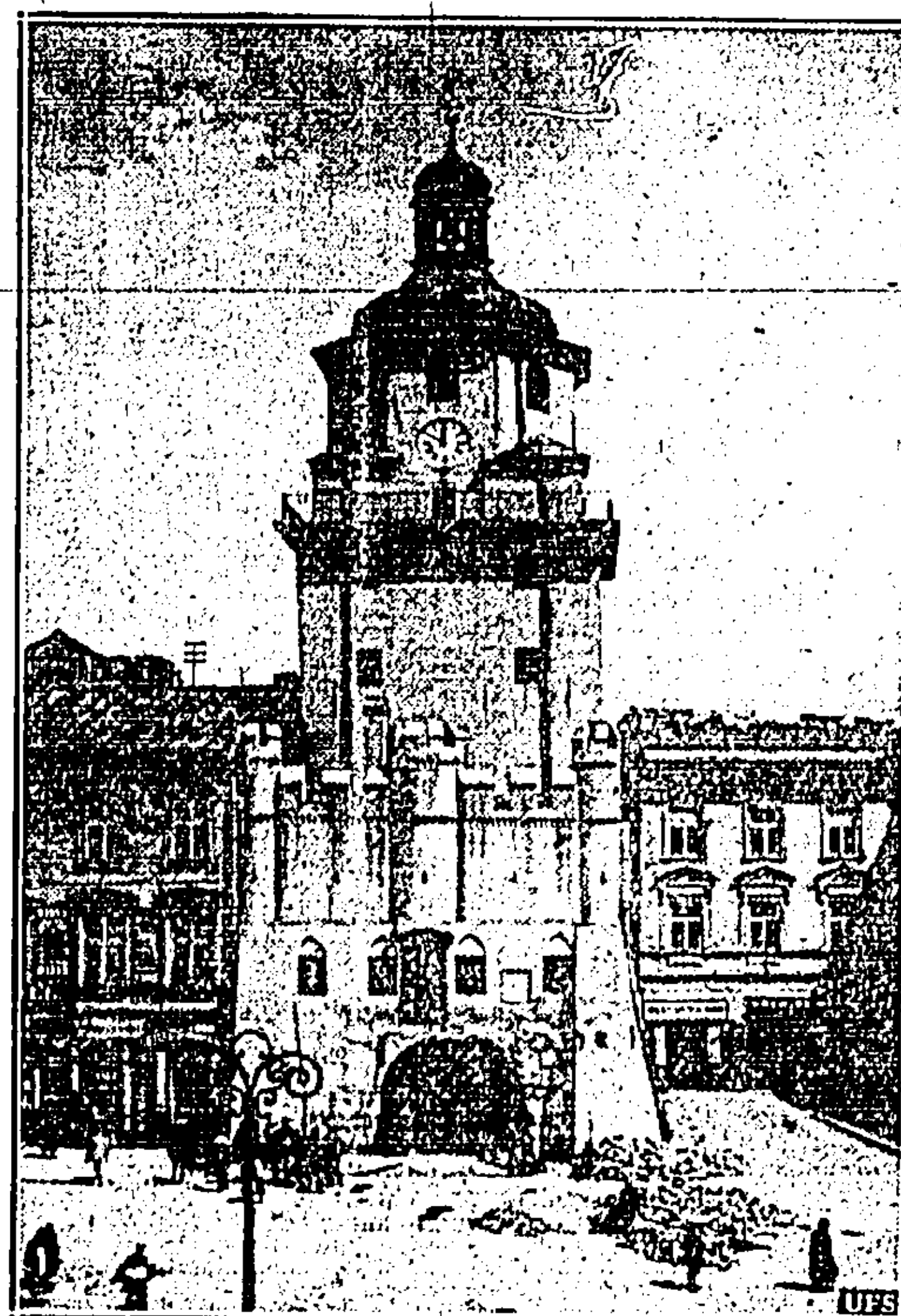
Mrs. Hal Kemp, former Martha Stephenson, and little Ju-Ju Waung recall there's also a war in China and that refugees need blankets. They're shown at New York office of Medical Aid to China bureau.



The Marquess of Lothian, newly appointed British Ambassador to United States, succeeding Sir Ronald Lindsay, shown on his arrival in New York aboard the Aquitania.



With others who hurried back to America from Europe aboard the French liner Champlain was Madeleine Carroll, movie star, arriving in New York. She turned over French chateau to Sisters of Poor.



When the Germans were driving toward Warsaw, the Polish government moved to Lublin, 100 miles south-east. Above is Cracow Gato in Lublin. Foreign legations and embassies followed the government.

**GROSSE & BLACKWELL'S**  
**PURE MALT VINEGAR**  
THE WORLD'S STANDARD FOR PURITY  
70% PERCENTAGE OF PURE MALT  
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EVERYWHERE

## Heart Trouble Caused by High Blood Pressure

If you have pain around the heart, palpitation, dizziness, headache at top, back of head and above eyes, shortness of breath, feel tired, or suffer from poor sleep, loss of memory and energy, indigestion, worry, anxiety, your trouble is probably caused by High Blood Pressure. This is a mysterious disease that causes more deaths than cancer, because the symptoms are so common, usually mistaken for some simple ailment. If you suffer from any of these symptoms, your life may be endangered by Heart Trouble or a paralytic stroke, and you should start treatment at once. The very first dose of Hypotensive medical discovery, reduces High Blood Pressure and makes you feel years younger in a few days. Get rid of your heart trouble today. It is guaranteed to make you feel well and strong or money back on return of empty package.

## SESSIONS CALENDAR

### Two Murder Cases to Come Up Next Week

The following are the cases to be tried at the Criminal Sessions commencing on October 16:

Tang Yiu-wai, woman, charged with the murder of Wan Hong-chung, concubine;

Man Shiu, charged with the murder of Chan Shek-lan at Stanley Prison; Sham Yan-cheung and Chan Yuen, possession of plates for making bank of China banknotes;

Wah Tung-lun, assault with intent to cause grievous bodily harm;

Kwok Hung, armed highway robbery; Tang Ping and Wong Tim, possession of dangerous drugs;

Lam Yui, robbery by two or more; Sham Kwong-chung and Yeung Tin-chung, bribery;

The Chuen-ian, wounding with intent; Leung Wah-sun, possession of coining tools and counterfeit coins;

Shek Tsoi and Chan Sap, breach of the Deportation Ordinance.

## BANKS

### THE CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA & CHINA.

Incorporated by Royal Charter 1853  
Paid-up Capital £2,000,000  
Reserve Liability of Proprietors £2,000,000  
Reserve Fund £2,000,000

HEAD OFFICE: LONDON.

25 Bishopsgate, E.C.4.

117/122, Leadenhall Street, E.C.3.

West End Branch:

16/16, Cockspur Street, W.1.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

23, Molesley Street, Manchester, 1.

AGENCIES AND BRANCHES:

Alor Star, Ipoh, Klang, Kuala Lumpur, Penang, Singapore, Seremban, Taiping, Teluk Anson, Teluk Anson, Teluk Anson.

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## KINOW

AIR-CONDITIONED THEATRE

TO-DAY ONLY AT 2.30, 5.10, 7.15 & 9.30 P.M.

THE STORY OF A MAN WHO RISKED ALL FOR  
HONOUR A STORY OF ENDURING  
COURAGE SWEEPING  
DER ROMANCE AND  
EXCITEMENT, TEN-  
A THOUSAND THRILLS.



TO - MORROW ERROL FLYNN in  
Warner Bros. "THE DAWN PATROL"  
Picture.

## MAJESTIC THEATRE

4 SHOWS DAILY 2.30-6.20 7.20-9.30  
NATHAN ROAD KOWLOON TEL. 57722

FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY  
Emily Brontë's Powerful Drama of the Desperate  
Man Who Avenged A Lost Love... An Immortal Screen  
Version of an Immortal Novel!

"I cannot bear the Torture  
of seeing you in his arms!"



SAMUEL GOLDWYN presents  
**WUTHERING HEIGHTS**  
starring MERLE OBERON - LAURENCE OLIVIER - DAVID NIVEN  
and Flora Robson - Donald Crisp - Geraldine Fitzgerald - Edward G. Robinson - William V. Wilson

COMMENCING TO-MORROW  
THE GREATEST HISTORICAL DRAMA OF ALL TIME!!!  
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer Super-Production!  
NORMA SHEARER - TYRONE POWER



Dine at the  
**Parisian Grill**  
Good Food - Fine Wines  
DINNER & DANCE MUSIC  
by  
The Blue Danube Trio

## LATE NEWS

### RICE SECRETLY ACQUIRED

The REVELATION that Govern-  
ment has secretly purchased the  
whole quantity of rice regarded  
necessary for the essential well-being  
of the Colony in the event of an  
emergency was made in Legislative  
Council this afternoon.

In view of the necessity for  
preserving secrecy in the acquisition  
of this stock, Government did not  
approach Legislative Council for  
funds and the transaction was fin-  
anced by means of bank advances.

The Government stocks will be  
turned over to licensed importers and  
will not be placed in the open market.

These revelations were made by  
the Attorney General when he  
moved the First Reading of the Es-  
sential Commodities Reserve Bill,  
which gives general power to Gov-  
ernment to license importers with  
a view to securing that they keep  
adequate reserves of commodities de-  
signated as essential.

Government is to immediately  
apply the system to rice.

## Britain And Soviet

### RELATIONS REVIEWED

London, Oct. 11.  
Mr. Ellis-Smith (Lab.-Stoke), asked  
the Prime Minister if he had con-  
sidered the need to publish a Blue  
Book containing documents, etc.,  
concerning the relations of Great  
Britain with the U.S.S.R. during the  
period August, 1938, to October,  
1939.

Mr. Butler, Under Secretary for  
Foreign Affairs, replying, said that  
Lord Halifax, Foreign Secretary, had  
given careful consideration to this  
question. He was not prepared to  
authorize publication of these docu-  
ments at present.

Mr. Butler added that it should be  
remembered that in the exchanges of  
views which took place between the  
British Government and the U.S.S.R.  
they took into consideration the  
position of several other govern-  
ments at present.

Replying to Mr. Mander (Lab.-  
Wolverhampton), who wanted to  
know what action the Government  
proposed to take with reference to  
the proposal put forward by the  
Soviet Government for resumption  
of trade negotiations with Britain,  
Mr. Butler said that the question of  
adapting Anglo-Soviet trade relations  
to conditions of the present war was  
under consideration. Some pre-  
liminary difficulties were under dis-  
cussion with the Soviet Government.  
—Reuter Bulletin.

### British Legion's Big Effort

LONDON, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—The  
British Legion Fund collected last  
year amounted to the record total of  
£376,000. The grand total since the  
Fund was inaugurated in 1921 has  
now reached more than £7,500,000.

All schemes previously adopted  
were devoted to the assistance of  
participants in the last war, but now  
it is announced that the schemes will  
be for those in any war, including  
the present.

## British War Funds

A circular, appealing for support  
for the Hongkong Branch of the  
British War Organisation Fund has  
been issued by Sir Atholl MacGregor,  
Chairman of the Business Committee.

Sir Atholl says the Fund will be  
the only one in Hongkong for public  
subscription from which, it is hoped,  
not only comforts and medical  
necessities will be provided for our  
troops in the field and for the wound-  
ed, but also to make money grants to  
approved funds and societies in  
England.

Great sacrifices, Sir Atholl points  
out, are being made and will con-  
tinuously have to be made at home  
and in all other parts of the Empire.  
The benefits that Hongkong receives  
and will receive from these sacrifices  
are inestimable, and the Committee  
feels confident that every section of  
the Colony will recognise this by a  
generous response to this appeal.

Cheques for donations will be  
received by the Treasurer, Mr. F. B.  
Winter, of the Hongkong and Shang-  
hai Banking Corporation, and pay-  
ments may be made direct to the  
Fund at the offices of the Bank, but  
in case it is found more convenient  
to make monthly donations to the  
fund there is enclosed with the  
circular a form of banker's order  
together with an envelope addressed  
to the Treasurer.

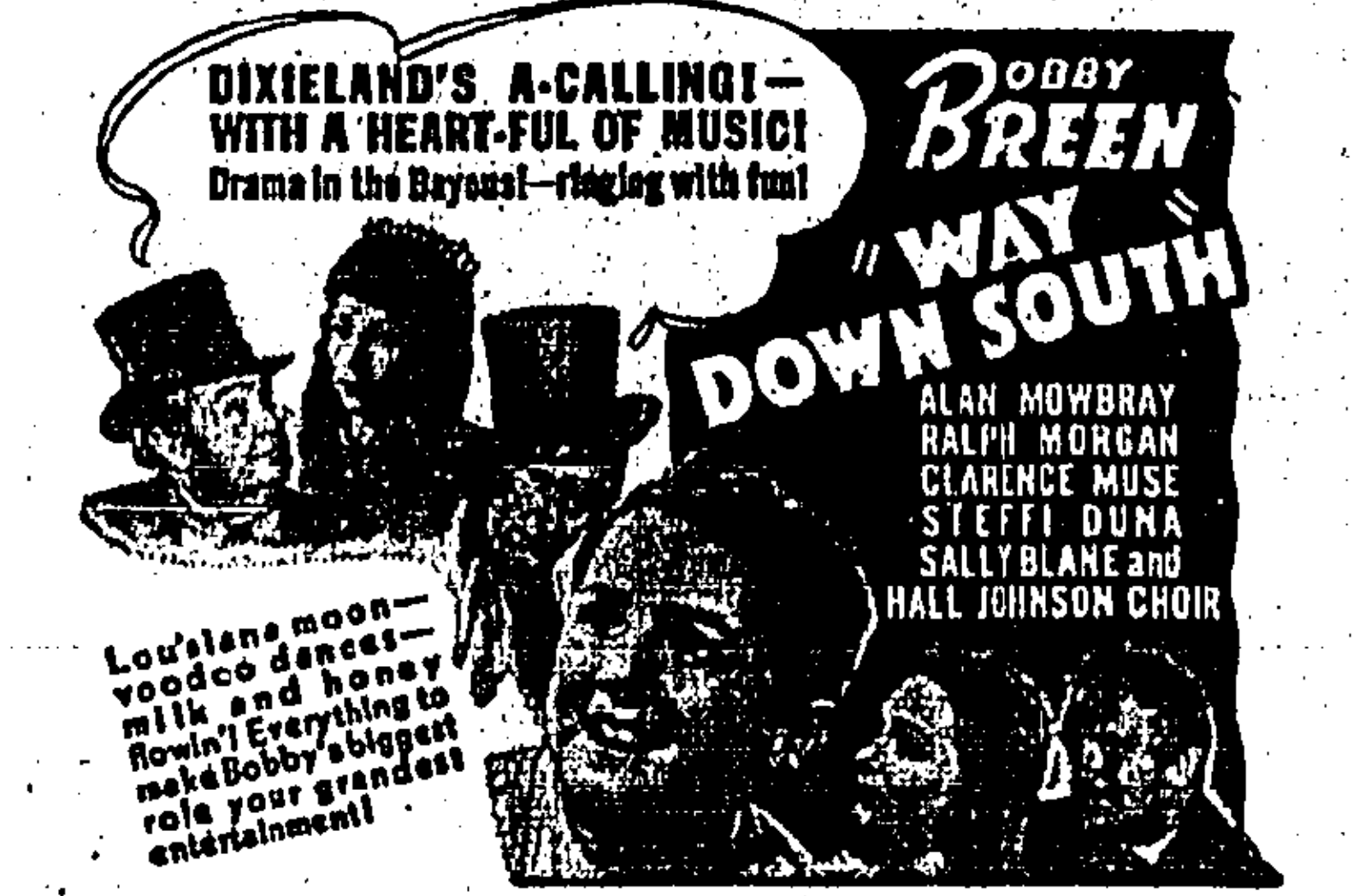
Sir Atholl suggests that in the  
event of junior employees wishing to  
help the cause by making a small  
monthly cash payment, a senior or  
responsible officer be appointed to  
undertake the task of collecting these  
sums each month and to send to the  
Treasurer a cheque for the aggregate  
amount, together with a list of the  
individual donors and the amount of  
each donation.

## QUEENS & ALHAMBRA

HONG KONG KOWLOON

AT 2.30-5.15 7.20-9.30 P.M. AT 2.30-5.15 7.20-9.30 P.M.

FINAL SHOWINGS TO-DAY



ADDED!

"INSIDE NAZI GERMANY"

Presented By March of Time!

To-morrow at the QUEEN'S "HOTEL IMPERIAL" To-morrow at the ALHAMBRA "UNION PACIFIC"

## STAR

DAILY AT 2.30-5.20 7.20-9.20  
HANKOW ROAD KOWLOON TEL. 57795

TO-DAY ONLY

MGM's MAMMOTH MUSICAL MELODRAMA!

1000 Wonders Crowd  
A Romance As Exciting  
As Its Title!

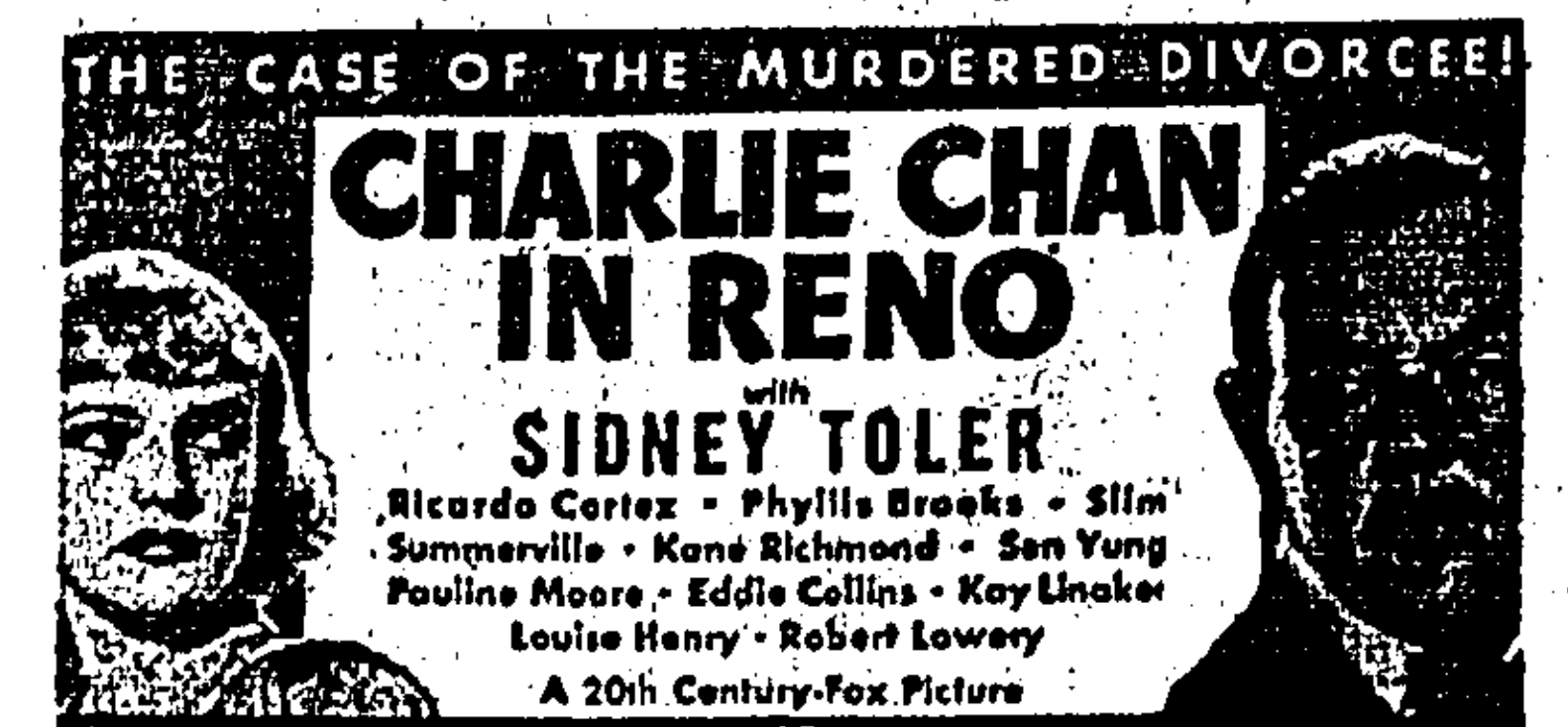


TO-MORROW "LITTLE MISS ROUGHNECK"  
with Edith Fellows - Leo Carrillo

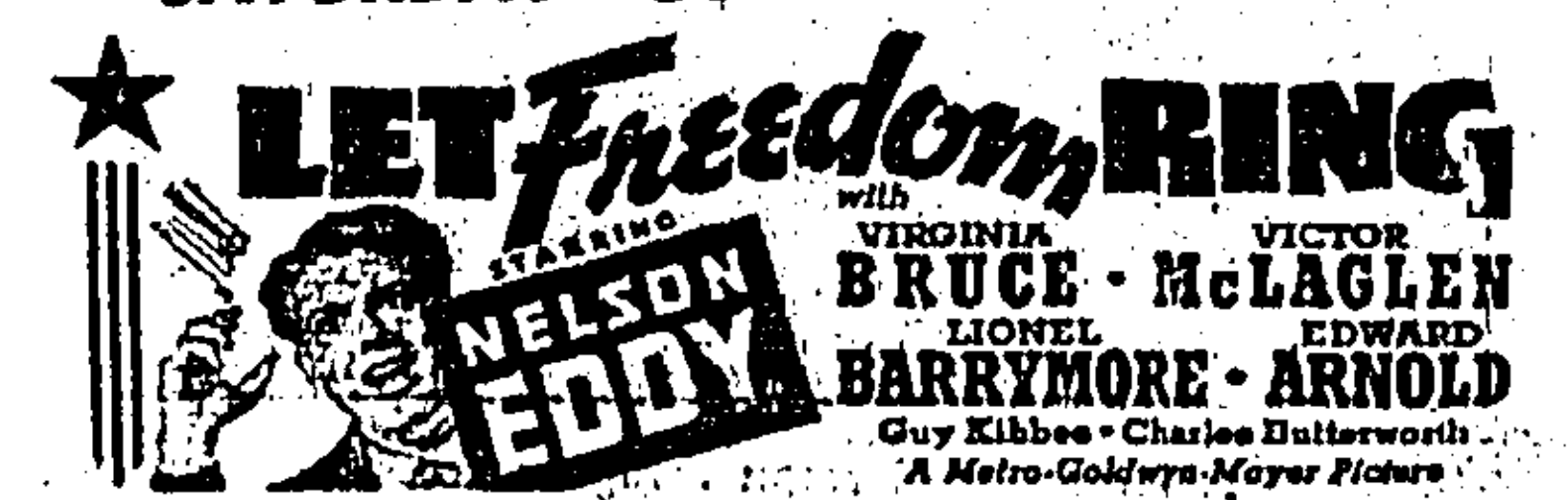
## CATHAY

TAKE ANY TRAM or HAPPY VALLEY BUS  
DAILY AT 2.30, 5.15, 7.20 & 9.30 P.M.  
MATINEES - 2.30, 5.15, 7.20, 9.30 P.M.  
TO-DAY & TO-MORROW - 2 DAYS ONLY!

Charlie Chan flies half-way round the world...  
to the playground of glamorous women...  
to save an innocent girl!



SATURDAY - SUNDAY - MONDAY



## Nazi Egg Nests: Army Wants The Facts

LONDON, Oct. 11, (Reuter).—It is reliably learned that in South  
Germany in the past few days Hitler has been urgently approached by  
high German Army officers and prominent private citizens to set up a  
commission of enquiry (on which the Army would be represented) to  
enquire into statements by the American journalist, Mr. H. E. Knicker-  
bocker, that Nazi leaders have deposited large sums abroad.

It is intolerable, representations to  
Hitler said, that German soldiers  
should be giving their lives in de-  
fence of the Nazi Government if  
members of that Government, against  
their own laws, are preparing to flee  
abroad at the first sign of adversity.

The report is of particular interest  
taken in conjunction with another  
reliable report that the Army is  
asking for the dismissal of the For-  
eign Minister, Herr Joachim von  
Ribbentrop, for purposely main-  
taining Hitler or the British and French  
reaction to the invasion of Poland.

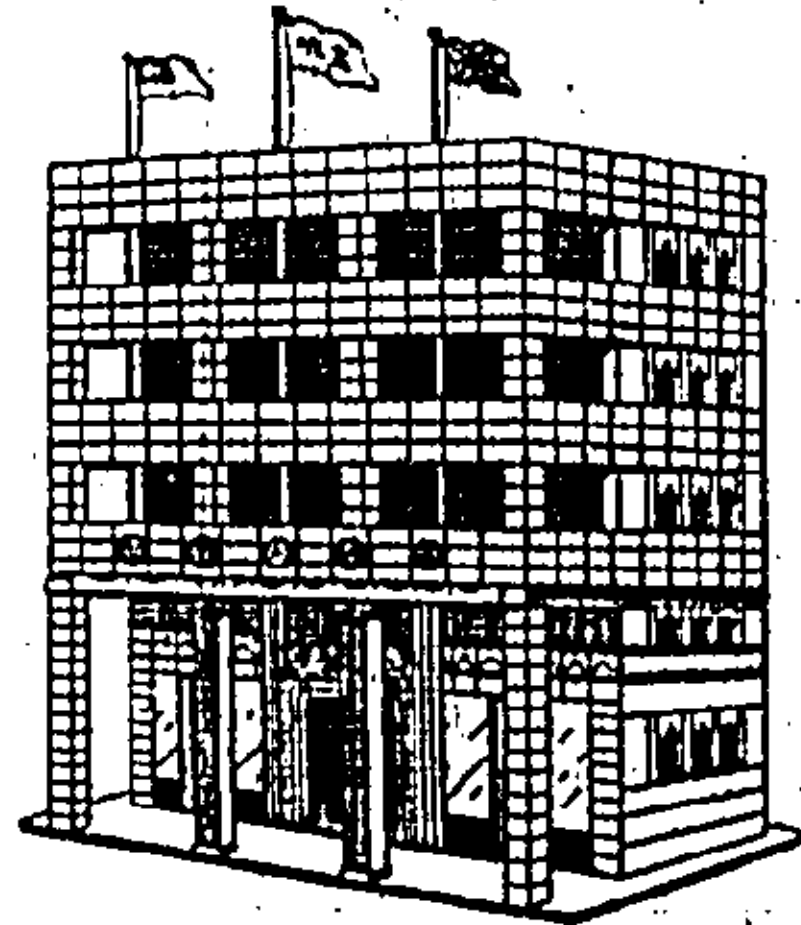
## Iroquois Arrives Safely In N.Y.

NEW YORK, Oct. 11 (Reuter).—  
The Iroquois, which according to  
German allegations was to have been  
sunk by either British or French sub-  
marines, docked here safely to-day.  
This ship was conveyed for the last  
part of her journey by American  
cruisers and a coastguard cutter.

Printed and Published for the Proprietors by FREDERICK PERRY FRANKLIN,  
at 1 and 3, Wyndham Street in the City of Victoria, Hongkong.

## Grand Opening To-day!

We cordially invite you to  
visit us—we are sure you  
will enjoy our Chinese food  
which is of the finest possible  
quality.



Tiffins, Dinners, Parties  
Come to —

## Golden City Restaurant

124 Queen's Road Central  
(almost opposite New Central Market)

金城大酒家